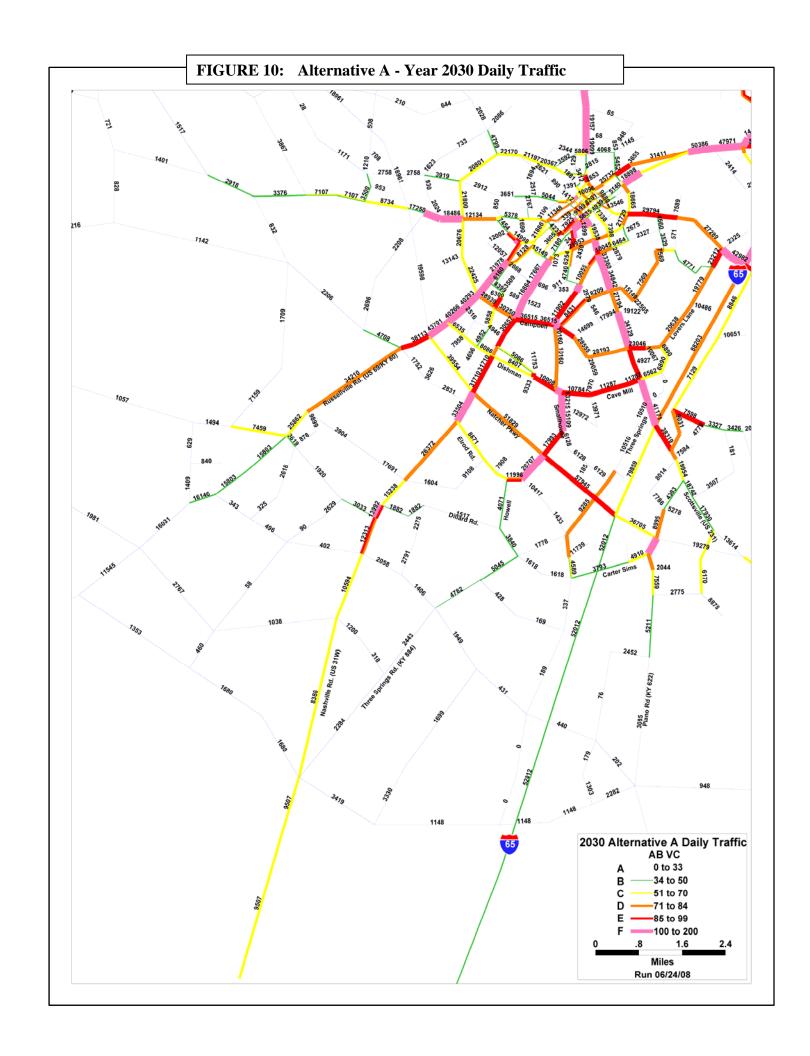
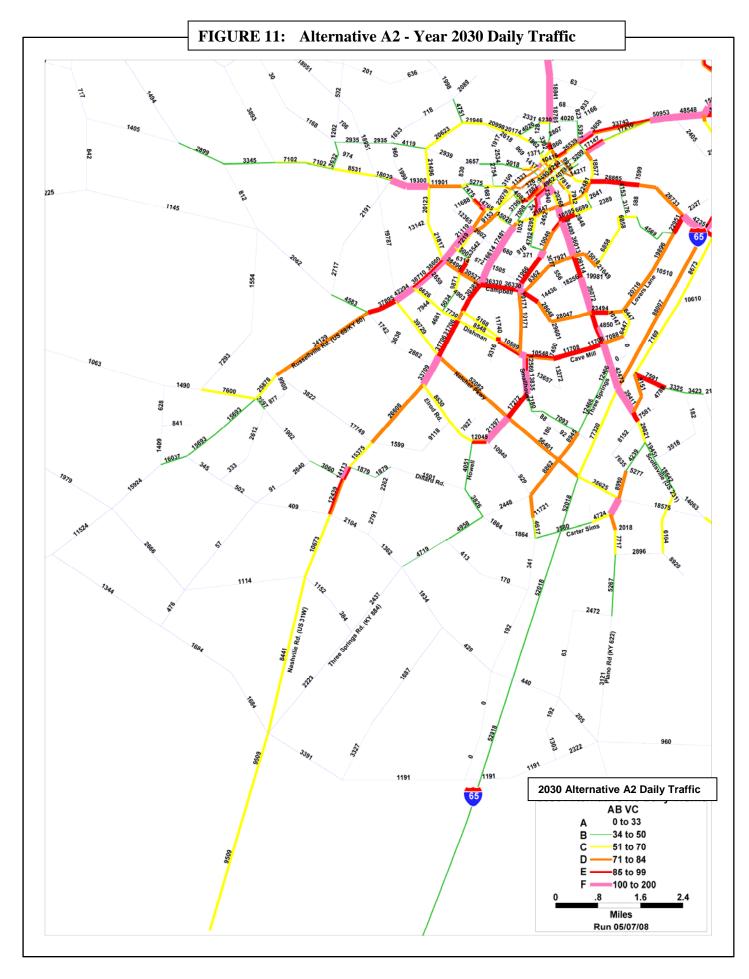
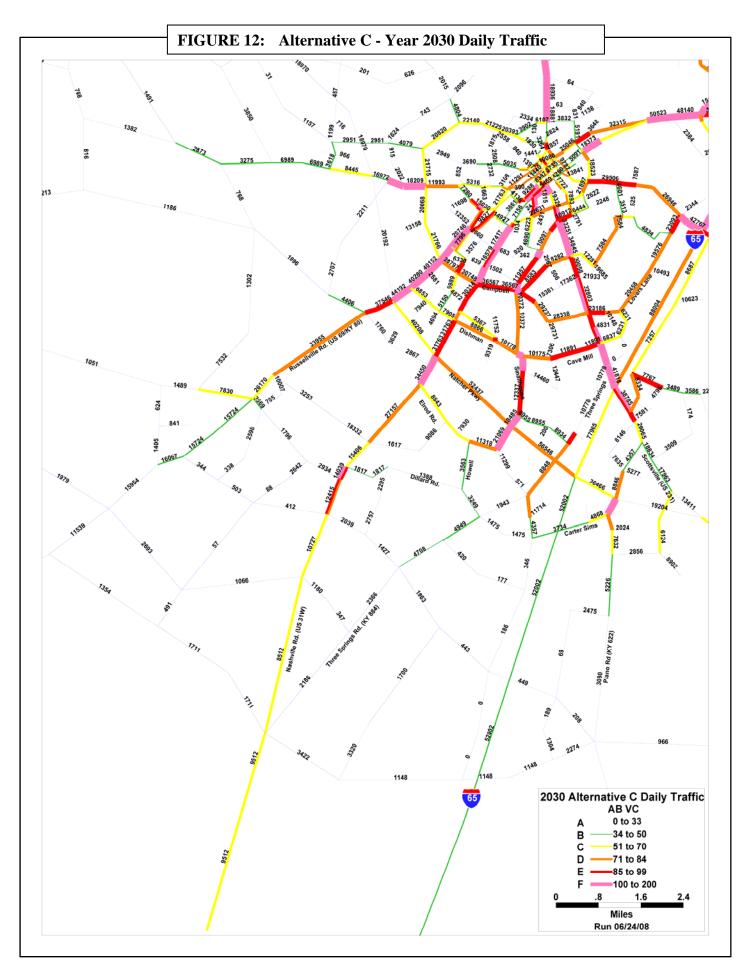
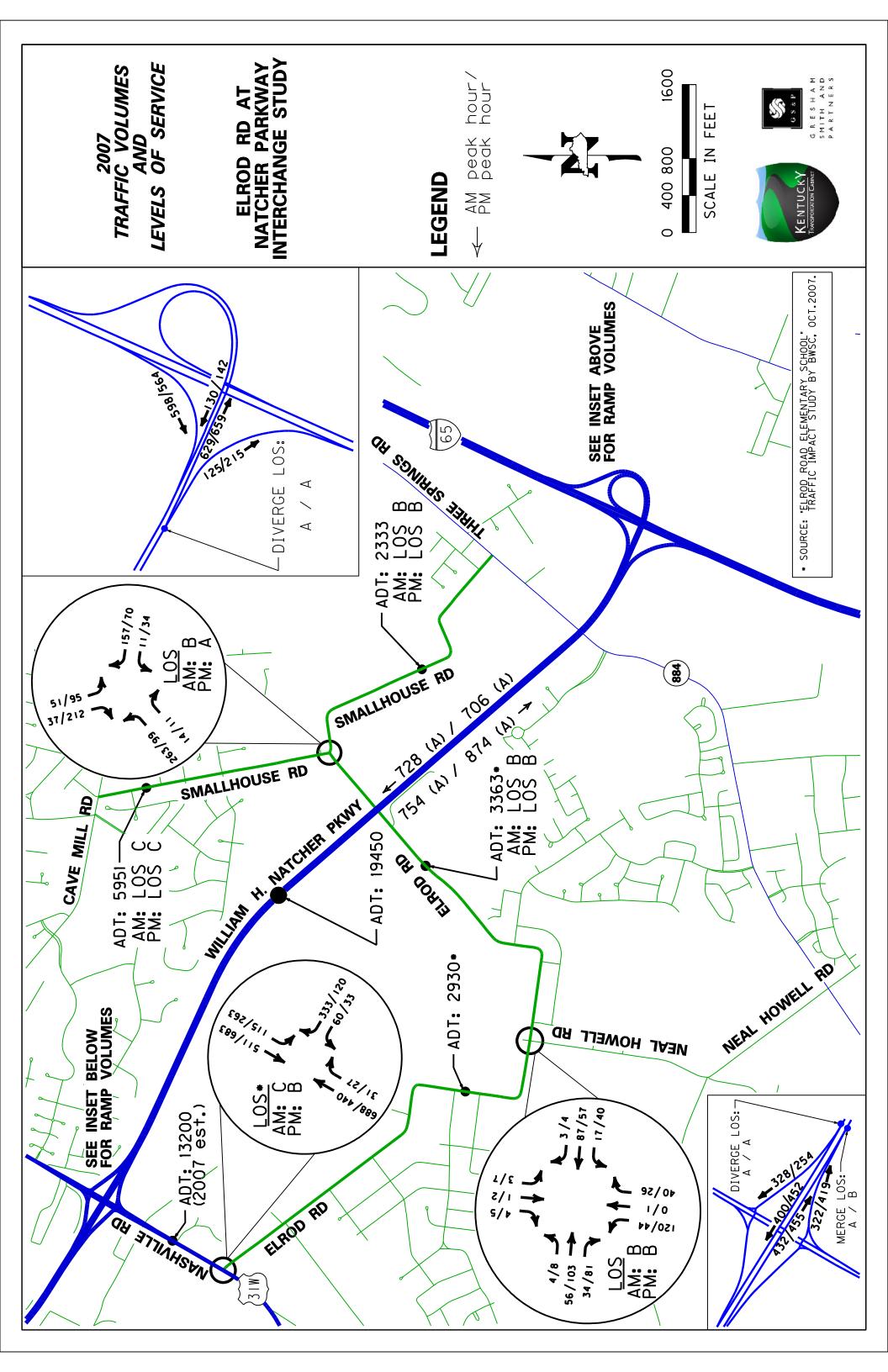
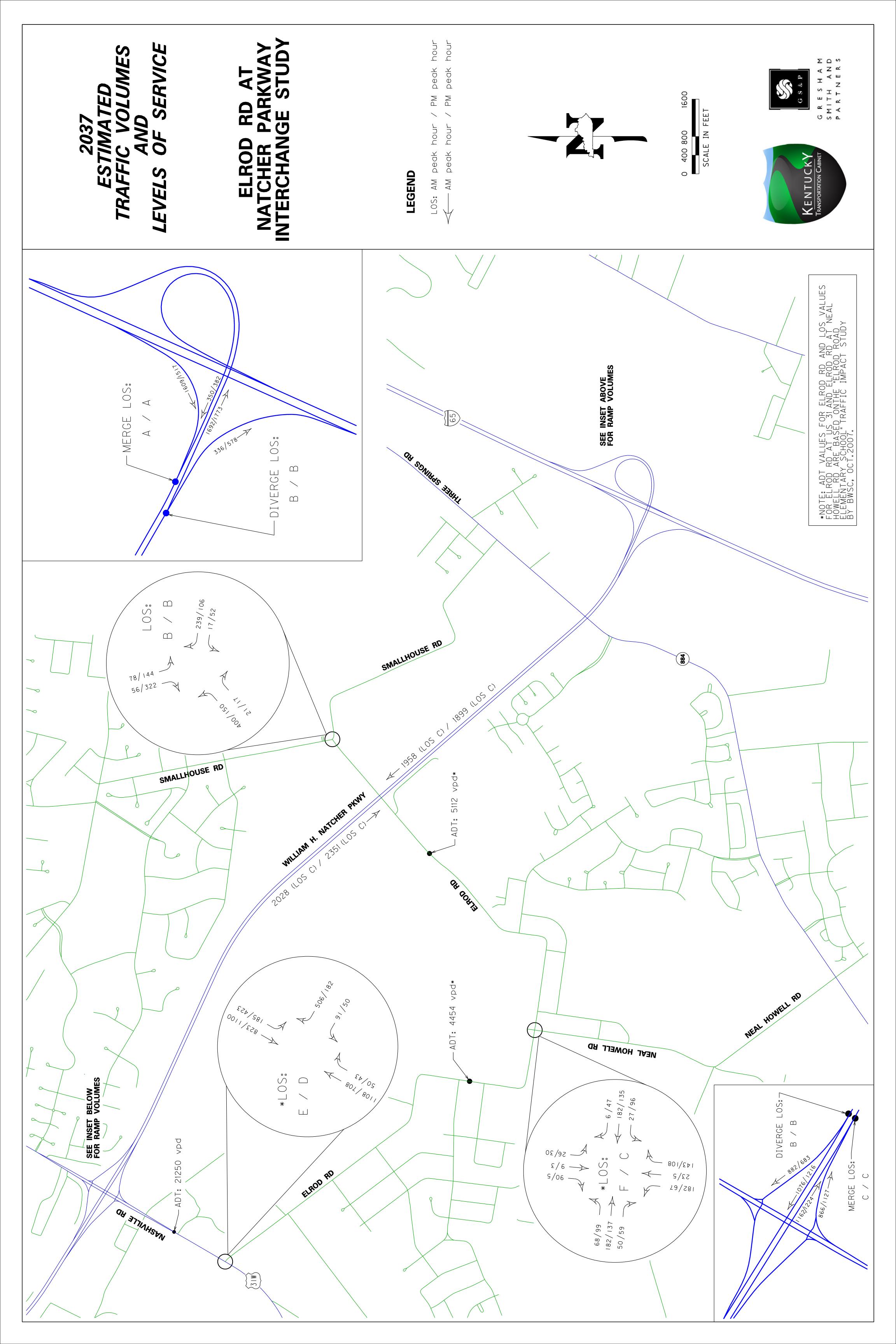
Appendix A

