



CALL NO. 336

CONTRACT ID. 195075

FRANKLIN COUNTY

FED/STATE PROJECT NUMBER FD55 037 1230 000-001

DESCRIPTION CRAB ORCHARD ROAD (CR-1230)

WORK TYPE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

PRIMARY COMPLETION DATE 8/1/2019

LETTING DATE: February 22,2019

Sealed Bids will be received electronically through the Bid Express bidding service until 10:00 AM EASTERN STANDARD TIME February 22,2019. Bids will be publicly announced at 10:00 AM EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

NO PLANS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT.

REQUIRED BID PROPOSAL GUARANTY: Not less than 5% of the total bid.

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PART I
SCOPE OF WORK

ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT - 05

CONTRACT ID - 195075

FD55 037 1230 000-001

COUNTY - FRANKLIN

PCN - BR03712301928

FD55 037 1230 000-001

CRAB ORCHARD ROAD (CR-1230) (MP 0.040) ADDRESS DEFICIENCIES OF BRIDGE ON CR-1230 (0.06) OVER BENSON CREEK. (037C00010N) (MP 0.090), A DISTANCE OF 0.05 MILES.BRIDGE REPLACEMENT SYP NO. 05-01078.00.

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES LATITUDE 38:08:59.00 LONGITUDE 84:59:37.00

COMPLETION DATE(S):

COMPLETED BY 08/01/2019

60 CALENDAR Days

APPLIES TO ENTIRE CONTRACT

INTERMEDIATE MILESTONE - ROAD

OPEN TO TRAFFIC

CONTRACT NOTES

PROPOSAL ADDENDA

All addenda to this proposal must be applied when calculating bid and certified in the bid packet submitted to the Kentucky Department of Highways. Failure to use the correct and most recent addenda may result in the bid being rejected.

BID SUBMITTAL

Bidder must use the Department's electronic bidding software. The Bidder must download the bid file located on the Bid Express website (www.bidx.com) to prepare a bid packet for submission to the Department. The bidder must submit electronically using Bid Express.

JOINT VENTURE BIDDING

Joint venture bidding is permissible. All companies in the joint venture must be prequalified in one of the work types in the Qualifications for Bidders for the project. The bidders must get a vendor ID for the joint venture from the Division of Construction Procurement and register the joint venture as a bidder on the project. Also, the joint venture must obtain a digital ID from Bid Express to submit a bid. A joint bid bond of 5% may be submitted for both companies or each company may submit a separate bond of 5%.

UNDERGROUND FACILITY DAMAGE PROTECTION

The contractor shall make every effort to protect underground facilities from damage as prescribed in the Underground Facility Damage Protection Act of 1994, Kentucky Revised Statute KRS 367.4901 to 367.4917. It is the contractor's responsibility to determine and take steps necessary to be in compliance with federal and state damage prevention directives. When prescribed in said directives, the contractor shall submit Excavation Locate Requests to the Kentucky Contact Center (KY811) via web ticket entry. The submission of this request does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility of contacting non-member facility owners, whom shall be contacted through their individual Protection Notification Center. Non-compliance with these directives can result in the enforcement of penalties.

REGISTRATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE BY A FOREIGN ENTITY

Pursuant to KRS 176.085(1)(b), an agency, department, office, or political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky shall not award a state contract to a person that is a foreign entity required by [KRS 14A.9-010](#) to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in the Commonwealth ("certificate") from the Secretary of State under [KRS 14A.9-030](#) unless the person produces the certificate within fourteen (14) days of the bid or proposal opening. If the foreign entity is not required to obtain a certificate as provided in [KRS 14A.9-010](#), the foreign entity should identify the applicable exception. Foreign entity is defined within [KRS 14A.1-070](#).

For all foreign entities required to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in the Commonwealth, if a copy of the certificate is not received by the contracting agency within the time frame identified above, the foreign entity's solicitation response shall be deemed non-responsive or the awarded contract shall be cancelled.

Businesses can register with the Secretary of State at <https://secure.kentucky.gov/sos/ftbr/welcome.aspx>.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PROJECT QUESTIONS DURING ADVERTISEMENT

Questions about projects during the advertisement should be submitted in writing to the Division of Construction Procurement. This may be done by fax (502) 564-7299 or email to kytc.projectquestions@ky.gov. The Department will attempt to answer all submitted questions. The Department reserves the right not to answer if the question is not pertinent or does not aid in clarifying the project intent.

The deadline for posting answers will be 3:00 pm Eastern Daylight Time, the day preceding the Letting. Questions may be submitted until this deadline with the understanding that the later a question is submitted, the less likely an answer will be able to be provided.

The questions and answers will be posted for each Letting under the heading "Questions & Answers" on the Construction Procurement website (www.transportation.ky.gov/contract). The answers provided shall be considered part of this Special Note and, in case of a discrepancy, will govern over all other bidding documents.

HARDWOOD REMOVAL RESTRICTIONS

The US Department of Agriculture has imposed a quarantine in Kentucky and several surrounding states, to prevent the spread of an invasive insect, the emerald ash borer. Hardwood cut in conjunction with the project may not be removed from the state. Chipping or burning on site is the preferred method of disposal.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXCESS MATERIAL SITES AND BORROW SITES

Identification of excess material sites and borrow sites shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and may wish to consult with the US Fish and Wildlife Service to seek protection under Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act for these activities.

ACCESS TO RECORDS

The contractor, as defined in KRS 45A.030 (9) agrees that the contracting agency, the Finance and Administration Cabinet, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and the Legislative Research Commission, or their duly authorized representatives, shall have access to any books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence, which are directly pertinent to this contract for the purpose of financial audit or program review. Records and other prequalification information confidentially

disclosed as part of the bid process shall not be deemed as directly pertinent to the contract and shall be exempt from disclosure as provided in KRS 61.878(1)(c). The contractor also recognizes that any books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence, received during a financial audit or program review shall be subject to the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884.

In the event of a dispute between the contractor and the contracting agency, Attorney General, or the Auditor of Public Accounts over documents that are eligible for production and review, the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall review the dispute and issue a determination, in accordance with Secretary's Order 11-004.

April 30, 2018

SPECIAL NOTE FOR RECIPROCAL PREFERENCE

RECIPROCAL PREFERENCE TO BE GIVEN BY PUBLIC AGENCIES TO RESIDENT BIDDERS

By reference, KRS 45A.490 to 45A.494 are incorporated herein and in compliance regarding the bidders residency. Bidders who want to claim resident bidder status should complete the Affidavit for Claiming Resident Bidder Status along with their bid in the electronic bidding software. Submittal of the Affidavit should be done along the bid in Bid Express.

April 30, 2018

ASPHALT MIXTURE

Unless otherwise noted, the Department estimates the rate of application for all asphalt mixtures to be 110 lbs/sy per inch of depth.

INCIDENTAL SURFACING

The Department has included in the quantities of asphalt mixtures established in the proposal estimated quantities required for resurfacing or surfacing mailbox turnouts, farm field entrances, residential and commercial entrances, curve widening, ramp gores and tapers, and road and street approaches, as applicable. Pave these areas to the limits as shown on Standard Drawing RPM-110-06 or as directed by the Engineer. In the event signal detectors are present in the intersecting streets or roads, pave the crossroads to the right of way limit or back of the signal detector, whichever is the farthest back of the mainline. Surface or resurface these areas as directed by the Engineer. The Department will not measure placing and compacting for separate payment but shall be incidental to the Contract unit price for the asphalt mixtures.

OPTION B

Be advised that the Department will control and accept compaction of asphalt mixtures furnished on this project under OPTION B in accordance with Sections 402 and 403.

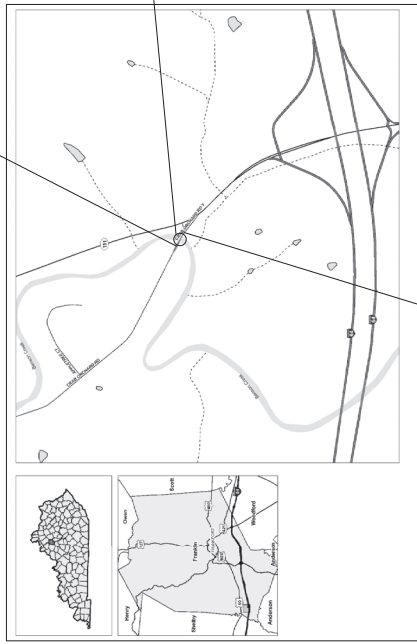
COUNTY OF FRANKLIN
ITEM NO. 5-1078.00
SHEET RI

TRANSPORTATION CABINET DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CRAB ORCHARD RD. (CR 1230) OVER BENSON CREEK

STA. 12+39.63



LOCATION MAP

STANDARD DRAWINGS	
BBP-006-09	STENCILS FOR STRUCTURES
BBP-003-02	ELASTOMERIC BEARING PADS FOR BOX BEAMS
BBP-001-05	BOX BEAM GENERAL NOTES & REFERENCES
BBP-002-03	BOX BEAM BEARING DETAILS
BBP-003-03	BOX BEAM MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS
BBP-004-03	BOX BEAM TENSION ROD DETAILS
BBP-005-05	RAILING SYSTEM TYPE II
BBP-006-04	BOX BEAM END & CB21 DETAILS
BE-001-13	MESH/REINFORCEMENT BARS AND ARMORED EDGES
BBP-002-07	CONCRETE GUARDRAIL INSTALLATIONS
BBP-006-08	WOOD GUARDRAIL COMPENSATION
BBP-006-08	TIMBER GUARDRAIL POSTS
BBP-006-01	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SLOPE INSTALLATION
BBP-200-03	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE
BBP-220-05	SILT TRAP A
BBP-225-01	SILT TRAP B
BBP-001-06	MISCELLANEOUS STANDARDS
BBP-200-01	ONE POINT PROCTOR FAMILY OF CURVES

ACTIVE SEPIAS

SEPIA. 024	TYPICAL GUARDRAIL INSTALLATIONS
SEPIA. 027	STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL (W/BEAM)
SEPIA. 028	STEEL GUARDRAIL POSTS
SEPIA. 032	DELINEATORS FOR GUARDRAIL
SEPIA. 034	GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT TYPE 7
SEPIA. 035	RAILING SYSTEM TYPE II GUARDRAIL TREATMENT

DESIGN CRITERIA

CLASS OF HIGHWAY	RURAL LOCAL
TYPE OF TERRAIN	
DESIGN SPEED	
REQUIRED PSD	
REQUIRED PSD	
LEVEL OF SERVICE	
ADT PRESENT (2017)	169
ADT FUTURE ()	
DIV	
D %	
T %	

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES

LATITUDE	38 DEGREES 08 MINUTES 60 SECONDS NORTH
LONGITUDE	84 DEGREES 59 MINUTES 38 SECONDS WEST

DESIGNED

4. RESTRICTED SD	
LEVEL OF SERVICE	
MAX. DISTANCE W/O PASSING	

INDEX OF SHEETS

Sheet No.	Title
RI	TITLE SHEET
R2	TYPICAL SECTION SHEET
R3	PLAN SHEET
R4	PROFILE SHEET
S1	GENERAL NOTES
S2	LAYOUT SHEET
S3 - S4	ABUTMENTS 1 & 2
S5	PIER 1
S6	WALL DETAILS

SPECIAL NOTES

CONTRACT COMPLETION DATE AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES
TRAFFIC CONTROL
PLACING BRIDGE OVER BY APPROACH PAVEMENT
INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING MESSAGE SIGNS
EROSION PREVENTION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
BRIDGE REMOVAL

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

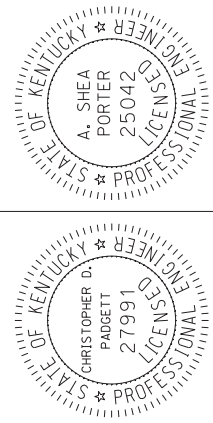
SPECIFICATIONS

2012 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.
2017 MASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications with Current Interims.

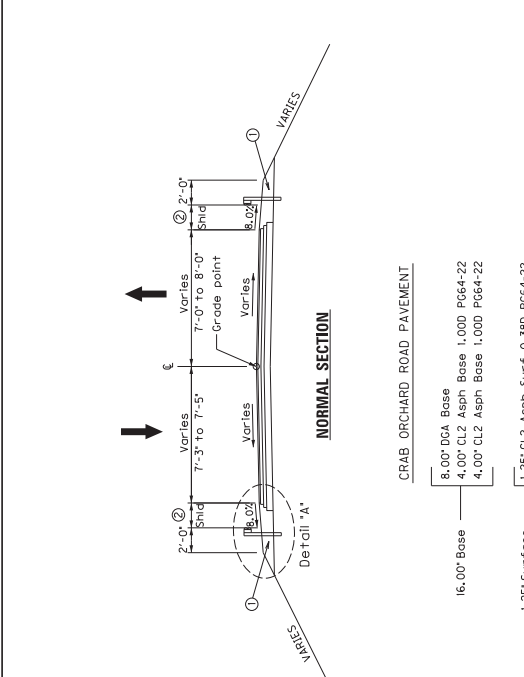
Commonwealth of Kentucky
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
COUNTY OF
FRANKLIN

ITEM NO. 5-1078.00
DRAWING NO. 27847
PROJECT NUMBER:
LETTING DATE: 01/25/2019

RECOMMENDED BY: _____ DATE: _____
PLAN APPROVED BY: _____ STATE HIGHWAY ENGINEER _____ DATE: _____

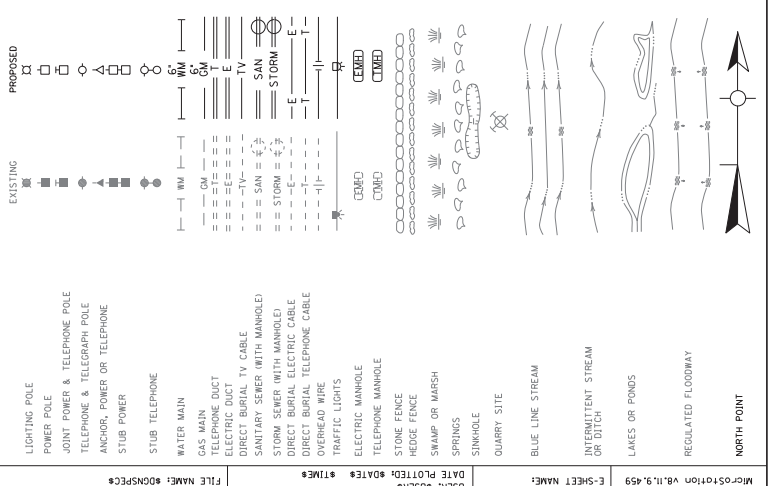
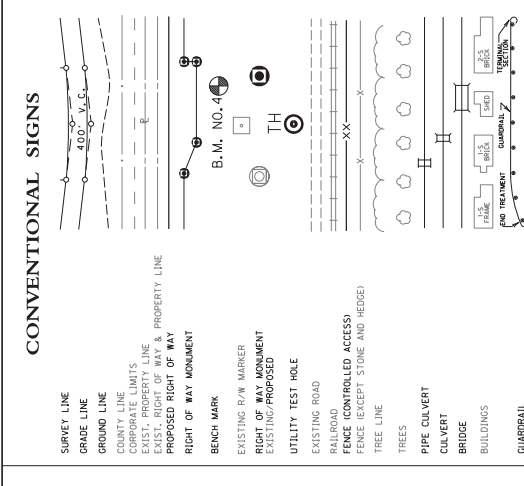
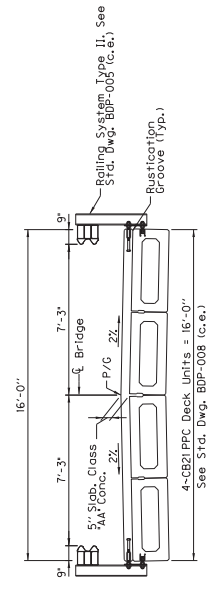
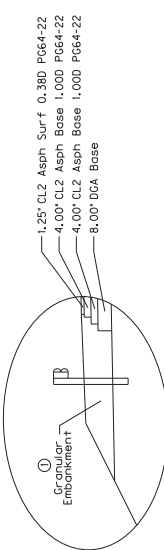


COUNTY OF FRANKLIN	ITEM NO. 5-10761.00	SHEET R2
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NOTES:
 ① DGA Base needed for shoulders outside of paved area will be measured and paid as per Special Note for Bridge Overlay Approach Pavement
 ② Width varies and the location to be determined by the field engineer.

- CRAB ORCHARD ROAD PAVEMENT
- 8.00" DGA Base
 - 4.00" CL2 Ash Base 1,000 P664-22
 - 4.00" CL2 Ash Base 1,000 P664-22
 - 16.00" Base
 - 1.25" Surface
 - 1.25" CL2 Asp Surf 0.380 P664-22



BEFORE YOU DIG

The contractor is instructed to call 1.800.752.6007 to reach KY 811, the one-call system for information on the location of existing underground utilities. The call is to be placed a minimum of two (2) and no more than ten (10) business days prior to excavation. The contractor must coordinate with the utility owners, including those whom do not subscribe to KY 811. It is the contractor's responsibility to contact the County Court Clerk to determine what utility companies have facilities in the area.

BRIDGING KENTUCKY

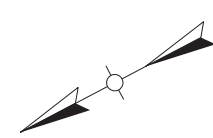
PREPARED BY

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CRAB ORCHARD ROAD OVER BENSON CREEK TYPICAL SECTIONS & LEGEND

NTS

COMMITTEE OF	ITEM NO.	SHEET
FRANKLIN	5-10761.00	R3



PROJECT COORDINATES
 Elevation data was obtained by redundant GPS observations on the NAD83 Kentucky State Plane Coordinate System, KY Single Zone, US Survey Feet utilizing the KYCORS RTN GPS Network on October 5, 2018. Coordinates shown are State Plane Coordinates, US Survey Feet. No project datum factor was calculated or used for this project.

BASIS OF ELEVATIONS
 Elevations were established by redundant GPS observations on the NAVD88 vertical datum, GEOID18B utilizing the KYCORS RTN Network and were adjusted by closed differential level loop based on the elevation of CP 101 = 721.58'.

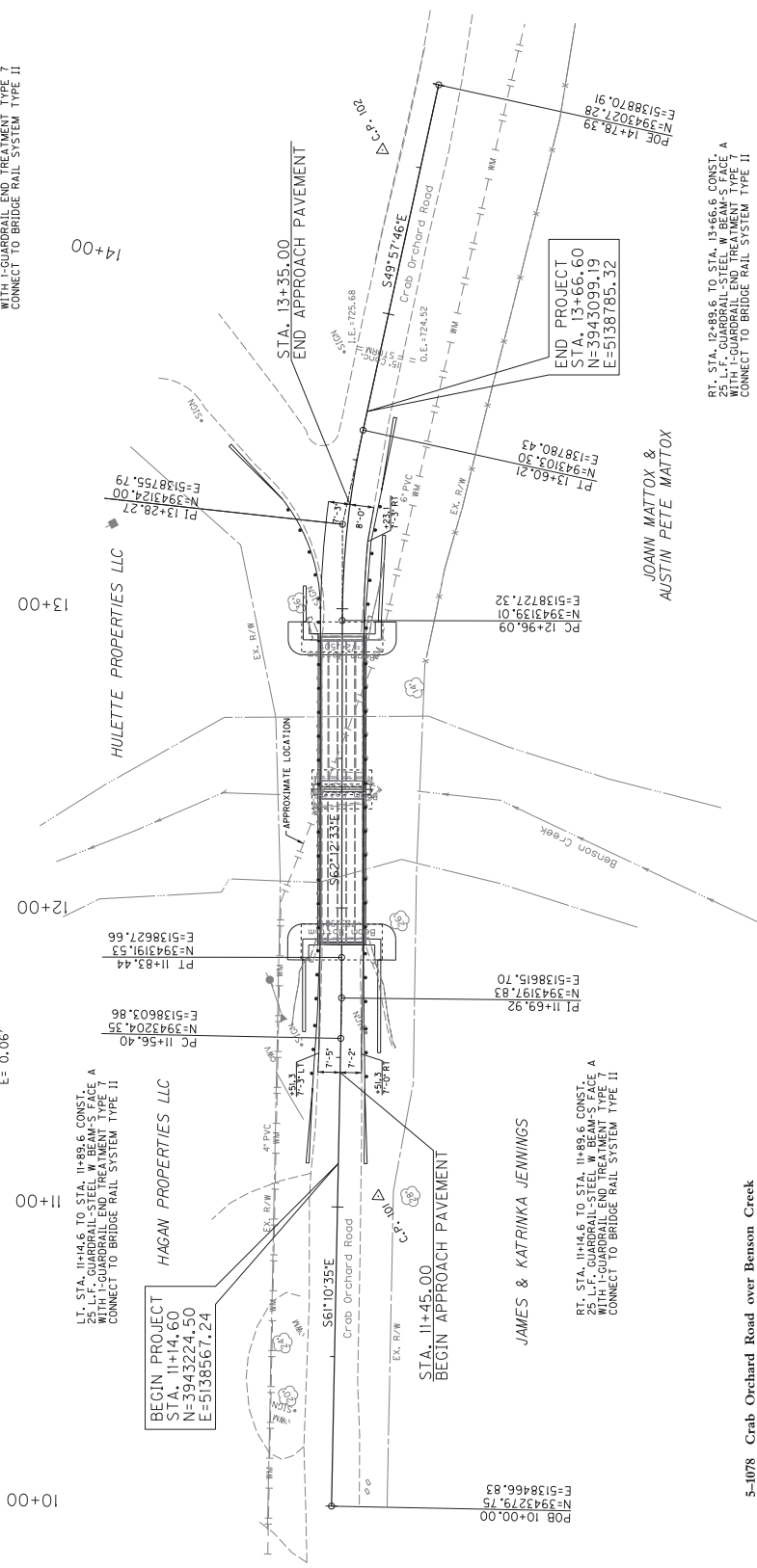
CONSTRUCTION NOTE:
 THE WATER LINE LOCATION REPORTED ON THE PLANS IS APPROXIMATE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION AND DEPTH OF THE WATER LINE WHERE POTENTIAL IMPACTS ARE POSSIBLE AND TAKE PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID ANY IMPACTS.