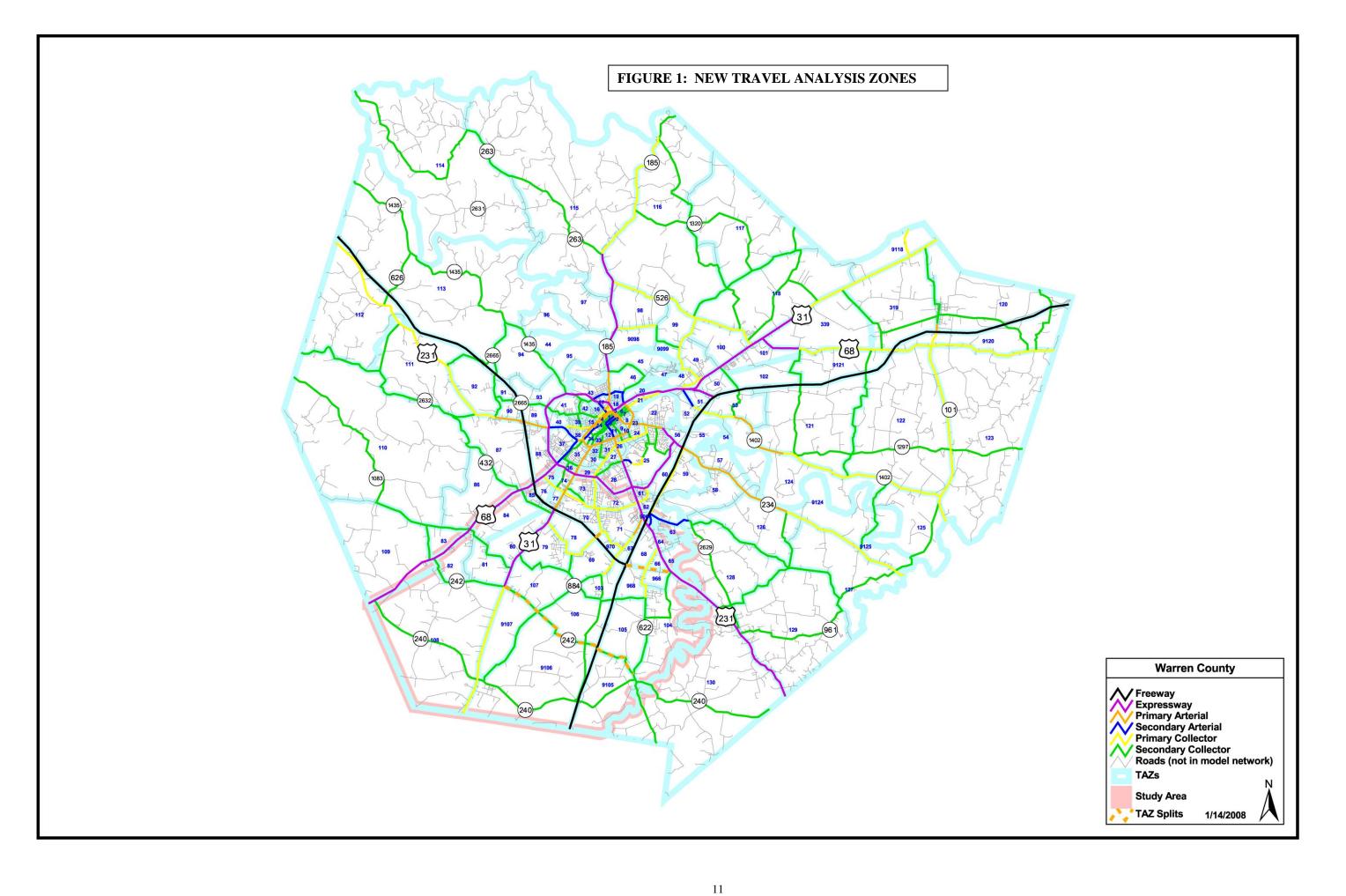


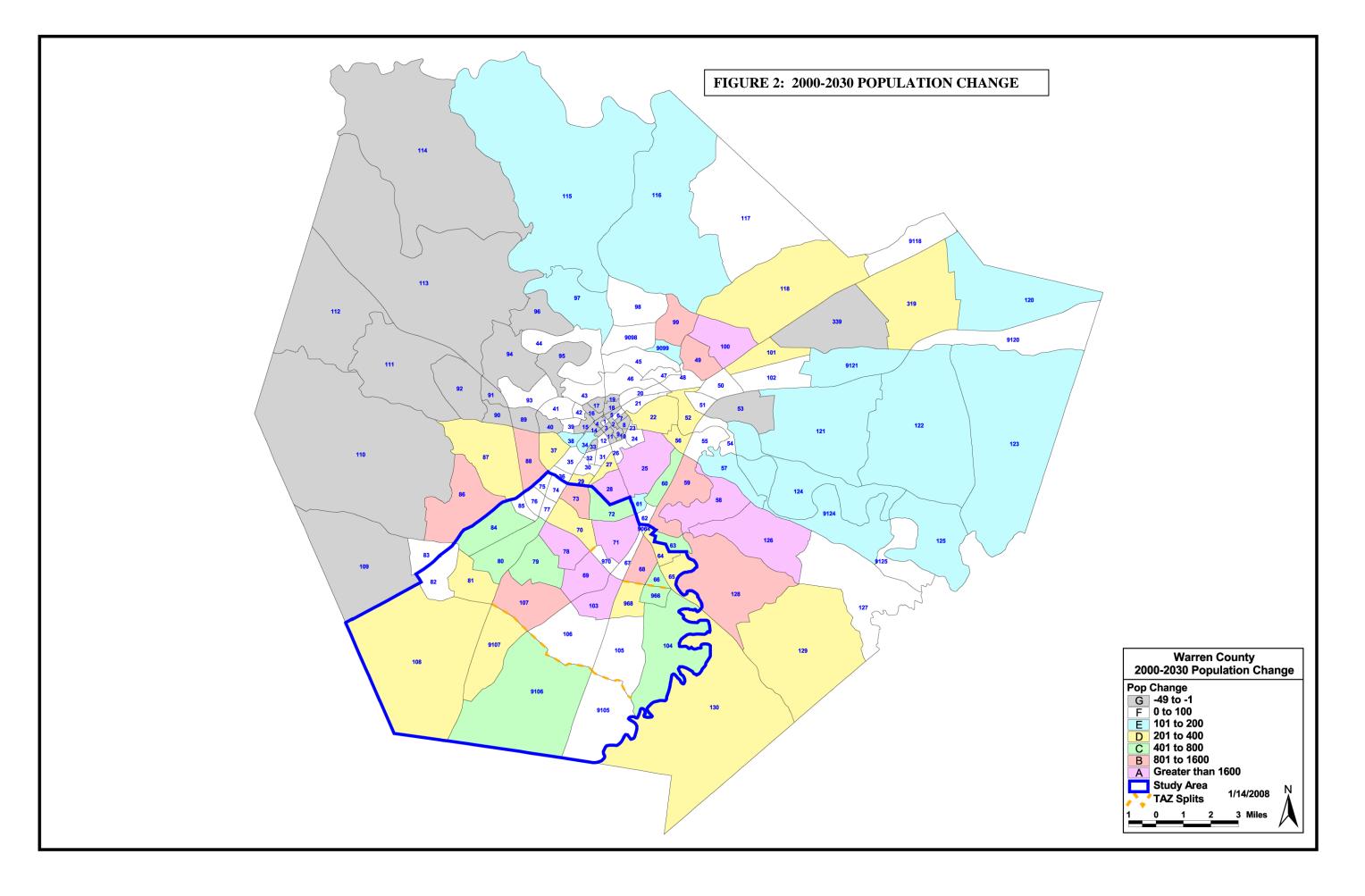


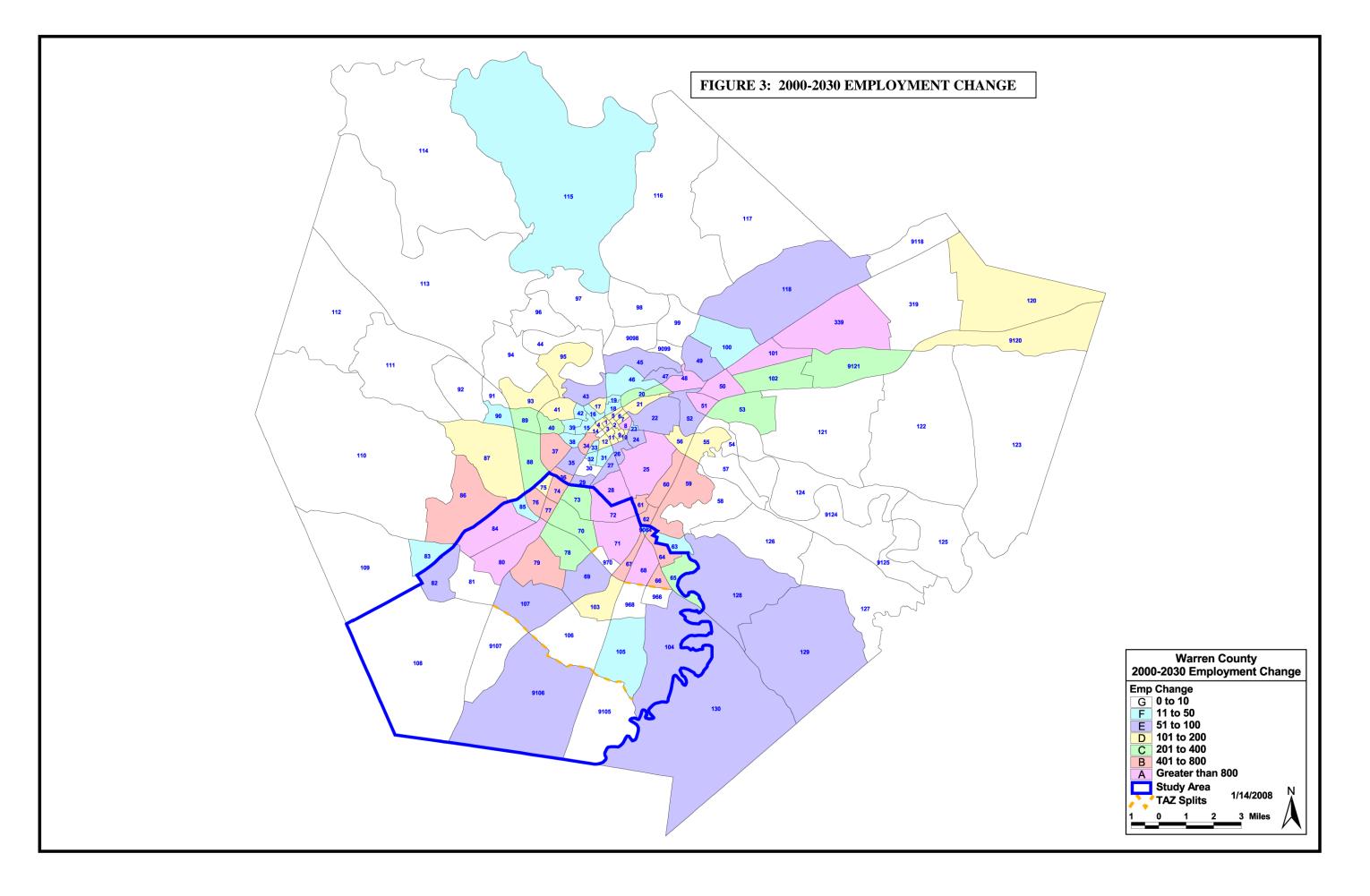












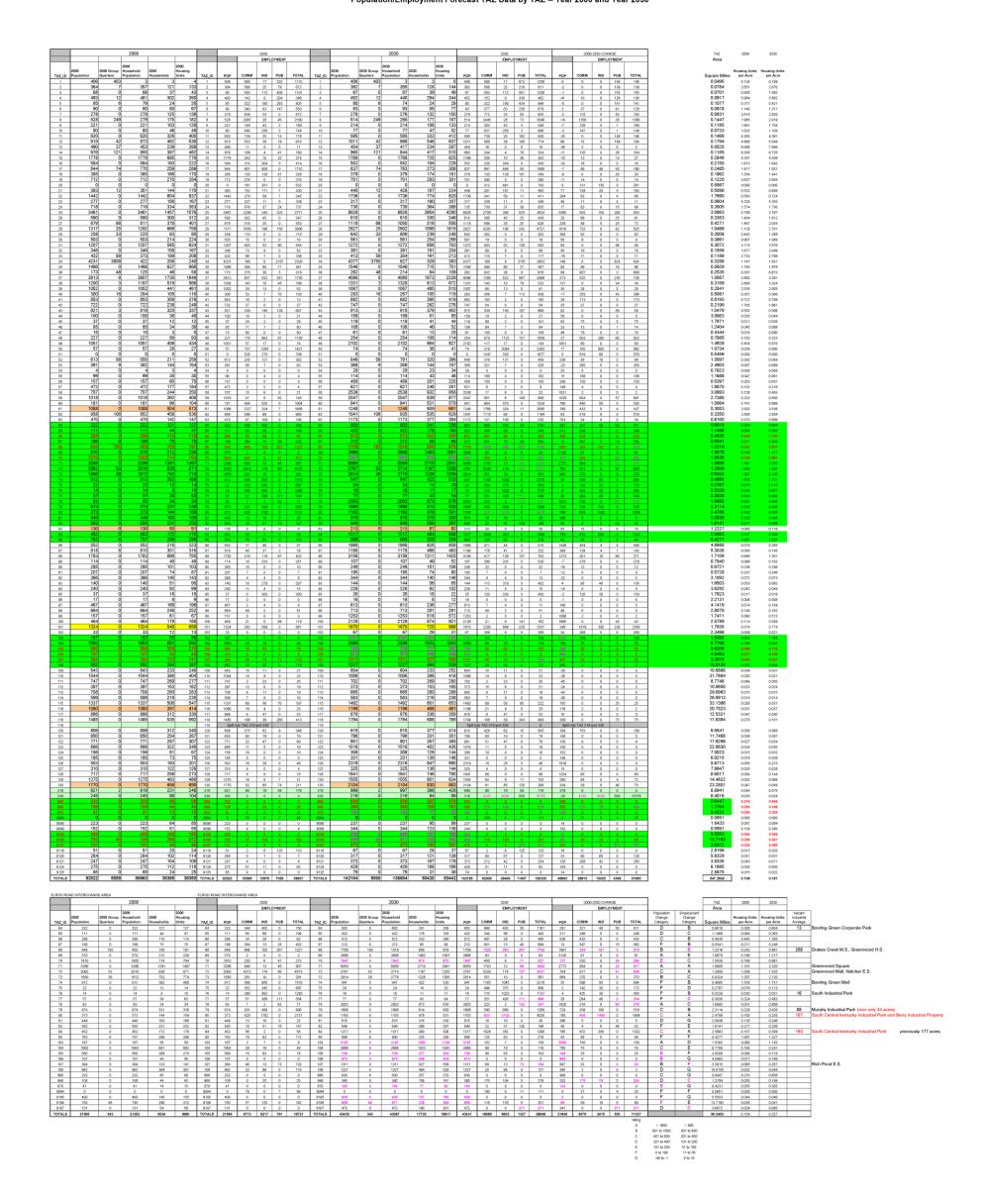
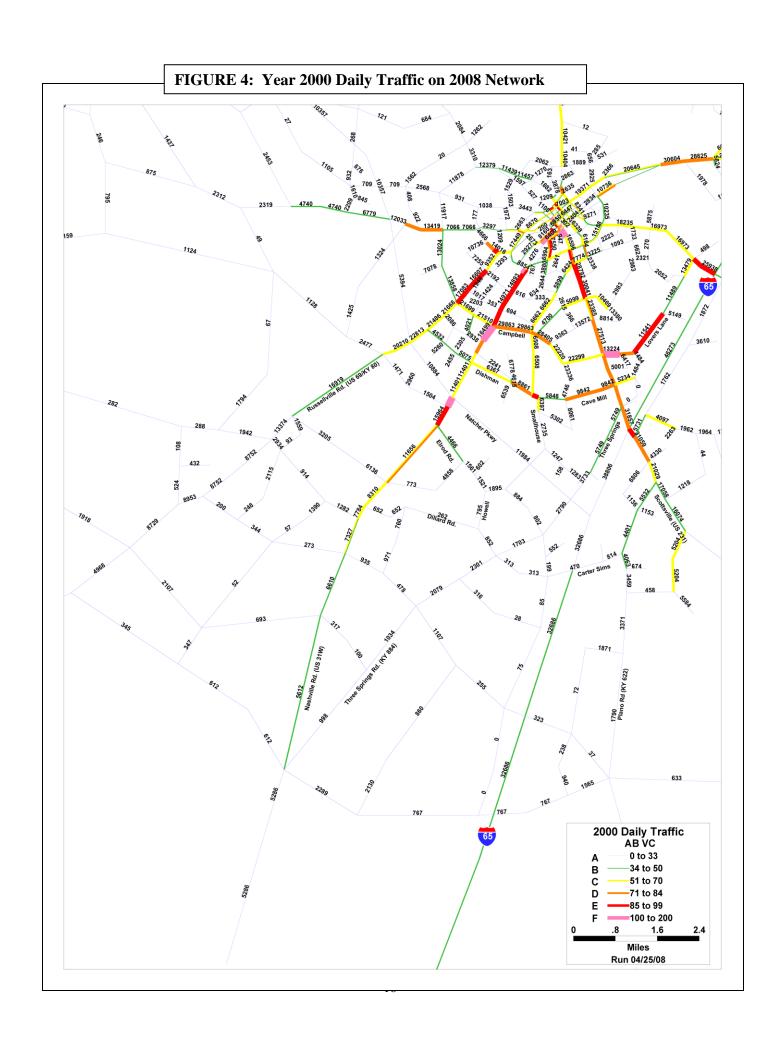


TABLE 1: Population and Employment Forecasts for Years 2000 and 2030



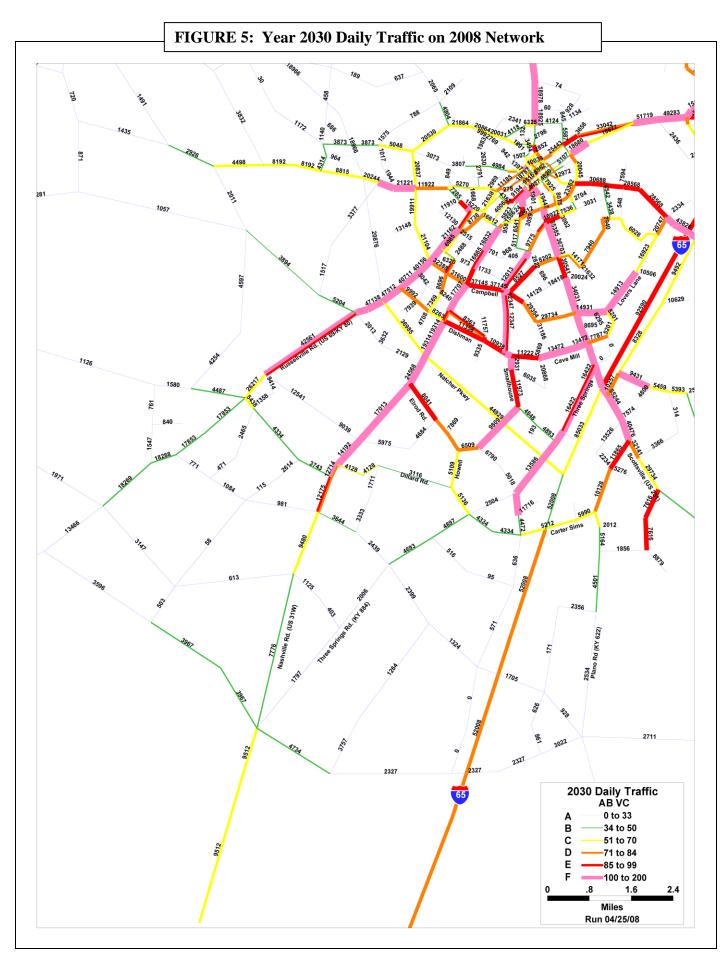


FIGURE 6: Year 2030 Daily Traffic on No Build Network 624 7390 2257 1256 2030 No Build Daily Traffic AB VC A 0 to 33 34 to 50 В 51 to 70 С D 71 to 84 85 to 99 100 to 200 Miles Run 04/25/08

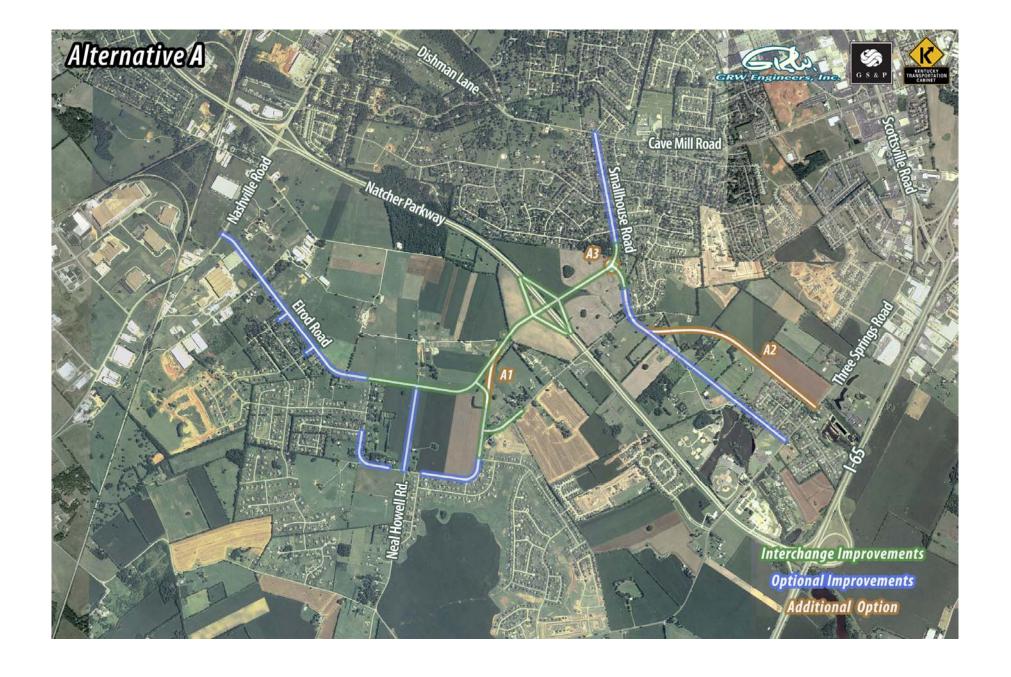


FIGURE 7: ALTERNATIVE A

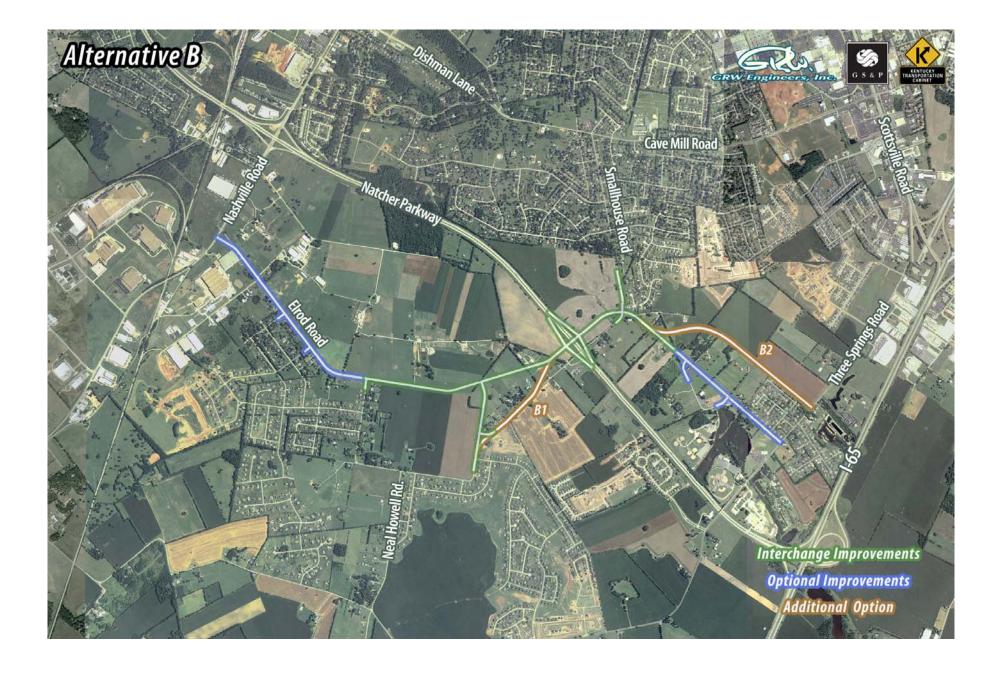


FIGURE 8: ALTERNATIVE B



FIGURE 9: ALTERNATIVE C

Appendix B

MONTH/YEAR SUMMARY

MONTH	2004	2005	2006	Ī	
JAN	5	4	4	13	5.5%
FEB	6	2	6	14	5.9%
MAR	14	6	3	23	9.7%
APR	10	8	11	29	12.2%
MAY	10	13	3	26	10.9%
JUN	8	10	10	28	11.8%
JUL	6	5	7	18	7.6%
AUG	7	6	1	14	5.9%
SEP	5	15	5	25	10.5%
ОСТ	7	4	6	17	7.1%
NOV	5	4	3	12	5.0%
DEC	7	4	8	19	8.0%
	90	01	67	220	

DAY OF WEEK

DAY	2004	2005	2006	l	
SUN	11	15	7	33	13.9%
MON	16	16	7	39	16.4%
TUE	14	10	13	37	15.5%
WED	17	4	9	30	12.6%
THU	16	14	11	41	17.2%
FRI	10	9	15	34	14.3%
SAT	6	13	5	24	10.1%
	90	81	67	238	

PROPERTY DAMAGE

Y/N	2004	2005	2006	l	
Y	14	14	16	44	18.5%
N	76	67	51	194	81.5%
	90	81	67	238	

LIGHT

				_	
DESCRIPTION	2004	2005	2006		
DAYLIGHT	65	66	50	181	76.1%
DARK-HWY NOT LIGHTED	11	4	9	24	10.1%
DARK-HWY LIGHTED/ON	10	8	4	22	9.2%
DUSK	3	2	2	7	2.9%
DAWN	1	0	1	2	0.8%
DARK-HWY LIGHTED/OFF	0	1	1	2	0.8%
-	90	81	67	238	

ROAD CONDITION

DESCRIPTION	2004	2005	2006		
DRY	42	51	39	132	55.5%
WET	44	28	26	98	41.2%
ICE	2	2	0	4	1.7%
SNOW/SLUSH	2	0	2	4	1.7%
	90	21	67	238	

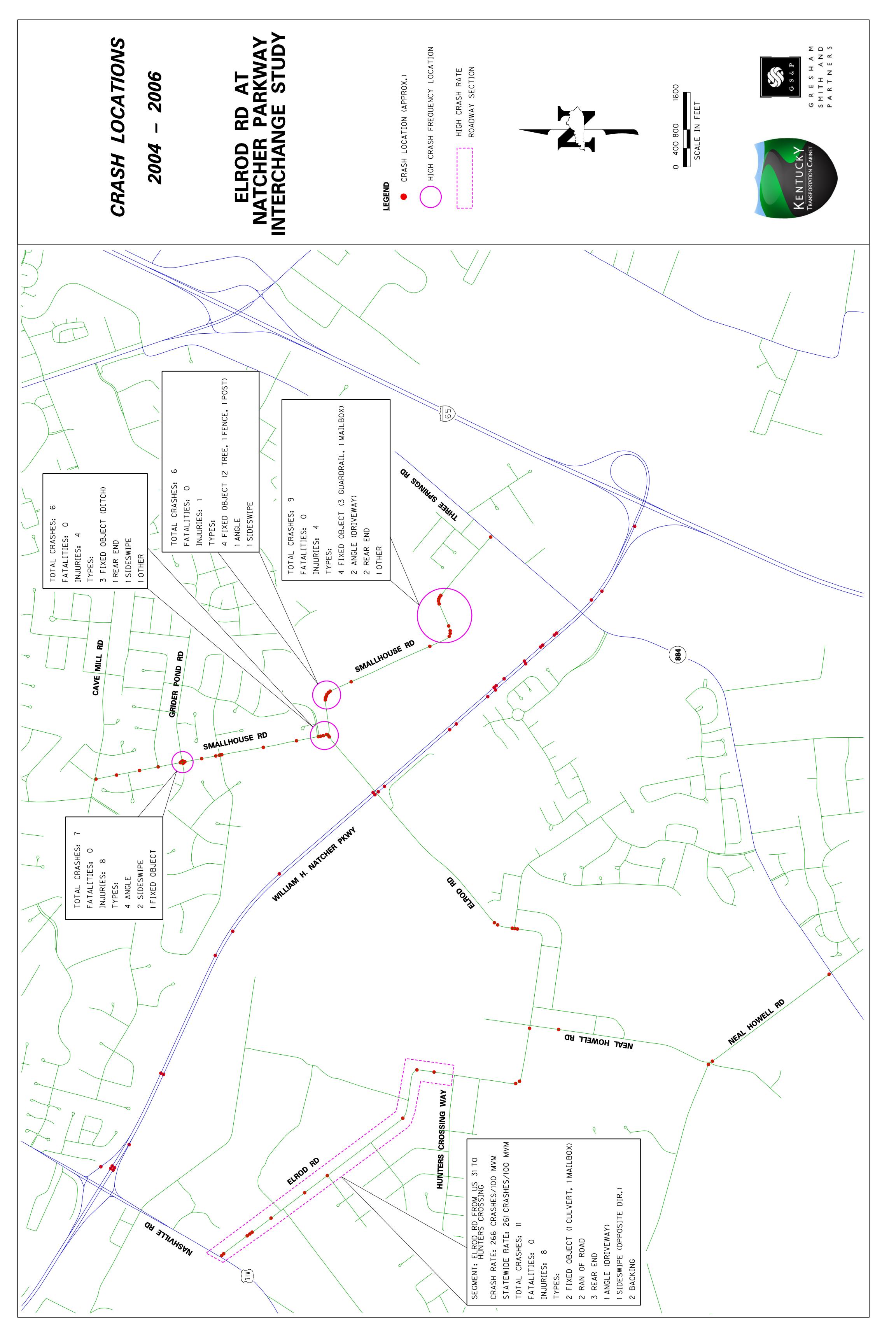
ROAD

ROADWAY	2004	2005	2006	l	
SMALLHOUSE RD	58	50	39	147	61.8%
NATCHER PKWY	19	24	20	63	26.5%
ELROD RD	12	5	8	25	10.5%
NEAL HOWELL RD	1	2	0	3	1.3%
	00	04	67	220	

BY TYPE

TYPE	2004	2005	2006		
COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT*	27	20	23	70	29.4%
REAR END*	33	22	15	70	29.4%
OTHER ROADWAY OR MID-BLOCK COLLISION	3	5	6	14	5.9%
SIDESWIPE*	4	7	3	14	5.9%
ANGLE COLLISION - BOTH VEHICLES GOING STRAIGHT	1	6	4	11	4.6%
RAN OFF ROADWAY (1 VEHICLE WITH/EARTH EMBANKMENT/DITCH)	3	4	4	11	4.6%
1 VEHICLE ENTERING/LEAVING ENTRANCE	4	3	4	11	4.6%
ANGLE COLLISION - ONE VEHICLE TURNING LEFT	2	3	2	7	2.9%
VEHICLE BACKING	0	2	2	4	1.7%
ANGLE COLLISION - ONE VEHICLE TURNING RIGHT	0	3	0	3	1.3%
COLLISION WITH ANIMAL	2	1	0	3	1.3%
COLLISION WITH NON-FIXED OBJECT	1	1	1	3	1.3%
OTHER COLLISIONS ON SHOULDER	2	1	0	3	1.3%
RAMP - VEHICLE RAN OFF ROADWAY	0	2	1	3	1.3%
OPPOSITE DIRECTION - BOTH VEHICLES GOING STRAIGHT AHEAD	1	0	1	2	0.8%
1 VEHICLE PARKED*	1	0	0	1	0.4%
ANGLE COLLISION - OTHER	1	0	0	1	0.4%
HEAD-ON COLLISION	1	0	0	1	0.4%
MULTIPLE VEHICLE COLLISION ON RAMP	0	0	1	1	0.4%
OPPOSING LEFT TURN	1	0	0	1	0.4%
OTHER INTERSECTION COLLISIONS	1	0	0	1	0.4%
OTHER RAMP RELATED COLLISIONS NOT LISTED ABOVE	1	0	0	1	0.4%
OVERTURNED IN ROADWAY	0	1	0	1	0.4%
OVERTURNED ON RAMP	1	0	0	1	0.4%
_	90	81	67	238	

Page 1



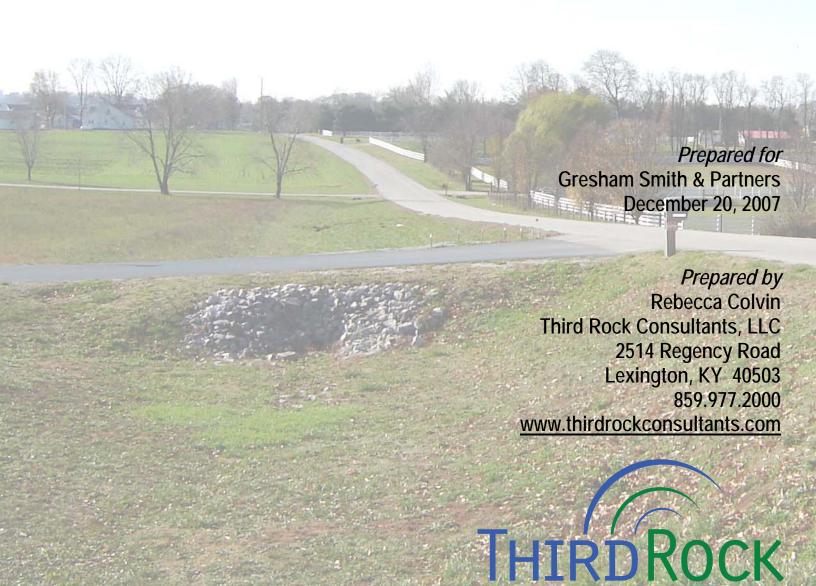
Appendix C

Elrod Interchange Study Resource Agency Comments

Agency	Comment
KY Division of Air Quality	401 KAR 63:010 and 401 KAR 63:005 would apply during construction of this
KY Division of Water	The groundwater branch recomends that a professional hydrologist or
The straight of trails.	geohydrologist be utilized to ensure that groundwater in the area will not be
	adversely affected by this project. Kentucky DOT is exempted from the
	requirements for a stream construction permit per KY 151.250. Any excess
	material disposed of outside the DOT right of way and in the regulatory
	floodplain will require a permit.
Natural Preserves Commission	No comment
Department for Environmental Protection/ Division of	No comment
Waste Management	
Department of Military Affairs/Boone	The Department of Military Affairs cannot identify any issues or concerns that
National Guard Center	affect the development of subject project.
Kentucky Heritage Council	There are many architecural resources as well as previously recorded
	archaeological sites within the study area. The Section 106 review process
	must be completed prior to the approaval of the experenditure of any federal
	funds.
KY Airport Zoning Commission	Any structure or construction equipment that exceeds 133 feet above ground
Transport Zorling Commission	level would require a permit from the KY Airport Zoning Commission. The
	proposed study is located app. 14,600 ft from the BG Airport.
	proposed study is located app. 14,000 it from the BO Airport.
KY Commission on Human Rights	No comment
KY Department of Agriculture	No comment
KY Department of Agriculture KY Department of Fish & Wildlife Resources	The Kentucky Fish and Wildlife Information System indicate that
The parametric of 1-1511 & which the Resources	state/federal threatened and endangered species are known to occur near
KY Division of Forestry	the project study area. No forestry concerns in this area.
	,
KY Division of Waster Management KY State Police	Link to Superfund report attached to email.
KY State Police	Would be beneficial for the following reasons: Reduce traffic congestion on
	US 31-W and KY 884; reduce traffic volune on Smallhouse Rd; provide
	better access to the area for Emergency Responders; better traffic flow
10/7 : 0 "	should result in fewer crashes.
KY Tourism Council	The addition of the new interchange should not have any detrimental effect
	on the area tourist attractions, hotels and restaurantsCreating safer
	roadways and less congestion on Three Springs Rd and Nashville Rd would
	create a more positive experience for the tourists to those areas.
KY Transportation Cabinet/Office of Local Programs	It is the conclusion of this office that the addition of bicycle and pedestrian
	facilities in the study area would improve safety and efficiency of travel in the
	Elrod Road area and create a more diverse transportation network. At this
	point in the study it is too early to recommend whether bike lanes with
	sidewalks or a multi-use path would be more feasible. This can be
	determined by the number of access points that will be connecting to the
	roadway, and the amount of traffic.
U. S. Environmental Protection	The upcoming NEPA document should fully evaluate all environmental
Agency/ Region 4	impacts, cultural resource impacts, and Environmental Justice impacts, in
	addition to considering cumulative and secondary impacts of the alternatives
	Best management practices (BMPs) that will prevent, reduce, or mitigate
U.S Coast Guard	A Coast Guard permit is not required.
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers/Eastern Section	Referred to Louisville District for comment.
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers/Nashville District	Referred to Louisville District for comment.
U.S. Department of Agriculture/ Forest Service	Proposed activities are not likely to impact resources or facilities managed by
The second of th	the Daniel Boone National Forest.
U.S. Department of Agriculture/Natural Resources	The NRCS is concerned with potential impacts that the project might have
Conservation Service	have upon prime farmland soils and additional farmlands of statewide
	importance. If federal dollars are to be used to convert important farmlands
	from agricultural uses to non-agricultrual uses a Form AD-1006 (or Form
	NRCS-CPA-106 if the the project is a corridor type project) must be
	submitted to the local NRCS office.
Underground Storage Tank Branch	The USTB identified two facilities with a total of six registered underground
Charge rank Dianol	storage tanks. All six tanks have been removed and all activities are closed.
Haiversity of Kentucky/Ky Coolegical Syrvey	-
University of Kentucky/Ky Geological Survey	Extensive comments attached re: review of maps, online searches and
	documents available in the files and on the Web site of the KY Geological
	Survey. No on-site investigation of the planning study area was conducted.
<u> </u>	lument to the state of the stat
Warren County Schools/Transportation	"These changes are needed as soon as possible, however, I am concerned
	that the increase in traffic without major road improvements to Smallhouse,
	Elrod and Cave Mill could make this even more dangerous because of
	speeding. With the possibility of adding another school on Elrod Rd and our
I control of the cont	buses being able to enter Natcher via Elrod it would appear to make
	-
	transport from and to Greenwood and Drakes Creek much easier."



Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Warren County, Kentucky KYTC Item No. 3-130.00



Environmental Overview

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Warren County, KY Item No. 3-130.00

for

Gresham Smith & Partners 101 South Fifth Street, Suite 1400 Louisville, KY 40202

December 20, 2007

Prepared/Compiled by:

Relecca a. Colin

Reviewed by:

Rebecca Colvin

Virginia Goodman



Table of Contents

		Page
l.	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	1
II.	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	
III.	EXISTING CONDITIONS	
IV.	8. Communities and Community Facilities F. UST/Hazardous Materials SUMMARY A. Air Quality B. Traffic Noise C. Aquatic Resources D. Threatened and Endangered Species. E. Agricultural Activity F. Communities and Community Facilities G. UST/Hazardous Materials	
REFE	TABLES	22
TABL TABL TABL TABL TABL	LE 1 – NWI Wetlands LE 2 – Racial Composition of Population LE 3 – Household Characteristics LE 4 – Household Units and Costs LE 5 – Income and Population Below Poverty Level LE 6 – Unemployment Rates	12 13 14 15
TABL	LE 7 – Major Business and Industry	16

EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT 1 – Natural Environment	2
EXHIBIT 2 – Human Environment	
APPENDICES	

APPENDIX A – Natural Resources Agency Correspondence APPENDIX B – EDR Report Summary

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is a scoping study to analyze the possibilities for a new interchange at or near the Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road (CR 1240) south of Bowling Green, Warren County, Kentucky. The study area extends from north of Smallhouse Road (CR 1235) to just south of Neal Howell Road (CR 1241) & Dillard Road (CR 1266) (Exhibit 1 and Exhibit 2, pages 2 and 3). To the east and west, the study area extends from Three Springs Road (KY 884) (eastern border) to approximately 3,000 to 4,000 feet west of and parallel to Elrod Road and Neal Howell Road (western border). Elrod Road generally bisects the middle of the study area.



Elrod Road Bridge Over Natcher Pkwy - View from Calvary Baptist Church

The purposes of the project are many. A new interchange would reduce traffic volumes on Scottsville Road (US 231) to the east and Nashville Road (US 31W) to the west. An Elrod Road interchange, which would be located between these two roads, would also support the recently developed and developing residential subdivisions within the study area. The specific purposes of the project as outlined by the project team include access, mobility, safety, intermodal connections, and security.

Third Rock Consultants, LLC (Third Rock) was retained by Gresham Smith & Partners (GS&P) to conduct an overview of sensitive air quality

and traffic noise receptors, aquatic and terrestrial resources, socioeconomic issues (excluding environmental justice), and underground storage tank (UST)/hazardous materials concerns in the study area. Third Rock researched available data prior to performing field reconnaissance and used the field reconnaissance to verify and supplement the findings. This report summarizes the existing environmental conditions present in the study area.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The study area is located within the Western Pennyroyal Physiographic Region of the Mississippian Plateau (USDA 1981). Upper Mississippian limestone of the Ste. Genevieve Formation is prevalent throughout the study area (USGS 1963). Karst topography is characterisitic with numerous sinkholes present throughout the study area (Exhibit 1, page 2). These sinkholes vary from a few feet in diameter to greater than half an acre in size. Water collecting in these sinkholes often represents the only source of surface water within the area. Sinkholes are formed by the dissolution and removal of limestone by percolating water, and the subsequent collapse of the overlying material. Soils of the area are of the Pembroke-Crider association. These soils are well drained with loamy and clayey subsoil (USDA 1981). These soils are well suited for hay, pasture and cultivated crops.



Sinkhole

EXHIBIT 1 – NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

EXHIBIT 2 – HUMAN ENVIRONMENT



Row Crops with Sinkhole



Isolated Wood Lot

III. EXISTING CONDITIONS

A. Air Quality

The study area is located in the South Central Kentucky Intrastate Air Quality Control Region (LRC 2007). The study area is currently being developed into residential subdivisions. Sensitive receptors for air pollutants in the study area could include outdoor areas associated with residents, churches, and a local park.

Based on Kentucky carbon monoxide (CO) screening criteria, this project would not meet the criteria requiring a CO level analysis and would not produce a project violation of CO standards (35 ppm 1-hr; 9ppm 8-hr). All of the study area is currently designated in attainment for lead, nitrogen dioxide, and sulfur dioxide. Warren County is in attainment for ozone and $PM_{2.5}$.

Warren County is also in attainment for PM_{10} , therefore conformity procedures of 23CFR770 do not apply to this project (Koos 2007). Subsequently, no quantitative analysis of CO, $PM_{2.5}$, PM_{10} , lead, nitrogen dioxide, or sulfur dioxide would be required for a proposed interchange project in the study area.



McCoy Place Residential Development

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) conducted the Motor Vehicle Air Toxics Study (MVATS) in 1993 to determine the emissions from vehicles, which lead to the Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSATs) Rule in March 2001. The Rule designated 21 compounds emitted by vehicles. Six MSATs were identified as priorities for regulation including acetaldehyde, acrolein, benzene, 1,3-butadiene, formaldehyde, and diesel particulate matter/diesel exhaust organic gases. FHWA developed an interim guidance to MSATs with a three-tiered approach. An Elrod Road interchange project could potentially fall into either the no analysis required category (projects with no potential for meaningful MSAT effects) or the qualitative analysis category (projects with low potential for MSAT effects). Also, regardless of roadway modifications within this study area, emissions will likely be lower than present levels in the design year as a result of EPA's national control programs that are projected to reduce MSAT emissions by 57 to 87 percent between 2000 and 2020.

No formal air quality analysis has been performed for the potential project or its associated study area. The study area is in attainment for all transportation related air pollutants. It is not anticipated that any alternative developed by the planning study will negatively affect the attainment status of the study area. However, once project alternatives are developed and environmental documentation progresses, a determination should be made whether MSATs will be exempt from analysis or require a qualitative analysis.

B. Traffic Noise

Vehicle tires, engines, and mufflers propagate noise at levels dependent upon the volume, speed, percentage of trucks, and slope of the roadway. These traffic noises are measured in decibels in the A-scale (dBA). The A-scale is designed to best approximate the way noise is heard by the human ear. Due to the logarithmic nature of noise measurements, a 3 dBA increase in the noise level represents a doubling in the noise level, but this increase is barely detectible by the human ear. A 10 dBA increase is perceived as a doubling of the noise level.

Noise analysis was not conducted for this study, but traffic noise concerns in the study area were identified through an examination of topographic mapping as well as aerial reconnaissance to locate noise sensitive areas. The study area consists of a developing urban area with numerous residential subdivisions, churches, and a park. According to the Federal Highway Administration Policy, Procedures for Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise, traffic noise impacts occur when the predicted traffic noise levels approach or exceed the noise abatement criteria (NAC) or when the predicted traffic noise levels substantially exceed the existing noise level. KYTC Noise Abatement Policy further defines approach as "within 1 dBA" and substantially exceed as "10 dBA" (KYTC DEA 2000). The NAC

is defined as 67 dBA for residential areas and 72 dBA for commercial areas.

Noise impacts are most likely to occur in close proximity to the proposed interchange. Three noise sensitive areas were identified within the study area and include Calvary Baptist Church, Pennyroyal Farm Stables, and a group of three homes located north of Natcher Parkway on Elrod Road (Exhibit 2, page 3). These noise sensitive sites would need to be re-evaluated after scoping study alternatives are developed and environmental documentation progresses.



Calvary Baptist Church

One of the most cost-effective means of reducing overall noise impacts is the selection of horizontal and vertical alignments. Other noise mitigation methods include purchasing noise buffer zones, traffic management, and/or noise barriers. Although noise barriers are frequently considered as a noise abatement option, they are usually only reasonable in high-density residential areas in close proximity to the alignment.

A noise analysis is recommended for future interchange alternatives that may be developed as a result of this scoping study. A noise analysis would determine traffic noise impacts at the identified noise sensitive receptors and verify the feasibility and reasonableness of mitigation measures.

C. Aquatic Resources

Correspondence with the Water Quality Branch of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet (NREPC) indicated there are no Outstanding Resource Waters or Wild Rivers within the study area (Appendix A). The study area is located in the Barren River sub-basin (HUC# 05110002) in the Green River watershed. The only surface stream within the study area is an unnamed stream that drains Dewey Lake into Three Springs Lake, located in the southeastern section of the study area. During a site reconnaissance, the stream was reviewed. The stream was a mixture of riffle/run areas with no pools. Riparian zones were very narrow on both sides of the stream. The remainder of the study area has sub-surface drainage within the Lost River Karst Groundwater Basin. Several small ponds and sinkholes that may temporarily hold water are located throughout the study area. The largest water body present within the study area is the 37-acre Three Springs Lake located within Basil W. Griffin Park. This lake receives recreational use including fishing and boating. Since the lake is spring fed, the Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources (KDFWR) stock rainbow trout (Oncorhyynchus mykiss) on a "put and take" basis.

National Wetland Inventory (NWI) mapping for the Bowling Green South 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle indicated the presence of 21 potential wetlands in the study area (Table 1) (Exhibit 1, page 2).



Three Springs Lake

TABLE 1 - NWI WETLANDS

Wetland Type	Number of Occurrences
PUBHx	9
PUBH	4
PUSCx	4
PFO1A	1
PSS1Cx	1
PEM1C	1
L1UBHh	1
Total	21

The majority of these potential wetlands were categorized as Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom Permanently Flooded Excavated (PUBHx), and unexcavated (PUBH). These wetlands are generally manmade ponds, or poorly drained sinkholes. Palustrine Unconsolidated Shore Seasonally Flooded Excavated (PUSCx) was the next most common type of wetland indicated on NWI mapping for the study area. All other wetlands were infrequent and included palustrine emergent (PEM1C), scrub-shrub (PSS1Cx), and forested (PFO1A). Three Springs Lake is also indicated on NWI mapping as Lacustrine Limnetic Unconsolidated Bottom Permanently Flooded excavated. Two wetlands not indicated on NWI mapping were observed during a previous field survey of the area. Both wetlands are located adjacent to Three Springs Road at the entrance to a KOA Campground near to the Natcher Parkway. The wetland located north of the campground entrance is a shallow pond approximately 0.1 acre in size. The other wetland is located on the south side of the campground entrance and runs parallel to Three Springs Road for approximately 400 feet and is about 10 feet wide. This wetland contained broad-leaved cattails (Typha latifolia) and hydric soils. A potential wetland located northwest of the Elrod Road and Natcher Parkway (PUBHx) crossing was inspected in the field and was observed to be a failed pond that no longer retained water. No jurisdictional determinations were made for any wetlands occurring in the study area.



Failed Pond

Due to the karst nature of the study area, impacts to surface waters are not likely as a result of any interchange construction. However, if any new stream crossings or improvements to existing crossings occur, a United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Section 404, and Kentucky Division of Water (KDOW) Section 401 permit could be required. Since drainage is mostly subsurface for the study area, adherence to the Kentucky Transportation Cabinets' policy paper for best management practices (BMPs) for karst areas should be followed. The policy paper, Design Memorandum No. 12-05, dated July 27, 2005, suggests BMPs designed to reduce impacts to water quality such as use of grass swales and detention/containment basins to receive runoff from the swales before it is discharged.

D. Threatened and Endangered Species

The United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS 2005) lists 13 federally threatened or endangered species for Warren County. The list includes two mammals, Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis) and gray bat (Myotis grisescens); eight mussel species; one plant species, Price's potato-bean (Apios priceana); and crustacean, Kentucky cave shrimp (Palaemonias ganteri). The nine listed mussel species include purple catspaw pearlymussel (Epioblasma o. obliquata), clubshell (Pleurobema clava), fanshell northern (Cyprogenia stegaria), riffleshell

(Epioblasma torulosa rangiana), orangefoot pimpleback (*Plethobasus cooperianus*), pink mucket (Lampsilis abrupta), ring pink (Obovaria retusa), and rough pigtoe (Pleurobema plenum). All mussels are listed as endangered. A review of the KDFWR website (2007) indicated the potential for both bat species, all the mussel species except for orangefoot pimpleback, and listed piping plover (Charadrius melodus), a bird species not listed by the USFWS. A review of the Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission (KSNPC) website (2007) concurred with the USFWS listings for Indiana bat, gray bat, all of the mussels species, Price's potato bean, and Kentucky cave shrimp. The KSNPC list did not include piping plover. Species lists generated from agency websites and correspondence are included in Appendix A.

The Indiana bat formally attained endangered species status on March 11, 1967 (USFWS 1999). A recovery plan was approved March 1, 1999. The historic range for this species consisted of the central and southeastern United States. Within Kentucky, two caves, Bat Cave in Carter County and Coach Cave in Edmonson County, have been designated as critical habitat for the species (USFWS 1976).

Indiana bats hibernate during the winter months in large, cool caves, sinks, and/or mines (hibernacula) where they form tight clusters containing hundreds of individuals. include coal, limestone, as well as other mineral recovery operations. Each spring, the females emerge from these hibernacula and migrate to summer (maternity) habitat consisting of hardwood forests. Maternity colonies are formed in these areas under the exfoliating bark of dead trees or loose bark of living trees. The migration of males is variable. Some males do not migrate, others migrate only a short distance to smaller, warmer caves, and others migrate to the same habitat as females.

Summer roosting habitat for Indiana bat is minimal within the study area and is fragmented and isolated. This type of habitat is present in fencerows, wooded sinkholes, and small isolated woodlots located within the study area. Living trees that contain exfoiliating bark which are utilized by Indiana bats for summer roosting (i.e. shagbark hickory (Carya ovata)) were not observed in these areas during the cursory field visit. However, dead trees and dead limbs of living trees that did contain exfoiliating bark were observed during the field visit. Winter hibernating habitat for Indiana bat is potentially present within the study area due to the presence of karst features. Two caves are known to exist adjacent to the study area, with one of the caves being utilized by bats (Third Rock 2007).

Once a location for the proposed interchange has been selected, future environmental surveys should inspect all karst features as potential Indiana bat winter hibernating habitat. Three Springs Lake, the unnamed tributary that flows into the lake, and small ponds within the study area represent Indiana bat foraging habitat. Indiana bats prefer foraging over streams with dense canopy cover; therefore these open water bodies would represent minimal foraging habitat.

The gray bat formally attained endangered species status on April 28, 1976. A recovery plan was approved July 8, 1982 (USFWS 1982). It is the largest species of *Myotis* found in the eastern Its historical North American United States. range includes the cave regions of the central and south central United States. Within Kentucky, the species is most common in the cave region of the south central portion of the state. Gray bats occupy caves or cave-like habitats throughout the year and tend to use the same caves each year. Beginning in March, females migrate from cold (42 to 52 degrees Fahrenheit) hibernacula and enter warm caves (57 to 77 degrees Fahrenheit) that have deep vertical passages with large rooms

associated stream systems. Such habitats are typically in close proximity to rivers or reservoirs where the bats forage for aquatic insects. Summer maternity colonies contain a few hundred to many thousands of pregnant females. Adult males and non-reproductive females use other caves during the summer that are in close proximity to maternity caves. Mating begins in September as females migrate back to winter hibernacula, followed by males and juveniles. Most gray bats have begun to hibernate by November (Slone and Wethington 2001; USFWS, TESS 2004).

The potential for gray bat roosting habitat exists within the study area due to the presence of karst features. Once a location for the proposed interchange has been selected. environmental surveys should inspect all karst features as potential gray bat roosting habitat. A single gray bat has been observed roosting in a cave located just to the east of the study area (Third Rock 2007). Mist netting conducted in 2006 as part of a biological assessment for the Natcher Parkway Extension (KYTC Item # 3-53) resulted in the capture of 27 gray bat individuals from the unnamed tributary between Dewey Lake and Three Springs Lake. Therefore, this tributary, Dewey Lake, and Three Springs Lake are likely being utilized by gray bats for foraging.

The only stream present within the study area, unnamed tributary of Three Springs Lake, is not suitable habitat for any of the listed mussel species. The tributary is too small in size, lacks suitable flow, and is isolated from other surface waters. All listed mussel species prefer medium to large rivers and/or large perennial streams. The stream is also too far from any feasible interchange location to be impacted by the potential project.

The small isolated woodlots within the study area could be considered marginal habitat for Price's potato bean. The species attained threatened

species status on January 5, 1990. The range for the plant is from the southern Gulf states to Kentucky. Price's potato bean is a twining perennial vine that occurs in moderately moist forests, often next to streams, and is usually associated with openings in the forest canopy. The plant grows in forest openings in mixed hardwood stands where ravine slopes grade into creek or stream bottoms. Plants often found with this species include giant cane (Arundinaria gigantea), chinkapin oak (Quercus muehlenbergii), basswood (Tilia Americana), and slippery elm (Ulmus rubra). Small remnant populations in Kentucky persist on roadsides and powerlines, where light levels are high. Kentucky counties with known populations include Livingston, Lyon, and Trigg counties. Population decline is primarily due to habitat destruction, but other impacts such as disease, predation, and historical tuber collection have also contributed. Although vines can benefit from some canopy disturbance, intensive land conversion will eliminate plants. Several populations have been protected by management of mowing and herbicide spraying along roadsides (Slone and Wethington 2001; USFWS 2004; Alabama Forestry Commission 2005).

The Kentucky cave shrimp formally attained endangered species status on October 12, 1983, and a recovery plan was finalized in October of 1988. The species is endemic to groundwater basins in Kentucky's Mammoth Cave National Park region in Barren, Edmonson, and Hart counties. The shrimp is known to occur in basins on both the north and south sides of the Green River (Leitheuser 1988). At present, cave shrimp are known to occupy nine groundwater basins (i.e., Suds Spring, Mile 205.7 Spring, Pike Spring, Echo River Spring, Turnhole Spring, Ganter Cave, Lee Cave, McCoy Blue Spring, and Double Sink). The Kentucky Division of Water has designated these basins as Outstanding State Resource Waters and Coldwater Aquatic Habitats (KDOW 2005). Also, approximately

one (1.0) mile of the Roaring River Passage in Mammoth Cave National Park is designated as critical habitat for the cave shrimp. While the habitat actually occupied by the shrimp is entirely within the boundaries of the Mammoth Cave National Park, the groundwater basins in which they exist extend well beyond the park.