P.I. STA= 13+28.27
 DeltoC= 12°14'47.91" RT
 T= 32.18'
 L= 641.2'
 E= 300.00'
 E= 1.12'

LT. STA. 12+89.6 TO STA. 13+47.3 CONST. 25' L.F. GUARDRAIL-STEEL W/ BEAM-S, FACE A WITH I-GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT TYPE II CONNECT TO BRIDGE RAIL SYSTEM TYPE II

PI STA= 11+69.92
 DeltoC= 01°01'58.39" LT
 T= 13.52'
 L= 150.04'
 E= 150.00'
 E= 0.06'

LT. STA. 11+4.6 TO STA. 11+89.6 CONST. 25' L.F. GUARDRAIL-STEEL W/ BEAM-S, FACE A WITH I-GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT TYPE II CONNECT TO BRIDGE RAIL SYSTEM TYPE II



RT. STA. 12+89.6 TO STA. 13+66.6 CONST. 25' L.F. GUARDRAIL-STEEL W/ BEAM-S, FACE A WITH I-GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT TYPE II CONNECT TO BRIDGE RAIL SYSTEM TYPE II

JOANN MATTOX &
 AUSTIN PETE MATTOX

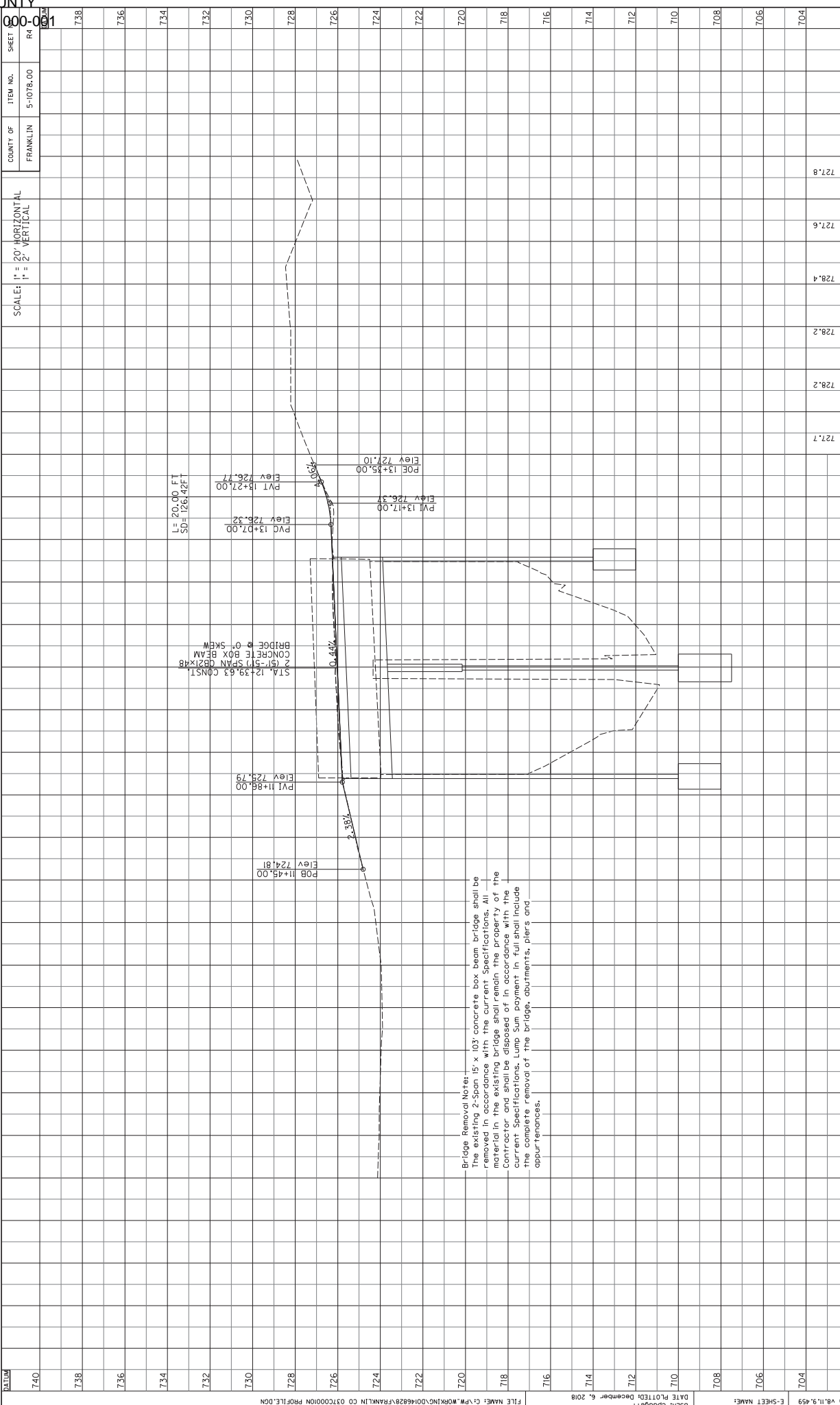
5-1078 Crab Orchard Road over Benson Creek

POINT	DESCRIPTION	State Plane Coordinates			STATION	OFFSET
		NORTH (Y)	EAST (X)	ELEV. (Z)		
CP 101	5/8" REBAR & CAP	3943217.78	5138851.30	721.58	11+03.88	13.57' RT.
CP 102	5/8" REBAR & CAP	3943054.03	5138860.35	726.55	14+53.10	13.69' LT.



SCALE: 1"=20'

PLAN
 ORCHARD ROAD
 OVER
 BENSON CREEK



BRIDGING KENTUCKY
PREPARED BY

PROFILE
CRAB ORCHARD ROAD
OVER BENSON CREEK

FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION - TEMPORARY SHORING, SHEETING, COFFERDAMS AND/OR A DEMATERING METHOD MAY BE REQUIRED TO FACILITATE FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION. IT SHOULD BE ANTICIPATED THAT GROUNDWATER WILL BE ENCOUNTERED AT FOUNDATION LOCATIONS WITHIN THE FLOODPLAIN.

SOLID ROCK EXCAVATION WILL BE REQUIRED FOR INSTALLATION OF THIS STRUCTURE'S SPREAD FOOTINGS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE CARE DURING BLASTING AND OTHER EXCAVATION METHODS TO AVOID OVER-BREAKAGE AND DAMAGE TO THE BEDROCK BENEATH THE FOOTINGS.

THE BEARING ELEVATION OF FOOTINGS MAY BE ADJUSTED IF COMPETENT, UNWEATHERED BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED AT HIGHER ELEVATIONS THAN SPECIFIED FOR THE SUBSTRUCTURE ELEMENT. THE TOP OF NEW SPREAD FOOTINGS SHOULD BE FULLY EMBEDDED INTO UNWEATHERED BEDROCK. A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF EMBEDMENT INTO UNWEATHERED BEDROCK MUST BE MAINTAINED.

FOOTING SHOULD BE PLACED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL AFTER COMPLETION OF THE FOOTING EXCAVATION. IF BEDROCK BECOMES SOFTENED AT BEARING ELEVATION, THE SOFTENED MATERIAL SHOULD BE UNDERCUT TO UNWEATHERED MATERIAL PRIOR TO PLACING THE CONCRETE. SEASONAL GROUNDWATER FLUCTUATIONS MAY CAUSE GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION INTO THE FOOTING EXCAVATION AND A DEMATERING METHOD MAY BE NECESSARY.

ALL FOOTING EXCAVATIONS IN BEDROCK SHALL BE CUT NEATLY SO THAT NO FORMING OR BACKFILLING IS NECESSARY IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PORTIONS OF THE FOOTINGS LOCATED IN ROCK. CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED DIRECTLY AGAINST THE CUT ROCK FACES. MASS CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED IN THE FOOTING TO THE BEDROCK SURFACE WHERE THE FOOTING DOES NOT EXTEND TO THE BEDROCK SURFACE.

UTILITIES: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING ANY AND ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO EXCAVATION OF MATERIAL OR INSTALLATION OF GUTTER/RAIL OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT MAY INVOLVE UTILITIES OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND.

THE WATERLINE DEPICTED ON THE PLANS IS APPROXIMATE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATION AND DEPTH OF WATERLINE WHERE POTENTIAL IMPACTS ARE POSSIBLE AND TAKE PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID ANY IMPACTS.

VERIFYING FIELD CONDITIONS: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS BEFORE ORDERING MATERIAL. NEW MATERIAL THAT IS UNSUITABLE BECAUSE OF VARIATIONS IN THE EXISTING STRUCTURE SHALL BE REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

DIMENSIONS: DIMENSIONS ARE FOR A NORMAL TEMPERATURE OF 60 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT. LAYOUT DIMENSIONS ARE HORIZONTAL DIMENSIONS.

SUPERSTRUCTURE SLAB: THE SUPERSTRUCTURE SLAB SHALL BE POURED CONTINUOUSLY FROM END TO END OF SLAB BEFORE THE CONCRETE IS ALLOWED TO SET.

MASTIC TAPE: MASTIC TAPE USED TO SEAL JOINTS IS TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C-877 TYPE I, II, OR III. THE JOINT IS TO BE COVERED WITH 1/2" WIDE MASTIC TAPE. PRIOR TO APPLICATION, THE JOINT SURFACE SHALL BE CLEAN AND FREE OF DIRT, DEBRIS, OR DELETERIOUS MATERIAL. PRIMER, IF REQUIRED BY THE TAPE MANUFACTURER, SHALL BE APPLIED FOR A MINIMUM WIDTH OF 9" ON EACH SIDE OF THE JOINT.

MASTIC TAPE SHALL BE EITHER:
EZ-WRAP RUBBER BY PRESS-SEAL CASKET CORPORATION,
SEAL WRAPI BY WAK MASTIC MANUFACTURING CO. INC.,
OR APPROVED EQUAL.

MASTIC TAPE SHALL COVER THE JOINT CONTINUOUSLY UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS.
MASTIC TAPE SHALL BE SPLICED BY TAPING A MINIMUM OF 6" AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS WITH THE OVERLAP RUNNING DOWNHILL.

THE COST OF LABOR, MATERIALS, AND INCIDENTAL ITEMS FOR FURNISHING AND INSTALLING MASTIC TAPE SHALL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR CONCRETE CLASS 'AA' AND NO SEPARATE MEASUREMENT OF PAYMENT SHALL BE MADE.

TEMPORARY SUPPORTS: TEMPORARY SUPPORTS OR SHORING WILL NOT BE PERMITTED UNDER THE BEAMS WHEN POURING THE CONCRETE DECK SLAB OR WHEN TAKING 10% OF BEAM ELEVATIONS.

ARMORED EDGE: FABRICATE ARMORED EDGE TO MATCH CROSS SLOPE AND PARABOLIC CROWN AT EACH END OF BRIDGE.

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC: GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
GEOTEXTILE FABRIC TYPE I IS TO BE PLACED BETWEEN THE EMBANKMENT AND SLOPE PROTECTION AT LOCATIONS WHERE CYCLOPEAN STONE RIP-RAP IS SPECIFIED. PAYMENT FOR FABRIC IS TO BE INCIDENTAL TO THE CYCLOPEAN RIP-RAP SLOPE PROTECTION.

PREFORMED CORK: COST OF PREFORMED CORK AT ABUTMENTS IS TO BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT BID PRICE FOR PRESTRESSED BEAMS.

MASONRY COATING FINISH: AREAS TO RECEIVE MASONRY COATING FINISH, AS IDENTIFIED IN SECTION 601.03.18 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS, INCLUDE:

ABUTMENTS - EVERY EXPOSED CONCRETE SURFACE ABOVE A LINE 6 INCHES BELOW FINISHED GROUND. THIS INCLUDES FRONT FACE OF STEM, FRONT, BACK, TOP AND END FACES OF WING WALLS. DO NOT APPLY COATING TO CORK PADS OR TO THE CONCRETE SURFACES ON WHICH THEY SIT.

SPECIFICATIONS: REFERENCES TO THE SPECIFICATIONS ARE TO THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING ANY CURRENT SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS. ALL REFERENCES TO THE ASHTO SPECIFICATIONS ARE TO THE ASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 8TH EDITION WITH INTERIMS.

DESIGN LOADS: THIS BRIDGE IS DESIGNED FOR KYHL-93 LIVE LOAD, (I.E. 1.25XAASHTO HL93 LIVE LOAD). THIS BRIDGE IS DESIGNED FOR A FUTURE WEARING SURFACE OF 15 PSF.
THIS BRIDGE IS DESIGNED FOR A WIND LOAD BASED ON A WIND VELOCITY OF 100 MPH.
THIS BRIDGE IS DESIGNED FOR A STREAM PRESSURE BASED ON A STREAM VELOCITY OF 10 FT/SEC.

DESIGN METHOD: ALL REINFORCED CONCRETE MEMBERS ARE DESIGNED TO BE EQUIVALENT OR GREATER THAN THE LOAD AND RESISTANCE FACTOR DESIGN METHOD AS SPECIFIED IN THE CURRENT AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS.

MATERIALS DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS:
FOR CLASS 'A' REINFORCED CONCRETE F'C = 3500 PSI
FOR CLASS 'AA' REINFORCED CONCRETE F'C = 4000 PSI
FOR STEEL REINFORCEMENT F_y = 60000 PSI

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS: AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS OR ASTM, CURRENT EDITION, AS DESIGNATED BELOW SHALL GOVERN THE MATERIALS FURNISHED.

AASHTO M53 PREFORMED CORK FILLER, TYPE II
AASHTO M-31 DEFORMED AND PLAIN BILLET-STEEL FOR CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT, GRADE 60
PREFORMED CORK EXPANSION JOINT MATERIAL: PREFORMED CORK EXPANSION JOINT MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO SUBSECTION 807.04.02 (TYPE II) OF THE KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

CONCRETE: CLASS 'AA' CONCRETE IS TO BE USED THROUGHOUT THE SUPERSTRUCTURE. CLASS 'A' CONCRETE IS TO BE USED IN THE SUBSTRUCTURE. PRESTRESSED BEAM CONCRETE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

REINFORCEMENT: DIMENSIONS SPACING FROM THE FACE OF CONCRETE TO BARS ARE TO CENTER OF BARS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN. SHOWN OF BARS IS FROM CENTER TO CENTER OF BARS. ANY REINFORCING BARS DESIGNATED BY SUFFIX 'E' IN THE PLANS SHALL BE EPOXY COATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 811.0 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. ANY REINFORCING BARS DESIGNATED BY SUFFIX 'S' IN A BILL OF REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE CONSIDERED A STIRRUP FOR PURPOSES OF BEND DIAMETERS.

CONSTRUCTION IDENTIFICATION: THE NAMES OF THE PRIME CONTRACTOR AND THE SUB CONTRACTOR SHALL BE IMPRINTED ON THE REINFORCING BARS IN THE LETTERS AND NUMBERS DESIGNATED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH ALL PLANS, EQUIPMENT AND LABOR NECESSARY TO DO THE WORK FOR WHICH NO DIRECT PAYMENT WILL BE MADE.

BEVELED EDGES: ALL EXPOSED EDGES SHALL BE BEVELED 3/4" UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN.

PAYMENT FOR PRECAST CONCRETE BEAMS: THE BASIS OF PAYMENT FOR THE PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BEAMS SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACT UNIT PRICE PER LINEAR FOOT OF BEAM, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS.


SLOPE PROTECTION: SLOPE PROTECTION AT ABUTMENTS SHALL BE DRY CYCLOPEAN STONE RIPRAP IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, TYPE I SHALL BE PLACED BETWEEN THE EMBANKMENT AND THE SLOPE PROTECTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS 214 AND 843. PAYMENT FOR GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, TYPE I, SHALL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR DRY CYCLOPEAN STONE RIPRAP.

COMPLETION OF THE STRUCTURE: THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE STRUCTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. MATERIAL, LABOR, OR CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, ARE TO BE INCLUDED IN THE BID ITEM MOST APPROPRIATE TO THE WORK INVOLVED. THIS MAY INCLUDE COFFERDAMS, SHORING, EXCAVATIONS, BACKFILLING, REMOVAL OF ALL OR PARTS OF EXISTING STRUCTURES, PHASE CONSTRUCTION, INCIDENTAL MATERIALS, LABOR, OR ANYTHING ELSE REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE STRUCTURE.

SHOP DRAWINGS: FABRICATORS SHALL SUBMIT ALL REQUIRED SHOP PLANS, BY E-MAIL, TO THE DESIGN ENGINEER FOR REVIEW. THESE SUBMISSIONS SHALL DEPICT THE SHOP PLANS, IN .PDF FORMAT, AS EITHER 11" X 17" OR 22" X 36" SHEETS. DESIGNERS WILL MAKE REVIEW COMMENTS ON THESE ELECTRONIC DIMENSIONS AS NEEDED AND RETURN THEM TO THE FABRICATOR. RECONCILIATION OF THE DIMENSIONS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE FABRICATOR. THE SHOP DRAWINGS SHALL BE ELECTRONICALLY STAMPED BY THE DESIGNER AND PLANS WILL BE FORWARDED TO THE DIVISION OF STRUCTURAL DESIGN'S SHOP PLAN COORDINATOR FOR DISTRIBUTION. ONLY PLANS SUBMITTED DIRECTLY TO THE SHOP PLAN COORDINATOR WILL BE DISTRIBUTED, AND ONLY PLANS ELECTRONICALLY STAMPED "DISTRIBUTED BY DIVISION OF STRUCTURAL DESIGN ARE TO BE USED FOR FABRICATION. WHILE THIS PROCESS DOES NOT REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF PAPER COPIES; DIVISION OF STRUCTURAL DESIGN RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE SUCH COPIES ON A CASE BY CASE BASIS.

WHEN ANY CHANGES IN THE DESIGN PLANS ARE PROPOSED BY THE FABRICATOR OR SUPPLIER, THE SHOP DRAWINGS REFLECTING THESE CHANGES SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CONSULTANT THROUGH THE CONTRACTOR.

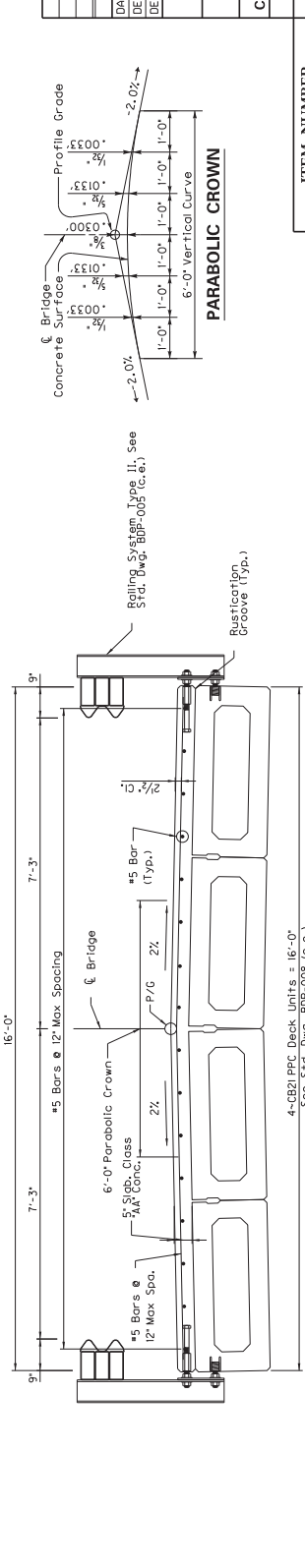
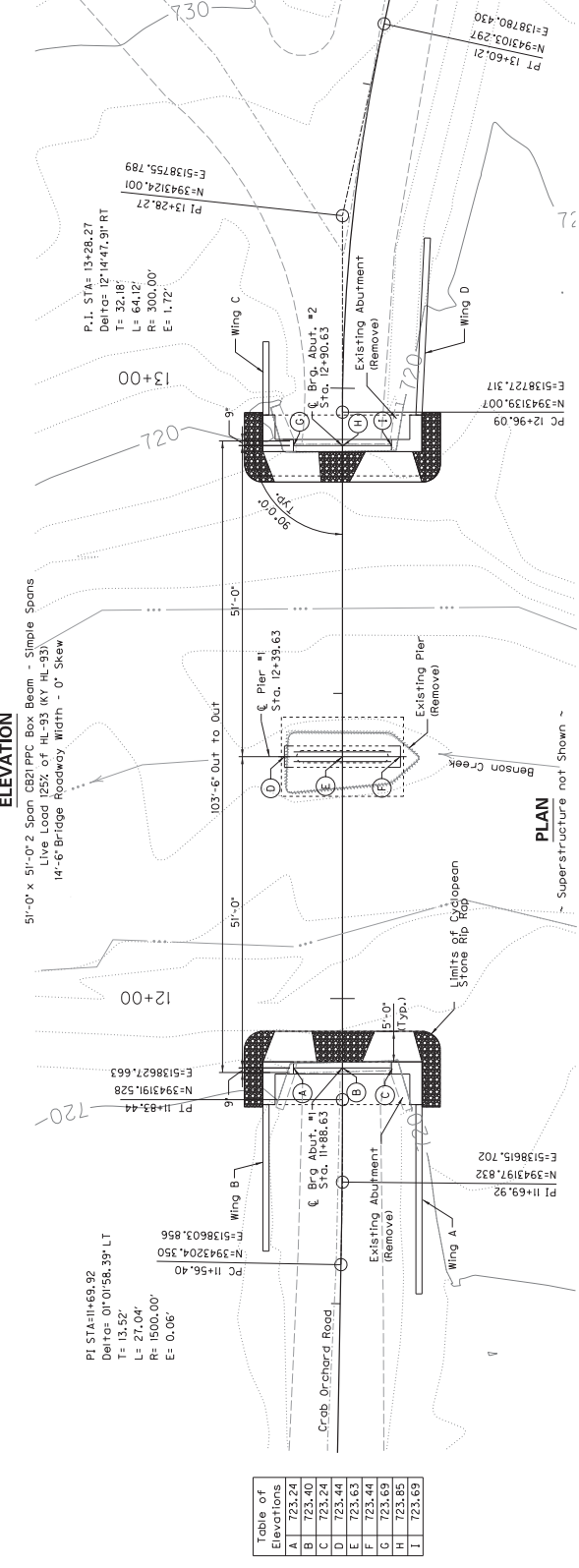
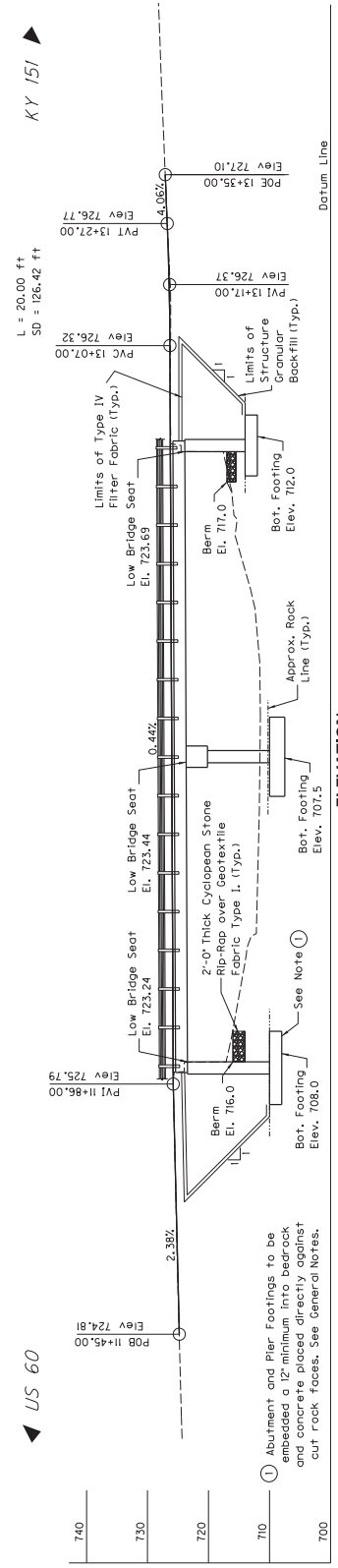
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REVISION	DATE
DESIGNED BY: S. Porter	CHECKED BY: S. Weber
DETAILED BY: C. Quinn	S. Porter
Commonwealth of Kentucky DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS	
FRANKLIN ROUTE CROSSING CR 1230 BENSON CREEK	
GENERAL NOTES	
PREPARED BY 	
SHEET NO. 27847	