Cave shrimp are small (1.25 inches long), blind, translucent crustaceans. The species is restricted to underground stream systems within one mile of the Green River. Within this basin they are typically associated with large, base level cave streams characterized by slow flow, abundant organic material, coarse to fine grain sand, and coarse silt sediments. Cave shrimp feed by grazing on protozoa, algal cells, fungi, and other organic matter from cave sediments.

Kentucky cave shrimp is not known to occur in Lost River groundwater basin, which drains the study area.

Piping plover was formally listed as endangered and threatened on January 10, 1986. Piping plover breeds in three geographic regions within the United States: Atlantic Coast, Great Lakes, and Northern Great Plains. The Atlantic Coast population breeds on sandy beaches along the east coast of North America; the Great Lakes Population nests on a few sites on the Upper Great Lakes; and the Northern Great Plains population nests on major river systems, and alkali lakes and wetlands of the region. The Great Lakes population is endangered while the other two populations are threatened. Piping plovers migrate south during winter months. Their winter range extends along the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts from North Carolina to Mexico and into the Bahamas and West Indies (USFWS 1996).

No breeding habitat exists for piping plover in Kentucky. Previous records for piping plover in Kentucky were likely migrating individuals.

Roosting and foraging habitat for Indiana and gray bat is either present or has the potential to be present within the study area. To comply with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act for Indiana bat, potential impacts to Indiana bat or its habitat may be addressed in one of three ways: (i) a biological assessment may be conducted, (ii) tree cutting may be restricted to the period between October 15 and March 31, or (iii) KYTC may pay for the acquisition of summer maternity habitat (roost trees) under its Programmatic Biological Opinion Agreement with USFWS. Karst features within the study area represent potential gray bat roosting habitat and winter hibernating habitat for Indiana bat. Upon development of alternatives, closer examination of the area should be conducted to determine if any caves or sinkholes present within the study area meet the requirements for roosting and/or hibernating for either species.

To comply with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, a survey for Price's potato bean may need to be performed. If wooded areas are to be impacted by the project, proposed alternative locations will need to be surveyed for Price's potato bean.

Due to the lack of suitable habitat for freshwater mussels, Kentucky cave shrimp, and piping plover within the study area, future surveys for these species will not be necessary.

E. Socioeconomic

1. Existing Transportation Facilities

Two main roadways provide access to areas within the study area: Elrod Road and Three Springs Road (Exhibit 2, page 3). Secondarily, Smallhouse Road and Neal Howell Road serve as connections between both Elrod Road and Three Springs Road. Numerous residential neighborhood streets that tie into these four roadways also support the study area. The Natcher Parkway traverses the study area in a

southeast direction yet provides no access directly within the study area.

Three Springs Road parallels the easternmost boundary of the study area and is a two-lane facility with 9-foot lanes and 3-foot shoulders. Posted speed limit is 55 miles per hour (mph) (KYTC Division of Planning 2007). This roadway itself serves as a connector to one of Bowling Green's busiest routes, Scottsville Road, in the commercial heart of the city. Elrod Road and Smallhouse Road are both two-lane facilities with no shoulders. The speed limit on these two roadways is an estimated 25 to 35 miles per hour. The Natcher Parkway is a four-lane, divided highway with depressed median and 12foot lanes and 10-foot shoulders (GS&P 2007). The Parkway ends approximately 1,500 feet east of the study area at an interchange with I-65. Currently, the Natcher Parkway is planned for extension to Scottsville Road to the east.

No official Bowling Green Bikeways are located in the study area. However, the study area is an active bicycling location. Basil W. Griffin Park is located along Three Springs Road north of Natcher Parkway and along Smallhouse Road. The park serves as a starting point for several bicycling routes of the Bowling Green League of Bicyclists. The League's web site lists approximately 17 routes, most of which begin at Griffin Park (BGLOB 2007). The League rides from Griffin Park every Monday through Thursday during daylight savings time; typical evening rides are 25 to 35 miles. Many of the routes cross roads in the study area including Smallhouse Road, Elrod Road, and Neal Howell Road. Weekend rides are not regularly scheduled but are also begun from Griffin Park. According to Ann Ellis, Vice President (Education) for the League, the League has 75 to 85 members with 5 to 30 cyclists participating in the weekday, summer rides. Weekend rides often draw larger membership participation.

In addition to roadways, an important aircraft facility is located in the study area. A VOR, which is short for VHF Omni-directional Radio Range, is located approximately 0.5 mile northeast of the Elrod Road bridge over Natcher Parkway. A VOR is a type of radio navigation system for aircraft.

Bowling Green Public Transit, known as GO BG, provides four, fixed bus routes within the Bowling Green city limits (City of Bowling Green 2007). None of these routes traverse the study area.

Land Use

The study area is predominately residential or in transition to residential use. Historically, the study area was agricultural in use, which is still reflected in current zoning districts as indicated on the 2007 Zoning Map for Warren County (City-County Planning Commission of Warren County, KY 2007). A review of the map indicates the study area is dominated by Agriculture District, various types of Single-Family Planned Unit Residential Districts, and Development (PUD) Districts. In addition to these districts, only three other small locations otherwise zoned exist in the study area. Those three locations include two areas adjoining the Natcher Parkway to the south; both are zoned Townhouse/Multi-family Residential Districts. The third location is zoned Highway Business District and is the KOA Campground located along Three Agriculture District includes Springs Road. permitted uses not inherently obvious in the district name. Agriculture District can include such uses as single-family residential, which is evidenced throughout the study area. Planned Unit Development Districts are a mechanism for providing developments, redevelopment, etc. A sizable portion of the study area to the north of the intersection of Neal Howell Road and Three Springs Road is designated PUD with much of the area at present being agricultural use or residential subdivisions.

A field review of the study area confirmed the district designations of the zoning map. Along Smallhouse Road, residential use dominates including two subdivisions and somewhat older. rural residences (Exhibit 2, page 3). Smallhouse Road also includes entrances to an existing church, a planned church location, a stable, and an entrance to Basil W. Griffin Park. Elrod Road through the study area supports residential entrances including new subdivisions and older, rural residences. A church and cemetery and a stable are also along Elrod Road, and a future school may also be located along Elrod Road. Neal Howell Road supports new subdivisions and rural residences. Land use along Three Springs Road is residential but also includes a Christian academy and entrances to Basil W. Griffin Park and the KOA Campground.



Failed Pond

3. Population and Growth

Census data from 2000 was consulted for general demographic data. The portion of the study area located south of Natcher Parkway and west of Three Springs Road is within the City of Bowling Green limits. Additionally, the study area is primarily located within three census tract block groups: Census Tract 107 Block Group 3 (CT 107 BG 3), Census Tract 108 Block Group 2 (CT 108 BG 2) and Census Tract 108 Block Group 3 (CT 108 BG 3).

Although a very small portion of the study area south of Dillard and Neal Howell Roads is located in Census Tract 119, homes and land use are similar to CT 108 BG 3 immediately to the north. Therefore, it was assumed that demographic data for this area would be similar to CT 108 BG 3 and subsequently demographic data for Census Tract 119 is not included in discussions below. It should also be noted that CT 108 BG 3 covers a very large percentage of the study area. The two Block Groups to the north of CT 108 BG 3 contain portions of older, established neighborhoods in Bowling Green. Areas included in the study area and immediately adjacent to CT 108 BG 3 are similar in land use and residential development. Therefore, CT 108 BG 3 data presented below likely best represents data for persons living in the study area as a whole. Census and demographic data is presented in relation to the state, county, city, and census tract block groups, as available.

According to US Census data, Warren County had a population of 92,552 in 2000, which is a 20.7 percent increase since 1990. In July 2006, the county had an estimated population of 101,266.

The median age for individuals in Kentucky is 35.9, which is higher than the median age in Warren County (32.3), Bowling Green (28.6), CT 107 BG 3 (29.1), and CT 108 BG 3 (35.1), and lower than CT 108 BG 2 (37.2).

Warren County, Bowling Green, and CT 107 BG 3 have higher percentages of minority populations than the state average of 9.9 percent, as shown in Table 2 below. CT 108 BG 2's minority population of 9.0 is only slightly lower than the state average, but CT 108 BG 3's minority population of 2.9 percent is substantially lower.

TABLE 2 - RACIAL COMPOSITION OF POPULATION

	Kentucky	Warren County	Bowling Green	CT 107 BG 3	CT 108 BG 2	CT 108 BG 3
Total:	4,041,769	92,522	49,296	2,767	2,121	1,835
One Race (%)	98.9	98.6	98.0	98.6	99.0	99.5
White (%)	90.1	87.0	80.8	84.5	91.0	97.1
Black or African American (%)	7.3	8.6	12.7	11.0	5.6	1.1
American Indian and Alaskan Native (%)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Asian (%)	0.7	1.4	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.2
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (%)	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0
Some Other Race (%)	0.6	1.3	2.2	0.8	0.3	0.1
Two or More Races (%)	1.1	1.4	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.5
Hispanic or Latino (%)*	1.5	2.7	4.1	2.7	0.8	0.3
Total Minorities (%)**	9.9	13.0	19.2	15.5	9.0	2.9

^{*}Hispanic Origin is not considered a separate race. The number shown is counted twice, once as Hispanic Origin and once as on of the other racial groups listed above.

^{**}Hispanic Origin not included to avoid duplication. Source: 2000 US Census, American FactFinder

4. Household Data

Household data within the study area varies widely when compared to the state average (Table 3). Warren County and Bowling Green both have a lower percentage of family households (66.2 percent and 55.5 percent, respectively) than Kentucky (69.4 percent), while CT 107 BG 3 and particularly CT 108 BG 3 have a much higher percentage of family households (79.1 percent and 95.8 percent, respectively). The percentage of family households in CT 108 BG 2 (70.0 percent) is only slightly higher than the state average. Study area households have fewer households with individuals under 18, as well as fewer households with individuals 65 and older.

CT 108 BG 3 has a much lower percentage of renters (4.5 percent) compared to CT 108 BG 2 (27.6 percent), CT 107 BG 3 (61.0 percent), Bowling Green (53.0 percent), Warren County (36.0 percent), and Kentucky (29.2 percent). Homes in CT 108 BG 3 also have a higher median value than homes in the other areas studied. Overall, homes in the study area have a higher median value than the state average (\$86,700), as all Block Groups have homes with a median value of \$100,400 or above. Median

gross rent as a percentage of household income is roughly equivalent to the state average (24 percent) in Warren County (24.4 percent) and Bowling Green (25.1), but much lower in CT 107 BG 3 (19.7) and higher in CT 108 BG 2 (26.6) and CT 108 BG 3 (29.4). Homes in the three, Block Groups are also relatively new compared to the city and county. Additional housing data is including in Table 4, page 14.

5. Income and Poverty

With the exception of Bowling Green, the areas studied have a higher median household income and per capita income than the state average (Table 5, page 14). CT 108 BG 3 has a significantly higher median household income than any other location. Warren County, CT 107 BG 3, CT 108 BG 2, and CT 108 BG 3 also have a lower percentage of residents living below the poverty level: 15.4 percent, 10.5 percent, 6.3 percent, and 4.0 percent, respectively, as compared to the state average of 15.8 percent. Bowling Green, however, has a much higher percentage of individuals living below the poverty level (21.8 percent) than not only Kentucky but the rest of the study area as well.

TABLE 3 – HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

	Kentucky	Warren County	Bowling Green	CT 107 BG 3	CT 108 BG 2	CT 108 BG 3
Total Households	1,590,647	35,365	19,277	2,777	849	1,760
Family (%)	69.4	66.2	55.5	79.1	70.0	95.8
Non-Family (%)	30.6	33.8	44.5	21.0	30.0	4.2
Average Household Size	2.47	2.46	2.27	2.30	2.53	2.84
Households with Individuals < 18 (%)	35.5	34.3	28.9	33.8	33.8	33.8
Households with Individuals <u>></u> 65 (%)	22.8	19.4	21.3	11.4	16.6	10.5
Living In Group Quarters	2.8	6.0	11.1	0.0	0.3	0.0

Source: 2000 US Census, American FactFinder

TABLE 4 – HOUSEHOLD UNITS AND COSTS

	Kentucky	Warren County	Bowling Green	CT 107 BG 3	CT 108 BG 2	CT 108 BG 3
Total Housing Units	1,750,927	38,350	21,290	1,333	881	676
Owner-Occupied Units (%)	70.8	64.0	47.0	39.0	72.4	95.5
Median Value	\$86,700	\$100,400	\$104,200	\$125,800	\$143,800	\$163,300
Renter-Occupied Units (%)	29.2	36.0	53.0	61.0	27.6	4.5
Median Gross Rent as % Household Income	24	24.4	25.1	19.7	26.6	29.4
Vacant Units (%)	9.2	7.8	9.5	8.7	5.8	4.4
Median Year Structure Built	1973	1977	1974	1991	1987	1995

Source: 2000 US Census, American FactFinder

TABLE 5 – INCOME AND POPULATION BELOW POVERTY LEVEL (1999)

	Kentucky	Warren County	Bowling Green	CT 107 BG 3	CT 108 BG 2	CT 108 BG 3
Median Household Income	\$33,672	\$36,151	\$29,047	\$41,399	\$47,768	\$76,068
Per Capita Income	\$18,093	\$18,847	\$17,621	\$24,352	\$26,322	\$26,874
Population Living Below Poverty Level (%)	15.8	15.4	21.8	10.5	6.3	4.0

Source: 2000 US Census, American FactFinder

6. Local Economy

Bowling Green is a part of the Barren River Area Development District, along with Simpson, Logan, Butler, Edmonson, Hart, Metcalfe, Barren, Monroe, and Allen counties. In September 2007, Warren County had an available civilian labor force of 59,050 individuals. In general, unemployment rates in Warren County have been lower than the state and national rates since 2002. In 2006, Warren County's unemployment rate was slightly higher than the national average, but still lower than the state average. Unemployment data for 2002 through 2006 is contained in Table 6, on page 15.

In 2000, 88.9 percent of Warren County residents were working inside the county, likely due to the strong economy in the Bowling Green metropolitan area. In October 2007, the Bowling Green Chamber of Commerce released data

indicating that the Bowling Green metropolitan area's economy had grown faster than that of the state and nation. Bowling Green's gross domestic product (GDP) increased 9.5 percent between 2004 and 2005. Over the same period, Kentucky's GDP increased 5.1 percent, and the national GDP increased 6.4 percent.

Not surprisingly, due to the large percentage of the population working within the county, Warren County and Bowling Green residents have a shorter daily commute than the average Kentucky citizen. Warren County residents have a mean travel time to work of 19.6 minutes, and Bowling Green residents have a mean travel time to work of 16.3 minutes, while the state average is 23.5 minutes.

The largest industry employing Warren County workers is the service industry; 36.3 percent of

employees work in this industry. Other major industries employing Warren County workers are trade, transportation, and utilities (employing 21.0 percent of the population) and manufacturing (employing 17.8 percent of the population).

Since 2004. manufacturers 40 and support/service providers have located expanded their existing facilities in Warren County, an representing investment approximately \$63 million in the area. Table 7 contains detained information regarding major businesses and industry located in Warren County. None of these facilities is located within the study area.

7. Agricultural Activity

As noted in Land Use, although much of the study area is zoned Agricultural District, agricultural activity is very limited in the study area with an impending continued decrease in such activity. The largest amount of agricultural activity in the study area occurs north of the intersection of Neal Howell Road and Three Springs Road (Exhibit 2, page 3). At the time of the field visit, the property was clear of any crop, but evidence of row cropping in the previous growing season was present. This area is however zoned a Planned Unit Development District and is therefore likely to transition to residential and/or associated uses. The fringes of

this large area have already been transitioned to such.

Other sizeable, agricultural/institutional activity exists in the northwestern portion of the study area. The Western Kentucky University (WKU) Farm, although not directly an agricultural activity in the traditional sense, borders Elrod Road (Exhibit 2, page 3). The WKU Farm is approximately 780 acres and has an agricultural exposition center, sales and show arenas, and barns and stables.

Two other, private agricultural businesses exist in the study area, both of which are stables (Exhibit 2, page 3). Holladay Hill Stables is located on Smallhouse Road, while Pennyroyal Farm Stables is located just southwest of the Elrod Road bridge over the Natcher Parkway.

Prime farmland soils exist throughout the study area (Exhibit 1, page 3). By soil type, slightly more than 2,000 acres of the study area would be characterized prime farmland soils. However, under the Farmland Protection Act, 7 CSR 658.2(a), property within city limits are exempt from consideration as farmland.

TABLE 6 – UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

Year	United States (%)	Kentucky (%)	Warren County (%)
2002	5.8	5.7	5.1
2003	6.0	6.3	5.5
2004	5.5	5.5	4.6
2005	5.1	6.0	5.0
2006	4.6	5.7	4.8

Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development

TABLE 7 - MAJOR BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY

Firm	Product/Service	No. Of Employees	Year Established
AFNI	Business solution/call center	384	2000
Bowling Green Metalforming, LLC	Automotive parts	730	2004
Country Oven Bakery	Frozen dough and cakes	410	1981
DESA, LLC	Portable gas heaters and generators, corporate office, lighting, controls, electric power tools, door chimes	600	1964
Eagle Industries, LLC	Oak furniture	500	1992
Fruit of the Loom	Headquarters and distribution center	1,005	1988
General Motors Corp.	Automotive assembly – Chevrolet Corvette and Cadillac XLR	1,200	1980
Georgia Pacific Corporation	Paper plates	170	1993
Hill's Pet Nutrition, Inc.	Pet foods	188	1986
Holley Performance Products	Automotive and marine parts and accessories	340	1951
Huish Detergents, Inc.	Detergent	808	1994
NHK of American Suspension Components, Inc.	Automotive coil suspension springs, trunk lid torsion bars, stabilizer links	231	1987
Pan-Oston	Design, delivery, and service of custom metal and wood store fixtures and cash registers.	340	1988
Perot Systems Heathcare/ARS	Office consulting services and accounts receivable management for the healthcare industry	175	2003
Renaissance Mark, Inc.	Printed labels	200	1993
Scotty's Contracting and Stone, LLC	Asphalt and paving materials	300	1972
S-R of Kentucky, Inc.	Chroming plastic interior and exterior trims and moldings	292	1996
Trace Die Cast, Inc.	Aluminum die castings and secondary specialty machining	477	1988
Weyerhaeuser Co.	Corrugated shipping containers and point of purchase displays	250	1970

Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development

The Kentucky Environmental and **Public** Protection Cabinet, Division of Natural Resources, Department of Conservation (KDOC) oversees what are termed Agricultural Districts. These Agricultural Districts are not the same as Agricultural Districts noted previously as a zoning designation of the City-County Planning Commission. Kentucky's Agricultural District Program became law in Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 262 on July 15, 1982, after passage of House Bill 744, the Agricultural District and Conservation Act. No agricultural districts exist in or near the study area (KDOC 2007).



Agricultural Activity Along Neal Howell Road

8. Communities and Community Facilities

A review of aerial mapping definitively shows several communities or subdivisions located throughout the study area and beyond (Exhibit 2, page 3). These subdivisions consist of smaller, older developments such as the one located near the intersection of Smallhouse Road and Three Springs Road to larger, newer developments of several hundred homes. A newer, larger development, for example, exists between Elrod Road and Three Springs Road near the center and southern portions of the study area. Some developments are recent enough as to not appear on aerial mapping (Exhibit 2, page 3). Other "communities" exist in the form of older, typical rural residences lining the main roadways. Such communities may be found along all the

main roadways traversing the study area, *i.e.*, Smallhouse Road, Elrod Road, Dillard Road, Neal Howell Road, and Three Springs Road. One community of this type exists very near the Elrod Road bridge over the Natcher Parkway. This "community" consists of three residences immediately northeast of the Parkway at Elrod Road.



Ridgewood Subdivision

Several community facilities either exist in the study area or are planned for construction in the study area. These facilities include two existing churches, one planned church, a cemetery, a park, a future school location, and an existing elementary school (Exhibit 2, page 3). Trinity Free Will Baptist Church and its associated Family Life Center are located along Smallhouse Road. Nearby and along Smallhouse Road is the future site of the Holy Spirit Parkside Catholic Church. Calvary Baptist Church and cemetery are located in the southeast quadrant formed by the crossing of Elrod Road over Natcher Parkway. Basis W. Griffin Park is located in the northwest quadrant of the Three Springs Road crossing of Natcher Parkway. The Park is owned by Warren County and operated by the Parks and Recreation Department of Warren County. This property covers approximately 115 acres and requires consideration under Section 4(f) of the Department of Transportation Act of 1966, which deals with the loss of park/recreational lands. The Park also requires consideration under Section 6(f) of the Land and Water

Conservation Fund Act as the Park received funds resulting from the Acto on three occasions since the 1970's (NPS 2007). A future school location is proposed approximately mid-way through the study area along Elrod Road. Foundation Christian Academy (FCA) is located along Three Springs Road just south of the Natcher Parkway. FCA accommodates students in preschool through sixth grades; this particular facility was opened in October 2007 although the school itself has existed since 1996 (FCA 2007).



Trinity Free Will Baptist Church



Holy Spirit Parkside Church - Future Location



Foundation Christian Academy



Calvary Baptist Church Cemetery - Natcher Parkway in Background

F. UST/Hazardous Materials

A site reconnaissance was conducted December 3, 2007 to identify UST locations and hazardous material concerns within the study area. The purpose of the site reconnaissance was to confirm the location of facilities identified in the environmental database research (EDR) report and document any other sites of concern observed within the study area. Sites of concern and the EDR report findings are described below, and shown on Exhibit 2, page 3.

An environmental regulatory agency database search was conducted for the study area. This database search evaluated databases from 37 federal databases and 10 State of Kentucky databases. An executive summary of the EDR report is located in Appendix B. Additionally, the Kentucky Geological Survey (KGS) maintains records on oil and gas wells within the state of Kentucky. The locations of oil and gas wells within the study area are shown on Exhibit 2 page 3.

Five sites were determined to be located inside the study area based on the EDR report. Of the five, one is a state hazardous waste site (SHWS), another is a Resource and Recovery Act (RCRA) small-quantity generator (SQG) and Facility Index System (FINDS) and the remaining three are UST locations.

The SHWS site identified is the McCoy Farm located at 2636 Three Springs Road. According to the EDR report, the status of this site is closed and is described as an exempt UST used for the storage of gasoline for farm equipment. The RCRA SQG/FINDS site identified is the Kentucky Department of Highways facility located at 2096 Three Springs Road. No violations have been reported for this site. However, both facilities are located on Three Springs Road along the eastern boundary of the study area and would not likely be impacted by the proposed interchange.

The three remaining UST locations are described below.

- The Western Kentucky University (WKU)
 Farm located at 406 Elrod Road contains
 one exempt tank and one tank identified
 as "verified removal." The facility ID
 number for this site is U003991414. The
 exact location of the UST on the
 approximate 780-acre farm is unknown.
 Documentation of the verified removal
 should be reviewed for details of the tank
 location and removal process.
- 2. The Bowling Green VORTAC BWG (VOR) is located on Smallhouse Road. It has one UST with a tank status of "verified removal." There is also an above ground storage tank (AST) located at this facility, but it is not referenced in the EDR report. The facility ID for this site is U000722957. Since the UST is no longer present, it will impact the proposed project. However, documentation of the verified removal should be reviewed for details of the tank removal process.
- The Warren County State Maintenance Garage located at 2160 Three Springs Road had five tanks, all classified as "verfied removal." The facility ID for this

site is U004109010. Since the tanks are no longer present and this facility is located on the eastern boundary of the study area, it would not be impacted by a proposed interchange. However, documentation of the verified removal should be reviewed for details of the tank removal process should any alternative be developed in this area.



Western Kentucky University Farm



Aerial Navigation Aid

Two oil and gas well sites are also located within the study area. One, not identified by the KGS database, is located on the Western Kentucky University Farm in the southwest quadrant of Elrod Road and the Natcher Parkway. Another oil and gas well, operated by Beamtec, is located approximately 800 feet southwest of the Natcher Parkway and adjacent to the Springfield Subdivision. Alternatives considered should avoid these locations due to the potential for significant cleanup cost and liability.