ITEM NUMBER	5-4078.00
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KY 151

US 60



REVISION	CHECKED BY	DATE
DESIGNED BY: S. Porter	S. Weber	
DETAILED BY: C. Quinn	S. Porter	

COMMUNICALLY OF KENTUCKY
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

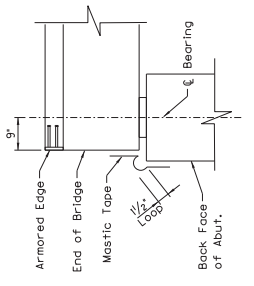
ROUTE CR 1230
FRANKLIN CROSSING
BENSON CREEK

LAYOUT

ITEM NUMBER 5-4078.00

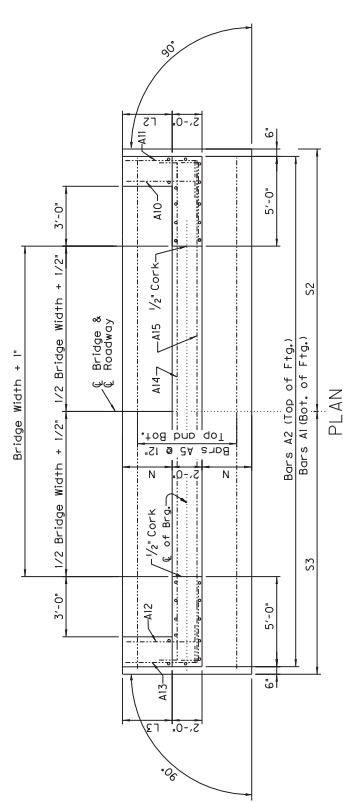
PREPARED BY [Logo]

SHEET NO. 27847



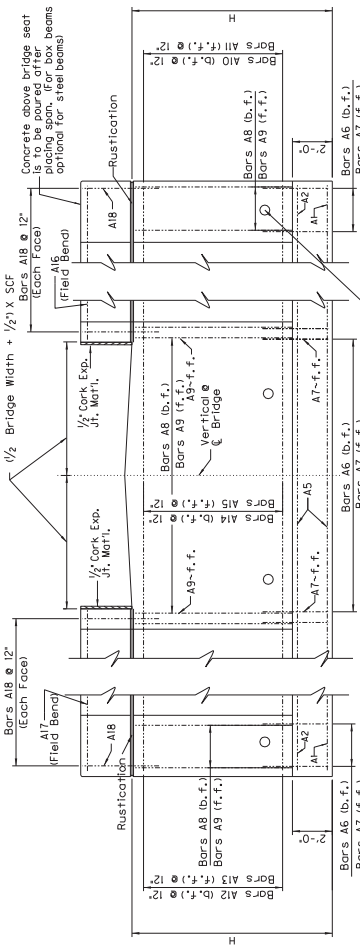
Note: Contractor shall provide 12" wide mastic tape to water-proof the joint between beam ends and abutment. Tape shall be looped as shown at expansion ends of bridge to prevent damage to tape.

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PLAN

Note: Trim A16 & A17 Bars if necessary
1/2 Bridge Width + 1/2) X SCF

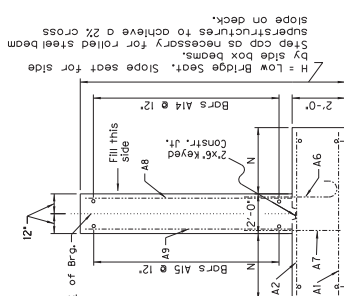


ELEVATION

Concrete above bridge seat is to be poured after steel beams are in place. (optional for steel beams)

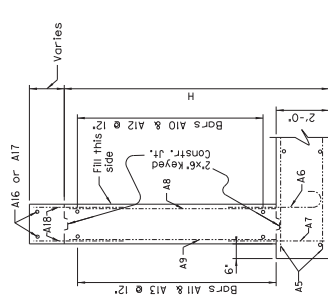
Rustication

Place 4 weep hole drains at 8'-0" centers at such elevation as to afford best drainage of backfill, in accordance with the Standard Specifications.



WALL SECTION

H = Low Bridge Seat. Slope seat for side by side box beams.
Step cap as necessary for rolled steel beam slope on deck.
superstructures to achieve a 2% cross



WING SECTION



RUSTICATION GROOVE

DATE:	DESIGNED BY: S. Porter	CHECKED BY: S. Weber
REVISION	DETAILED BY: C. Quinn	
	Commonwealth of Kentucky DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS	
	FRANKLIN	
	ROUTE CR 1230 CROSSING BENSON CREEK	
	ABUTMENT DETAILS	
	PREPARED BY	
	SHEET NO. 27847	

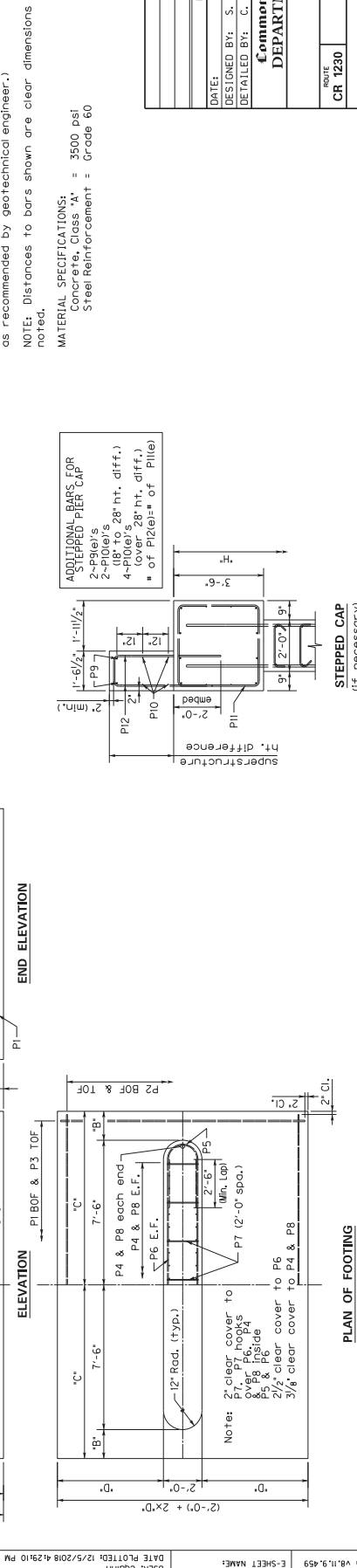
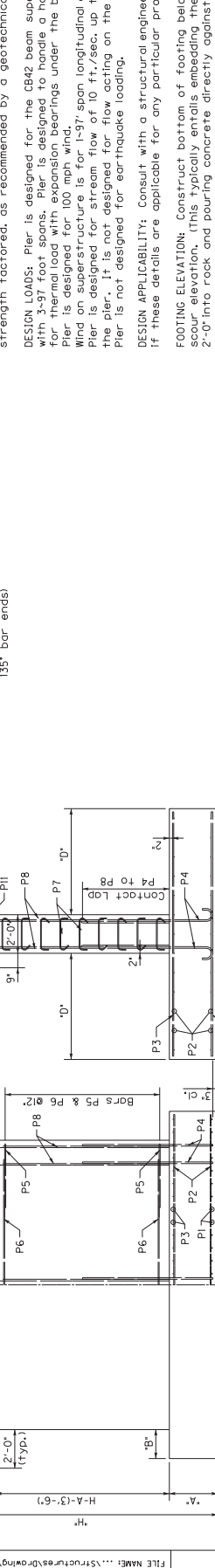
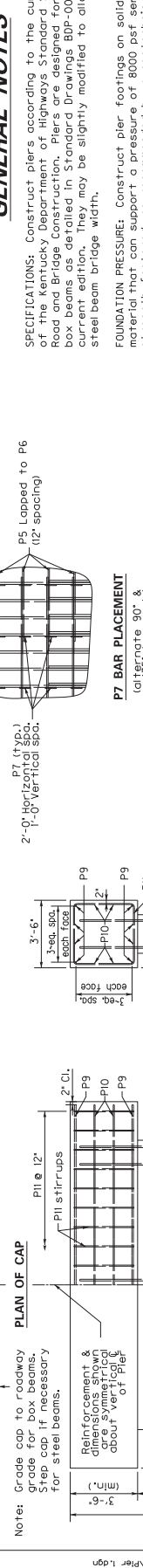
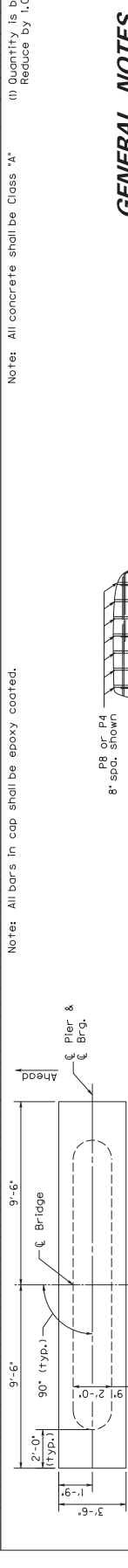
ITEM NUMBER	5-4078.00
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Work this Sheet with Sheet 54.

0° SKEW 16'-0" - 17'-6" BRIDGE WIDTH (NO SEISMIC LOAD)

Reinforcement Details

MARK SIZE	Bill of Reinforcement										QUANTITIES			
	P1 Str.	P2 Str.	P3 Str.	P4 Type 4	P5 Type 10	P6 Str.	P7 Type 31	P8 Str.	P9 Str.	P10 Str.	P11 Str.	CONCRETE CLASS 'A' CUL. YDS. (1)	STEEL REINFORCEMENT EMB. COATED LBS.	STEEL REINFORCEMENT LBS.
H	10-11	12-13	14-15	16-17	18-19	20-21	22-23	24-25	26-27	28-29	30-31	32-33	34-35	36-37
	10-11	12-13	14-15	16-17	18-19	20-21	22-23	24-25	26-27	28-29	30-31	32-33	34-35	36-37



REVISION

DATE	REVISION	CHECKED BY
		S. Weber
		S. Porter

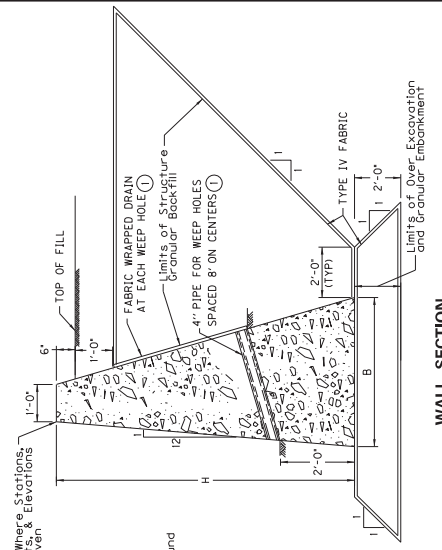
COMMUNICALETH OF KENTUCKY
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

FRANKLIN
ROUTE CR 1230 CROSSING BENSON CREEK
PIER 1

ITEM NUMBER: 5-4078.00

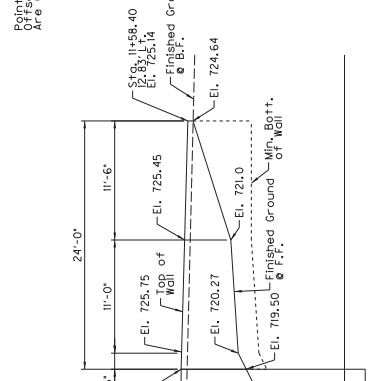
PREPARED BY: [Logo]

SHEET NO. 27847

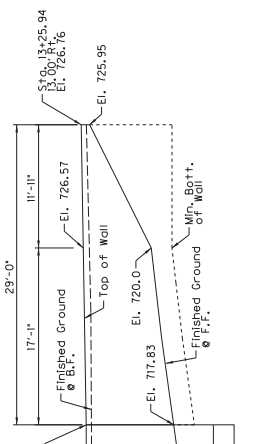


WALL SECTION

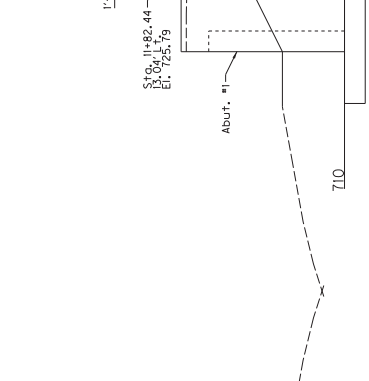
H	B	END AREA SQ. FT.	VOLUME CU. YDS. ± I.F.
6'-0"	4'-0"	15.0000	0.5556
7'-0"	4'-7"	19.5466	0.7238
8'-0"	5'-1"	24.3332	0.9012
9'-0"	5'-7"	28.6249	1.0972
10'-0"	6'-1"	35.4165	1.3117
11'-0"	6'-7"	41.7082	1.5447



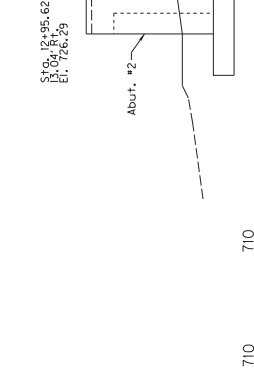
WING B
Abut. #1, Lt.



WING D
Abut. #2, Rt.



WING A
Abut. #1, Rt.



WING C
Abut. #2, Lt.

NOTES

- FABRIC WRAPPED DRAINS AND A 4" PIPE FOR WEEP HOLES SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR GRAVITY TYPE RETAINING WALLS.
- OVER EXCAVATE SOIL AND REPLACE WITH GRANULAR EMBANKMENT WRAPPED IN TYPE IV FABRIC AS SHOWN IN WALL SECTION. COST OF EXCAVATION, GRANULAR EMBANKMENT AND TYPE IV FABRIC SHALL BE INCLUDED IN LUMP SUM PRICE FOR FOUNDATION PREPARATION.
- AREAS AND VOLUMES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED WITHOUT DEDUCTING FOR BEVELED EDGES OR PIPE DRAINS. WHEN A RETAINING WALL VARIES IN HEIGHT, THE PRISMOIDAL FORMULA SHALL BE USED IN COMPUTING VOLUMES.
- COST OF STRUCTURE GRANULAR BACKFILL AND TYPE IV FABRIC SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE LUMP SUM PRICE BID FOR FOUNDATION PREPARATION.

BID ITEMS AND UNIT TO BID
CONCRETE-CLASS B
FOUNDATION PREPARATION
CIVID
LS

DATE:	REVISION	CHECKED BY:
DESIGNED BY: S. Porter		S. Weber
DETAILED BY: C. Quinn		S. Porter
Commonwealth of Kentucky DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
FRANKLIN		
ROUTE CR 1230	CROSSING BENSON CREEK	

PREPARED BY:

SHEET NO. **27847**

ITEM NUMBER	5-4078.00
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SPECIAL NOTE FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL ON BRIDGE REPAIR CONTRACTS

I. TRAFFIC CONTROL GENERAL

Except as provided herein, traffic shall be maintained in accordance with the 2012 standard specifications, section 112. The contractor will be responsible for developing and implementing the maintenance of traffic details with guidance through standard drawings and the MUTCD current editions. The developed traffic control plan must be approved by the Engineer prior to implementation. The contractor is expected to provide at a minimum the items listed in this note, however this note does not relieve the contractor of other items that may be necessary to comply with current standards. Except for the roadway and traffic control bid items listed, all items of work necessary to maintain and control traffic will be paid at the lump sum bid price to "Maintain and Control Traffic".

Contrary to section 106.01, traffic control devices used on this project may be new or used in new condition, at the beginning of the work and maintained in like new condition until completion of the work.

The contractor must notify the engineer and public information officer at least 14 calendar days prior to any planned closure. Please see the Special Note for Liquidated Damages for additional information.

II. TRAFFIC COORDINATOR

Furnish a traffic coordinator as per section 112. The traffic coordinator shall inspect the project maintenance of traffic, at least three times daily, or as directed by the engineer, during the contractor's operations and at any time a lane closure or road closure is in place. The personnel shall have access on the project to a radio or telephone to be used in case of emergencies or accidents. The traffic coordinator shall report all incidents throughout the work zone to the engineer on the project. The contractor shall furnish the name and telephone number where the traffic coordinator can be contacted at all times.

III. SIGNS

The contractor is responsible for all signage during construction. The contractor shall adhere to the standard drawings and manual on uniform traffic control devices (MUTCD) for guidance. If, at any time, the engineer requests a change in the maintenance of traffic signage, the contractor shall implement the change within 8 hours. Failure to implement these changes within the required eight hours will result in liquidated damages of \$5,000 per day.

The contractor shall provide all detour signing needed for the bridge closure. All signing required will be incidental to the lump sum bid item "Maintain and Control Traffic".

The department will not measure installation, maintenance, or removal for payment of any detour signage or standard construction signage, and will consider these incidental to "Maintain and Control Traffic"

Closure signs and detour signs should be placed no sooner than two weeks prior to the closing of the bridge. Wayfinding detour signs should be placed a maximum of 2 miles apart unless specified by the engineer. Signs shall be covered or removed within 24 hours of opening the bridge to traffic.

Road closed signs should be double signed and placed a minimum of 1500', 1000', and 500' in advance of the closure, in addition to signage required by the MUTCD and standard drawings.

IV. TEMPORARY PAVEMENT STRIPING

It is not anticipated that temporary pavement striping will be needed since the bridge will be closed. However, if the contractor's means and methods allows for need for temporary striping, conflicting pavement marking will be covered with 6" black removable tape. Contrary to the standard specifications, no direct payment will be made for any temporary striping, pavement striping removal, or any other temporary striping item. If temporary striping is used, the contractor shall replace any temporary striping that becomes damaged or fails to adhere to the pavement before dark on the day of the notification. Liquidated damages shall be assessed to the contractor at a rate of \$500 per day for failing to replace temporary striping within this time limit.

V. PROJECT PHASING & CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

Project phasing shall be as directed by the plans, special notes, and the approved Traffic Control Plan prepared by the contractor. Maintain traffic over the bridge as long as possible. Once the structure is closed ensure work progresses to minimize the effected time to the public. All materials that must be made specific for the project should be ordered and made prior to closure of the bridge so that delivery does not delay the reopening, unless approved by the Engineer. If the bridge is reopened prior to safety devices being in place, an approved protective barrier wall shall be placed in accordance to the standard drawings. Contrary to standard specifications, no direct payment would be made for the barrier wall and will be considered incidental to "Maintain and Control Traffic".

For projects which require an on-site diversion to be constructed to maintain traffic, the traffic control plan and project schedule prepared by the contractor shall include provisions such that traffic is not switched to the diversion until all materials that must be made specific for the project are ordered and made so that use of the diversion is minimized, unless approved by the Engineer.

VI. PAVEMENT DROP-OFF

Less than two inches - no protection required. Warning signs should be placed in advance and throughout the drop-off area.

Two to four inches - plastic drums, vertical panels or barricades every 100 feet on tangent sections for speeds of 50 mph or greater. Cones may be used in place of plastic drums, panels and barricades during daylight hours. For tangent sections with speeds less than 50 mph and curves devices should be placed every 50 feet. Spacing of devices on tapered sections should be in accordance with the manual on uniform traffic control devices, current edition.