Gas Well Near Natcher and Elrod

The identified oil and gas well site and UST on the WKU Farm and the Bowling Green VOR UST tank represent the most significant potential hazards in the study area relative to likely interchange locations. Sites containing USTs can represent a significant cleanup cost liability. Additionally, closure documentation for all sites with removed USTs should be reviewed to determine a clean closure of the site or any problems associated with the UST removal process. Future alternatives should consider the potential for these significant cleanup costs associated with taking right-of-way associated with UST facilities and oil and gas well sites.

IV. SUMMARY

Based upon the preliminary data research and subsequent field reconnaissance, environmental concerns within the study area are typical for a previously agricultural dominated area in transition to residential uses. Particularly in areas where an interchange may be constructed for Elrod Road and the Natcher Parkway, environmental concerns relative to air quality, traffic noise, aquatic resources, threatened and agricultural endangered species, activity. communities and community facilities, and UST/hazardous materials sites does not appear to be significant.

A. Air Quality

The study area is in attainment for all transportation related air pollutants. It is not anticipated that any alternative developed by the planning study would negatively affect the attainment status of the study area. However, once project alternatives are developed and environmental documentation progresses, a determination should be made whether MSATs will be exempt from analysis or require a qualitative analysis.

B. Traffic Noise

Three noise sensitive areas were identified within the study area and include Calvary Baptist Church, Pennyroyal Farm Stables, and a group of three homes located north of Natcher Parkway on Elrod Road. These noise sensitive sites would need to be re-evaluated after scoping study alternatives are developed and environmental documentation progresses.

C. Aquatic Resources

National Wetland Inventory (NWI) mapping for the Bowling Green South 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle indicated the presence of 21 potential wetlands in the study area. Most of these wetlands are manmade farm ponds. Once scoping study alternatives are developed and environmental documentation progresses, the jurisdictional status of any of these wetlands within the boundaries of an alternative should be determined.

Due to the karst nature of the study area, impacts to surface waters are not likely as a result of any interchange construction. Since drainage is mostly sub-surface for the study area, adherence to the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet's policy paper for BMPs for karst areas, Design Memorandum No. 12-05, dated July 27, 2005, should be followed for any alternative constructed.

D. Threatened and Endangered Species

Roosting and foraging habitat for Indiana and gray bat is either present or has the potential to be present within the study area. To comply with Section 7 of the Endangered Species act for Indiana bat, potential impacts to Indiana bat or its habitat may be addressed in one of three ways: (i) a biological assessment may be conducted, (ii) tree cutting may be restricted to the period between October 15 and March 31, or (iii) KYTC may pay for the acquisition of summer maternity habitat (roost trees) under its Programmatic Biological Opinion Agreement with USFWS. Karst features within the study area represent potential gray bat roosting habitat and winter hibernating habitat for Indiana bat. Upon development of alternatives, closer examination of the area should be conducted to determine if any caves or sinkholes present within the study area meet the requirements for roosting and/or hibernating for either species.

To comply with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, a survey for Price's potato bean may need to be performed. If wooded areas are to be impacted by the project, once alternatives have been developed, these areas will need to be surveyed for Price's potato bean.

E. Agricultural Activity

Due to the changing land use in the study area, agricultural activity impacts are expected to be minimal. Prime farmland does exist throughout the study area, but the land's value as such has already and continues to be significantly compromises. Three agricultural businesses/institutions do exist in the study area. They include the WKU Farm and two stables: Holladay Hill Stables and Pennyroyal Farm Stables. The latter agricultural business is located close to the existing Elrod Road bridge over the Natcher Parkway and could be impacted by alternatives developed as a result of this planning study.

F. Communities and Community Facilities

Communities exist throughout the study area and to a lesser degree community facilities. The most likely impact to a community or typical rural residential homes exists for those residences nearest the Elrod Road bridge over Natcher Parkway. Likewise, Calvary Baptist Church and cemetery are located very close to this bridge and represent the most likely impacted community facilities. The most significant resource in the study area is Basil W. Griffin Park; the Park presents a Section 4(f) concern as well as a Section 6(f) concern. Yet, this facility is far enough from probable interchange locations that no direct impacts are expected.

G. UST/Hazardous Materials

The identified oil and gas well site and UST on the WKU Farm and the Bowling Green VOR UST tank represent the most significant potential hazards in the study area relative to likely interchange locations. Sites containing USTs can represent a significant cleanup cost liability. Additionally, closure documentation for all sites with removed USTs should be reviewed to determine a clean closure of the site or any problems associated with the UST removal process. Future alternatives should consider the potential for these significant cleanup costs associated with taking right-of-way associated with UST facilities and oil and gas well sites. All others sites identified within the study area are located along Three Springs Road and are not likely to be locations of the interchange.

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The EDR Radius Map with GeoCheck®

Proposed Elrod Interchange Elrod Roat at Natcher Pkwy Bowling Green, KY 42104

Inquiry Number: 2086708.1s

November 27, 2007

The Standard in Environmental Risk Information

440 Wheelers Farms Road Milford, Connecticut 06461

Nationwide Customer Service

Telephone: 1-800-352-0050 Fax: 1-800-231-6802 Internet: www.edrnet.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION	PAGE
Executive Summary	ES1
Overview Map	2
Detail Map.	 3
Map Findings Summary.	4
Map Findings.	6
Orphan Summary	24
Government Records Searched/Data Currency Tracking	GR-1
GEOCHECK ADDENDUM	
Physical Setting Source Addendum	A-1
Physical Setting Source Summary	A-2
Physical Setting Source Map	A-7
Physical Setting Source Map Findings.	A-8
Physical Setting Source Records Searched	A-13

Thank you for your business.Please contact EDR at 1-800-352-0050 with any questions or comments.

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A search of available environmental records was conducted by Environmental Data Resources, Inc (EDR). The report was designed to assist parties seeking to meet the search requirements of EPA's Standards and Practices for All Appropriate Inquiries (40 CFR Part 312), the ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments (E 1527-05) or custom requirements developed for the evaluation of environmental risk associated with a parcel of real estate.

TARGET PROPERTY INFORMATION

ADDRESS

ELROD ROAT AT NATCHER PKWY BOWLING GREEN, KY 42104

COORDINATES

Latitude (North): 36.920000 - 36° 55' 12.0" Longitude (West): 86.459000 - 86° 27' 32.4"

Universal Tranverse Mercator: Zone 16 UTM X (Meters): 548187.8 UTM Y (Meters): 4085931.5

Elevation: 536 ft. above sea level

USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP ASSOCIATED WITH TARGET PROPERTY

Target Property Map: 36086-H4 BOWLING GREEN SOUTH, KY

Most Recent Revision: 1993

TARGET PROPERTY SEARCH RESULTS

The target property was not listed in any of the databases searched by EDR.

DATABASES WITH NO MAPPED SITES

No mapped sites were found in EDR's search of available ("reasonably ascertainable ") government records either on the target property or within the search radius around the target property for the following databases:

FEDERAL RECORDS

NPL..... National Priority List

CERCLIS....... Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System

CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned

CORRACTS...... Corrective Action Report

ERNS..... Emergency Response Notification System

HMIRS..... Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System

US ENG CONTROLS. Engineering Controls Sites List
US INST CONTROL. Sites with Institutional Controls
DOD. Department of Defense Sites
FUDS. Formerly Used Defense Sites
US BROWNFIELDS. A Listing of Brownfields Sites

CONSENT...... Superfund (CERCLA) Consent Decrees

TRIS..... Toxic Chemical Release Inventory System

TSCA..... Toxic Substances Control Act

Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)

LUCIS.....Land Use Control Information System

DOT OPS..... Incident and Accident Data

ICIS...... Integrated Compliance Information System

DEBRIS REGION 9...... Torres Martinez Reservation Illegal Dump Site Locations
HIST FTTS...... FIFRA/TSCA Tracking System Administrative Case Listing

US CDL Clandestine Drug Labs

MINES..... Mines Master Index File

FINDS....... Facility Index System/Facility Registry System
RAATS...... RCRA Administrative Action Tracking System

STATE AND LOCAL RECORDS

HIST LF..... Historical Landfills

BROWNFIELDS....... Kentucky Brownfield Inventory NPDES......... Permitted Facility Listing AIRS......... Permitted Airs Facility Listing

LEAD..... Environmental Lead Program Report Tracking Database

PSTEAF..... Facility Ranking List

TRIBAL RECORDS

INDIAN RESERV...... Indian Reservations

INDIAN LUST..... Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land

INDIAN UST...... Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land

EDR PROPRIETARY RECORDS

Manufactured Gas Plants . . . EDR Proprietary Manufactured Gas Plants

SURROUNDING SITES: SEARCH RESULTS

Surrounding sites were identified in the following databases.

Elevations have been determined from the USGS Digital Elevation Model and should be evaluated on a relative (not an absolute) basis. Relative elevation information between sites of close proximity should be field verified. Sites with an elevation equal to or higher than the target property have been differentiated below from sites with an elevation lower than the target property. Page numbers and map identification numbers refer to the EDR Radius Map report where detailed data on individual sites can be reviewed.

Sites listed in **bold italics** are in multiple databases.

Unmappable (orphan) sites are not considered in the foregoing analysis.

FEDERAL RECORDS

RCRAInfo: RCRAInfo is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. RCRAInfo replaces the data recording and reporting abilities of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System(RCRIS). The database includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Conditionally exempt small quantity generators (CESQGs) generate less than 100 kg of hazardous waste, or less than 1 kg of acutely hazardous waste per month. Small quantity generators (SQGs) generate between 100 kg and 1,000 kg of hazardous waste per month Large quantity generators generate over 1,000 kilograms (kg) of hazardous waste, or over 1 kg of acutely hazardous waste per month. Transporters are individuals or entities that move hazardous waste from the generator offsite to a facility that can recycle, treat, store, or dispose of the waste.

A review of the RCRA-SQG list, as provided by EDR, and dated 06/13/2006 has revealed that there are 2 RCRA-SQG sites within approximately 2 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation A	Address	Dist / D	ir	Map ID	Page
KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY 200 USDA-ARS ANIMAL WASTE MGMT RES 230		1 - 2 1 - 2			12 20

STATE AND LOCAL RECORDS

SHWS: The State Hazardous Waste Sites records are the states' equivalent to CERCLIS. These sites may or may not already be listed on the federal CERCLIS list. Priority sites planned for cleanup using state funds (state equivalent of Superfund) are identified along with sites where cleanup will be paid for by potentially responsible parties. The data come from the Department of Environmental Protection's Uncontrolled Site Branch List.

A review of the SHWS list, as provided by EDR, and dated 09/24/2007 has revealed that there are 3 SHWS sites within approximately 2 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist /	Dir	Map ID	Page
MCCOY FARM Facility Status: Closed	2636 THREE SPINGS RD	1 - 2	SE	5	13
WEYERHAEUSER CO SOUTH Facility Status: Managed	5150 NASHVILLE RD	1 - 2	WNI	N 9	19
BOWLING GREEN LANDFILL Facility Status: Active	NONE	1 - 2	NW	B13	22

SWF/LF: The Solid Waste Facilities/Landfill Sites records typically contain an inventory of solid waste disposal facilities or landfills in a particular state. The data come from the Department of Environmental Protection's List of All Active Contained & Residential Landfills/List of All Transfer Stations.

A review of the SWF/LF list, as provided by EDR, and dated 09/14/2007 has revealed that there is 1 SWF/LF site within approximately 2 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / D	Dir	Map ID	Page
BOWLING GREEN RESIDENTIAL LAND	W OF OLD LOUISVILLE RD	1 - 2	NW	B12	22

UST: The Underground Storage Tank database contains registered USTs. USTs are regulated under Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). The data come from the Department of Environmental Protection's Owner/Facility Report of All Tanks Regardless of Status list.

A review of the UST list, as provided by EDR, and dated 10/15/2007 has revealed that there are 8 UST sites within approximately 2 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
WESTERN KY UNIVERSITY HOG FARM	406 ELROD RD	1/2 - 1 N	NE 1	6
BOWLING GREEN VORTAC BWG	SMALL HOUSE RD	1-2 N	NE 2	7
WARREN CO STATE MAINTENANCE GA	2160 THREE SPRINGS RD	1 - 2 E	ESE A3	8
FORMER MINIT MART 87	1291 THREE SPRINGS RD	1 - 2 E	6	13
HAYS MARKET	RICHARDSVILLE RD	1 - 2 V	N 7	16
O N ELKINS	RICHARDSVILLE RD	1 - 2 V	N 8	17
FMC CORPORATION	US 31W S	1 - 2 V	VNW 11	20
WESTERN KY TRACTOR	NASHVILLE RD	1 - 2 N	NW B14	22

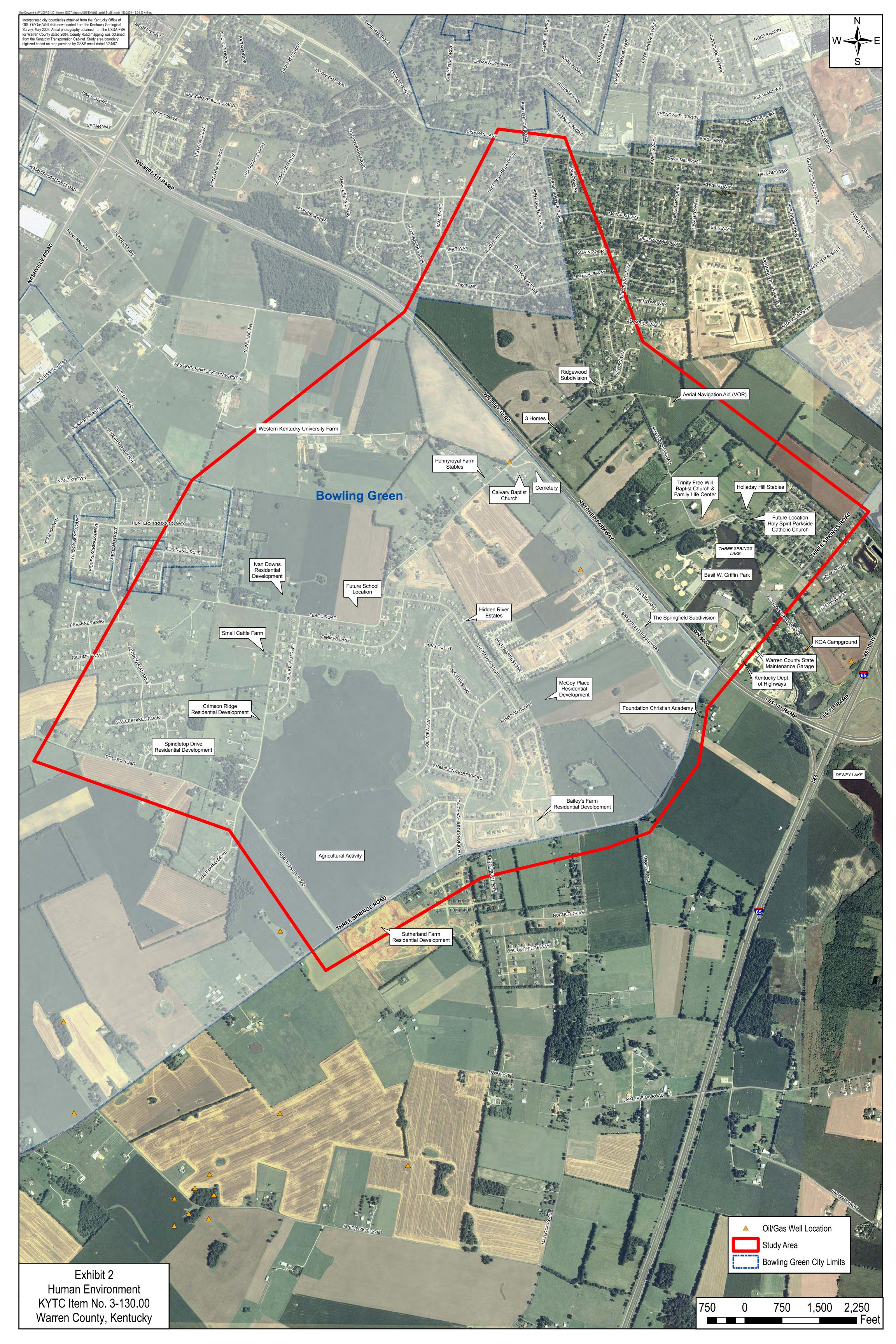
Due to poor or inadequate address information, the following sites were not mapped:

Site Name	Database(s)
KY 185 DRUMS COLTEC INDUSTRIAL HOLLEY RPD PLANT 7 WESTERN KY UNIVERSITY BOWLING GREEN GASLIGHT CO DESA US LLC CITY OF BOWLING GREEN - SPRING ALLEY SPRINGHILL QUARRY BELLSOUTH WALLACE FORD MOTORS EATON CORP MCADOO PROPERTY NORRIS ROAD DRUM WARREN COUNTY RESIDENT ENGINEERS OFFICE KY 622 DRUMS KEITH FARM PONDS SPRINGHILL ROCK QUARRY WKU SCI. & TECHNOLOGY HALL CONTRACTORS WASTE SERVICES FACILITY NO 4 SUNNYSIDE GOTT NO 1 SOUTHERN LEISURE INC RESIDENTIAL LANDFIL WHITE STONE OF WARREN INC BRISTOW LANDFILL KY NATIONAL GUARD ARMORY KENWAY CONTRACTING BOWLING GREEN STREET DEPT DUMP - MONARCH CONTRACTORS WASTE SERVICES FACILITY NO 3 HABITAT FOR HUMANITY INTERNATIONAL ABONDONED DRUM WESTERN KY UNIVERSITY OGDEN COLLEGE HIDDEN RIVER SUBD	SHWS SHWS, SWF/LF, UST, AIRS SHWS SHWS, AIRS SHWS SHWS SHWS SHWS SHWS SHWS SHWS SH



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Protection Cabinet

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December 21, 2007

Laura Butler Third Rock Consultants 2514 Regency Road, Suite 104 Lexington, KY 40503

Data Request 08-091

Dear Ms. Butler:

This letter is in response to your data request of December 6, 2007 for the Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Possible Interchange project. We have reviewed our Natural Heritage Program Database to determine if any of the endangered, threatened, or special concern plants and animals or exemplary natural communities monitored by the Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission occur near the project area on the Bowling Green South USGS Quadrangle, as shown on the map provided. Please see the attached reports for more information, which reflect analysis of the project area with three buffers applied:

1-mile for all records – 21 records 5-mile for aquatic records – 50 records 5-mile for federally listed species – 13 records 10-mile for mammals and birds – 20 records

Myotis grisescens (Gray myotis, federally listed endangered, KSNPC threatened) is known to occur within five miles of the proposed project. A thorough survey for this species should be conducted by a qualified biologist if suitable habitat will be disturbed. The survey should include a search for potential roost and winter sites, and a mistnetting census at numerous points within the proposed corridor, particularly in preferred summer habitat. Summer foraging habitats include upland forests, bottomland forests and riparian corridors. Suitable roost and winter sites include sandstone and limestone caves, rockhouses, clifflines, auger holes, and abandoned mines. In order to avoid impacts to bats, bottomland forests and riparian corridors, particularly near caves, should not be disturbed.

The site is located within a karst landscape characterized by numerous sinkholes, underground conduits, or caves. Construction disturbance or release of pollutants within the specified area could



Data Request 08-091 December 21, 2007 Page 2

easily cause contamination of groundwater. Two subterranean species known to have occurred historically in the area are *Orconectes pellucidus* (Mammoth Cave crayfish, USFWS Species of Management Concern, KSNPC Special Concern), which is only known to occur in Kentucky and Tennessee; and *Typhlichthys subterraneus* (Southern Cavefish, federal species of management concern, KSNPC special concern). Caves are often associated with sensitive ecosystems and may provide habitat for a number of rare or endangered species. Cave organisms are heavily dependent on water quality, and steps should be taken to avoid introducing contaminants into the water system.

Many of the species reported are known only from historic records, but some are still known to persist in the Barren River, Drakes Creek, and Trammel Fork, including: *Barbicambarus cornutus* (Bottlebrush Crayfish, KSNPC Special Concern), *Etheostoma maculatum* (Spotted darter, KSNPC threatened, federal species of management concern), *Percina macrocephala* (Longhead darter, KSNPC threatened, federal species of management concern), *Phenacobius uranops* (Stargazing minnow, KSNPC Special Concern).

Aquatic species and habitats in the area are sensitive to increased turbidity, sediment, and other adverse influences on water quality. A written erosion control plan should be developed that includes stringent erosion control methods (i.e., straw bales, silt fences and erosion mats, immediate seeding and mulching of disturbed areas), which are placed in a staggered manner to provide several stages of control. All erosion control measures should be monitored periodically to ensure that they are functioning as planned. Our data are not sufficient to guarantee absence of endangered, threatened or sensitive species from the sites of proposed construction disturbance. We recommend that impacted streams be thoroughly surveyed by a qualified biologist prior to any in-stream disturbance.

Cistothorus platensis (Sedge Wren, KSNPC special concern) can be found in hayfields, meadows, and weedy fields.

Thyromanes bewickii (Bewick's Wren, KSNPC special concern, federal species of management concern) can be found in brushy areas, thickets, scrub in open country, open and riparian woodlands, and in country towns and farms.

Tyto alba (Barn Owl, KSNPC special concern) can be found in hollow trees, old buildings, barns, silos and other abandoned structures. Before demolition of existing structures, it should be determined that these birds are not present.

I would like to take this opportunity to remind you of the terms of the data request license, which you agreed upon in order to submit your request. The license agreement states "Data and data products received from the Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission, including any portion thereof, may not be reproduced in any form or by any means without the express written authorization of the Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission." The exact location of plants, animals, and natural communities, if released by the Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission, may not be released in any document or correspondence. These products are provided on a temporary basis for the express project (described above) of the requester, and may not be redistributed, resold or copied without the written permission of the Kentucky State Nature Preserves



Data Request 08-091 December 21, 2007 Page 3

Commission's Data Manager (801 Schenkel Lane, Frankfort, KY, 40601. Phone: (502) 573-2886).

Please note that the quantity and quality of data collected by the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program are dependent on the research and observations of many individuals and organizations. In most cases, this information is not the result of comprehensive or site-specific field surveys; many natural areas in Kentucky have never been thoroughly surveyed, and new plants and animals are still being discovered. For these reasons, the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program cannot provide a definitive statement on the presence, absence, or condition of biological elements in any part of Kentucky. Heritage reports summarize the existing information known to the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program at the time of the request regarding the biological elements or locations in question. They should never be regarded as final statements on the elements or areas being considered, nor should they be substituted for on-site surveys required for environmental assessments. We would greatly appreciate receiving any pertinent information obtained as a result of on-site surveys.

If you have any questions or if I can be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely

Sara Hines Data Manager

SLD/SGH

Enclosures: Data Report and Interpretation Key



Data Key for Element and Occurrence Reports (v. 9.05)

Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission Natural Heritage Program Data Services

Many of the data fields on the enclosed report are easily understood. Other fields, however, use abbreviations and formats that are not always self-explanatory. A key to these fields follows. Your report may contain some or all of the following data fields.

BEARING: Bearing in degrees from a center point to an occurrence's latitude and longitude. This

field is masked for sensitive occurrences; contact KSNPC in these cases. Omitted for

G, U, and O precision occurrence records.

BESTSOURCE: Best available reference to the occurrence: literature citation, collector, collection

number, museum or herbarium code, etc.

COMMENTS: Additional information about the occurrence including identification, taxonomy, or date

of occurrence.

DIRECTIONS: Directions to an occurrence. This field is masked for sensitive occurrences; contact

KSNPC in these cases.

DISTANCE: Distance from a center point to an occurrence's latitude and longitude. Units coded as M

(miles), K (kilometers), and F (feet). This field is masked for sensitive occurrences; contact KSNPC in these cases. Omitted for G, U, and Q precision occurrence records.

ELCODE: Element (species) code.

EOCODE: Element (species) code, occurrence number (last three digits), and state.

EODATA: Occurrence population data: date of observation, number of individuals, health, size of

colony, flowering data, etc.