Greater than four inches - positive separation or wedge with 3:1 or flatter slope needed. If there is five feet or more distance between the edge of the pavement and the drop-off, then drums, panel, or barricades may be used. If the drop-off is greater than 12 inches, positive separation is strongly encouraged. If concrete barriers are used, special reflective devices or steady burn lights should be used for overnight installations.

For temporary conditions, drop-offs greater than four inches may be protected with plastic drums, vertical panels or barricades for short distances during daylight hours while work is being done in the drop-off area.

VII. VARIABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

At the direction of the Engineer, the contractor is expected to provide up to four (4) message boards for use at locations determined by the Engineer. These message boards are expected to be in place one week prior to the closure of the roadway and remain in place for the duration of the closure. The message boards will be paid for as per the standard specifications

VIII. BARRICADES AND BARRIER WALL

During closure of the bridge, ensure a minimum of (4) type III barricades are used at each end of the bridge for a total of (8) type III barricades. Contrary to the standard specifications, no direct payment will be made for barricades but they will be included in the lump sum price for "Maintain and Control Traffic".

VIII. DETOUR AND ON SITE DIVERSIONS

The traffic control plan proposed by the contractor shall include a signed detour route for the road closure. The traffic control plan along with the proposed detour plan will be delivered to the engineer at the pre-construction meeting. The proposed detour route shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Detour routes must remain at minimum on the same classification of roadway (i.e. AA, AAA, state, county, etc.) Unless written approval is obtained through the owner of the facility.
- 2) The contractor must coordinate with other projects along the detour route in order to avoid ongoing construction projects along those routes.
- 3) Signed detour routes must be on roadways with similar roadway characteristics, i.e. pavement widths and roadway striping.
- 4) It may be determined that two detour routes would be needed if the first selected route cannot accommodate truck traffic. If this occurs, the contractor is expected to sign both detours per the standard drawings and MUTCD. Additional clarification signage between the detours may be needed at points where they diverge.

The traffic control plan must be submitted and approved to allow for coordination of the public information officer with the closure notification. The public must be notified of the proposed detour route when they are notified of the closure, 2 weeks before closure. All time and expenses necessary for the development of the detour plan(s) will be incidental to the lump sum bid item "Maintain and Control Traffic".

For projects with an on-site diversion included in the construction, the preparation of traffic control plans for a detour and implementation of a detour will not be required, unless specified in the plans.

Special Note For: Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Item 05-1078 Franklin County

When required, the Contractor shall be responsible for filing the Kentucky Pollution Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) KYR10 permit Notice of Intent (NOI) with the Kentucky Division of Water (DOW) and any KPDES local Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) program that has jurisdiction. The NOI shall name the contractor as the Facility Operator and include the KYTC Contract ID Number (CID) for reference.

The Contractor shall perform all temporary erosion/sediment control functions including: providing a Best Management Practice (BMP) Plan, conducting required inspections, modifying the BMP plan documents as construction progresses and documenting the installation and maintenance of BMPs in conformance with the KPDES KYR10 permit effective on August 1, 2009 or a permit re-issued to replace that KYR10 permit. This work shall be conducted in conformance with the requirements of Section 213 of KYTC 2012 Department of Highways, Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

The Contractor shall perform all final seeding and protection, in accordance with the plans and Section 212 of the KYTC 2012 Department of Highways, Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

Contrary to Section 213.03.03, paragraph 2, the Engineer shall conduct inspections as needed to verify compliance with Section 213 of KYTC 2012 Department of Highways, Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. The Engineer's inspections shall be performed a minimum of once per month and within seven days after a storm of ½ inch or greater. Copies of the Engineer's inspections shall not be provided to the contractor unless improvements to the BMP's are required. The contractor shall initiate corrective action within 24 hours of any reported deficiency and complete the work within 5 days. The Engineer shall use Form TC 63-61 A for this report. Inspections performed by the Engineer do not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for compliance with the KPDES permit. If corrections are not made within the 5 days specified, liquidated damages will apply at the rate specified in the Liquidated Damages note in the contract.

Contrary to Section 212.05 and 213.05, bid items for temporary BMPs and items for permanent erosion control will not be listed and will be replaced with one lump sum item for the services. Payment will be prorated based on the Project Schedule as submitted by the Contractor and as agreed to by the Engineer.

The contractor shall be responsible for applying "good engineering practices". The contractor may use any temporary BMPs and permanent BMPs that fall within the guidance of the 2012 Standard Specifications, KYTC's Best Management Practices manual, and with the approval of the KYTC Engineer.

The contractor shall provide the Engineer copies of all documents required by the KPDES permit at the time they are prepared.

The contractor shall be responsible for the examination of the soils to be encountered and make his own independent determination of the temporary BMPs that will be required to accomplish effective erosion prevention and sediment control.

The Contractor shall be responsible for filing the KPDES permit Notice of Termination (NOT) with the Kentucky DOW and any local MS4 program that has jurisdiction. The NOT shall be filed after the Engineer agrees that the project is stabilized or the project has been formally accepted.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR BRIDGE OVERLAY APPROACH PAVEMENT

I. DESCRIPTION

Perform all work in accordance with the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, Department of Highway's 2012 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and applicable Supplemental Specifications, the Standard Drawings, this Note, and the Contract Documents. Section references are to the Standard Specifications.

This work consists of the following:

1. Furnish all labor, materials, tools, and equipment.
2. Removal of existing abutment backfill, if needed.
3. Structural Granular Backfill, as needed.
4. Mill the existing pavement.
5. Place new DGA, asphalt base, and asphalt surface
6. Repair the roadway shoulders, if needed.
7. Provide Pavement Markings if needed.
8. Any other work specified as part of this contract.

II. MATERIALS

A. Structural Granular Backfill. See Section 8.05.11

B. DGA. See Section 302.

C. Tack Coat. This material shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

D. CL2 ASPH BASE 1.0D PG 64-22. See Standard Specifications

E. ASPHALT LEVEL AND WEDGE. See Standard Specifications

F. CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG 64-22. This material shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

G. GRANULAR EMBANKMENT. This material shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

H. Pavement Striping. See Section 713.

III. CONSTRUCTION – DECK, SUPERSTRUCTURE, AND FULL BRIDGE REPLACEMENT PROJECTS

A. Foundation Preparation. For projects involving the removal and replacement of the asphalt and backfill behind the existing abutments and new abutments or end bents, the required excavation, Type IV geotextile fabric, 4" perforated pipe, and new Structural Granular Backfill as shown in Figure 1 as well as any excavation and grading needed to shape the bridge approaches to match the existing roadway template, will be paid for by the bid item for Foundation Preparation. See Special Provision 69 and the Standard Drawings regarding additional construction details as required.

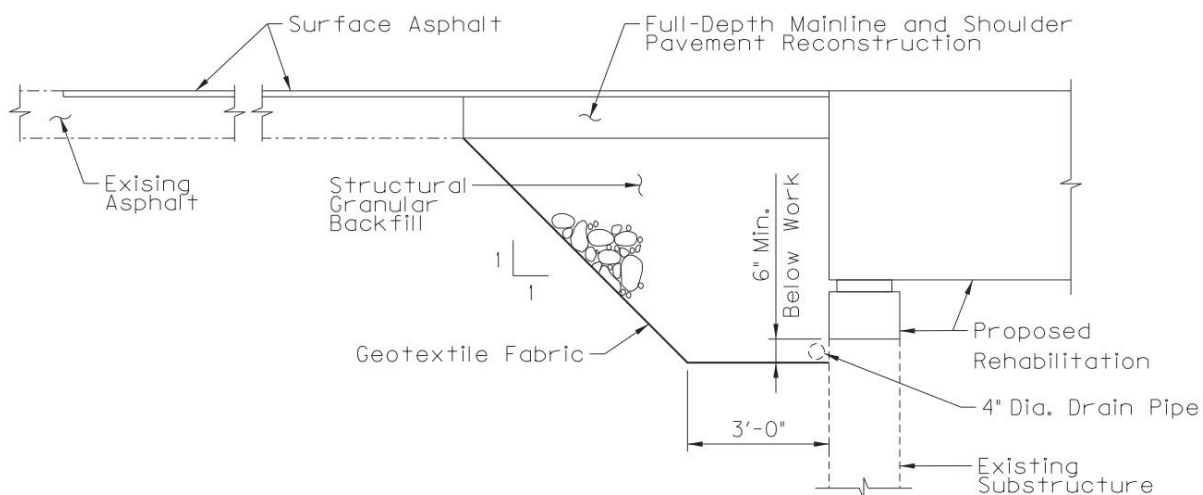


Figure 1: Detail showing proposed work for deck and superstructure replacements

- B. Remove Existing Asphalt Surface.** Remove the existing pavement material beyond the limits of full depth asphalt replacement to provide for a minimum of 1¼" new pavement surface from the bridge end extending approximately 25 feet, or as shown in the plans, into the approach pavement and across the width of the approach pavement. The Engineer shall determine the actual length and width of the milling depending on site conditions at each bridge approach. Mill the existing surface so that the new asphalt surface will match the elevation of the end of the full depth asphalt replacement and the bridge end. The Engineer shall approve the Contractor's plan for restoring the approach grade prior to the removal of the existing surface. Dispose of all removed material entirely away from the job site or as directed by the Engineer.
- C. Produce and Place New Asphalt Base.** Replace any full depth mainline and shoulder pavement removed as part of bridge backwall construction, superstructure replacement, or other work (if included in the Contract Documents) with a minimum of 8 inches of DGA, placed in two lifts of 4 inches each compacted and 8 inches of CL2 ASPH BASE 1.0D PG 64-22, placed in two lifts of 4 inches each compacted. Final elevation of the Asphalt Base at the approaches to match the width and new elevation of the riding surface on the bridge less the New Asphalt Surface to be placed. Shoulders shall receive identical treatment to the mainline pavement.
- For bridge decks specified to receive a new asphalt overlay as part of the work, place asphalt level and wedge and CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG 64-22 as detailed in the plans to smoothly connect to the bridge approaches. If plans call for use of a waterproof membrane, this shall be addressed as a separate bid item.
- D. Produce and Place New Asphalt Surface.** Apply an asphalt tack coat in accordance with Section 406. Produce and place the new 1 ¼" Asphalt Surface in accordance with Section 403 and compact under Option B. The new asphalt surface mixture required for this project shall be "CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG 64-22". Place

the new asphalt surface to smoothly connect the existing roadway grade at the end(s) of the project, and/or the new abutment backwall.

- E. Granular Embankment for Guardrails.** When necessary to ensure compliance with standards, widen shoulders behind guardrail with granular embankment as directed by the Engineer. Remove existing topsoil as needed and place embankment in a manner to ensure proper compaction.
- F. Pavement Markings.** Pavement striping, if applicable, will be required to match the existing pavement striping. Pavement striping shall be in accordance with applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and shall be paid accordingly. Raised pavement markers within the limits of the “Bridge Overlay Approach Pavement” shall be removed prior to the milling operation. The marker castings shall be cleaned and returned to the Engineer.

IV. CONSTRUCTION – BRIDGE OVERLAY PROJECTS

- A. Remove Existing Materials.** Remove the existing pavement material to provide for a minimum of 1¼” new pavement surface from the bridge end extending approximately 25 feet, or as shown in the plans, into the approach pavement and across the width of the approach pavement. The Engineer shall determine the actual length and width of the milling depending on site conditions at each bridge approach. Mill the existing surface so that the new asphalt surface will tie into the new armored edge, if applicable, and matches the elevation of the bridge end. The Engineer shall approve the Contractor’s plan for restoring the approach grade prior to the removal of the existing surface. Dispose of all removed material entirely away from the job site or as directed by the Engineer.
- B. Mainline and Shoulder Reconstruction.** Replace shoulders in kind at the approaches to match the width and new elevation of the riding surface on the bridge. Shoulders shall receive identical treatment to the mainline pavement.
- C. Produce and Place New Asphalt Surface.** Apply an asphalt tack coat in accordance with Section 406. Produce and place the new 1 ¼” Asphalt Surface in accordance with Section 403 and compact under Option B. The new asphalt surface mixture required for this project shall be “CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG 64-22”. Place the new asphalt surface to smoothly connect the existing roadway grade at the end(s) of the project and/or the bridge end.

For bridge decks specified to receive a new asphalt overlay as part of the work, place asphalt level and wedge and CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG 64-22 as detailed in the plans to smoothly connect to the bridge approaches. If plans call for use of a waterproof membrane, this shall be addressed as a separate bid item.

- D. Granular Embankment for Guardrails.** When necessary to ensure compliance with standards, widen shoulders behind guardrail with granular embankment as

directed by the Engineer. Remove existing topsoil as needed and place embankment in a manner to ensure proper compaction.

- E. Pavement Markings.** Pavement striping, if applicable, will be required to match the existing pavement striping. Pavement striping shall be in accordance with applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and shall be paid accordingly. Raised pavement markers within the limits of the “Bridge Overlay Approach Pavement” shall be removed prior to the milling operation. The marker castings shall be cleaned and returned to the Engineer.

V. MEASUREMENT

- A. Granular Embankment: The Department will measure the quantity in cubic yards. The Department will measure along the centerline to determine a linear foot of placement multiplied by a theoretical cross section of 12 square feet to achieve the quantity per side of the roadway.
- B. Bridge Overlay Approach Pavement: The Department will measure the quantity of in square yards. The Department will measure along the centerline from each end of the limits of the work as detailed on the plans to the point where the new pavement ties into the exiting pavement and across the width of the new pavement perpendicular to the centerline of the roadway.
- C. Foundation Preparation: See Section 603.

VI. PAYMENT

- A. Granular Embankment: Payment at the contract unit price per cubic yard of granular embankment is full compensation for widening the shoulder for guardrail as directed. Variance of actual cross sectional quantities versus theoretical quantities will not be considered for additional payment.
- B. Bridge Overlay Approach Pavement: Payment at the contract unit price per square yard of is full compensation for removing existing pavement markers, mobilization of milling equipment, removing specified existing pavement material, reconstruct shoulders as needed, furnishing and installing the asphalt tack coat, producing and placing the new asphalt, and all incidental items necessary to complete the work within the specified pay limits as specified by this note and as shown in the Contract Documents.
- C. Foundation Preparation: See Section 603. Payment for Structural Granular Backfill to be incidental to Foundation Preparation.

<i>Code</i>	<i>Pay Item</i>	<i>Pay Unit</i>
02223	Granular Embankment	Cubic Yards
03304	Bridge Overlay Approach Pavement	Square Yards
08803	Foundation Preparation	Lump Sum

The Department will consider payment as full compensation for all work required.

Report of Geotechnical Exploration

037C00010N
Crab Orchard Road over Benson
Creek
Franklin County, Kentucky



Prepared by:
Stantec Consulting Services Inc.
Lexington, Kentucky

December 3, 2018



Stantec Consulting Services Inc.
3052 Beaumont Centre Circle, Lexington KY 40513-1703

December 3, 2018
File: rpt_001_let_178568003

Attention: Mr. Brian Meade, PE
Bridging Kentucky Area 4 Team Lead
AECOM
500 West Jefferson Street
Louisville, Kentucky 40202

**Reference: Report of Geotechnical Exploration
037C00010N
Crab Orchard Road over Benson Creek
Franklin County, Kentucky**

Dear Mr. Meade,

Stantec Consulting Services Inc. (Stantec) is submitting the geotechnical engineering report for the referenced structure with this letter.

This report presents results of the field exploration along with our recommendations for the design and construction for the referenced bridge. As always, we enjoy working with your staff and if we can be of further assistance, please contact our office.

Sincerely,

STANTEC CONSULTING SERVICES INC.



Adam Crace, PE
Project Manager
Phone: (859) 422-3084
Fax: (859) 422-3100
Adam.crace@stantec.com

/rws

REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION

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REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION

Introduction
November 29, 2018

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (KYTC) has initiated the Bridging Kentucky program. The purpose of the program is to rehabilitate or replace over 1,000 bridges across the state. Bridges that have been identified to be a part of the program are structures that, because of their deteriorating conditions and resulting low load ratings, are limiting the movement of people and freight across the state.

This report addresses the geotechnical considerations for Bridge 037C00010N, Crab Orchard Road over Benson Creek which is in Franklin County, Kentucky. The bridge location is presented on Figure 1 below.

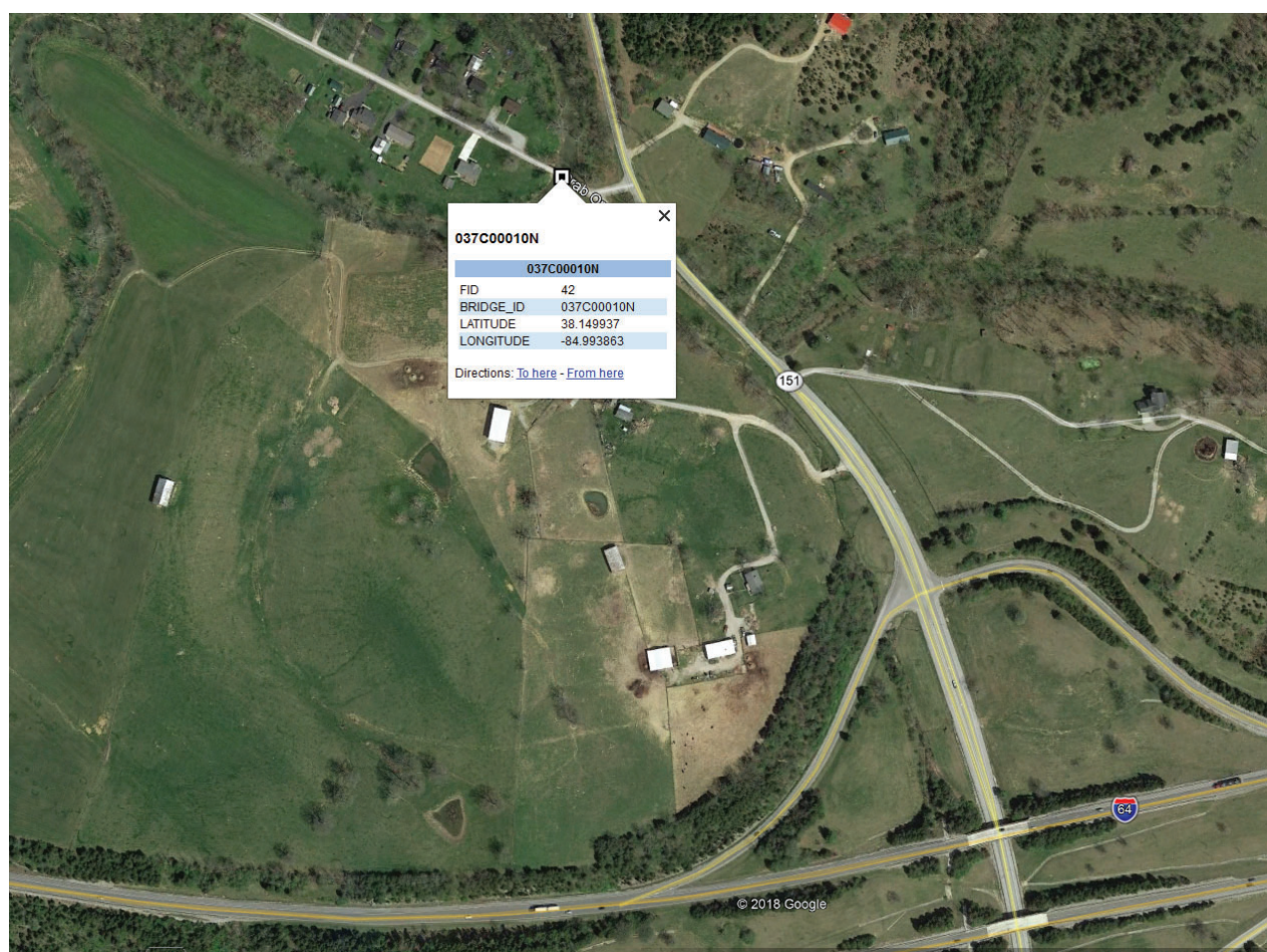


Figure 1 – Google Image showing Project Site.

REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION

Site Topography and Geologic Conditions
November 29, 2018

2.0 SITE TOPOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS

The project site is situated on the Geologic Map of the Frankfort West Quadrangle, Kentucky (GQ-1221). Based on the review of this geologic map, the project is underlain by alluvium and the Tanglewood Limestone Member No. 2. In addition, the Brannon Member shows some occurrences in the area. The alluvium consists of silt, sand, clay, and gravel. Based on the mapping the alluvial deposits vary in thicknesses up to approximately 20 feet.

The Tanglewood Limestone Member No. 2, of the Upper part of Lexington Limestone of the Lower to Middle Ordovician geologic period. The Tanglewood Limestone Member No. 2 consists of limestone, medium-gray to grayish-orange, medium- to coarse-grained, mostly thin-bedded, and partly cross-bedded. The Bannon Member consists of both shale and limestone. The shale is light- to dark-gray, fissile and the limestone is medium-light-gray, very fine grained, very thin to thin bedded.

No other detrimental geologic features are noted by the available mapping within the immediate vicinity of the proposed roadway.

3.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

A geotechnical exploration was conducted in November of 2018 which consisted of two subsurface borings, designated herein as 037C00010N-1 and 037C00010N-2. The boring locations and surface elevations were obtained by the Bridging Kentucky TEAM and are presented in Appendix A. Table 1 provides a summary of the locations, elevations, and depths of the borings drilled for the proposed bridge.

Table 1 Crab Orchard Road over Benson Creek – Summary of Borings

Hole No.	Latitude	Longitude	Surface Elevation (ft.) MSL	Top of Rock/Refusal		Begin Core		Bottom of Hole	
				Depth (ft.)	Elev. (ft.) MSL	Depth (ft.)	Elev. (ft.) MSL	Depth (ft.)	Elev. (ft.) MSL
037C00010N-1	38.14985	-84.99362	726.2	8.2	718.0	8.2	718.0	18.2	708.0
037C00010N-2	38.15005	-84.99410	724.9	14.3	710.6	14.3	710.6	24.3	700.6

The drill crews operated truck-mounted drill rigs equipped with hollow-stem and flight augers as well as wire line coring tools. The field personnel generally performed soil sampling at five-foot intervals of depth to obtain in situ strength data and specimens for subsequent laboratory strength and/or classification testing. Standard penetration testing (SPT) was conducted at both boring locations.

REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION

Subsurface Conditions
November 29, 2018

4.0 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

In general, the subsurface materials observed in the sample borings consist primarily of brown lean clays with some gravel that was moist to wet, and medium stiff. Standard penetration test blow counts (N) in soil material ranged from 7 to 12 blows per foot. Soil thicknesses encountered ranged from 8.2 to 14.3 feet at the bridge location.

Based upon the rock coring performed, the top of bedrock varied from a high elevation of 718.0 feet in Boring S-1 to a low elevation of 710.6 feet in Boring S-2. Bedrock specimens recovered from coring operations consist of limestone and shale. Typed logs of the borings are presented in Appendix CB.

Observation wells were not installed. Groundwater was not encountered at the time of drilling. Groundwater can be expected to be encountered at the level of Benson Creek. Groundwater levels and/or conditions may vary considerably, with time, according to the prevailing climate, rainfall or other factors.

5.0 LABORATORY TESTING AND RESULTS

Stantec performed laboratory testing on soil samples from the borings. All laboratory tests were performed in accordance with the applicable AASHTO or Kentucky Methods soil and rock testing specifications. Laboratory testing consisted of natural moisture content, grain size-sieve analyses (silt plus clay determinations), and soil classification index testing.

The SPT soil samples tested classified as CL according to USCS and A-6 on the AASHTO classification system. Results of the laboratory testing are also presented in Appendix C.

REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION

Engineering Analyses
November 29, 2018

6.0 ENGINEERING ANALYSES

6.1 GENERAL

This project will consist of replacing the existing bridge. No significant grading efforts are planned, as such, embankment stability or settlement analyses have been not performed. Any grading requirements or material placement that may be needed should be placed at 2H:1V slopes or flatter. Based on a combination of existing conditions and anticipated grades, spread footings are being recommended for the end bents. This report provides recommendations for spread footings on rock for support of the end bents of the subject structure.

6.2 BEARING CAPACITY FOR SPREAD FOOTINGS ON BEDROCK

Upon review of the boring logs, spread footings are anticipated. Based on a review of the rock core logs and the quality of the bedrock encountered, a presumptive bearing resistance of 20,000 psf on unweathered bedrock is being recommended at the substructure locations in accordance with NAVFAC DM 7.2, page 7.2-142 for spread footings bearing on sedimentary rock at the service limit state.

Additional evaluation will be necessary if the designer's analyses of the nominal bearing resistance indicate the strength or extreme limit states control the footing design. The bottom of the footing should be placed a minimum of one-foot into competent rock.

7.0 FOUNDATION SYSTEM RECOMMENDATIONS

Stantec developed the following recommendations based upon reviews of available data, information obtained during the field exploration, results of laboratory testing and engineering analyses, and discussions with TEAM personnel.

7.1. Based on a review of the existing subsurface conditions and anticipated structural loads, it is recommended that a rock bearing foundation system consisting of spread footings be used for all bridge substructure elements. A presumptive bearing resistance of 20,000 psf on unweathered bedrock is being recommended.

REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION

Foundation System Recommendations
November 29, 2018

Boring No.	Latitude	Longitude	Surface Elevation (feet)	Top of Rock Elevation (feet)
037C00010N-1	38.14985	-84.99362	726.2	718.0
037C00010N-2	38.15005	-84.99410	724.9	710.6

7.2. Foundation excavations should be properly braced/shored to provide adequate safety to people working in or around the excavations. Bracing should be performed in accordance with applicable federal, state and local guidelines.

7.3. **A plan note should be included by the designer** that indicates that temporary shoring, sheeting, cofferdams, and/or dewatering methods may be required to facilitate foundation construction. It should be anticipated that groundwater will be encountered at foundation locations within the flood plain.

7.4 Rock-bearing spread footings are being provided for substructure elements. Foundation excavations for footings at the structure locations should be level and free of loose, water softened material, etc. Additional rock excavation to achieve suitable bearing conditions may be required depending upon topography and bedrock weathering conditions.

7.5 **A plan note should be included by the designer** that indicates that solid rock excavation will be required for installation of the substructure's spread footings. The contractor shall take care during blasting and other excavation methods to avoid over-breakage and damage to the bedrock beneath the footings.

7.6 **A plan note should be included by the designer** that indicates that the bearing elevation of footings may be adjusted at the discretion of the Engineer if competent, unweathered bedrock is found at a higher elevation than specified for the respective substructure element. The top of new spread footings should be fully embedded into unweathered bedrock.

7.7. Prior to placement of any concrete or reinforcing steel in a foundation excavation, the excavation bottom should be clean and all soft, wet, or loose materials should be removed. In no case should concrete be placed upon compressible or water-softened materials.

7.8 **A plan note should be included by the designer** indicating that footings should be placed as soon as practical after completion of the footing excavation. If the bedrock becomes softened at bearing elevation, the softened material should be undercut to unweathered material prior to placement of reinforcing steel and concrete. Seasonal groundwater fluctuations may cause groundwater infiltration into the footing excavation, and a dewatering method may be necessary.

7.9 Any clay seams or suspect weak materials at or near the bearing elevation will need to be undercut and replaced with mass concrete.

REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION

Closing
November 29, 2018

7.10 **A plan note should be included by the designer** indicating all footing excavations in bedrock shall be cut neatly so that no forming or backfilling is necessary in the construction of the portions of the footings located in rock. Concrete shall be placed directly against the cut rock faces. Mass concrete should be placed in the excavation from the top of the footing to the bedrock surface where the footing does not extend to the bedrock surface.

8.0 CLOSING

8.1. The conclusions and recommendations presented herein are based on data and subsurface conditions from the borings drilled during previous geotechnical exploration using that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised under similar circumstances by competent members of the engineering profession. No warranties can be made regarding the continuity of conditions between borings.

8.2. General soil and rock descriptions and indicated boundaries are based on an engineering interpretation of all available subsurface information and may not necessarily reflect the actual variation in subsurface conditions between borings and samples.

8.3. The observed water levels and/or conditions indicated on the boring logs are as recorded at the time of exploration. These water levels and/or conditions may vary considerably, with time, according to the prevailing climate, rainfall, tail water elevations or other factors and are otherwise dependent on the duration of and methods used in the exploration program.

8.4. Stantec exercised sound engineering judgment in preparing the subsurface information presented herein. This information has been prepared and is intended for design and estimating purposes. Its presentation on the plans or elsewhere is for the purpose of providing intended users with access to the same information. This subsurface information interpretation is presented in good faith and is not intended as a substitute for independent interpretations or judgments of the Contractor.

8.5. All structure details shown herein are for illustrative purposes only and may not be indicative of the final design conditions shown in the contract plans.

APPENDIX A SITE MAP



LEGEND

- SOIL BORING WITH UNDISTURBED (SHELBY) TUBE SAMPLES AND/OR STANDARD PENETRATION TESTS AND ROCK CORE

© 2018 Microsoft Corporation © 2018 DigitalGlobe ©CNES (2018) Distribution Airbus DS © 2018 HERE

PLOT DATE: 11/26/2018 USER: JOHNSON, TRACY
V:\1785\ACTIVE\178568003\GEOTECHNICAL\037C00010N\DRAWING\BOR_LAYO.DWG



GRAPHIC SCALE: 1" = 50'		BRIDGING KENTUCKY	
DATE: 11/26/2018	BRIDGE: 037C00010N	PAGE NO. -	
DRAWN BY: TJ	CKD. BY: AAC	SHEET: CRAB ORCHARD ROAD OVER BENSON CREEK FRANKLIN COUNTY, KY	FIG. NO. -
STANTEC JOB NO.: 178568003	FILE NAME:		

APPENDIX B TYPED BORING LOGS

Drilling Firm: Stantec
For: Division of Structural Design
Geotechnical Branch

DRILLER'S SUBSURFACE LOG

Printed: 11/28/18

Page 1 of 1

Project ID: 178568003		Statewide - Various				Project Type: Structure Bridge			
Item Number: Statewide						Project Manager: _			
Hole Number 037C00010N-1		Immediate Water Depth NA		Start Date 11/02/2018		Hole Type core and sample			
Surface Elevation 726.2'		Static Water Depth NA		End Date 11/02/2018		Rig Number 45B			
Total Depth 18.2'		Driller Tim Caudill		Latitude(83) 38.149850					
Location + 'Lt.				Longitude(83) -84.993620					
Lithology		Overburden		Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Rec. (ft)	SPT Blows	Sample Type	Remarks
Elevation	Depth	Description		Rock Core	Run (ft)	Rec (ft)	Rec (%)	SDI (JS)	
725.4	0.8	Topsoil.							
5		Soft, brown, moist, lean clay.		1	2.0-3.5	1.5	5-5-6	SPT	
				2	4.5-6.0	0.7	4-4-3	SPT	
718.0	8.2	(Begin Core)							
10		Dark gray to gray limestone.		0 / 0	1.8	1.8	100		10.0
715.2	11.0	Brown shale.							
714.4	11.8								
15		Light gray to dark gray shale, (with clay stringers).		29 / 8	4.8	4.6	96		14.8
				15 / 15	3.4	3.4	100		
708.0	18.2								18.2
20		(Bottom of Hole 18.2')							20
25									25
30									30
35									35
40									40
45									45
50									50

Drilling Firm: Stantec
For: Division of Structural Design
Geotechnical Branch

DRILLER'S SUBSURFACE LOG

Printed: 11/28/18

Page 1 of 1

Project ID: 178568003		Statewide - Various				Project Type: Structure Bridge				
Item Number: Statewide						Project Manager: _				
Hole Number 037C00010N-2		Immediate Water Depth NA		Start Date 11/02/2018		Hole Type core and sample				
Surface Elevation 724.9'		Static Water Depth NA		End Date 11/02/2018		Rig Number 45B				
Total Depth 24.3'		Driller Tim Caudill		Latitude(83) 38.150050						
Location + 'Lt.				Longitude(83) -84.994100						
Lithology		Overburden		Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Rec. (ft)	SPT Blows	Sample Type	Remarks	
Elevation	Depth	Description		Std/Ky RQD	Run (ft)	Rec (ft)	Rec (%)	SDI (JS)		
724.1	0.8	Topsoil.								
5		Brown, moist, lean clay (black nodules throughout).		1	2.5-4.0	0.5	3-3-5	SPT	5	
				2	5.0-6.5	1.3	2-3-5	SPT		
10										10
				3	10.0-11.5	1.3	3-5-7	SPT		
710.6	14.3	(Begin Core)								
15		Dark gray to gray limestone, (with shale stringers and partings).		22 / 22	5.0	4.5	90		19.3	
20				32 / 32	5.0	5.0	100		20	
700.6	24.3								24.3	
25		(Bottom of Hole 24.3')							25	
30									30	
35									35	
40									40	
45									45	
50									50	

APPENDIX C LABORATORY DATA SHEETS



Moisture Content of Soil

AASHTO T 265

Project Name Bridging KY

Project Number 178568003
Tested By KG

Test Method AASHTO

Maximum Particle Size in Sample	No. 40	No. 4	1/2"	1"	2"
Recommended Minimum Mass (g)	10	100	300	500	1,000

Material Type: Stratified, Laminated, Lensed, Homogeneous, Disturbed

Source	Lab ID	Date Tested	Material Type	Maximum Particle Size	Material Excluded Amount	Pass Min. Mass? (Y/N)	Can Weight (g)	Wet Soil & Can Weight (g)	Dry Soil & Can Weight (g)	Moisture Content (%)
O37C00010N-1, 2.0'-3.5'	63	11/8/18	Hom	No. 4		No	21.05	87.34	72.99	27.6
O37C00010N-1, 4.5'-6.0'	64	11/8/18	Hom	1"		No	21.13	75.93	64.16	27.4
O37C00010N-2, 2.5'-4.0'	65	11/8/18	Hom	1"		No	304.99	518.08	479.43	22.2
O37C00010N-2, 5.0'-6.5'	67	11/8/18	Hom	No. 4		No	20.98	96.43	79.62	28.7
O37C00010N-2, 10.0'-11.5'	68	11/8/18	Hom	No. 4		No	21.11	90.67	76.97	24.5

Comments

Reviewed By RJ



Summary of Soil Tests

Project Name Bridging KY Project Number 178568003
 Source O37C00010N-1, 2.0'-3.5', 4.5'-6.0' Lab ID 62
 Sample Type SPT Composite Date Received 11-7-18
 Date Reported 11-14-18

Test Results

Natural Moisture Content
 Test Not Performed
 Moisture Content (%): N/A

Atterberg Limits
 Test Method: AASHTO T 89 & T 90
 Prepared: Dry
 Liquid Limit: 32
 Plastic Limit: 21
 Plasticity Index: 11
 Activity Index: 0.5

Particle Size Analysis
 Preparation Method: AASHTO T 87
 Gradation Method: AASHTO T 88
 Hydrometer Method: AASHTO T 88

Particle Size		% Passing
Sieve Size	(mm)	
	N/A	
	N/A	
	N/A	
1"	25	100.0
3/4"	19	95.9
3/8"	9.5	95.9
No. 4	4.75	95.0
No. 10	2	90.4
No. 40	0.425	88.6
No. 200	0.075	86.8
	0.02	67.6
	0.005	33.9
	0.002	22.7
estimated	0.001	16.0

Moisture-Density Relationship
 Test Not Performed
 Maximum Dry Density (lb/ft³): N/A
 Maximum Dry Density (kg/m³): N/A
 Optimum Moisture Content (%): N/A
 Over Size Correction %: N/A

Plus 3 in. material, not included: 0 (%)

Range	ASTM (%)	AASHTO (%)
Gravel	5.0	9.6
Coarse Sand	4.6	1.8
Medium Sand	1.8	---
Fine Sand	1.8	1.8
Silt	52.9	64.1
Clay	33.9	22.7

California Bearing Ratio
 Test Not Performed
 Bearing Ratio (%): N/A
 Compacted Dry Density (lb/ft³): N/A
 Compacted Moisture Content (%): N/A

Specific Gravity
 Test Method: AASHTO T 100
 Prepared: Dry
 Particle Size: No. 10
 Specific Gravity at 20° Celsius: 2.69

Classification
 Unified Group Symbol: CL
 Group Name: Lean clay
 AASHTO Classification: A-6 (9)

Comments: _____

Reviewed By RJ



Particle-Size Analysis of Soils
AASHTO T 88

Project Name Bridging KY
Source O37C00010N-1, 2.0'-3.5', 4.5'-6.0'

Project Number 178568003
Lab ID 62

Sieve analysis for the Portion Coarser than the No. 10 Sieve

Test Method AASHTO T 88
Prepared using AASHTO T 87

Particle Shape Angular
Particle Hardness: Hard and Durable

Tested By KG
Test Date 11-09-2018
Date Received 11-07-2018

Sieve Size	% Passing
1"	100.0
3/4"	95.9
3/8"	95.9
No. 4	95.0
No. 10	90.4

Maximum Particle size: 1" Sieve

Analysis for the portion Finer than the No. 10 Sieve

Analysis Based on -3 inch fraction only

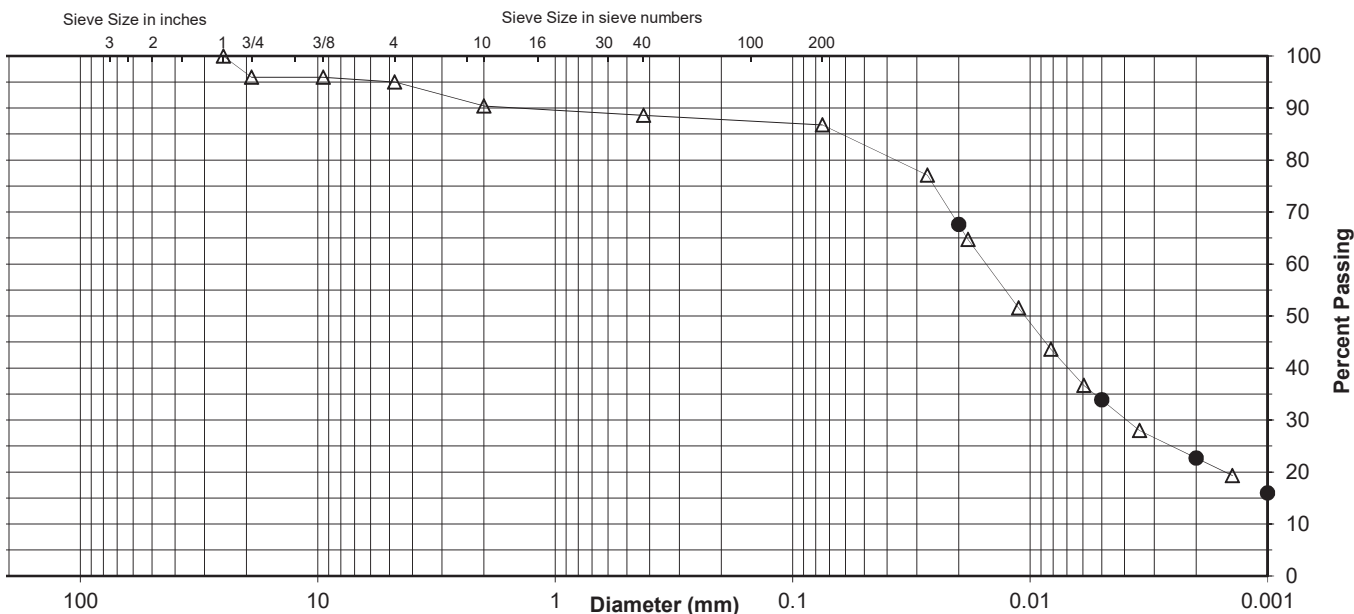
Specific Gravity 2.69

Dispersed using Apparatus A - Mechanical, for 1 minute

No. 40	88.6
No. 200	86.8
0.02 mm	67.6
0.005 mm	33.9
0.002 mm	22.7
0.001 mm	16.0

Particle Size Distribution

ASTM	Coarse Gravel	Fine Gravel	C. Sand	Medium Sand	Fine Sand	Silt	Clay
	4.1	0.9	4.6	1.8	1.8	52.9	33.9
AASHTO	Gravel		Coarse Sand		Fine Sand	Silt	Clay
	9.6		1.8		1.8	64.1	22.7



Comments _____

Reviewed By RJ

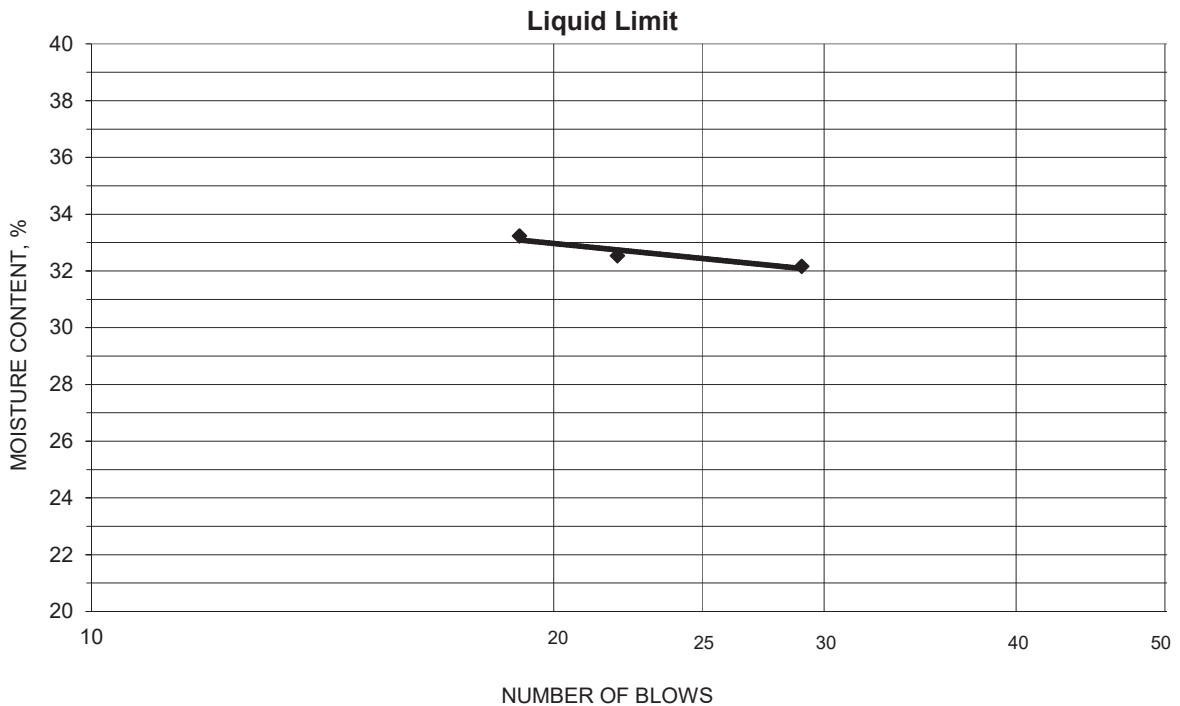


ATTERBERG LIMITS

Project Bridging KY
 Source O37C00010N-1, 2.0'-3.5', 4.5'-6.0'
 Tested By KG Test Method AASHTO T 89 & T 90
 Test Date 11-12-2018 Prepared Dry

Project No. 178568003
 Lab ID 62
 % + No. 40 11
 Date Received 11-07-2018

Wet Soil and Tare Mass (g)	Dry Soil and Tare Mass (g)	Tare Mass (g)	Number of Blows	Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit
19.37	17.33	11.06	22	32.5	32
19.08	17.02	10.82	19	33.2	
19.75	17.65	11.12	29	32.2	



PLASTIC LIMIT AND PLASTICITY INDEX

Wet Soil and Tare Mass (g)	Dry Soil and Tare Mass (g)	Tare Mass (g)	Water Content (%)	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index
20.08	18.57	11.51	21.4	21	11
19.12	17.75	11.28	21.2		