EORANK: Judgement of occurrence quality: A = excellent, B = good, C = marginal, D = poor, E =

verified extant but quality not judged, O = obscure (not found at reported site but more searching needed), H = historically known from site but no known observation or

collection since 1975, X = extirpated from site.

FIRSTOBS: Year of first known observation or collection.

GENDESC: Description of an occurrence's habitat.

GRANK: Estimate of element abundance on a global scale: G1 = extremely rare, G2 = rare, G3 =

uncommon, G4 = common, G5 = very common, GH = historically known and expected to be rediscovered, GU = uncertain, GX = extinct. Subspecies and variety abundances are coded with a 'T' suffix; the 'G' portion of the rank then refers to the entire species.

HABITAT: General description of the element's habitat across its range.

IDENT: Whether the identification has been checked by a reliable individual and is believed to

be correctly identified: Y = identification confirmed and believed correct, N = No, identification determined to be wrong despite reports to the contrary, ? = Whether identification is correct or not is confusing or disputed, blank or U = unknown whether

identification correct or not, assumed correct.

KSNPC: Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission status: N or blank = none, E = endan-

gered, T = threatened, S = special concern, H = historic, X = extirpated.

LASTOBS: Year(-month-date) of most recent known observation or collection.

LAT: Latitude. This field is masked for sensitive occurrences; contact KSNPC in these cases.

Omitted for G, U and Q precision occurrences.

LONG: Longitude. This field is masked for sensitive occurrences; contact KSNPC in these

cases. Omitted for G, U and Q precision occurrences.

PREC: See PRECISION.

PRECISION: Precision of the latitude, longitude, directions, and plotted location: S = location

accurate to within three seconds of latitude-longitude, M = location accurate to within one minute of latitude-longitude, G = precision within about 8 km or 5 miles, or to place name precision only, Q = location element known from the quadrangle but site-specific locations are not recorded by KSNPC because the species may be relatively frequent on the

quadrangle or is known to frequently move, U or blank = accuracy of location unknown or not specified.

The accuracy of an occurrence's location is designated by the precision code assigned to the record. Only 'S' precision occurrence records are reliably mapped at or near their precise locations. While an attempt is made to map 'M' precision occurrences as accurately as possible, the plotted locations, lat, long, directions, bearing, and distance data fields may or may not be correct. 'G' and 'Q' precision occurrence locations are very unreliable and only should be used to indicate the possibility that the species is in the area.

SPROT:

See KSNPC.

SRANK:

Estimate of element abundance in Kentucky: S1 = extremely rare, S2 = rare, S3 = uncommon, S4 = many occurrences, S5 = very common, SA = accidental in state, SE = exotic, SH = historically known in state, SN = migratory or nonbreeding, SR = reported but without persuasive documentation, SRF = reported falsely in literature, SU = uncertain, SX = extirpated.

USESA:

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service status: N or blank = none, LT = listed as threatened, LE = listed as endangered, C=Candidate.

OTHER STATUS:

SOMC = Designated by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as a Species of Management

WATERBODY:

Name of the 11-digit Hydrologic Unit Code EPA Waterbody in which the occurrence is

plotted.

WATERSHED:

See WATERBODY.

Standard Occurrence Report
KSNPC Federally Listed Elements within a 5-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
Extant in Kentucky Vascular Plants																		
PDFAB0D020*009	Apios priceana	Price's Potato-bean	G2	SI	E	LT		1	920-07-31	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Bowling Green North Polkville Rockfield Bristow	365847N	0862558W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Near Bowling Green.	Rocky limestone open wooded slopes and floodplain edges among mixed hardwoods.
Freshwater Mussels																		
IMBIV10020*006	Cyprogenia stegaria	Fanshell ,	G1	SI	Е	LE		Y 1	927-08-27	M	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365841N	0862236W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, 1 MI E OF MT. VICTOR.	Medium to large streams and rivers with moderate to strong current in coarse sand and gravel and depth ranging from shallow to deep (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Neel and Allen 1964, Parmalee 1967, Johnson 1980, Gordon and Layzer
IMBIV10020*007	Cyprogenia stegaria	Fanshell	GI	SI	E	LE		Y 1	927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Polkville Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN R, 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	1989).
IMBIV10020*076	Cyprogenia stegaria	Fanshell	GI	SI	E	LE		Y 1	989-01-16-pre	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Barren River at Bowling Green.	
IMBIV16484*003	Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	Northern Riffleshell	G2T2	SI	E	LE		Y 1	927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365814N	0862258W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, I MI SE MT VICTOR.	Riffles or shoals with current and substrate of sand and/or gravel in small to moderate-size rivers (Clarke 1981, Watters 1987).
IMBIV16184*008	Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	Northern Riffleshell	G2T2	SI	Е	LE		Y 1	978-pre	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER, BOWLING GREEN.	

Standard Occurrence Report
KSNPC Federally Listed Elements within a 5-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	E LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	навітат
IMBIV34030*076	Plethobasus cyphyus	Sheepnose	G3	S1	E	С		Y	1989-pre	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER, BOWLING GREEN.	Usually found in large rivers in current on mud, sand, or gravel bottoms at depth of 1-2 meters or more (Baker 1928, Parmalee 1967, Gordon and Layzer 1989).
IMBIV35060*003	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	SI	Е	LE		Y	1927-08-27	G	Н	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN R, 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	This species is an inhabitant of small streams and rivers (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944; Ortmann 1919,1925), although in Kentucky it is known from moderately large rivers. Often deeply buried in the substrate and consequently difficult to find (Watters 1987).
IMBIV35060*040	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	SI	Ē	LE		Y	1908-12-02	М	x	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER AT BOWLING GREEN.	
IMBIV35060*051	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	SI	E	LE		Y	1927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365814N	0862258W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, 1 MI SE MT VICTOR.	
IMBIV35060*074	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	S1	E	LE		Y	19	S	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South	365658N	0862416W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK AT MIDDLE BRIDGE RD.	
IMBIV35240*031	Pleurobema plenum	Rough Pigtoe	G1	SI	E	LE		Y	1988-04-15	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER AT BOWLING GREEN.	Medium to large rivers in sand, gravel, and cobble substrates (Ahlstedt 1984, Bogan and Parmalee 1983, Clarke 1981, Neel and Allen 1964).

Mammals

Standard Occurrence Report
KSNPC Federally Listed Elements within a 5-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER	Z LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
AMACC01040*124	Myotis grisescens	Gray Myotis	G3	S2	T L		Y 2005-07-21	S	Е	Warren	Bowling Green 365959N South Bowling Green North	0862907W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Jennings Creek, ca 0.5 air mi E of Glen Lily Road.	

Standard Occurrence Report
KSNPC Monitored Aquatic Elements within a 5-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
Extant in Kentucky Freshwater Mussels																	
IMBIV02040*022	Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	G4	S2	T SOMO		Y	1927-09-26	S	Н	Warren	Drake	365018N	0862527W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	WEST FORK DRAKES CREEK, MASSEY MILL.	Occurs in large to medium size streams but more typical of smaller streams (Buchanan 1980; Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Oesch 1984, Parmalee 1967, Wilson and Clark 1914). Sometimes found in lake connected to rivers. Parmalee (1967) reported the preferred habitat to be small streams with good current sand or gravel bottoms, and depth of several inches to two feet. Buchanan (1980) found this species to be common in gravel and cobble substrate in 2 to 18 inches of water, Neel and Allen (1964) found this species to be more abundant in the mainstream Cumberland River than in small streams.
IMBIV02040*023	Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	G4	S2	T SOMO		Y	1927-08-26	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Drake Allen Springs	365343N	0862253W	05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002200 - Bays Fork	DRAKES CREEK, 7.0 MI S OF BOWLING GREEN.	
IMBIV02040*041	Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	G4	S2	T SOMO		Y	1908-12-02	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W		BARREN RIVER AT BOWLING GREEN.	

Standard Occurrence Report

KSNPC Monitored Aquatic Elements within a 5-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER STATUS IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
IMBIV02040*058	Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	G4	S2	T SOMC		7 1988-12-20-pm	e M	H -	Warren	Bowling Green 36 South Polkville	65606N	0862332W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK 5 MI SE OF BOWLING GREEN.	Occurs in large to medium size streams but more typical of smaller streams (Buchanan 1980, Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Oesch 1984, Parmalee 1967, Wilson and Clark 1914). Sometimes found in lakes connected to rivers. Parmalee (1967) reported the preferred habitat to be small streams with good current sand or gravel bottoms, and depth of several inches to two feet. Buchanan (1980) found this species to be common in gravel and cobble substrate in 2 to 18 inches of water, Neel and Allen (1964) found this species to be more abundant in the mainstream Cumberland River than in small streams.
IMBIV02040*069	Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	G4	S2	T SOMC	,	/ 19	S	Н	Warren	Bowling Green 36 South	65658N	0862416W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK AT MIDDLE BRIDGE RD.	
IMBIV10020*006	Cyprogenia stegaria	Fanshell	GI	SI	E LE	,	(1927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green 36 South Polkville	65841N	0862236W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, 1 MI E OF MT. VICTOR.	Medium to large streams and rivers with moderate to strong current in coarse sand and gravel and depth ranging from shallow to deep (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Neel and Allen 1964, Parmalee 1967, Johnson 1980, Gordon and Layzer 1989).

Standard Occurrence Report
KSNPC Monitored Aquatic Elements within a 5-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
IMBIV10020*007	Cyprogenia stegaria	Fanshell	GI	SI	Е	LE		Y	1927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Polkville Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN R, 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	Medium to large streams and rivers with moderate to strong current in coarse sand and gravel and depth ranging from shallow to deep (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Neel and Allen 1964, Parmalee 1967, Johnson 1980, Gordon and Layzer 1989).
IMBIV10020*076	Cyprogenia stegaria	Fanshell	GI	SI	Е	LE		Y	1989-01-16-pre	е М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Barren River at Bowling Green.	
IMBIV16184*003	Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	Northern Riffleshell	G2T2	S 1	E	LE		Y	1927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365814N	0862258W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, 1 MI SE MT VICTOR.	Riffles or shoals with current and substrate of sand and/or gravel in small to moderate-size rivers (Clarke 1981, Watters 1987).
IMBIV16184*008	Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	Northern Riffleshell	G2T2	SI	Е	LE		Y	1978-рге	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER, BOWLING GREEN.	
IMBIV16190*007	Epioblasma triquetra	Snuffbox	G3	S1	Е	SOMO		Y	1927-08-26	S	Н	Warren	Drake	365018N	0862527W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	WEST FORK DRAKES CREEK, MASSEY MILL.	Occurs in medium-sized streams to large rivers generally on mud, rocky, gravel, or sand substrates in flowing water (Baker 1928, Buchanan 1980, Johnson 1978, Murrary and Leonard 1962, Parmalee 1967). Often deeply buried in substrat and overlooked by collectors.
IMBIV16190*078	Epioblasma triquetra	Snuffbox	G3	S1	Е	SOMC		Y	1964-07-17	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER AT RT 31W BRIDGE AT BOWLING GREEN,	

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
IMBIV16190*097	Epioblasma triquetra	Snuffbox	G3	SI	E S	OMC		Y	1927-08-24	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Allen Springs Bowling Green North Drake Polkville Bristow	365606N	0862332W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, 5 MI SE OF BOWLING GREEN.	Occurs in medium-sized streams to large rivers generally on mud, rocky, gravel, or sand substrates in flowing water (Baker 1928, Buchanan 1980, Johnson 1978, Murrary and Leonard 1962, Parmalee 1967). Often deeply buried in substrate and overlooked by collectors.
IMBIV17120*018	Fusconaia subrotunda	Longsolid	G3	S3	S			Y	1927-	G	Н	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER, 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	Gravel bars and deep pools in large rivers and large to medium-sized streams (Ahlstedt 1984, Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Neel and Allen 1964, Parmalee 1967).
IMBIV17120*068	Fusconaia subrotunda	Longsolid	G3	S3	S			Y	1908-11-30	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER AT BOWLING GREEN.	
IMBIV21130*002	Lampsilis ovata	Pocketbook	G5	SI	E			Y	1927-08-27	M	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365841N	0862236W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, 1.0 MI E OF MOUNT VICTOR.	Considered a large river species (Clench and Van Der Schalie 1944, Parmalee 1967, Stansbery 1976), but occurs in medium-sized streams in gravel, sand, or even mud (Parmalee 1967, Johnson 1970, Gordon and Layzer 1989). In the Lower Wabash and Ohio Rivers specimens were taken in deep water (6-10 feet or more) in current from sand or gravel.

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
IMBIV21130*032	Lampsilis ovata	Pocketbook	G5	SI	E			Y	1908-11-30	M	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER AT BOWLING GREEN.	Considered a large river species (Clench and Van Der Schalle 1944, Parmalee 1967, Stansbery 1976), but occurs in medium-sized streams in gravel, sand,
		i.																or even mud (Parmalee 1967, Johnson 1970, Gordon and Layzer 1989). In the Lower Wabash and Ohio Rivers specimens were taken in deep water (6-10 feet or more) in current from sand or gravel.
IMBIV34030*076	Plethobasus cyphyus	Sheepnose	G3	SI	E	C		Y	1989-pre	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER, BOWLING GREEN.	Usually found in large rivers in current on mud, sand, or gravel bottoms a depth of 1-2 meters or more (Baker 1928, Parmalee 1967, Gordon and Layzer 1989).
IMBIV35060*003	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	SI	Е	LE		Y	1927-08-27	G	Н	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN R, 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	This species is an inhabitant of small streams and rivers (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944; Ortmann 1919,1925), although in Kentucky it is known from moderately large rivers. Often deeply buried in the substrate and consequently difficult to find (Watters 1987).
IMBIV35060*040	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	St	E	LE		Y	1908-12-02	М	X	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER AT BOWLING GREEN.	
IMBIV35060*051	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	S1	E	LE		Y	1927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365814N	0862258W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, I MI SE MT VICTOR.	

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
IMBIV35060*074	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	SI	E	LE	To the second	Y	19-	S	н	Warren	Bowling Green South	365658N	0862416W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK AT MIDDLE BRIDGE RD.	This species is an inhabitant of small streams and rivers (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944; Ortmann 1919,1925), although in Kentucky it is known from moderately large rivers. Often deeply buried in the substrate and consequently difficult to find (Watters 1987).
IMBIV35240*031	Pleurobema plenum	Rough Pigtoe	G1	S1	E	LE		Y	1988-04-15	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER AT BOWLING GREEN.	Medium to large rivers in sand, gravel, and cobble substrates (Ahlstedt 1984, Bogan and Parmalee 1983, Clarke 1981, Neel and Allen 1964).
IMBIV39041*007	Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica	Rabbitsfoot	G3T3	S2	T	SOMC		Y	1927-08-27	G	Н	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN,	Small to large rivers with sand, gravel, and cobble and moderate to swift current, sometimes in deep water (Parmalee 1967, Bogan and Parmalee 1983).
IMBIV39041*010	Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica	Rabbitsfoot	G3T3	S2	T	SOMO		Y	1927-08-26	S	Н	Warren	Drake	365018N	0862527W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	WEST FORK DRAKES CREEK, MASSEY MILL.	
IMBIV43030*002	Toxolasma lividus	Purple Lilliput	G2	SI	E	SOMO		Y	1927-08-25	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Drake Allen Springs	365343N	0862253W	05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002200 - Bays Fork 05110002190 - Barren River Lake	DRAKES CREEK, 7 MI S BOWLING GREEN.	Small to medium-sized streams (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Parmalee 1967, Stansbery 1976, Lauritsen 1987). Parmalee (1967) reported its occurrence on mud bur related that sand or fine gravel beds in shallow running water was the preferred habitat.

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
IMBIV43030*015	Toxolasma lividus	Purple Lilliput	G2	SI	E SO	DMC		Y	1927-08-27	S	Н	Warren	Drake	365018N	0862527W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	WEST FORK DRAKES CREEK, MASSEY MILL.	Small to medium-sized streams (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Parmalee 1967, Stansbery 1976, Lauritsen 1987). Parmalee (1967) reported its occurrence on mud but related that sand or fine gravel beds in shallow running water was the preferred habitat.
IMBIV47070*006	Villosa lienosa	Little Spectaclecase	G5	\$3\$4	S			Y	1927-08-26	S	Н	Warren	Drake	365018N	0862527W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	WEST FORK DRAKES CREEK AT MASSEY MILL.	Inhabits small to medium-sized rivers, usually in shallow water on a sand/mud/detritus bottom (Parmalee 1967, Gordon and Layzer 1989).
IMBIV47070*007	Villosa lienosa	Little Spectaclecase	G5	S3S4	S			Y	1927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365841N	0862236W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, 1 MI E OF MT VICTOR.	
IMBIV47070*008	Villosa lienosa	Little Spectaclecase	G5	S3S4	S			Y	1927-08-25	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365343N	0862253W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK 7 MI S OF BOWLING GREEN.	
IMBIV47070*009	Villosa lienosa	Little Spectaclecase	G5	S3S4	S			Y	1927-08-27	М	Н	Warren	Polkville Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	
IMBIV47070*055	Villosa lienosa	Little Spectaclecase	G5	\$3\$4	S			Y	1964-07-17	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	BARREN RIVER AT BOWLING GREEN.	

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
IMBIV47100*002	Villosa ortmanni	Kentucky Creekshell	G2	S2.	T SOMO		Y	1927-08-27	М	x	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365841N	0862236W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	Drakes Creek, 1 mi E of Mt. Victor.	Free-flowing, upland rivers that range in size from small (1st order) spring fed streams to the Green River (Cicerello 1994). Many flow permanently, but others sometimes have no flow. Substrates range from cobble and boulder with mixed gravel and sand over bedrock to clayeymud. Depths range from less than 6 inches to more than 2 meters.
IMBIV47100*003	Villosa ortmanni	Kentucky Creekshell	G2	S2	T SOMO		Y	1927-08-25	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Drake Allen Springs	365343N	0862253W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002200 - Bays Fork 05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002340 - Trammel Creek	Drakes Creek, 7 mi S of Bowling Green.	
IMBIV47100*004	Villosa ortmanni	Kentucky Creekshell	G2	S2	T SOMO		Y	1927-08-27	G	х	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	Barren River, 4 mi E of Bowling Green.	
IMBIV47100*010	Villosa ortmanni	Kentucky Creekshell	G2	S2	T SOMO		Y	2000-08-09	S	F	Warren	Drake	365018N	0862527W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	West Fork Drakes Creek, Massey Mill.	
IMBIV47100*032	Villosa ortmanni	Kentucky Creekshell	G2	S2	T SOMO		Y	1964-08-17	М	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370002N	0862544W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	Barren River at RT 31W bridge at Bowling Green.	
Crustaceans																	
ICMAL49010*032	Barbicambarus cornutus	Bottlebrush Crayfish	G3G4	S2	S		Y	2000-08-09	S	D	Warren	Drake	365018N	0862527W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	West Fork Drakes Creek at KY 622.	Lives under or near large, flat cobbles or boulders in streams.

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
ICMAL49010*037	Barbicambarus cornutus	Bottlebrush Crayfish	G3G4	S2	S		Y	2004-10-04	S	ВС	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	370005N	0862550W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Barren River at rock dam upstream from KY 68/80 in NE Bowling Green.	
Fishes																	
AFCQC02420*049	Etheostoma maculatum	Spotted Darter	G2	S2	T SOI	MC	Y	2001-07-24	S	D	Warren	Drake	365018N	0862527W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	WEST FORK DRAKES CREEK AT KY 622.	Inhabits medium to large streams where it occurs among coarse gravel, cobble and boulders in swift riffles and shoals (Kuehne and Barbour 1983, Page 1983, Zorach and Raney 1967, Stiles 1972, Burr and Warren 1986, Kessler 1992).
AFCJB15010*004	Hybopsis amnis	Pallid Shiner	G4	S1	E SOI	МС	Y	1955-07-21	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South Hadley Rockfield	370034N	0862818W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002350 - Gasper River 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	LARGE SPRING IN JENNINGS CREEK.	Sandy and silty pools of medium to large rivers (Page and Burr 1991).
AFCQC04120*011	Percina macrocephala	Longhead Darter	G3	SI	E SOI	МС	Y	1890-	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South Bristow Hadley Polkville Rockfield	370044N	0862509W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BIG BARREN RIVER, 0.75 MI. NE. OF BOWLING GREEN.	Clear, upland streams an rivers with moderate current, over clean substrates, often above and below riffles (Kuehne and Barbour 1983, Page 1983, Burr and Warren 1986).
AFCQC04120*022	Percina macrocephala	Longhead Darter	G3	SI	E SO!	мС	Y	1890-08-02	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Bristow Drake Allen Springs Bowling Green North	365606N	0862332W	05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKE CREEK, 8 MI SE OF BOWLING GREEN, JUST BELOW THE SHAKER MILL, AND ABOUT 5 MI FROM MOUTH AT BIG BARREN RIVER.	

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	E LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
AFCQC04120*030	Percina macrocephala	Longhead Darter	G3	SI	E S	OMC		Y	1993-10-25	S	В	Warren	Allen Springs	365224N	0862223W	05110002340 - Trammel Creek	TRAMMEL FORK AT FORD APPROX 0.2 KM UPSTREAM FROM DRAKES CREEK CONFLUENCE, APPROX 1.7 KM W OF KY 231-KY 872 JCT AT ALVATON.	Clear, upland streams and rivers with moderate current, over clean substrates, often above and below riffles (Kuehne and Barbour 1983, Page 1983, Burr and Warren 1986).
AFCJB30050*011	Phenacobius uranops	Stargazing Minnow	G4	\$2\$3	S			?	1890-08-02	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Bristow Drake Allen Springs Bowling Green North	365606N	0862332W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKE CREEK 8 MI SE OF BOWLING GREEN, JUST BELOW THE SHAKER MILL, AND ABOUT 5 MI FROM THE POINT WHERE THIS CREEK FLOWS INTO BIG BARREN RIVER.	Inhabits medium-size streams to small rivers with high gradient, permanent flow, clear water, and pebble and gravel substrates (Burr and Warren 1986).
AFCJB30050*018	Phenacobius uranops	Stargazing Minnow	G4	S2S3	S			Y	1890-08-01	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South Bristow Hadley Polkville Rockfield		0862509W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BIG BARREN RIVER 0.75 MI NE OF BOWLING GREEN.	
AFCJB30050*021	Phenacobius uranops	Stargazing Minnow	G4	\$2\$3	S			Y .	1970-06-09	G	E	Warren Allen	Polkville Meador Bristow Bowling Green South Allen Springs		0861832W	05110002200 - Bays Fork 05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002030 - Barren River\Bowling Green 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	(BARREN RIVER) 4 MI W CLAYPOOL (PLOTTED 4 MI NW CLAYPOOL).	

Page 11 of 11 12/21/2007

Standard Occurrence Report

KSNPC Monitored Aquatic Elements within a 5-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	E LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
AFCLA04010*009	Typhlichthys subterraneus	Southern Cavefish	G4	\$2\$3	S SOM	IC	Y	1957-pre	G	н	Warren Simpson	Woodburn Rockfield Drake Bowling Green South	365209N	0863051W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002240 - Lick Creek\Hickory Flat 05110002350 - Gasper River 05110002190 - Barren River Lake	RICH POND.	Subterranean waters where limestone bedrocks are honeycombed by subsurface drainages. Occurs in cave streams, most frequently over mixed gravel, sand, and mud, or rubble substrates and may occur at springs and wells (Cooper 1980, Cooper and Beiter 1972, Pflieger 1975, Starnes and Etnier 1980, Burr and Warren 1986).

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Extant in	Kentucky
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Crustaceans															
ICMAL11070*025	Orconectes pellucidus	Mammoth Cave Crayfish	G5	\$3	S SOMC	Y	1964-08-07	S	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South	CONTACT CONTACT KSNPC KSNPC	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	SENSITIVE ELEMENT- CONTACT KSNPC	Subterranean waters (Hobbs 1976).
Fishes															
AFCLA04010*002	Typhlichthys subterraneus	Southern Cavefish	G4	S2S3	S SOMC	Y	1969-10-24	S	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South	CONTACT CONTACT KSNPC KSNPC	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	SENSITIVE ELEMENT- CONTACT KSNPC	Subterranean waters where limestone bedrocks are honeycombed by subsurface drainages. Occurs in cave streams, most frequently over mixed gravel, sand, and mud, or rubble substrates and may occur at springs and wells (Cooper 1980, Cooper and Beiter 1972, Pflieger 1975, Starnes and Etnier 1980, Burr

and Warren 1986).