Remarks: _____

Reviewed By RJ



Summary of Soil Tests

Project Name Bridging KY Project Number 178568003
 Source O37C00010N-2, 5.0'-6.5', 10.0'-11.5' Lab ID 66
 Sample Type SPT Composite Date Received 11-7-18
 Date Reported 11-14-18

Test Results

Natural Moisture Content
 Test Not Performed
 Moisture Content (%): N/A

Atterberg Limits
 Test Method: AASHTO T 89 & T 90
 Prepared: Dry
 Liquid Limit: 34
 Plastic Limit: 20
 Plasticity Index: 14
 Activity Index: 0.7

Particle Size Analysis
 Preparation Method: AASHTO T 87
 Gradation Method: AASHTO T 88
 Hydrometer Method: AASHTO T 88

Particle Size		% Passing
Sieve Size	(mm)	
	N/A	
	N/A	
	N/A	
	N/A	
	N/A	
3/8"	9.5	100.0
No. 4	4.75	98.3
No. 10	2	81.9
No. 40	0.425	80.5
No. 200	0.075	76.0
	0.02	52.3
	0.005	26.1
	0.002	19.4
estimated	0.001	15.5

Moisture-Density Relationship
 Test Not Performed
 Maximum Dry Density (lb/ft³): N/A
 Maximum Dry Density (kg/m³): N/A
 Optimum Moisture Content (%): N/A
 Over Size Correction %: N/A

Plus 3 in. material, not included: 0 (%)

Range	ASTM (%)	AASHTO (%)
Gravel	1.7	18.1
Coarse Sand	16.4	1.4
Medium Sand	1.4	---
Fine Sand	4.5	4.5
Silt	49.9	56.6
Clay	26.1	19.4

California Bearing Ratio
 Test Not Performed
 Bearing Ratio (%): N/A
 Compacted Dry Density (lb/ft³): N/A
 Compacted Moisture Content (%): N/A

Specific Gravity
 Test Method: AASHTO T 100
 Prepared: Dry
 Particle Size: No. 10
 Specific Gravity at 20° Celsius: 2.69

Classification
 Unified Group Symbol: CL
 Group Name: Lean clay with sand
 AASHTO Classification: A-6 (9)

Comments: _____

Reviewed By RJ

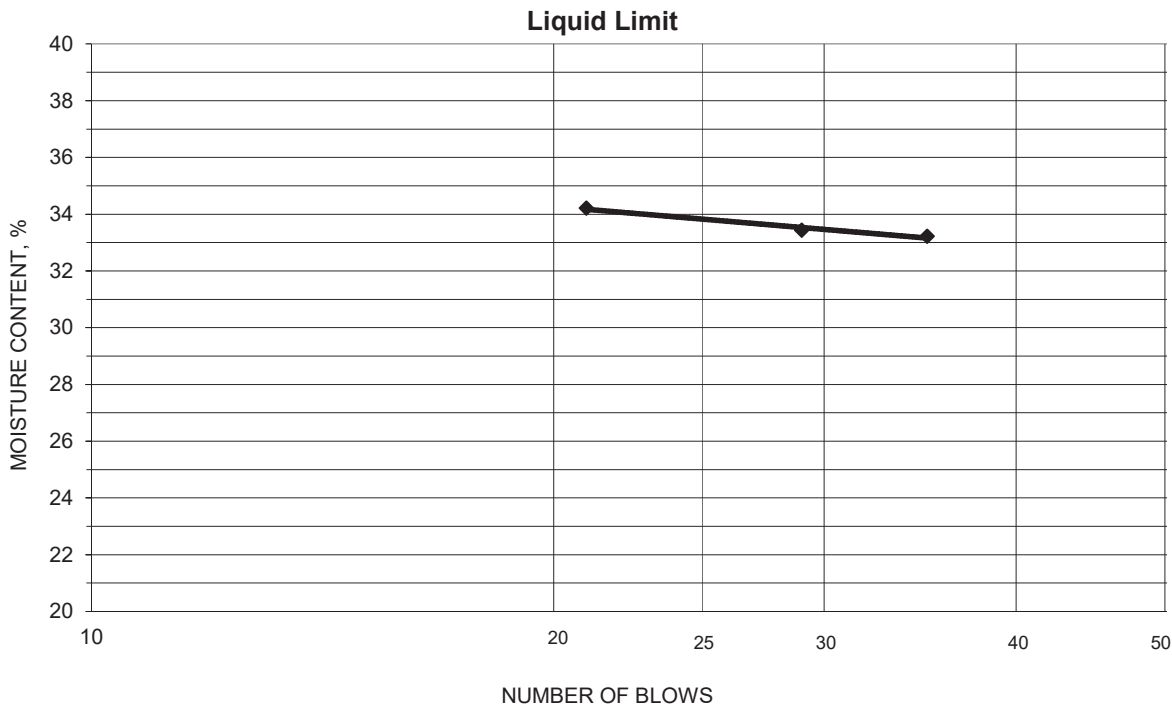


ATTERBERG LIMITS

Project Bridging KY
 Source O37C00010N-2, 5.0'-6.5', 10.0'-11.5'
 Tested By KG Test Method AASHTO T 89 & T 90
 Test Date 11-12-2018 Prepared Dry

Project No. 178568003
 Lab ID 66
 % + No. 40 19
 Date Received 11-07-2018

Wet Soil and Tare Mass (g)	Dry Soil and Tare Mass (g)	Tare Mass (g)	Number of Blows	Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit
19.26	17.24	11.16	35	33.2	34
20.15	17.87	11.05	29	33.4	
20.37	17.90	10.68	21	34.2	



PLASTIC LIMIT AND PLASTICITY INDEX

Wet Soil and Tare Mass (g)	Dry Soil and Tare Mass (g)	Tare Mass (g)	Water Content (%)	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index
19.06	17.75	11.36	20.5	20	14
19.38	18.05	11.47	20.2		

Remarks: _____

Reviewed By RJ

**SPECIAL NOTE FOR CONTRACT COMPLETION DATE AND
LIQUIDATED DAMAGES ON BRIDGE REPAIR CONTRACTS**

037C00010N Franklin County

I. COMPLETION DATE.

Upon Notice to Proceed, the Contractor has the option of selecting the Begin Work date. Once selected, notify the Department in writing of the date selected at least two weeks prior to beginning work and provide a proposed project schedule. All work is to be completed by the specified contract completion date. The Contractor is allotted 60 calendar days once the bridge is closed to complete all work to safely reopen the structure with no lane closures. At a minimum, prior to reopening the bridge to traffic, all strength requirements and curing for materials used shall be completed per Division 600 of the Standard Specifications. Guardrail shall be installed to the satisfaction of the Engineer prior to reopening the bridge to traffic unless prior approval is obtained from the engineer for use of temporary railing.

The Engineer will begin charging calendar days for a structure on the day the Contractor closes the structure to traffic, regardless of holidays or seasonal weather limitations.

II. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.

Liquidated damages will be assessed to the Contractor in accordance with the Transportation Cabinet, Department of Highway's 2012 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Section 108.09, when either the allotted number of calendar days or the specified completion date is exceeded.

Contrary to the Standard Specifications, liquidated damages will be assessed to the Contractor during the months of December, January, February and March when the contract time has expired on any individual bridge. Contract time will be charged during these months. All construction must be completed in accordance with the weather limitations specified in Section 606 and/or Section 601 as applicable. No extension of Contract time will be granted due to inclement weather or temperature limitations that occur due to starting work on the Contract or a structure late in the construction season.

Any approval of cold weather plans or allowance of construction operations to occur outside Section 606 and/or Section 601 does not alleviate the 60 day maximum bridge closure. In the event the closure lasts longer than 60 calendar days as specified, liquidated damages will apply to all excess days regardless of weather limitations.

SPECIAL NOTE

Tree Clearing Restriction

Franklin County

Item No. 5-1078

Bridge No. 037C00010N

DUE TO THE RECOVERY PLAN FOR ENDANGERED BATS, NO TREE CLEARING
IS PERMITTED FROM JUNE 1 THROUGH JULY 31.

**If there are any questions regarding this note, please contact Danny Peake,
Director, Division of Environmental Analysis, 200 Mero Street, Frankfort, KY
40601, Phone: (502) 564-7250.**

Special Note for Bridge Demolition, Renovation and Asbestos Abatement

If the project includes any bridge demolition or renovation, the successful bidder is required to notify Kentucky Division for Air Quality (KDAQ) via filing of form (DEP 7036) a minimum of 10 days prior to commencement of any bridge demolition or renovation work.

Any available information regarding possible asbestos containing materials (ACM) on or within bridges to be affected by the project has been included in the bid documents. These are to be included with the Contractor's notification filed with the KDAQ. If not included in the bid documents, the Department will provide that information to the successful bidder for inclusion in the KDAQ notice as soon as possible. If there are no documents stating otherwise, the bidders should assume there are no asbestos containing materials that will in any way affect the work.



Asbestos Inspection Report

To: Tom Springer, QK4, Inc.

Date: October 5, 2018

Conducted By: Russell H. Brooks, LFI, Inc.
Kentucky Accredited Asbestos Inspector #I18-06-9270

Project and Structure Identification

Project: Franklin County: Item No. 5-1078

Structure ID: #037C00010N

Structure Location: Crab Orchard Road over Benson Creek, Franklin County, Kentucky

Sample Description: No suspect asbestos containing (ACM) were observed

Inspection Date: October 3, 2018

Results and Recommendations

The asbestos inspection was performed in accordance with current United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) regulations, specifically 40 CFR Part 61, Asbestos National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) revision, final rule effective November 20, 1990.

It is recommended that this report accompany the 10-Day Notice of Intent for Demolition ([DEP7036 Form](#)) which is to be submitted to the Kentucky Division of Air Quality prior to abatement, demolition, or renovation of any building or structure in the Commonwealth.

No suspect asbestos containing (ACM) were observed.

Commonwealth of Kentucky
Department for Environmental Protection
Division for Air Quality

Russell Henry Brooks

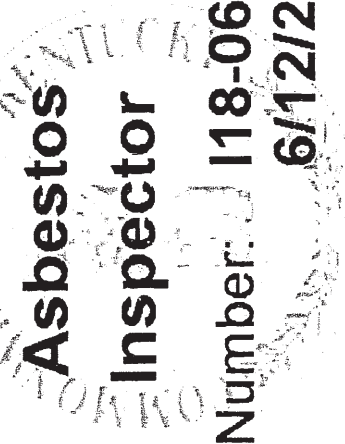
Has met the requirements of 401-KAR 58.005 and is accredited as an:

**Asbestos
Inspector**

Accreditation Number: 118-06-9270

Issue Date: 6/12/2018

Expiration Date: 6/5/2019





KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET
Department of Highways
DIVISION OF RIGHT OF WAY & UTILITIES
RIGHT OF WAY CERTIFICATION

TC 62-226
Rev. 01/2016
Page 1 of 1

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Original	<input type="checkbox"/>	Re-Certification	RIGHT OF WAY CERTIFICATION			
ITEM #		COUNTY		PROJECT # (STATE)		PROJECT # (FEDERAL)	
5-1078.00		FRANKLIN		1100 FD04 121 9414001R			
PROJECT DESCRIPTION							
BRIDGING KENTUCKY PROJECT - ADDRESS DEFICIENCIES OF BRIDGE OVER BENSON CREEK ON CRAB ORCHARD ROAD (CR 1230) 200 FT NW OF KY 151 NEAR I-64 EXIT 48 (037C00010N) (EBRP)(16CCR)							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No Additional Right of Way Required							
Construction will be within the limits of the existing right of way. The right of way was acquired in accordance to FHWA regulations under the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisitions Policy Act of 1970, as amended. No additional right of way or relocation assistance were required for this project.							
<input type="checkbox"/> Condition # 1 (Additional Right of Way Required and Cleared)							
All necessary right of way, including control of access rights when applicable, have been acquired including legal and physical possession. Trial or appeal of cases may be pending in court but legal possession has been obtained. There may be some improvements remaining on the right-of-way, but all occupants have vacated the lands and improvements, and KYTC has physical possession and the rights to remove, salvage, or demolish all improvements and enter on all land. Just Compensation has been paid or deposited with the court. All relocations have been relocated to decent, safe, and sanitary housing or that KYTC has made available to displaced persons adequate replacement housing in accordance with the provisions of the current FHWA directive.							
<input type="checkbox"/> Condition # 2 (Additional Right of Way Required with Exception)							
The right of way has not been fully acquired, the right to occupy and to use all rights-of-way required for the proper execution of the project has been acquired. Some parcels may be pending in court and on other parcels full legal possession has not been obtained, but right of entry has been obtained, the occupants of all lands and improvements have vacated, and KYTC has physical possession and right to remove, salvage, or demolish all improvements. Just Compensation has been paid or deposited with the court for most parcels. Just Compensation for all pending parcels will be paid or deposited with the court prior to AWARD of construction contract							
<input type="checkbox"/> Condition # 3 (Additional Right of Way Required with Exception)							
The acquisition or right of occupancy and use of a few remaining parcels are not complete and/or some parcels still have occupants. All remaining occupants have had replacement housing made available to them in accordance with 49 CFR 24.204. KYTC is hereby requesting authorization to advertise this project for bids and to proceed with bid letting even though the necessary right of way will not be fully acquired, and/or some occupants will not be relocated, and/or the just compensation will not be paid or deposited with the court for some parcels until after bid letting. KYTC will fully meet all the requirements outlined in 23 CFR 635.309(c)(3) and 49 CFR 24.102(j) and will expedite completion of all acquisitions, relocations, and full payments after bid letting and prior to AWARD of the construction contract or force account construction.							
Total Number of Parcels on Project		0	EXCEPTION (S) Parcel #		ANTICIPATED DATE OF POSSESSION WITH EXPLANATION		
Number of Parcels That Have Been Acquired							
Signed Deed		0					
Condemnation		0					
Signed ROE		0					
Notes/ Comments (Use Additional Sheet if necessary)							
LPA RW Project Manager				Right of Way Supervisor			
Printed Name	Chad Bourke, P.E.			Printed Name	Mark C. Askin, P.E.		
Signature				Signature			
Date	12-10-18			Date	12-11-18		
Right of Way Director				FHWA			
Printed Name	Dean M. Loy			Printed Name			
Signature				Signature			
Date	12 DEC 18			Date			

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

FRANKLIN COUNTY
CRAB ORCHARD RD OVER BENSON CR. (Milepost .053)
SIX YEAR PLAN ITEM NUMBER 5-1078

Utility coordination efforts conducted by the project sponsor have determined that no significant utility relocation work is required to complete the project. Any work pertaining to these utility facilities is defined in the bid package and is to be carried out as instructed by the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet. The contractor will be responsible for any coordination or adjustments that are discussed or quantified in the proposal.

THE FOLLOWING RAIL COMPANIES HAVE FACILITIES IN CONJUNCTION WITH THIS PROJECT AS NOTED

No Rail Involved **Minimal Rail Involved (See Below)** **Rail Involved (See Below)**

UNDERGROUND FACILITY DAMAGE PROTECTION – BEFORE YOU DIG

The contractor shall make every effort to protect underground facilities from damage as prescribed in the Underground Facility Damage Protection Act of 1994, Kentucky Revised Statute KRS 367.4901 to 367.4917. It is the contractor's responsibility to determine and take steps necessary to be in compliance with federal and state damage prevention directives. The contractor is instructed to contact KY 811 for the location of existing underground utilities. Contact shall be made a minimum of two (2) and no more than ten (10) business days prior to excavation.

The contractor shall submit Excavation Locate Requests to the Kentucky Contact Center (KY 811) via web ticket entry. The submission of this request does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility of contacting non-member facility owners, whom are to be contacted through their individual Protection Notification Center. It may be necessary for the contractor to contact the County Court Clerk to determine what utility companies have facilities in the area. Non-compliance with these directives can result in the enforcement of penalties.

SPECIAL CAUTION NOTE – PROTECTION OF UTILITIES

The contractor will be responsible for contacting all utility facility owners on the subject project to coordinate his activities. The contractor will coordinate his activities to minimize and, where possible, avoid conflicts with utility facilities. Due to the nature of the work proposed, it is unlikely to conflict with the existing utilities beyond minor facility adjustments. Where conflicts with utility facilities are unavoidable, the contractor will coordinate any necessary relocation work with the facility owner and Resident Engineer. The

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet maintains the right to remove or alter portions of this contract if a utility conflict occurs.

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

<p>FRANKLIN COUNTY CRAB ORCHARD RD OVER BENSON CR. (Milepost .053) SIX YEAR PLAN ITEM NUMBER 5-1078</p>
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The utility facilities as noted in the previous section(s) have been determined using data garnered by varied means and with varying degrees of accuracy: from the facility owners, a result of S.U.E., field inspections, and/or reviews of record drawings. The facilities defined may not be inclusive of all utilities in the project scope and are not Level A quality, unless specified as such. It is the contractor's responsibility to verify all utilities and their respective locations before excavating.

Please Note: The information presented in this Utility Note is informational in nature and the information contained herein is not guaranteed.

AREA UTILITIES CONTACT LIST AS PROVIDED BY KY 811

Bluegrass Energy
1201 Lexington Road, P.O. Box 990
Nicholasville, KY 40340
(859) 885 2134
Attn: Tony Smith

FRANKFORT PLANT BOARD (power)
305 Hickory Drive
PO Box 308
Frankfort, KY 40602
(502) 352 4401
Attn: Jim Carter

AT&T
894 East Main Street Ext
Georgetown, KY 40324
(502) 867 8240
Attn: Frank Ambrose

US 60 Water
4596 Bagdad Rd
Bagdad, Ky 40003
(502) 747 8942

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

**FRANKLIN COUNTY
CRAB ORCHARD RD OVER BENSON CR. (Milepost .053)
SIX YEAR PLAN ITEM NUMBER 5-1078**

(502) 220 0169 cell
Attn: Pete Hedges

Special Note to Contractors:

The water line location depicted on the plans is approximate. The contractor shall verify the location and depth of the water line where potential impacts are possible and take precautions to avoid any impacts.

Kentucky Transportation
Cabinet Project:

NOTICE

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
NATIONWIDE SECTION 404 PERMIT AUTHORIZATION
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
KENTUCKY DIVISION OF WATER
SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION

**PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Bridge Replacement on Crab Orchard Road over Benson Creek
Franklin County, KY
KYTC Item No. 5-1078**

The Sections 404 and 401 activities for this project have previously been permitted under the authority of the Department of the Army, Nationwide Section 404 Permit Number 14, *Linear Transportation Projects* (with additional *Kentucky Regional General Conditions*), and the Division of Section 401 Water General Water Quality Certification. For these authorized permits to be valid, the attached conditions must be followed. The contractor shall post a copy of this Nationwide Number 14 permit and General Water Quality Certification in a conspicuous location at the project site, with unencumbered public access, for the duration of construction and comply with the general conditions required.

Locations Impacting Water Quality

Station-Location	Description
Bridge ID: <u>037C00010N</u>	A replacement project will entail complete removal of the bridge and construction of a new bridge. The design objectives are to remove any load restrictions and have a design life of at least 30 years. The replacement project will replace the bridge in the same location with current geometrics (bridge width, length, hydraulic opening, etc.) to avoid environmental impacts, utility impacts, and minimize the need for new right of way. The project will not include any reconstruction of the roadways approaching the bridge. Traffic will be detoured onto existing roads, rather than on a temporary crossing of the stream. The project will not result in the loss of greater than 0.1 acre of waters of the U.S.; will not result in loss greater than 300 feet of ephemeral, intermittent, or perennial stream; and will not discharge to a special aquatic site.

Kentucky Transportation
Cabinet Project:

This project involves work near and/or within Jurisdictional Waters of the United States as defined by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers; therefore, requiring a Nationwide Number 14 General Section 404 permit. The Division of Water conditionally certified this General Permit. Importantly, one of those conditions regards the use of heavy equipment in any stream channel, or streambed. If there is need to cross the stream channel with heavy equipment, or conduct work within the stream channel, a work platform or temporary crossing, is authorized. This should be constructed with clean rock (preferably sandstone or granite east of a line stretching from the McCreary-Wayne County line to the southwest, northeasterly to Lewis-Greenup County line), and sufficient pipe to allow stream flow to continue, unimpeded (refer to the attached standard drawing for low-water crossings at end of the document). Other conditions may be found under the heading, *General Certification—Nationwide Permit # 14 Linear Transportation Projects*.

In order for this authorization to be valid, the attached conditions must be followed. The contractor shall post a copy of this Nationwide Number 14 Approval in a conspicuous location at the project site, for the duration of the construction, and comply with the general conditions as required.

To more readily expedite construction, the contractor may elect to alter the design, or perform the work in a manner different from what was originally proposed and specified. Prior to commencing such alternative work, the contractor shall obtain written permission from the Division of Construction and the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, Division of Environmental Analysis. If such changes necessitate further permitting, then the contractor will be responsible for applying to the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers and the Kentucky Division of Water. A copy of any request to the Corps of Engineers or Division of Water to alter this proposal and subsequent responses shall be forwarded to the Division of Environmental Analysis, DA Permit Coordinator, for office records and for informational purposes.



MATTHEW G. BEVIN
GOVERNOR

CHARLES G. SNAVELY
SECRETARY

**ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT CABINET
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

R. BRUCE SCOTT
COMMISSIONER

300 SOWER BOULEVARD
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40601

General Certification--Nationwide Permit # 14 Linear Transportation Projects

This General Certification is issued March 19, 2017, in conformity with the requirements of Section 401 of the Clean Water Act of 1977, as amended (33 U.S.C. §1341), as well as Kentucky Statute KRS 224.16-050.

For this and all nationwide permits, the definition of surface water is as per 401 KAR 10:001 Chapter 10, Section 1(80): Surface Waters means those waters having well-defined banks and beds, either constantly or intermittently flowing; lakes and impounded waters; marshes and wetlands; and any subterranean waters flowing in well-defined channels and having a demonstrable hydrologic connection with the surface. Lagoons used for waste treatment and effluent ditches that are situated on property owned, leased, or under valid easement by a permitted discharger are not considered to be surface waters of the commonwealth.

Agricultural operations, as defined by KRS 224.71-100(1) conducting activities pursuant to KRS 224.71-100 (3), (4), (5), (6), or 10 are deemed to have certification if they are implementing an Agriculture Water Quality Plan pursuant to KRS 224.71-145.

For all other operations, the Commonwealth of Kentucky hereby certifies under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) that it has reasonable assurances that applicable water quality standards under Kentucky Administrative Regulations Title 401, Chapter 10, established pursuant to Sections 301, 302, 304, 306 and 307 of the CWA, will not be violated for the activity covered under NATIONWIDE PERMIT 14, namely Linear Transportation Projects, provided that the following conditions are met:

1. The activity will not occur within surface waters of the Commonwealth identified by the Kentucky Division of Water as Outstanding State or National Resource Water, Cold Water Aquatic Habitat, or Exceptional Waters.
2. The activity will not occur within surface waters of the Commonwealth identified as perpetually-protected (e.g. deed restriction, conservation easement) mitigation sites.
3. The activity will impact less than 1/2 acre of wetland/marsh.

General Certification--Nationwide Permit # 14
Linear Transportation Projects
Page 2

4. The activity will impact less than 300 linear feet of surface waters of the Commonwealth. Stream realignment greater than 100 feet and in-stream stormwater detention/retention basins are not covered under this general water quality certification.
5. For complete linear transportation projects, all impacts shall not exceed a cumulative length of 500 linear feet within each Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) 14.
6. Any crossings must be constructed in a manner that does not impede natural water flow.
7. Stream impacts covered under this General Water Quality Certification and undertaken by those persons defined as an agricultural operation under the Agricultural Water Quality Act must be completed in compliance with the Kentucky Agricultural Water Quality Plan (KWQP).
8. The Kentucky Division of Water may require submission of a formal application for an individual certification for any project if the project has been determined to likely have a significant adverse effect upon water quality or degrade the waters of the Commonwealth so that existing uses of the water body or downstream waters are precluded.
9. Activities that do not meet the conditions of this General Water Quality Certification require an Individual Section 401 Water Quality Certification.
10. Activities qualifying for coverage under this General Water Quality Certification are subject to the following conditions:
 - Projects requiring in-stream stormwater detention/retention basins shall require individual water quality certifications.
 - Erosion and sedimentation pollution control plans and Best Management Practices must be designed, installed, and maintained in effective operating condition at all times during construction activities so that violations of state water quality standards do not occur (401 KAR 10:031 Section 2 and KRS 224.70-100).
 - Sediment and erosion control measures, such as check-dams constructed of any material, silt fencing, hay bales, etc., shall not be placed within surface waters of the Commonwealth, either temporarily or permanently, without prior approval by the Kentucky Division of Water's Water Quality Certification Section. If placement of sediment and erosion control measures in surface waters is unavoidable, design and placement of temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in such a manner that may result in instability of streams that are adjacent to,

General Certification--Nationwide Permit # 14
Linear Transportation Projects
Page 3

upstream, or downstream of the structures. All sediment and erosion control devices shall be removed and the natural grade restored within the completion timeline of the activities.

- Measures shall be taken to prevent or control spills of fuels, lubricants, or other toxic materials used in construction from entering the watercourse.
- Removal of riparian vegetation in the utility line right-of-way shall be limited to that necessary for equipment access.
- To the maximum extent practicable, all in-stream work under this certification shall be performed under low-flow conditions.
- Heavy equipment, e.g. bulldozers, backhoes, draglines, etc., if required for this project, should not be used or operated within the stream channel. In those instances in which such in-stream work is unavoidable, then it shall be performed in such a manner and duration as to minimize turbidity and disturbance to substrates and bank or riparian vegetation.
- Any fill shall be of such composition that it will not adversely affect the biological, chemical, or physical properties of the receiving waters and/or cause violations of water quality standards. If rip-rap is utilized, it should be of such weight and size that bank stress or slump conditions will not be created because of its placement.
- If there are water supply intakes located downstream that may be affected by increased turbidity and suspended solids, the permittee shall notify the operator when such work will be done.
- Should evidence of stream pollution or jurisdictional wetland impairment and/or violations of water quality standards occur as a result of this activity (either from a spill or other forms of water pollution), the KDOW shall be notified immediately by calling (800) 928-2380.

Non-compliance with the conditions of this general certification or violation of Kentucky state water quality standards may result in civil penalties.



**US Army Corps
of Engineers®**
Louisville District

2017 Nationwide Permit General Conditions

The following General Conditions must be followed in order for any authorization by NWP to be valid:

1. Navigation. (a) No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation.
- (b) Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the US Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States.
- (c) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.
2. Aquatic Life Movements. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of those aquatic species.
3. Spawning Areas. Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g., through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area are not authorized.
4. Migratory Bird Breeding Areas. Activities in waters of the United States that serve as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.
5. Shellfish Beds. No activity may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish populations, unless the activity is directly related to a shellfish harvesting activity authorized by NWPs 4 and 48, or is a shellfish seeding or habitat restoration activity authorized by NWP 27.
6. Suitable Material. No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act).
7. Water Supply Intakes. No activity may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the activity is for the repair or improvement of public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.
8. Adverse Effects From Impoundments. If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.
9. Management of Water Flows. To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization, storm water management activities, and temporary and permanent road crossings, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).
10. Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains. The activity must comply with applicable FEMA-approved state or local floodplain management requirements.
11. Equipment. Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

12. Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls. Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow, or during low tides.
13. Removal of Temporary Fills. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate.

14. Proper Maintenance. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety and compliance with applicable NWP general conditions, as well as any activity-specific conditions added by the district engineer to an NWP authorization.

15. Single and Complete Project. The activity must be a single and complete project. The same NWP cannot be used more than once for the same single and complete project.

16. Wild and Scenic Rivers. (a) No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status.

- (b) If a proposed NWP activity will occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, the permittee must submit a pre-construction notification (see general condition 32). The district engineer will coordinate the PCN with the Federal agency with direct management responsibility for that river. The permittee shall not begin the NWP activity until notified by the district engineer that the Federal agency with direct management responsibility for that river has determined in writing that the proposed NWP activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status.

- (c) Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency responsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or study river (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service). Information on these rivers is also available at: <http://www.rivers.gov/>

17. Tribal Rights. No activity may impair tribal rights (including treaty rights), protected tribal resources, or tribal lands.
18. Endangered Species. (a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed. Direct effects are the immediate effects on the listed species and critical habitat caused by the NWP activity. Indirect effects are those effects on listed species and critical habitat that are caused by the NWP activity and are later in time, but still are reasonably certain to occur.

- (b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. If pre-construction notification is required for the proposed activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation has not been submitted, additional ESA section 7 consultation may be necessary for the activity and the respective federal agency would be responsible for fulfilling its obligation under section 7 of the ESA.

requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation is not submitted, then additional consultation under section 106 may be necessary. The respective federal agency is responsible for fulfilling its obligation to comply with section 106.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if the NWP activity might have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the pre-construction notification must state which historic properties might have the potential to be affected by the proposed activity or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic properties can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, or designated tribal representative, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). When reviewing pre-construction notifications, district engineers will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The district engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out appropriate identification efforts, which may include background research, consultation, oral history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted in the PCN and these identification efforts, the district engineer shall determine whether the proposed NWP activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties. Section 106 consultation is not required when the district engineer determines that the activity does not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 36 CFR 800.3(a)). Section 106 consultation is required when the district engineer determines that the activity has the potential to cause effects on historic properties. The district engineer will conduct consultation with consulting parties identified under 36 CFR 800.2(c) when he or she makes any of the following effect determinations for the purposes of section 106 of the NHPA: no historic properties affected, no adverse effect, and adverse effect. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties on which the activity might have the potential to cause effects and notified the Corps, the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the district engineer either that the activity has no potential to cause effects to historic properties or that NHPA section 106 consultation has been completed.

(d) For non-federal permittees, the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether NHPA section 106 consultation is required. If NHPA section 106 consultation is required, the district engineer will notify the non-Federal applicant that he or she cannot begin the activity until Section 106 consultation is completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(e) Prospective permittees should be aware that section 110k of the NHPA (54 U.S.C. 306113) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant. If circumstances justify granting the assistance, the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and provide documentation specifying the circumstances, the degree of damage to the integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the applicant, SHPO/THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the activity on historic properties.

21. Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification (PCN) to the district engineer if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, or if the activity is located in designated critical habitat, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect Federally-listed endangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the PCN must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed activity or that utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed work. The district engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non-Federal applicant of the Corps' determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete PCN. In cases where the non-Federal applicant has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification the proposed activities will have "no effect" on listed species or critical habitat, or until Section 7 consultation has been completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from Corps.

(d) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the USFWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species-specific permit conditions to the NWPs.

(e) Authorization of an activity by a NWP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the USFWS or the NMFS, the Endangered Species Act prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take a listed species, where "take" means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word "harm" in the definition of "take" means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.

(f) If the non-federal permittee has a valid ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) incidental take permit with an approved Habitat Conservation Plan for a project or a group of projects that includes the proposed NWP activity, the non-federal applicant should provide a copy of that ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit with the PCN required by paragraph (c) of this general condition. The district engineer will review the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit, and if he or she determines that it covers the proposed NWP activity, including any incidental take of listed species that might occur as a result of conducting the proposed NWP activity, the district engineer does not need to conduct a separate section 7 consultation for the proposed NWP activity. The district engineer will notify the non-federal applicant within 45 days of receipt of a complete PCN whether the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit covers the proposed NWP activity or whether additional ESA section 7 consultation is required.

(g) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the USFWS and NMFS or their world wide web pages at <http://www.fws.gov/> or <http://www.fws.gov/ipac> and <http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/species/esa> respectively.

19. Migratory Birds and Bald and Golden Eagles. The permittee is responsible for ensuring their action complies with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee is responsible for contacting appropriate local office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to determine applicable measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds or eagles, including whether "incidental take" permits are necessary and available under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act for a particular activity.

20. Historic Properties. (a) In cases where the district engineer determines that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

(b) Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. If pre-construction notification is required for the proposed NWP activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those

22. Designated Critical Resource Waters. Critical resource waters include, NOAA-managed marine sanctuaries and marine monuments, and National Estuarine Research Reserves. The district engineer may designate, after notice and opportunity for public comment, additional waters officially designated by a state as having particular environmental or ecological significance, such as outstanding national resource waters or state natural heritage sites. The district engineer may also designate additional critical resource waters after notice and opportunity for public comment.

(a) Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the US are not authorized by NWP's 7, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21, 29, 31, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 49, 50, 51, and 52 for any activity within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters.

(b) For NWP's 3, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, and 54, notification is required in accordance with general condition 32, for any activity proposed in the designated critical resource waters including wetlands adjacent to those waters. The district engineer may authorize activities under these NWP's only after it is determined that the impacts to the critical resource waters will be no more than minimal.

23. Mitigation. The district engineer will consider the following factors when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal:

(a) The activity must be designed and constructed to avoid and minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to waters of the United States to the maximum extent practicable at the project site (i.e., on site).

(b) Mitigation in all its forms (avoiding, minimizing, rectifying, reducing, or compensating for resource losses) will be required to the extent necessary to ensure that the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal.

(c) Compensatory mitigation at a minimum one-for-one ratio will be required for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10-acre and require pre-construction notification, unless the district engineer determines in writing that either some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate or the adverse effects of the proposed activity are minimal, and provides a project-specific waiver of this requirement. For wetland losses of 1/10-acre or less that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may determine on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse environmental effects.

(d) For losses of streams or other open waters that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may require compensatory mitigation to ensure that the activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. Compensatory mitigation for losses of streams should be provided, if practicable, through stream rehabilitation, enhancement, or preservation, since streams are difficult-to-replace resources (see 33 CFR 332.3(e)(3)).

(e) Compensatory mitigation plans for NWP activities in or near streams or other open waters will normally include a requirement for the restoration or enhancement, maintenance, and legal protection (e.g. conservation easements) of riparian areas next to open waters. In some cases, the restoration or maintenance/protection of riparian areas may be the only compensatory mitigation required. Restored riparian areas should consist of native species. The width of the required riparian area will address documented water quality or aquatic habitat loss concerns. Normally, the riparian area will be 25 to 50 feet wide on each side of the stream, but the district engineer may require slightly wider riparian areas to address documented water quality or habitat loss concerns. If it is not possible to restore or maintain/protect a riparian area on the both sides of a stream or if the waterbody is a lake or coastal waters. Then restoring or maintaining/protecting a riparian area along a single bank or shoreline may be sufficient. Where both wetlands and open waters exist on the project site, the district engineer will determine the appropriate compensatory mitigation (e.g. riparian areas and/or wetlands compensation) based on what is best for the aquatic environmental on a watershed basis. In cases where riparian areas are determined to be the most appropriate form of minimization or compensatory mitigation, the district engineer may waive or reduce the requirement to provide wetland compensatory mitigation for wetland losses.

(f) Compensatory mitigation projects provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR part 332.

(1) The prospective permittee is responsible for proposing an appropriate compensatory mitigation option if compensatory mitigation is necessary to ensure that the activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. For the NWP's, the preferred mechanism for providing compensatory mitigation is mitigation bank credits or in-lieu fee program credits (see 33 CFR 332.3(b)(2) and (3)). However, if an appropriate number and type of mitigation bank or in-lieu credits are not available at the time the PCN is submitted to the district engineer, the district engineer may approve the use of permittee-responsible mitigation if the use of mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits is not appropriate and practicable.

(2) The amount of compensatory mitigation required by the district engineer must be sufficient to ensure that the authorized activity results in no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects (see 33 CFR 330.1(e)(3)). (See also 33 CFR 332.3(f).)

(3) Since the likelihood of success is greater and the impacts to potentially valuable uplands are reduced, aquatic resource restoration should be the first compensatory mitigation option considered for permittee-responsible mitigation.

(4) If permittee-responsible mitigation is the proposed option, the prospective permittee is responsible for submitting a mitigation plan. A conceptual or detailed mitigation plan may be used by the district engineer to make the decision on the NWP verification request, but a final mitigation plan that addresses the applicable requirements of 33 CFR 332.4(c)(2) through (14) must be approved by the district engineer before the permittee begins work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation (see 33 CFR 332.3(k)(3)).

(5) If mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits are the proposed option, the mitigation plan only needs to address the baseline conditions at the impact site and the number of credits to be provided.

(6) Compensatory mitigation requirements (e.g., resource type and amount to be provided as compensatory mitigation, site protection, ecological performance standards, monitoring requirements) may be addressed through conditions added to the NWP authorization, instead of components of a compensatory mitigation plan.

(g) Compensatory mitigation will not be used to increase the acreage losses allowed by the acreage limits of the NWP's. For example, if an NWP has an acreage limit of 1/2-acre, it cannot be used to authorize any project resulting in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States, even if compensatory mitigation is provided that replaces or restores some of the lost waters. However, compensatory mitigation can and should be used, as necessary, to ensure that an NWP activity already meeting the established acreage limits also satisfies the minimal impact requirement for the NWP's.

(h) Permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee programs, or separate permittee-responsible mitigation. When developing a compensatory mitigation proposal, the permittee must consider appropriate and practicable options consistent with the framework at 33 CFR 332.3(b). For activities resulting in the loss of marine or estuarine resources, permittee-responsible compensatory mitigation may be environmentally preferable if there are no mitigation banks or in-lieu fee programs in the area that have marine or estuarine credits available for sale or transfer to the permittee. For permittee-responsible mitigation, the special conditions of the NWP verification must clearly indicate the party or parties responsible for the implementation and performance of the compensatory mitigation project, and, if required, its long-term management.

(i) Where certain functions and services of waters of the United States are permanently adversely affected by a regulated activity, such as discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States that will convert a forested or scrub-shrub wetland to a herbaceous wetland in a permanently maintained utility line right-of-way, mitigation may be required to reduce the adverse environmental effects of the activity to the no more than minimal level.

24. Safety of Impoundment Structures. To ensure that all impoundment structures are safely designed, the district engineer may require non-Federal applicants to demonstrate that the structures comply with established state dam safety criteria or have been designed by qualified persons. The district engineer may also require documentation that the design has been independently reviewed by similarly qualified persons, and appropriate modifications made to ensure safety.

25. Water Quality. Where States and authorized Tribes, or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA Section 401, individual 401 Water Quality

Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation of water quality.

26. **Coastal Zone Management.** In coastal states where an NWP has not previously received a state coastal zone management consistency concurrence, an individual state coastal zone management consistency concurrence must be obtained, or a presumption of concurrence must occur (see 33 CFR 330.4(d)). The district engineer or a State may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.

27. **Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions.** The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with any case specific conditions added by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or USEPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.

28. **Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits.** The use of more than one NWP for a single and complete project is prohibited, except when the acreage loss of waters of the United States authorized by the NWPs does not exceed the acreage limit of the NWP with the highest specified acreage limit. For example, if a road crossing over tidal waters is constructed under NWP 14, with associated bank stabilization authorized by NWP 13, the maximum acreage loss of waters of the United States for the total project cannot exceed 1/3-acre.

29. **Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications.** If the permittee sells the property associated with a nationwide permit verification, the permittee may transfer the nationwide permit verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the appropriate Corps district office to validate the transfer. A copy of the nationwide permit verification must be attached to the letter, and the letter must contain the following statement and signature: "When the structures or work authorized by this nationwide permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this nationwide permit, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this nationwide permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below."

(Transferee)

(Date)

30. **Compliance Certification.** Each permittee who receives an NWP verification letter from the Corps must provide a signed certification documenting completion of the authorized activity and implementation of any required compensatory mitigation. The success of any required permittee-responsible mitigation, including the achievement of ecological performance standards, will be addressed separately by the district engineer. The Corps will provide the permittee the certification document with the NWP verification letter. The certification document will include:

- (a) A statement that the authorized work was done in accordance with the NWP authorization, including any general, regional, or activity-specific conditions;
- (b) A statement that the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions. If credits from a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program are used to satisfy the compensatory mitigation requirements, the certification must include the documentation required by 33 CFR 332.3(i)(3) to confirm that the permittee secured the appropriate number and resource type of credits; and
- (c) The signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the work and mitigation. The completed certification document must be submitted to the district engineer within 30 days of completion of the authorized activity or the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation, whichever occurs later.

31. **Activities Affecting Structures or Works Built by the United States.** If an NWP activity also requires permission from the Corps pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) federally

authorized Civil Works project (a "USACE project"), the prospective permittee must submit a pre-construction notification. See paragraph (b)(10) of general condition 32. An activity that requires Section 408 permission is not authorized by the NWP until the appropriate Corps office issues the section 408 permission to altar, occupy, or use the USACE project, and the district engineer issues a written NWP verification.

32. **Pre-Construction Notification (PCN).** (a) **Timing.** Where required by the terms of the NWP, the prospective permittee must notify the district engineer by submitting a pre-construction notification (PCN) as early as possible. The district engineer must determine if the PCN is complete within 30 calendar days of the date of receipt and, if the PCN is determined to be incomplete, notify the prospective permittee within that 30 day period to request the additional information necessary to make the PCN complete. As a general rule, district engineers will request additional information necessary to make the PCN complete only once. However, if the prospective permittee does not provide all of the requested information, then the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee that the PCN is still incomplete and the PCN review process will not commence until all of the requested information has been received by the district engineer. The prospective permittee shall not begin the activity until either:

- (1) He or she is notified in writing by the district engineer that the activity may proceed under the NWP with any special conditions imposed by the district or division engineer; or
- (2) 45 calendar days have passed from the district engineer's receipt of the complete PCN and the prospective permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee was required to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 18 that listed species or critical habitat might be affected or in the vicinity of the project, or to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 20 that the activity might have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, the permittee cannot begin the activity until receiving written notification from the Corps that there is "no effect" on listed species or "no potential to cause effects" on historic properties, or that any consultation required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)) and/or Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)) has been completed. Also, work cannot begin under NWPs 21, 49, or 50 until the permittee has received written approval from the Corps. If the proposed activity requires a written waiver to exceed specified limits of an NWP, the permittee may not begin the activity until the district engineer issues the waiver. If the district or division engineer notifies the permittee in writing that an individual permit is required within 45 calendar days of receipt of a complete PCN, the permittee cannot begin the activity until an individual permit has been obtained. Subsequently, the permittee's right to proceed under the NWP may be modified, suspended, or revoked only in accordance with the procedure set forth in 33 CFR 330.5(d)(2).

(b) **Contents of Pre-Construction Notification:** The PCN must be in writing and include the following information:

- (1) Name, address and telephone numbers of the prospective permittee;
- (2) Location of the proposed activity;
- (3) Identify the specific NWP or NWP(s) the prospective permittee wants to use to authorize the proposed activity;
- (4) A description of the proposed activity; the activity's purpose; direct and indirect

adverse environmental effects the activity would cause, including the anticipated amount of loss of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters expected to result from the NWP activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure; a description of any proposed mitigation measures intended to reduce the adverse environmental effects caused by the proposed activity; and any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity, including other separate and distant crossings for linear projects that require Department of the Army authorization but do not require pre-construction notification. The description of the proposed activity and any proposed mitigation measures should be sufficiently detailed to allow the district engineer to determine that the adverse environmental effects of the activity will be no more than minimal and to determine the need for compensatory mitigation or other mitigation measures. For single and complete linear projects, the PCN must include the quantity of anticipated losses of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other water for each single and complete crossing of those wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters. Sketches should be provided when necessary to show that the activity complies with the terms of the NWP. (Sketches usually clarify the project and when provided results in a quicker decision. Sketches should contain sufficient detail to provide an

illustrative description of the proposed activity (e.g., a conceptual plan), but do not need to be detailed engineering plans);

(5) The PCN must include a delineation of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on the project site. Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic sites and other waters on the project site, but there may be a delay if the Corps does the delineation, especially if the project site is large or contains many wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters. Furthermore, the 45 day period will not start until the delineation has been submitted to or completed by the Corps, as appropriate;

(6) If the proposed activity will result in the loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands and a PCN is required, the prospective permittee must submit a statement describing how the mitigation requirement will be satisfied, or explaining why the adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal and why compensatory mitigation should not be required. As an alternative, the prospective permittee may submit a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan.