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EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS IDENT	LA	STOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
Extant in Kentucky Breeding Birds																		
ABNJB10150*002	Anas clypeata	Northern Shoveler	G5	S1	Е		Y	1989	-07-17	S	D	Warren	Woodburn	365207N	0863013W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	McElroy Lake.	Nests occasionally in temporary karst lakes in open agricultural land.
ABNJB10130*002	Anas discors	Blue-winged Teal	G5	S1S2B	T		Y	1998	-07-17	S	С	Warren	Woodburn	365206N	0863014W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	McElroy Lake or 'Rich Pond'; southern part of county, just E of KY 884, 1.5 mi SW of Rich Pond.	Marshes, ponds, sloughs, lakes and sluggish streams. In migration and when not breeding, in both freshwater and brackish situations (B83COM01NA).
ABNJB10130*003	Anas discors	Blue-winged Teal	G5	S1S2B	T		Y	1997	-07-14	S	C	Warren	Woodburn	365223N	0863222W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Chaney Lake, W of US 31W, 2 mi N of Woodburn.	
ABNJB10130*005	Anas discors	Blue-winged Teal	G5	S1S2B	T		Y	1989	-06-06	S	D	Simpson	Woodburn	364849N	0863616W	05110002350 - Gasper River	Ca 3.35 mi NW of Salmons, on E side of Adams Road, ca 0.35 mi S of jet KY 621.	
ABPBX96010*050	Chondestes grammacus	Lark Sparrow	G5	\$2\$3B	Ť		Y	1968-	-06-09	М	н	Warren	Polkville	365308N	0861945W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Vicinity of Alvaton, along Goshen Road, nr jct w/ H.E. Johnson Road ca 2.0 air mi ENE of town (Iron Bridge BBS Route, Stop 41) (050 A) and along Bays Fork Road, ca 1.5 mi NE of town (Iron Bridge BBS Route, Stop 42) (050B).	Open situations with scattered bushes and trees, prairie, forest edge, cultivated areas, orchards, fields with bushy borders, and savanna (B83COM01NA).
ABPBX96010*052	Chondestes grammacus	Lark Sparrow	G5	\$2\$3B	T		Y	1998-	-07-23	М	E	Warren	Rockfield	365239N	0863415W	05110002350 - Gasper River	West side Old Downing (Vance) Road, O.7 rd mi N jct KY 240.	

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	E LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
ABPBG10010*009	Cistothorus platensis	Sedge Wren	G5	S3B	S			Y	1989-summer	S	E	Warren	Woodburn	365153N	0863053W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	McElroy Farm.	Grasslands and savanna, especially where wet or boggy, sedge marshes, locally in dry cultivated grainfields. In migration and winter also in brushy grasslands. (B83COM01NA)
ABNME14020*001	Fulica americana	American Coot	G5	SIB	E			Y	1939	M	Н	Warren	Woodburn Drake Rockfield	365206N	0863014W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	McElroy or Rich Pond Lake, just E of SR-884, approx 1.5 mi SE of Rich Pond.	Freshwater lakes, ponds, marshes, and larger rivers, wintering also on brackish estuaries and bays. Also on land bordering these habitats.
ABNME14020*002	Fulica americana	American Coot	G5	S1B	E			Y	1950-summer	М	Н	Warren	Woodburn Rockfield	365223N	0863222W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Chaney Lake, just W of US-31W, 2 mi N of Woodburn.	
ABNME13010*001	Gallinula chloropus	Common Moorhen	G5	\$1\$2B	T			Y	1935-08-06	М	Н	Warren	Woodburn Drake Rockfield	365206N	0863014W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	McElroy Lake, approx. 1 mi S of Rich Pond.	Freshwater marshes, canals, quiet rivers, lakes, ponds, mangroves, primarily in areas of emergent vegetation and grassy borders; taro patches in HI.
ABNJB20010*007	Lophodytes cucullatus	Hooded Merganser	G5	\$1\$2B \$3\$4N				Y	1997-06-05	S	С	Warren	Woodburn	365223N	0863222W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Chaney Lake, W of US 31W, ca 10.0 mi S of Bowling Green.	Streams, lakes, swamps, marshes, and estuaries; winters mostly in freshwater but also regularly in estuaries and sheltered bays (B83COM01NA).
ABNGA13010*002	Nyctanassa violacea	Yellow-crowned Night-heron	G5	S2B	Т			Y	1949-04-13	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South	365602N	0862703W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	Lowland Woods about 4 mi S of Bowling Green.	Marshes, swamps, lakes, lagoons, and mangroves.

Standard Occurrence Report

KSNPC Monitored Birds and Mammals within a 10-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLI	E LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
ABNCA02010*006	Podilymbus podiceps	Pied-billed Grebe	G5	\$1B,\$4 N	E		Y	1989-07-04	S	D	Warren	Woodburn	365206N	0863014W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Ravine [low area/ditch] of McElroy Lake.	Lakes, ponds, sluggish streams, and marshes; also in brackish bays and estuaries in migration and when not breeding.
ABNCA02010*008	Podilymbus podiceps	Pied-billed Grebe	G5	S1B,S4 N	E		Y	1998-08-08	S	С	Warren	Rockfield Woodburn	365230N	0863225W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Chaney Lake.	
ABPBG07010*016	Thryomanes bewickii	Bewick's Wren	G5	\$3B	S SOI	MC	Y	1987-	М	E	Warren	Bowling Green South	365845N	0862422W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	Northeast Block of quadrangle.	Brushy areas, thickets and scrub in open country, open and riparian woodland, and chaparral, more commonly in arid regions but locally also in humid areas (subtropical and temperate zones) (B83COM01NA). Found in country towns and farms.
ABPBG07010*020	Thryomanes bewickii	Bewick's Wren	G5	S3B	s soi	MC	Y	1991-06-10	S	E	Simpson	Drake	364839N	0862915W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	Circa 1.25 air mi NNW of Hiseville.	
ABNSA01010*039	Tyto alba	Barn Owl	G5	S3	S		Y	2004-06-09	S	E	Warren	Bowling Green South	365249N	0862508W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Vicinity of Plano.	
Mammals																	
AMACC01040*124	Myotis grisescens	Gray Myotis	G3	\$2	T L	E	Y	2005-07-21	S	E	Warren	Bowling Green South Bowling Green North	365959N	0862907W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Jennings Creek, ca 0.5 air mi E of Glen Lily Road.	

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Extant in Kentucky

Mammals

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGI		LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
AMACC01040*043	Myotis grisescens	Gray Myotis	G3	S2	Т	LE		Y	2006-06	S	A	Simpson	Woodburn	CONTAC KSNPC	T CONTACT KSNPC	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	SENSITIVE ELEMENT- CONTACT KSNPC	Gray bats use primarily caves throughout the year, although they move from one cave to another seasonally. Males and young of the year use different caves in summer than females.
AMACC01040*087	Myotis grisescens	Gray Myotis	G3	S2	T	LE		Y	2000-06-14	S	D	Warren	Allen Springs	CONTAC KSNPC	T CONTACT KSNPC	05110002340 - Trammel Creek	SENSITIVE ELEMENT- CONTACT KSNPC	

Page 1 of 6 12/21/2007

Standard Occurrence Report
KSNPC Monitored Elements within a 1-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
Extant in Kentucky Vascular Plants																	
PDFAB0D020*009	Apios priceana	Price's Potato-bean	G2	SI	Е	LT		1920-07-31	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Bowling Green North Polkville Rockfield Bristow	365847N	0862558W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002190 - Barren River Lake	Near Bowling Green.	Rocky limestone open wooded slopes and floodplain edges among mixed hardwoods.
PMPON03030*001	Heteranthera limosa	Blue Mud-plantain	G5	\$2\$3	S		Y	1968-10-18	G	Н	Warren	Rockfield Woodburn Drake Bowling Green South	365424N	0863051W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002350 - Gasper River	ON FARM ALONG US 31W, CA 5.0 MI S OF BOWLING GREEN.	Sloughs, pond margins and mud flats.
PDBRA1L060*007	Leavenworthia torulosa	Necklace Gladecress	G4	S2	Т			1970-04-13	G	Н	Warren Simpson Logan	Woodburn Drake Auburn Rockfield Bowling Green South	365132N	0863208W	05110002240 - Lick Creek\Hickory Flat 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002350 - Gasper River 05110002190 - Barren River Lake	ABOUT 15 KM SW OF BOWLING GREEN ON US-31W,	Limestone glades and othe thin-soil areas where limestone bedrock is at or near surface, holding wate in spring.
PDFAB40210*014	Trifolium reflexum	Buffalo Clover	G3G4	S1S2	E		Y	1910-	G	Н	Warren	Rockfield Bowling Green South Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Hadley	365904N	0862624W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002350 - Gasper River	BOWLING GREEN.	Prairies and disturbed openings either associated with forests or opportunistically in fields or well-drained sites.

Freshwater Mussels

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	E LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	навітат
IMBIV02040*023	Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	G4	S2	T SOMO		Y	1927-08-26	G	H	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Drake Allen Springs	365343N	0862253W	05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002200 - Bays Fork	DRAKES CREEK, 7.0 MI S OF BOWLING GREEN.	Occurs in large to medium size streams but more typical of smaller streams (Buchanan 1980, Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Oesch 1984, Parmalee 1967, Wilson and Clark 1914). Sometimes found in lakes connected to rivers. Parmalee (1967) reported the preferred habitat to be small streams with good current sand or gravel bottoms, and depth of several inches to two feet. Buchanan (1980) found this species to be common in gravel and cobble substrate in 2 to 18 inches of water, Neel and Allen (1964) found this species to be more abundant in the mainstream Cumberland River than in small streams.
IMBIV02040*058	Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	G4	S2	T SOMO		Y	1988-12-20-pre	M	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville	365606N	0862332W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK 5 MI SE OF BOWLING GREEN.	
IMBIV16190*097	Epioblasma triquetra	Snuffbox	G3	SI	E SOMO		Y	1927-08-24	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Allen Springs Bowling Green North Drake Polkville Bristow	365606N	0862332W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKES CREEK, 5 MI SE OF BOWLING GREEN.	Occurs in medium-sized streams to large rivers generally on mud, rocky, gravel, or sand substrates in flowing water (Baker 1928, Buchanan 1980, Johnson 1978, Murrary and Leonard 1962, Parmalee 1967). Often deeply buried in substrate and overlooked by collectors.

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
IMBIV17120*018	Fusconaia subrotunda	Longsolid	G3	S3	S			Y	1927-	G	Н	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER, 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	Gravel bars and deep pools in large rivers and large to medium-sized streams (Ahlstedt 1984, Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Neel and Allen 1964, Parmalee 1967).
IMBIV35060*003	Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	G2	SI	E	LE		Y	1927-08-27	G	Н	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN R, 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	This species is an inhabitant of small streams and rivers (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944; Ortmann 1919,1925), although in Kentucky it is known from moderately large rivers. Often deeply buried in the substrate and consequently difficult to find (Watters 1987).
IMBIV39041*007	Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica	Rabbitsfoot	G3T3	S2	Т	SOMC		Y	1927-08-27	G	Н	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Вагтеп River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BARREN RIVER 4 MI E OF BOWLING GREEN.	Small to large rivers with sand, gravel, and cobble and moderate to swift current, sometimes in deep water (Parmalee 1967, Bogan and Parmalee 1983).
IMBIV43030*002	Toxolasma lividus	Purple Lilliput	G2	SI	Е	SOMC		Y	1927-08-25	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Drake Allen Springs	365343N	0862253W	05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002200 - Bays Fork 05110002190 - Barren River Lake	DRAKES CREEK, 7 MI S BOWLING GREEN.	Small to medium-sized streams (Goodrich and Van Der Schalie 1944, Parmalee 1967, Stansbery 1976, Lauritsen 1987). Parmalee (1967) reported its occurrence on mud but related that sand or fine gravel beds in shallow running water was the preferred habitat.

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	USESA	OTHER STATUS	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	HABITAT
IMBIV47100*003	Villosa ortmanni	Kentucky Creekshell	G2	S2	Т :	SOMC		Y	1927-08-25	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Drake Allen Springs	365343N	0862253W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002200 - Bays Fork 05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002340 - Trammel Creek	Drakes Creek, 7 mi S of Bowling Green.	Free-flowing, upland rivers that range in size from small (1st order) spring fed streams to the Green River (Cicerello 1994). Many flow permanently, but others sometimes have no flow. Substrates range from cobble and boulder with mixed gravel and sand over bedrock to clayeymud. Depths range from less than 6 inches to more than 2 meters.
IMBIV47100*004	Villosa ortmanni	Kentucky Creekshell	G2	S2	Т 5	SOMC		Y	1927-08-27	G	х	Warren	Polkville Bristow Bowling Green North Bowling Green South	365856N	0862204W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	Barren River, 4 mi E of Bowling Green.	
Fishes																		
AFCJB15010*004	Hybopsis amnis	Pallid Shiner	G4	S1	E	SOMC		Y	1955-07-21	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South Hadley Rockfield	370034N	0862818W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002350 - Gasper River 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	LARGE SPRING IN JENNINGS CREEK.	Sandy and silty pools of medium to large rivers (Page and Burr 1991).
AFCQC04120*011	Percina macrocephala	Longhead Darter	G3	S1	Е :	SOMC		Y	1890-	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South Bristow Hadley Polkville Rockfield	370044N	0862509W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BIG BARREN RIVER, 0.75 MI. NE. OF BOWLING GREEN.	Clear, upland streams and rivers with moderate current, over clean substrates, often above and below riffles (Kuehne and Barbour 1983, Page 1983, Burr and Warren 1986).

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER	IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE	LAT	LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	навітат
AFCQC04120*022	Percina macrocephala	Longhead Darter	G3	SI	E SOM	ИC	Y	1890-08-02	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Bristow Drake Allen Springs Bowling Green North	365606N	0862332W	05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKE CREEK, 8 MI SE OF BOWLING GREEN, JUST BELOW THE SHAKER MILL, AND ABOUT 5 MI FROM MOUTH AT BIG BARREN RIVER.	Clear, upland streams and rivers with moderate current, over clean substrates, often above and below riffles (Kuehne and Barbour 1983, Page 1983, Burr and Warren 1986).
AFCJB30050*011	Phenacobius uranops	Stargazing Minnow	G4	\$2\$3	S		?	1890-08-02	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South Polkville Bristow Drake Allen Springs Bowling Green North	365606N	0862332W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002340 - Trammel Creek 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	DRAKE CREEK 8 MI SE OF BOWLING GREEN, JUST BELOW THE SHAKER MILL, AND ABOUT 5 MI FROM THE POINT WHERE THIS CREEK FLOWS INTO BIG BARREN RIVER.	Inhabits medium-size streams to small rivers with high gradient, permanent flow, clear water, and pebble and gravel substrates (Burr and Warren 1986).
AFCJB30050*018	Phenacobius uranops	Stargazing Minnow	G4	\$2\$3	S		Y	1890-08-01	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green North Bowling Green South Bristow Hadley Polkville Rockfield	370044N	0862509W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	BIG BARREN RIVER 0.75 MI NE OF BOWLING GREEN.	
AFCLA04010*009	Typhlichthys subterraneus	Southern Cavefish	G4	\$2\$3	s son	MC	Y	1957-pre	G	Н	Warren Simpson	Woodburn Rockfield Drake Bowling Green South	365209N	0863051W	05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek 05110002240 - Lick Creek\Hickory Flat 05110002350 - Gasper River 05110002190 - Barren River Lake	RICH POND.	Subterranean waters where limestone bedrocks are honeycombed by subsurface drainages. Occurs in cave streams, most frequently over mixed gravel, sand, and mud, or rubble substrates and may occur at springs and wells (Cooper 1980, Cooper and Beiter 1972, Pflieger 1975, Starnes and Etnier 1980, Burr and Warren 1986).

KSNPC Monitored Elements within a 1-mile radius of the Proposed Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Interchange Project (Warren County)

EOCODE	SNAME	SCOMNAME	GRANK	SRANK	SPROT	OTHER STATUS IDENT	LASTOB	PREC	EORANK	COUNTY	7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLI		LONG	EPA WATERBODY	DIRECTIONS	НАВІТАТ
Breeding Birds														3		
ABNGA13010*002	Nyctanassa violacea	Yellow-crowned Night-heron	G5	S2B	T	Y	1949-04-13	G	Н	Warren	Bowling Green South	365602N	0862703W	05110002190 - Barren River Lake 05110002220 - West Fork of Drakes Creek	Lowland Woods about 4 mi S of Bowling Green.	Marshes, swamps, lakes, lagoons, and mangroves.

SENSITIVE ELEMENTS: Locational information for sensitive plants, animals, and natural communities, if released by the Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission, may not be released in any document or correspondence. Please refer to the Data License Agreement for a full description of rights and restrictions.

Extant in Kentucky

Insects

IICOL4EBQ0*001	Pseudanophthalmus transfluvialis	A Cave Obligate Beetle	G1G2 S1S2 S	Y 1985-pre	M U Warren	Bowling Green CONTACT CONTACT 05110002190 - Barren SENSITIVE South KSNPC KSNPC River Lake CONTACT	
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ailing Title	Letter Title	First Name	Last Name		Suffix Title	Organization	Address1	Address2	City	State	
r.	Mr.	Phillip	Braden		District Office Manager	Memphis Airports District Office, Federal Aviation Administration	2862 Business Park Drive Building G		Memphis	TN	38118-1555
	Sir and/or Madam					American Association of Truckers		P.O. Box 487	Benton	KY	42025
	Sir and/or Madam					Delta Regional Authority	236 Sharkey Avenue, Suite 400		Clarksdale	MS	38614
	Mr.	Edward W.	Tonini	Х	Brigadier General	Department of Military Affairs	Boone Nat'l Guard Ctr., 100 Minuteman Pky.		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Jamie	Link		Acting Commissioner	Department of Parks	10th Floor, Capital Plaza Tower	500 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	George	Crothers	Х	Director, Office of State Archaeology	Dept. of Anthropology, University of Kentucky	211 Lafferty Hall		Lexington	KY	40506-0024
	Mr.	William	Straw	Х	, Ph.D. Regional Environmental Officer	Federal Emergency Management Agency, Region IV	3003 Chamblee-Tucker Road		Atlanta	GA	30341-4130
	Mr.	Jack	Fish	Х	President	Kentuckians for Better Transportation	10332 Bluegrass Parkway		Louisville	KY	40299
	Sir and/or Madam					Kentuckians for The Commonwealth	105 Reams Street	P.O. Box 1450	London	KY	40743
	Ms.	Janie	Miller	х	Secretary	Cabinet for Health and Family Services	275 East Main		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Randall	Royer	Х	,	Kentucky Airport Zoning Commission	Capital City Airport	90 Airport Road, Building 400	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr	Bob	Arnold	X		Kentucky Association of Counties	380 King's Daughters Drive	50 / Import reddu, Building 400	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr	Dave	Adkisson	×	President President	Kentucky Chamber of Commerce Executives, Inc.	464 Chenault Road		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr			- ^-	1						40601
	IVIT.	Richie	Farmer	Х		Kentucky Department of Agriculture	32 Fountain Place		Frankfort	KY	
	Mr.	Bruce	Scott		Commissioner	Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection	300 Fair Oaks Lane		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Dr.	Jonathan	Gassett	Х		Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources	1 Sportsman's Lane		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Ms.	Susan	Bush	Х	Commissioner	Kentucky Department of Nat'l. Resources	#2 Hudson Hollow		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Stephen A.	Coleman	Х	Director	Kentucky Department of Nat'l. Resources, Division of Conservation	#2 Hudson Hollow		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Rodney	Brewer	Х	Commissioner	Kentucky Department of State Police	919 Versailles Road		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Paul	Rothman	Х	Director	Division of Mine Reclamation and Enforcement	# 2 Hudson Hollow		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Chase	Foster		President	Kentucky Disabilities Coalition		P.O. Box 1589	Frankfort	KY	40602-1589
	Mr.	John	Lyons	х	Director	Kentucky Division of Air Quality	803 Schenkel Lane		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Ms.	Leah W.	MacSwords	X	Director	Kentucky Division of Forestry	627 Comanche Trail		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Greg	Howard	X		Kentucky Devision of Polestry Kentucky Department of Vehicle Enforcement	125 Holmes Street, 3rd Floor	<u> </u>	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr	Tony	Hatton					+	Frankfort	KY	40622
	19113			X		Kentucky Division of Waste Management	14 Reilly Road				
	Ms.	Sandy	Gruzesky	X		Kentucky Division of Water	14 Reilly Road	200 W+ D.	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	John	Hindman	Х		Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development	Old Capitol Annex	300 West Broadway	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Jim	Cobb	Х	State Geologist & Director	Kentucky Geological Survey, University of Kentucky	228 Mining and Mineral Resources Bldg.		Lexington	KY	40506
	Ms.	Donna M.	Neary	х	Executive Director & State Historic Preservation Officer	Kentucky Heritage Council	300 Washington Street		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Kent	Whitworth	Х	Executive Director	Kentucky Historical Society	100 W. Broadway		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Mike	Mangeot		Preseident/CEO	Kentucky Association of Economic Development	2225 Lawrenceburg Road, Bldg. B., Suite 4		Frankfort	KY	40601-8489
	Ms.	Sylvia L.	Lovely	Х	Executive Director	Kentucky League of Cities, Inc.	101 East Vine Street, Ste. 600		Lexington	KY	40507
	Mr.	Jamie	Fipke		President/CEO	Kentucky Motor Transport Association	617 Shelby Street		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Robert D.	Vance	х		Kentucky Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet	Capital Plaza Tower, 5th Floor		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Donald S.	Dott	Х		Kentucky Nature Preserves	801 Schenkel Lane		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Ms.	Vickie	Bourne	X		Kentucky Office of Transportation Delivery	Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor	200 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40622
	Mar.	Beecher	Hudson	X		Kentucky Public Transit Association	c/o Louisville Red Cross	P.O. Box 1675	Louisville	KY	40022
	IVII.	Deecriei	Huuson	Х				P.O. BOX 1675			
	Sir and/or Madam		0		President	Kentucky Tourism Council	612B Shelby Street	500.14	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Ms.	Marcheta	Sparrow	Х	Secretary	Kentucky Commerce Cabinet	Capital Plaza Tower, 24th Floor	500 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Allan	Frank	Х		KYTC, Division of Structural Design	Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor	200 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40622
	Ms.	Greta	Smith	Х	Director	KYTC, Division of Construction	Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor	200 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40622
	Mr.	David	Waldner	Х	Director	KYTC, Division of Environmental Analysis	Transportation Office Building, 5th Floor	200 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40622
	Mr.	Bill	Broyles	Х	Branch Manager	KYTC, Geotechnical Branch	1236 Wilkinson Boulevard		Frankfort	KY	40601-1200
	Mr.	Duane	Thomas	Х	Director	KYTC, Division of Traffic Operations	Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor	200 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40622
	Mr.	Tom	Napier	Х	Branch Manager	KYTC, Permits Branch	Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor	200 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40622
	Ms.	Tiffani	Jackson			KYTC, Office of Special Programs	Transportation Office Building, 6th Floor	200 Mero Street	Frankfort	KY	40622
	Ms.	Helen	Mountjoy	х	Secretary	Education Cabinet	Capital Plaza Tower, 2nd Floor	200 more en ee	Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr	James	Aldridge	X	,	Nature Conservancy - Kentucky Chapter	642 West Main Street		Lexington	KY	40508
	Mr	Keith P.	Eiken	X			042 West Main Street	D. O. Boy 2646		KY	
	IVII.			X		Scenic Kentucky	ILO EDA Desies O	P. O. Box 2646	Louisville		40201
	IVII.	William	Arguto	 	NEPA Team Leader	Environmental Programs Branch	U.S. EPA Region 3	1650 Arch Street	Philadelphia	PA	19103
	Sir and/or Madam	1		Х	 	Sierra Club	259 West Short Street		Lexington	KY	40507
	Mr.	Kenneth A.	Westlake	<u> </u>	Chief	National Envronmental Policy Act Implementation Section	Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance, U.S. EPA Region 5	77 W. Jackson Boulevard	Chicago	IL	60604
	Mr.	Heinz	Mueller		Attorney	U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4 Office	Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center	61 Forsyth St. SW	Atlanta	GA	30303
	Mr.	Michael D.	Hubbs	Х	State Conservationist	U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service	711 Corporate Drive, Suite 110		Lexington	KY	40503
•						U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Serv., Center for Disease Control,	Mail Stop F-16	4770 Buford Highway, N.E.			
	Mr.	Kenneth W.	Holt	1		Emergency And Environmental Health Services Division		1	Atlanta	GA	30341-3724
	Mr.	Lee	Andrews	1	Field Supervisor	U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service	330 W. Broadway, Suite 264		Frankfort	KY	40601
	Mr.	Roger	Wiebusch	1	Bridge Administrator	United States Coast Guard, Bridge Branch	1222 Spruce Street		St. Louis	MO	63103
Honorable	Senator	Jim	Bunning	х	l i i	United States Coast Guard, Bridge Branch United States Senate	316 Hart Senate Office Building	+	Washington	DC	20510
Honorable	Senator	Mitch	McConnell	Û	United States Senator	United States Senate United States Senate	361-A Russell Senate Office Building	+	Washington	DC	20510
IUIUIADIE				X				+		_	
-1	Mr.	Thomas M.	Hunter	X	Executive Director	Appalachian Regional Commission	1666 Connecticut Ave., NW		Washington	DC	20235
el	Colonel	William	Howard	<u> </u>	Executive Director	Kentucky Association of Riverports, Henderson County Riverport	6200 Riverport Rd.		Henderson	KY	42420
el	Colonel	Dana R.	Hurst	↓	Commander	U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntington District	502 Eighth Street		Huntington	WV	25701-2070
el	Colonel		Midkiff	Х		U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Louisville District		P.O. Box 59	Louisville	KY	4020
el	Colonel	Charles O.	Smithers	Х	III District Engineer	U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Memphis District	167 N. Main Street		Memphis	TN	38103-1894
lonel	Lt. Colonel	Steven	Roemhildt	Х		U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Nashville District		P.O. Box 1070	Nashville	TN	37202-1070
lonorable	Congressman	John	Yarmouth	х	· · · · ·	U. S. House of Representatives	1004 Longworth House Office Building		Washington	DC	2051
Ionorable	Congressman	Ben	Chandler	X		U. S. House of Representatives	1117 Longworth House Office Building		Washington	DC	2051
Ionorable	Congressman	Ken	Lucas	X		U. S. House of Representatives	1237 Longworth House Office Building		Washington	DC	2051
Honorable		Ed	Whitfield			U. S. House of Representatives	236 Cannon House Office Building	+		DC	2051
	Congressman			X				+	Washington		
Honorable	Congressman	Harold	Rogers	Х		U. S. House of Representatives	2406 Rayburn House Office Building		Washington	DC	2051
Honorable	Congressman	Ron	Lewis	Х	United States Representative - District 2	U. S. House of Representatives	2418 Rayburn House Office Building		Washington	DC	2051
		I		1		U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development, Ky. Louisville Field					
	Ms.	Krista	Mills	Х	Field Office Director	Office	601 West Broadway		Louisville	KY	40202
	Ms.	Pamela	Rice		Kentucky Division Administrator	Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration	300 West Broadway, Suite 264		Frankfort	KY	40601
			Lally		Executive Director	Kentucky Household Goods Carrier Association Inc.	P.O. Box 22204		Louisville	KY	40252-0204