(7) For non-federal permittees, if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must include the name(s) of those endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed activity or utilize the designated critical habitat that may be affected by the proposed activity. For any NWP activity that requires pre-construction notification, Federal permittees must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with the Endangered Species Act;

(8) For non-federal permittees, if the NWP activity might have the potential to cause effects to a historic property listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places, the PCN must state which historic property might have the potential to be affected by the proposed activity or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic property. Federal permittees must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

(9) For an activity that will occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, the PCN must identify the Wild and Scenic River or the "study river" (see general condition 16); and

(10) For an activity that requires permission from the Corps pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers federally authorized civil works project, the pre-construction notification must include a statement confirming that the project proponent has submitted a written request for section 408 permission from the Corps office having jurisdiction over that USACE project.

(c) Form of PCN Notification: The standard individual permit application form (Form ENG 4345) may be used, but the completed application form must clearly indicate that it is an NWP PCN and must include all of the information required in paragraphs (b)(1) through (10) of this general condition. A letter containing the required information may also be used. Applicants may provide electronic files of PCNs and supporting materials if the district engineer has established tools and procedures for electronic submittals.

(d) Agency Coordination: (1) The district engineer will consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs and the need for mitigation to reduce the project's adverse environmental effects so that they are no more than minimal.

(2) Agency coordination is required for: (i) all NWP activities that require preconstruction notification and result in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States; (ii) NWP 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, and 52 activities that require pre-construction notification and will result in the loss of greater than 300 linear feet of stream bed; (iii) NWP 13 activities in excess of 500 linear feet, fills greater than one cubic yard per running foot, or involve discharges of dredged or fill material into special aquatic sites; and (iv) NWP 54 activities in excess of 500 linear feet, or that extend into the waterbody more than 30 feet from the mean low water line or ordinary high water mark.

(3) When agency coordination is required, the district engineer will immediately provide (e.g., via e-mail, facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a copy of the complete PCN to the appropriate Federal or state offices (FWS, state natural

resource or water quality agency, EPA, and, if appropriate, the NMFS). With the exception of NWP 37, these agencies will have 10 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to notify the district engineer via telephone, facsimile transmission, or e-mail that they intend to provide substantive, sites specific comments. The comments must explain why the agency believes the adverse environmental effects will be more than minimal. If so contacted by an agency, the district engineer will wait an additional 15 calendar days before making a decision on the pre-construction notification. The district engineer will fully consider agency comments received within the specified time frame concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs, including the need for mitigation to ensure the net adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are no more than minimal. The district engineer will provide no response to the resource agency, except as provided below. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each pre-construction notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. For NWP 37, the emergency watershed protection and rehabilitation activity may proceed immediately in cases where there is an unacceptable hazard to life or a significant loss of property or economic hardship will occur. The district engineer will consider any comments received to decide whether the NWP 37 authorization should be modified, suspended, or revoked in accordance with the procedures at 33 CFR 330.5.

(4) In cases of where the prospective permittee is not a Federal agency, the district engineer will provide a response to NMFS within 30 calendar days of receipt of any Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendations, as required by Section 305(b)(4)(B) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.

(5) Applicants are encouraged to provide the Corps with either electronic files or multiple copies of PCN notifications to expedite agency coordination.

Further Information

District Engineers have authority to determine if an activity complies with the terms and conditions of an NWP.

NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law.

NWPs do not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

NWPs do not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.

NWPs do not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project (see general condition 31).

Terms for Nationwide Permit No. 14 – Linear Transportation Projects

Activities required for crossings of waters of the United States associated with the construction, expansion, modification, or improvement of linear transportation projects (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways, and taxiways) in waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in non-tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/3-acre of waters of the United States. Any stream channel modification, including bank stabilization, is limited to the minimum necessary to construct or protect the linear transportation project; such modifications must be in the immediate vicinity of the project.

This NWP also authorizes temporary structures, fills, and work, including the use of temporary mats, necessary to construct the linear transportation project. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must consist of materials, and be placed in a manner, that will not be eroded by expected high flows. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The areas affected by temporary fills must be revegetated, as appropriate.

This NWP cannot be used to authorize non-linear features commonly associated with transportation projects, such as vehicle maintenance or storage buildings, parking lots, train stations, or aircraft hangars.

Notification: The permittee must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity if: (1) the loss of waters of the United States exceeds 1/10-acre; or (2) there is a discharge in a special aquatic site, including wetlands. (See general condition 32.) (Authorities: Sections 10 and 404)

Note 1: For linear transportation projects crossing a single waterbody more than one time at separate and distant locations, or multiple waterbodies at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for purposes of NWP authorization. Linear transportation projects must comply with 33 CFR 330.6(d).

Note 2: Some discharges for the construction of farm roads or forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment, may qualify for an exemption under section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act (see 33 CFR 323.4).

Note 3: For NWP 14 activities that require pre-construction notification, the PCN must include any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity, including other separate and distant crossings that require Department of the Army authorization but do not require pre-construction notification (see paragraph (b) of general condition 32). The district engineer will evaluate the PCN in accordance with Section D, "District Engineer's Decision." The district engineer may require mitigation to ensure that the authorized activity results in no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects (see general condition 23).

PART II
SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD DRAWINGS

SPECIFICATIONS REFERENCE

Any reference in the plans or proposal to previous editions of the *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction* and *Standard Drawings* are superseded by *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Edition of 2012* and *Standard Drawings, Edition of 2016*.

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

The contractor shall use the Supplemental Specifications that are effective at the time of letting.
The Supplemental Specifications can be found at the following link:

<http://transportation.ky.gov/Construction/Pages/Kentucky-Standard-Specifications.aspx>

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

This Special Note will apply when indicated on the plans or in the proposal.

1.0 DESCRIPTION. Furnish, install, operate, and maintain variable message signs at the locations shown on the plans or designated by the Engineer. Remove and retain possession of variable message signs when they are no longer needed on the project.

2.0 MATERIALS.

2.1 General. Use LED Variable Message Signs Class I, II, or III, as appropriate, from the Department's List of Approved Materials.

Unclassified signs may be submitted for approval by the Engineer. The Engineer may require a daytime and nighttime demonstration. The Engineer will make a final decision within 30 days after all required information is received.

2.2 Sign and Controls. All signs must:

- 1) Provide 3-line messages with each line being 8 characters long and at least 18 inches tall. Each character comprises 35 pixels.
- 2) Provide at least 40 preprogrammed messages available for use at any time. Provide for quick and easy change of the displayed message; editing of the message; and additions of new messages.
- 3) Provide a controller consisting of:
 - a) Keyboard or keypad.
 - b) Readout that mimics the actual sign display. (When LCD or LCD type readout is used, include backlighting and heating or otherwise arrange for viewing in cold temperatures.)
 - c) Non-volatile memory or suitable memory with battery backup for storing pre-programmed messages.
 - d) Logic circuitry to control the sequence of messages and flash rate.
- 4) Provide a serial interface that is capable of supporting complete remote control ability through land line and cellular telephone operation. Include communication software capable of immediately updating the message, providing complete sign status, and allowing message library queries and updates.
- 5) Allow a single person easily to raise the sign to a satisfactory height above the pavement during use, and lower the sign during travel.
- 6) Be Highway Orange on all exterior surfaces of the trailer, supports, and controller cabinet.
- 7) Provide operation in ambient temperatures from -30 to + 120 degrees Fahrenheit during snow, rain and other inclement weather.
- 8) Provide the driver board as part of a module. All modules are interchangeable, and have plug and socket arrangements for disconnection and reconnection. Printed circuit boards associated with driver boards have a conformable coating to protect against moisture.
- 9) Provide a sign case sealed against rain, snow, dust, insects, etc. The lens is UV stabilized clear plastic (polycarbonate, acrylic, or other approved material) angled to prevent glare.
- 10) Provide a flat black UV protected coating on the sign hardware, character PCB, and appropriate lens areas.
- 11) Provide a photocell control to provide automatic dimming.

- 12) Allow an on-off flashing sequence at an adjustable rate.
- 13) Provide a sight to aim the message.
- 14) Provide a LED display color of approximately 590 nm amber.
- 15) Provide a controller that is password protected.
- 16) Provide a security device that prevents unauthorized individuals from accessing the controller.
- 17) Provide the following 3-line messages preprogrammed and available for use when the sign unit begins operation:

/KEEP/RIGHT/=>=>=>/	/MIN/SPEED/**MPH/
/KEEP/LEFT/<<<</	/ICY/BRIDGE/AHEAD/ /ONE
/LOOSE/GRAVEL/AHEAD/	LANE/BRIDGE/AHEAD/
/RD WORK/NEXT/**MILES/	/ROUGH/ROAD/AHEAD/
/TWO WAY/TRAFFIC/AHEAD/	/MERGING/TRAFFIC/AHEAD/
/PAINT/CREW/AHEAD/	/NEXT/***/MILES/
/REDUCE/SPEED/**MPH/	/HEAVY/TRAFFIC/AHEAD/
/BRIDGE/WORK/***0 FT/	/SPEED/LIMIT/**MPH/
/MAX/SPEED/**MPH/	/BUMP/AHEAD/
/SURVEY/PARTY/AHEAD/	/TWO/WAY/TRAFFIC/

*Insert numerals as directed by the Engineer.
Add other messages during the project when required by the Engineer.

2.3 Power.

- 1) Design solar panels to yield 10 percent or greater additional charge than sign consumption. Provide direct wiring for operation of the sign or arrow board from an external power source to provide energy backup for 21 days without sunlight and an on-board system charger with the ability to recharge completely discharged batteries in 24 hours.

3.0 CONSTRUCTION. Furnish and operate the variable message signs as designated on the plans or by the Engineer. Ensure the bottom of the message panel is a minimum of 7 feet above the roadway in urban areas and 5 feet above in rural areas when operating. Use Class I, II, or III signs on roads with a speed limit less than 55 mph. Use Class I or II signs on roads with speed limits 55 mph or greater.

Maintain the sign in proper working order, including repair of any damage done by others, until completion of the project. When the sign becomes inoperative, immediately repair or replace the sign. Repetitive problems with the same unit will be cause for rejection and replacement.

Use only project related messages and messages directed by the Engineer, unnecessary messages lessen the impact of the sign. Ensure the message is displayed in either one or 2 phases with each phase having no more than 3 lines of text. When no message is needed, but it is necessary to know if the sign is operable, flash only a pixel.

When the sign is not needed, move it outside the clear zone or where the Engineer directs. Variable Message Signs are the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the project when no longer needed. The Department will not assume ownership of these signs.

4.0 MEASUREMENT. The final quantity of Variable Message Sign will be

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the actual number of individual signs acceptably furnished and operated during the project. The Department will not measure signs replaced due to damage or rejection.

5.0 PAYMENT. The Department will pay for the Variable Message Signs at the unit price each. The Department will not pay for signs replaced due to damage or rejection. Payment is full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, and service necessary to, operate, move, repair, and maintain or replace the variable message signs. The Department will make payment for the completed and accepted quantities under the following:

<u>Code</u>	<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
02671	Portable Changeable Message Sign	Each

Effective June 15, 2012

PART III

EMPLOYMENT, WAGE AND RECORD REQUIREMENTS

**TRANSPORTATION CABINET
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS**

**LABOR AND WAGE REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO OTHER THAN FEDERAL-AID SYSTEM PROJECTS**

- I. Application
- II. Nondiscrimination of Employees (KRS 344)

I. APPLICATION

1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor with his own organization and with the assistance of workmen under his immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work or by subcontract. The contractor's organization shall be construed to include only workmen employed and paid directly by the contractor and equipment owned or rented by him, with or without operators.

2. The contractor shall insert in each of his subcontracts all of the stipulations contained in these Required Provisions and such other stipulations as may be required.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Provisions may be grounds for termination of the contract.

3. If the contractor is in control of apprenticeship or other training or retraining, including on-the-job training programs, he shall not discriminate against an individual because of his race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age forty (40) and over, in admission to, or employment in any program established to provide apprenticeship or other training.

4. The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administrating agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for non-compliance.

Revised: January 25, 2017

II. NONDISCRIMINATION OF EMPLOYEES

**AN ACT OF THE KENTUCKY
GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO PREVENT
DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT
KRS CHAPTER 344
EFFECTIVE JUNE 16, 1972**

The contract on this project, in accordance with KRS Chapter 344, provides that during the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

1. The contractor shall not fail or refuse to hire, or shall not discharge any individual, or otherwise discriminate against an individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age (forty and above); or limit, segregate, or classify his employees in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive an individual of employment opportunities or otherwise adversely affect his status as an employee, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age forty (40) and over. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

2. The contractor shall not print or publish or cause to be printed or published a notice or advertisement relating to employment by such an employer or membership in or any classification or referral for employment by the employment agency, indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination, based on race, color, religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, except that such a notice or advertisement may indicate a preference, limitation, or specification based on religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, when religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, is a bona fide occupational qualification for employment.

EXECUTIVE BRANCH CODE OF ETHICS

In the 1992 regular legislative session, the General Assembly passed and Governor Brereton Jones signed Senate Bill 63 (codified as KRS 11A), the Executive Branch Code of Ethics, which states, in part:

KRS 11A.040 (7) provides:

No present or former public servant shall, within six (6) months following termination of his office or employment, accept employment, compensation, or other economic benefit from any person or business that contracts or does business with, or is regulated by, the state in matters in which he was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure. This provision shall not prohibit an individual from returning to the same business, firm, occupation, or profession in which he was involved prior to taking office or beginning his term of employment, or for which he received, prior to his state employment, a professional degree or license, provided that, for a period of six (6) months, he personally refrains from working on any matter in which he was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure in state government. This subsection shall not prohibit the performance of ministerial functions, including but not limited to filing tax returns, filing applications for permits or licenses, or filing incorporation papers, nor shall it prohibit the former officer or public servant from receiving public funds disbursed through entitlement programs.

KRS 11A.040 (9) states:

A former public servant shall not represent a person or business before a state agency in a matter in which the former public servant was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure, for a period of one (1) year after the latter of:

- a) The date of leaving office or termination of employment; or
- b) The date the term of office expires to which the public servant was elected.

This law is intended to promote public confidence in the integrity of state government and to declare as public policy the idea that state employees should view their work as a public trust and not as a way to obtain private benefits.

If you have worked for the executive branch of state government within the past six months, you may be subject to the law's prohibitions. The law's applicability may be different if you hold elected office or are contemplating representation of another before a state agency.

Also, if you are affiliated with a firm which does business with the state and which employs former state executive-branch employees, you should be aware that the law may apply to them.

In case of doubt, the law permits you to request an advisory opinion from the Executive Branch Ethics Commission, 3 Fountain Place, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601; telephone (502) 564-7954.

Revised: January 27, 2017

Kentucky Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1978

The requirements of the Kentucky Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1978 (KRS 45.560-45.640) shall apply to this Contract. The apparent low Bidder will be required to submit EEO forms to the Division of Construction Procurement, which will then forward to the Finance and Administration Cabinet for review and approval. No award will become effective until all forms are submitted and EEO/CC has certified compliance. The required EEO forms are as follows:

- EEO-1: Employer Information Report
- Affidavit of Intent to Comply
- Employee Data Sheet
- Subcontractor Report

These forms are available on the Finance and Administration's web page under ***Vendor Information, Standard Attachments and General Terms*** at the following address:
<https://www.eProcurement.ky.gov>.

Bidders currently certified as being in compliance by the Finance and Administration Cabinet may submit a copy of their approval letter in lieu of the referenced EEO forms.

For questions or assistance please contact the Finance and Administration Cabinet by email at **finance.contractcompliance@ky.gov** or by phone at 502-564-2874.

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT

THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE

\$7.25

 PER HOUR

BEGINNING JULY 24, 2009

OVERTIME PAY At least 1½ times your regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a workweek.

CHILD LABOR An employee must be at least **16** years old to work in most non-farm jobs and at least **18** to work in non-farm jobs declared hazardous by the Secretary of Labor.

Youths **14** and **15** years old may work outside school hours in various non-manufacturing, non-mining, non-hazardous jobs under the following conditions:

No more than

- **3** hours on a school day or **18** hours in a school week;
- **8** hours on a non-school day or **40** hours in a non-school week.

Also, work may not begin before **7 a.m.** or end after **7 p.m.**, except from June 1 through Labor Day, when evening hours are extended to **9 p.m.** Different rules apply in agricultural employment.

TIP CREDIT Employers of “tipped employees” must pay a cash wage of at least \$2.13 per hour if they claim a tip credit against their minimum wage obligation. If an employee’s tips combined with the employer’s cash wage of at least \$2.13 per hour do not equal the minimum hourly wage, the employer must make up the difference. Certain other conditions must also be met.

ENFORCEMENT The Department of Labor may recover back wages either administratively or through court action, for the employees that have been underpaid in violation of the law. Violations may result in civil or criminal action.

Employers may be assessed civil money penalties of up to \$1,100 for each willful or repeated violation of the minimum wage or overtime pay provisions of the law and up to \$11,000 for each employee who is the subject of a violation of the Act’s child labor provisions. In addition, a civil money penalty of up to \$50,000 may be assessed for each child labor violation that causes the death or serious injury of any minor employee, and such assessments may be doubled, up to \$100,000, when the violations are determined to be willful or repeated. The law also prohibits discriminating against or discharging workers who file a complaint or participate in any proceeding under the Act.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Certain occupations and establishments are exempt from the minimum wage and/or overtime pay provisions.
- Special provisions apply to workers in American Samoa and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- Some state laws provide greater employee protections; employers must comply with both.
- The law requires employers to display this poster where employees can readily see it.
- Employees under 20 years of age may be paid \$4.25 per hour during their first 90 consecutive calendar days of employment with an employer.
- Certain full-time students, student learners, apprentices, and workers with disabilities may be paid less than the minimum wage under special certificates issued by the Department of Labor.

For additional information:



1-866-4-USWAGE

(1-866-487-9243) TTY: 1-877-889-5627



WWW.WAGEHOUR.DOL.GOV

PART IV
INSURANCE

INSURANCE

The Contractor shall procure and maintain the following insurance in addition to the insurance required by law:

- 1) Commercial General Liability-Occurrence form – not less than \$2,000,000 General aggregate, \$2,000,000 Products & Completed Aggregate, \$1,000,000 Personal & Advertising, \$1,000,000 each occurrence.
- 2) Automobile Liability- \$1,000,000 per accident
- 3) Employers Liability:
 - a) \$100,000 Each Accident Bodily Injury
 - b) \$500,000 Policy limit Bodily Injury by Disease
 - c) \$100,000 Each Employee Bodily Injury by Disease
- 4) The insurance required above must be evidenced by a Certificate of Insurance and this Certificate of Insurance must contain one of the following statements:
 - a) "policy contains no deductible clauses."
 - b) "policy contains _____ (amount) deductible property damage clause but company will pay claim and collect the deductible from the insured."
- 5) **KENTUCKY WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION INSURANCE.** The contractor shall furnish evidence of coverage of all his employees or give evidence of self-insurance by submitting a copy of a certificate issued by the Workmen's Compensation Board.

The cost of insurance is incidental to all contract items. All subcontractors must meet the same minimum insurance requirements.

PART V
BID ITEMS

PROPOSAL BID ITEMS

195075

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Report Date 1/25/19

Section: 0001 - PAVING

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0010	03304		BRIDGE OVERLAY APPROACH PAVEMENT	139.00	SQYD		\$	

Section: 0002 - ROADWAY

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0020	01987		DELINEATOR FOR GUARDRAIL BI DIRECTIONAL WHITE	8.00	EACH		\$	
0030	02223		GRANULAR EMBANKMENT	28.00	CUYD		\$	
0040	02355		GUARDRAIL-STEEL W BEAM-S FACE A	100.00	LF		\$	
0050	02371		GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT TYPE 7	4.00	EACH		\$	
0060	02399		EXTRA LENGTH GUARDRAIL POST	32.00	EACH		\$	
0070	02545		CLEARING AND GRUBBING Less than 1 acre	1.00	LS		\$	
0080	02650		MAINTAIN & CONTROL TRAFFIC	1.00	LS		\$	
0090	02671		PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	2.00	EACH		\$	
0100	02726		STAKING	1.00	LS		\$	
0110	02731		REMOVE STRUCTURE	1.00	LS		\$	
0120	21415ND		EROSION CONTROL	1.00	LS		\$	

Section: 0003 - BRIDGE

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0130	02555		CONCRETE-CLASS B	107.20	CUYD		\$	
0140	02998		MASONRY COATING	165.00	SQYD		\$	
0150	03299		ARMORED EDGE FOR CONCRETE	32.00	LF		\$	
0160	08002		STRUCTURE EXCAV-SOLID ROCK	68.20	CUYD		\$	
0170	08003		FOUNDATION PREPARATION	1.00	LS		\$	
0180	08019		CYCLOPEAN STONE RIP RAP	60.00	TON		\$	
0190	08100		CONCRETE-CLASS A	158.90	CUYD		\$	
0200	08104		CONCRETE-CLASS AA	29.50	CUYD		\$	
0210	08150		STEEL REINFORCEMENT	16,535.00	LB		\$	
0220	08151		STEEL REINFORCEMENT-EPOXY COATED	4,194.00	LB		\$	
0230	08663		PRECAST PC BOX BEAM CB21-48	414.00	LF		\$	
0240	08801		GUARDRAIL-STEEL W BEAM-S FACE BR	200.00	LF		\$	

Section: 0004 - DEMOBILIZATION &/OR MOBILIZATION

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0250	02569		DEMOBILIZATION	1.00	LS		\$	