r	Mr.	Tony	Reck	Х		President & CEO, P& L Railway, Inc.	Kentucky State Rail Association	1500 Kentucky Avenue		Paducah	KY	42003
	Ms.	Linda Strite	Murnane	х		Executive Director	Kentucky Commission on Human Rights	332 West Broadway, Suite 700		Louisville	KY	40202
	Mr.	Steve	Suder			Planning Team Leader	FHWA - Eastern Federal Lands Highway Division	21400 Ridgetop Circle		Sterling	VA	20166
	Sir and/or Madam			х		Planning Staff Officer	U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Forest Service, Daniel Boone Nat'l Forest	1700 Bypass Rd.		Winchester	KY	40391 Y/
	Ms.	Vicki	Fitch			Executive Director	Bowling Green Area Convention & Visitors Bureau	352 Three Springs Road		Bowling Green	KY	42104
	Mr.	Jim	Goff			Principal	Lost River Elementary School	450 Modern Way		Bowling Green	KY	42101
	Mr.	Shawn	Holland			Principal	Rich Pond Elementary School	530 Rich Pond Road		Bowling Green		42104
	Ms.	Stephanie	Martin			Principal	Natcher Elementary School	1434 Cave Mill Road		Bowling Green	KY	42104
	Ms.	Melissa	Stephanski			Principal	Plano Elementary School	2650 Plano Road		Bowling Green	KY	42104
eral	General	Dan	Cherry			Aviation Heritage Park Director	Aviation Heritage Park	P.O. Box 1526		Bowling Green		42102
	Mr.	Gerry	Brown			Bowling Green Fire Chief	Bowling Green Fire Department	1636 Media Drive		Bowling Green		42101
	Mr.	Bill	Waltrip			Bowling Green Police Chief	3	1019 Highland Way		Bowling Green	KY	42104
	Mr.	John	Osborne			Campus Services & Facilities	Western Kentucky University	1906 College Heights Blvd. # 11019		Bowling Green		42101
	Mr.	Bob	Javnes			Department of Agriculture	Western Kentucky University	1906 College Heights Blvd. # 11096		Bowling Green		42101
	Dr.	Jack	Rudolph			Department of Agriculture	Western Kentucky University	1906 College Heights Blvd. # 11096		Bowling Green		42101
	Mr.	Jeff	Moore			Division of Planning	Kentucky Transportation Cabinet	900 Morgantown Rd	P.O. Box 599	Bowling Green		2102-0599.
	Mr.	Jim	Askins	1 1	,	Field Representative	Total Say Transportation Outsing	423 Frederica Street	1.0. 500 000		KY	42301
	Ms.	Phyllis	Causev	+ +		Field Representative		1001 Center Street. Suite 300		Bowling Green		42101
	Ms	Leann	Crosby			Field Representative		241 E. Main Street, Rm. 102		Bowling Green		42101
	Ms.	Anna Carvl	Guffv	+++		Field Representative		1100 S. Main Street, Rift. 102			KY	42240
	Ms	Sandy	Simpson			Field Representative		Monroe County Courthouse, 2nd Floor			KY	42167
	Mr	Josh	Moore			Greenways Coordinator	City - County Planning Commission	I1141 State Street		Bowling Greer		42101
	Mr	Mike	Buchanon			Judge Executive	ony county r animing commission	429 East Tenth Street		Bowling Green		42101
	Sir and/or Madam	IVIIICO	Daonanon	+ +		LD Brown Agriculture Exposition Center	Western Kentucky University	406 Elrod Road		Bowling Green		42104
	Ms.	Elaine	Walker	+ +		Mayor	City of Bowling Green	P.O. Box 430		Bowling Green		42102
	Ms	Jennifer	Tougas			Parking & Transportation Services	Western Kentucky University	1906 College Heights Blvd. # 11096		Bowling Green		42101
	Ms.	Jody	Richards	+ +		Representative	Western Rentacky University	817 Culpeper Street		Bowling Green		42103
	Mr	Johnny	Rell			Representative		108 North Green Street			KY	42141
	Mr	Rob	Wilkey			Representative		220 N. Homestead Court			KY	42164
	Mr	Brett	Guthrie			Senator		1005 Wrenwood Drive		Bowling Green		42103
	Mr.	Dale	Brown	+		Superintendent		303 Lover's Lane	P.O. Box 51810	Bowling Green		42103
	Mr	Ron	Lewis			The Honorable		1001 Center Street. Suite 300	F.O. BOX 51810	Bowling Green		42101
	Mr	Eddie	Beck	-		Warren County Magistrate		2307 Grandview Court		Bowling Green		42101
	Mr	Robert	Donoho	-						Bowling Green		42101
				_		Warren County Magistrate		495 Hayes Road				
	Mr.	Tom	Hunt	_		Warren County Magistrate		518 Smith Grove-Klnd. Road		Smiths Grove		42171
		James	Kaelin			Warren County Magistrate		712 Newberry Street		Bowling Green		42103
	Mr.	Richard	Morgan			Warren County Magistrate		117 E 11 Avenue		Bowling Green		42101
	Mr.	Terry	Young	+		Warren County Magistrate		3424 Montgomery Way		Bowling Green		42104
	Mr.	Jerry	Gaines			Warren County Sheriff		429 East Tenth Street		Bowling Green		42101
onorable	Congressman	Jim	Bunning	\perp			United States Senate	1100 S. Main Street, Suite 12			KY	42240
	Mr.	Joe	Denning	\perp			Bowling Green City Commission	1001 College Street		Bowling Green		42101
onorable	Congressman	Mitch	McConnell					241 E. Main Street, Rm. 102		Bowling Green		42101
	Mr.	Phil	Moore	\perp			Warren County Parks and Recreation	2055 Three Springs Road		Bowling Green		42104
	Mr.	Brian	Nash				Bowling Green City Commission	1001 College Street		Bowling Green		42101
	Mr.	John	Odom				Warren County Transportation Dept.	800 Brookwood Drive		Bowling Green		42101
	Mr.	Jerry	Riney				Holy Spirit Catholic Church	2232 Smallhouse Road		Bowling Green		42104
	Mr.	Brian	Strow				Bowling Green City Commission	638 E Main Street		Bowling Green		42101
lonorable	Congressman	Ed	Whitfield					1403 S. Main Street			KY	42240
	Mr.	Bruce	Wilkerson				Bowling Green City Commission	1001 College Street		Bowling Green	KY	42101
	Sir and/or Madam						Alvaton Volunteer Fire Department	122 Jfs Circle		Bowling Green	KY	42104
	Sir and/or Madam						Trinity Free Will Baptist Church	4550 Smallhouse Road		Bowling Green	KY	42104
	Sir and/or Madam						Calvary Baptist Church	3011 Elrod Road		Bowling Green	KY	42104
	Sir and/or Madam						Bowling Green KOA	1960 Three Springs Road		Bowling Green	KY	42104

NOTES:

Use ADD lists from Local Officials & Local Agencies Mtgs. For the last column in this spread sheet 'send' the Y is always sent. Y/N a decision has to be made of who to send it to.

Also Send: State Senator(s)

State Representative(s)
County Judge(s)

Mayor(s)

Other Local Officials Local Agencies Send CCs:

Jose Sepulveda John Ballantyne

Chief District Engineer(s)

C.O. Project Management Coordinator District Planning Branch Manager District Design Branch Manager

ADD(s) Consultant

Appendix D

Mr. Phillip Braden, Memphis Airports District Office, Federal Aviation Administration 2862 Business Park Drive Building G Memphis TN 38118-1555

American Association of Truckers P.O. Box 487 Benton KY 42025 Delta Regional Authority 236 Sharkey Avenue, Suite 400 Clarksdale MS 38614

Mr. Edward W. Tonini, Department of Military Affairs Boone Nat'l Guard Ctr., 100 Minuteman Pky. Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Jamie Link, Department of Parks 10th Floor, Capital Plaza Tower 500 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. George Crothers, Dept. of Anthropology, University of Kentucky 211 Lafferty Hall Lexington KY 40506-0024

Mr. William Straw, Ph.D., Federal Emergency Management Agency, Region IV 3003 Chamblee-Tucker Road Atlanta GA 30341-4130 Mr. Jack Fish, Kentuckians for Better Transportation 10332 Bluegrass Parkway Louisville KY 40299 Kentuckians for The Commonwealth 105 Reams Street P.O. Box 1450 London KY 40743

Ms. Janie Miller, Cabinet for Health and Family Services 275 East Main Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Randall Royer, Kentucky Airport Zoning Commission Capital City Airport 90 Airport Road, Building 400 Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Bob Arnold, Kentucky Association of Counties 380 King's Daughters Drive Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Dave Adkisson, Kentucky Chamber of Commerce Executives, Inc. 464 Chenault Road Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Richie Farmer, Kentucky Department of Agriculture 32 Fountain Place Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Bruce Scott, Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection 300 Fair Oaks Lane Frankfort KY 40601

Dr. Jonathan Gassett, Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources 1 Sportsman's Lane Frankfort KY 40601 Ms. Susan Bush, Kentucky Department of Nat'l. Resources #2 Hudson Hollow Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Stephen A. Coleman, Kentucky Department of Nat'l. Resources, Division of Conservation #2 Hudson Hollow Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Rodney Brewer, Kentucky Department of State Police 919 Versailles Road Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Paul Rothman, Division of Mine Reclamation and Enforcement # 2 Hudson Hollow Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Chase Foster, Kentucky Disabilities Coalition P.O. Box 1589 Frankfort KY 40602-1589

Mr. John Lyons, Kentucky Division of Air Quality 803 Schenkel Lane Frankfort KY 40601 Ms. Leah W. MacSwords, Kentucky Division of Forestry 627 Comanche Trail Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Greg Howard, Kentucky Department of Vehicle Enforcement 125 Holmes Street, 3rd Floor Frankfort KY 40622

Mr. Tony Hatton, Kentucky Division of Waste Management 14 Reilly Road Frankfort KY 40601 Ms. Sandy Gruzesky, Kentucky Division of Water 14 Reilly Road Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. John Hindman, Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development Old Capitol Annex 300 West Broadway Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Jim Cobb, Kentucky Geological Survey, University of Kentucky 228 Mining and Mineral Resources Bldg. Lexington KY 40506 Ms. Donna M. Neary, Kentucky Heritage Council 300 Washington Street Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Kent Whitworth, Kentucky Historical Society 100 W. Broadway Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Mike Mangeot, Kentucky Association of Economic Development 2225 Lawrenceburg Road, Bldg. B., Suite 4 Frankfort KY 40601-8489 Ms. Sylvia L. Lovely, Kentucky League of Cities, Inc. 101 East Vine Street, Ste. 600 Lexington KY 40507 Mr. Jamie Fipke, Kentucky Motor Transport Association 617 Shelby Street Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Robert D. Vance, Kentucky Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet Capital Plaza Tower, 5th Floor Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Donald S. Dott, Jr., Kentucky Nature Preserves 801 Schenkel Lane Frankfort KY 40601 Ms. Vickie Bourne, Kentucky Office of Transportation Delivery Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor 200 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40622

Mr. Beecher Hudson, Kentucky Public Transit Association c/o Louisville Red Cross P.O. Box 1675 Louisville KY 40201

Kentucky Tourism Council 612B Shelby Street Frankfort KY 40601 Ms. Marcheta Sparrow, Kentucky Commerce Cabinet Capital Plaza Tower, 24th Floor 500 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Allan Frank, KYTC, Division of Structural Design Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor 200 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40622 Ms. Greta Smith, KYTC, Division of Construction Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor 200 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40622

Mr. David Waldner, KYTC, Division of Environmental Analysis Transportation Office Building, 5th Floor 200 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40622

Mr. Bill Broyles, KYTC, Geotechnical Branch 1236 Wilkinson Boulevard Frankfort KY 40601-1200 Mr. Duane Thomas, KYTC, Division of Traffic Operations Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor 200 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40622 Mr. Tom Napier, KYTC, Permits Branch Transportation Office Building, 3rd Floor 200 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40622

Ms. Tiffani Jackson, KYTC, Office of Special Programs Transportation Office Building, 6th Floor 200 Mero Street Frankfort KY 40622

Ms. Helen Mountjoy, Education Cabinet Capital Plaza Tower, 2nd Floor Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. James Aldridge, Nature Conservancy - Kentucky Chapter 642 West Main Street Lexington KY 40508

Ms. Keith P. Eiken, Scenic Kentucky P. O. Box 2646 Louisville KY 40201 Mr. William Arguto, Environmental Programs Branch U.S. EPA Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia PA 19103

Sierra Club 259 West Short Street Lexington KY 40507

Mr. Kenneth A. Westlake, National Envronmental Policy Act Implementation Section Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance, U.S. EPA Region 5 77 W. Jackson Boulevard Mr. Heinz Mueller, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4 Office Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center 61 Forsyth St. SW Atlanta GA 30303 Mr. Michael D. Hubbs, U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service 711 Corporate Drive, Suite 110 Lexington KY 40503

Mr. Kenneth W. Holt, U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Serv., Center for Disease Control, Emergency And Environmental Health Services Division Mail Stop F-16 4770 Buford Highway, N.E.

Mr. Lee Andrews, U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service 330 W. Broadway, Suite 264 Frankfort KY 40601 Mr. Roger Wiebusch, United States Coast Guard, Bridge Branch 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis MO 63103

The Honorable Jim Bunning, United States Senate 316 Hart Senate Office Building Washington DC 20510 The Honorable Mitch McConnell, United States Senate 361-A Russell Senate Office Building Washington DC 20510 Mr. Thomas M. Hunter, Appalachian Regional Commission 1666 Connecticut Ave., NW Washington DC 20235

Colonel William Howard, Kentucky Association of Riverports, Henderson County Riverport 6200 Riverport Rd. Henderson KY 42420

Colonel Dana R. Hurst, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Huntington District 502 Eighth Street Huntington WV 25701-2070 Colonel Raymond E. Midkiff, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Louisville District P.O. Box 59 Louisville KY 40201

Colonel Charles O. SmithersIII, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Memphis District 167 N. Main Street Memphis TN 38103-1894 Lt. Colonel Steven Roemhildt, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Nashville District P.O. Box 1070 Nashville TN 37202-1070 The Honorable John Yarmouth, U. S. House of Representatives 1004 Longworth House Office Building Washington DC 20515 The Honorable Ben Chandler, U. S. House of Representatives 1117 Longworth House Office Building Washington DC 20515

The Honorable Ken Lucas, U. S. House of Representatives 1237 Longworth House Office Building Washington DC 20515 The Honorable Ed Whitfield, U. S. House of Representatives 236 Cannon House Office Building Washington DC 20515

The Honorable Harold Rogers, U. S. House of Representatives 2406 Rayburn House Office Building Washington DC 20515 The Honorable Ron Lewis, U. S. House of Representatives 2418 Rayburn House Office Building Washington DC 20515 Ms. Krista Mills, U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development, Ky. Louisville Field Office 601 West Broadway Louisville KY 40202

Ms. Pamela Rice, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration 300 West Broadway, Suite 264 Frankfort KY 40601

Mr. Bill Lally, Kentucky Household Goods Carrier Association Inc. P.O. Box 22204 Louisville KY 40252-0204 Mr. Tony Reck, Kentucky State Rail Association 1500 Kentucky Avenue Paducah KY 42003

Ms. Linda Strite Murnane, Kentucky Commission on Human Rights 332 West Broadway, Suite 700 Louisville KY 40202 Mr. Steve Suder, FHWA - Eastern Federal Lands Highway Division 21400 Ridgetop Circle Sterling VA 20166

U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Forest Service, Daniel Boone Nat'l Forest 1700 Bypass Rd. Winchester KY 40391

Ms. Vicki Fitch, Bowling Green Area Convention & Visitors Bureau 352 Three Springs Road Bowling Green KY 42104 Mr. Jim Goff, Lost River Elementary School 450 Modern Way Bowling Green KY 42101 Mr. Shawn Holland, Rich Pond Elementary School 530 Rich Pond Road Bowling Green KY 42104

Ms. Stephanie Martin, Natcher Elementary School 1434 Cave Mill Road Bowling Green KY 42104

Ms. Melissa Stephanski, Plano Elementary School 2650 Plano Road Bowling Green KY 42104

General Dan Cherry, Aviation Heritage Park P.O. Box 1526 Bowling Green KY 42102

Mr. Gerry Brown, Bowling Green Fire Department 1636 Media Drive Bowling Green KY 42101

Mr. Bill Waltrip, 1019 Highland Way Bowling Green KY 42104 Mr. John Osborne, Western Kentucky University 1906 College Heights Blvd. # 11019 Bowling Green KY 42101

Mr. Bob Jaynes, Western Kentucky University 1906 College Heights Blvd. # 11096 Bowling Green KY 42101

Dr. Jack Rudolph, Western Kentucky University 1906 College Heights Blvd. # 11096 Bowling Green KY 42101 Mr. Jeff MooreAICP., Kentucky Transportation Cabinet 900 Morgantown Rd P.O. Box 599 Bowling Green KY 42102-0599.

Mr. Jim Askins, 423 Frederica Street Owensboro KY 42301

Ms. Phyllis Causey, 1001 Center Street, Suite 300 Bowling Green KY 42101 Ms. Leann Crosby, 241 E. Main Street, Rm. 102 Bowling Green KY 42101

Ms. Anna Caryl Guffy, 1100 S. Main Street, Suite 12 Hopkinsville KY 42240

Ms. Sandy Simpson, Monroe County Courthouse, 2nd Floor Tompkinsville KY 42167 Mr. Josh Moore, City - County Planning Commission 1141 State Street Bowling Green KY 42101

Mr. Mike Buchanon, 429 East Tenth Street Bowling Green KY 42101

Western Kentucky University 406 Elrod Road Bowling Green KY 42104 Ms. Elaine Walker, City of Bowling Green P.O. Box 430 Bowling Green KY 42102 Ms. Jennifer Tougas, Western Kentucky University 1906 College Heights Blvd. # 11096 Bowling Green KY 42101

Ms. Jody Richards, 817 Culpeper Street Bowling Green KY 42103 Mr. Johnny Bell, 108 North Green Street Glasgow KY 42141

Mr. Rob Wilkey, 220 N. Homestead Court Scottsville KY 42164 Mr. Brett Guthrie, 1005 Wrenwood Drive Bowling Green KY 42103 Mr. Dale Brown, 303 Lover's Lane P.O. Box 51810 Bowling Green KY 42102

Mr. Ron Lewis, 1001 Center Street, Suite 300 Bowling Green KY 42101 Mr. Eddie Beck, 2307 Grandview Court Bowling Green KY 42101

Mr. Robert Donoho, 495 Hayes Road Bowling Green KY 42103

Mr. Tom Hunt, 518 Smith Grove-Klnd. Road Smiths Grove KY 42171 Mr. James Kaelin, 712 Newberry Street Bowling Green KY 42103

Mr. Richard Morgan, 117 E 11 Avenue Bowling Green KY 42101

Mr. Terry Young, 3424 Montgomery Way Bowling Green KY 42104 Mr. Jerry Gaines, 429 East Tenth Street Bowling Green KY 42101 The Honorable Jim Bunning, United States Senate 1100 S. Main Street, Suite 12 Hopkinsville KY 42240

Mr. Joe Denning, Bowling Green City Commission 1001 College Street Bowling Green KY 42101

The Honorable Mitch McConnell, 241 E. Main Street, Rm. 102 Bowling Green KY 42101 Mr. Phil Moore, Warren County Parks and Recreation 2055 Three Springs Road Bowling Green KY 42104

Mr. Brian Nash, Bowling Green City Commission 1001 College Street Bowling Green KY 42101 Mr. John Odom, Warren County Transportation Dept. 800 Brookwood Drive Bowling Green KY 42101 Mr. Jerry Riney, Holy Spirit Catholic Church 2232 Smallhouse Road Bowling Green KY 42104

Mr. Brian Strow, Bowling Green City Commission 638 E Main Street Bowling Green KY 42101

The Honorable Ed Whitfield, 1403 S. Main Street Hopkinsville KY 42240 Mr. Bruce Wilkerson, Bowling Green City Commission 1001 College Street Bowling Green KY 42101

Alvaton Volunteer Fire Department 122 Jfs Circle Bowling Green KY 42104 Trinity Free Will Baptist Church 4550 Smallhouse Road Bowling Green KY 42104

Calvary Baptist Church 3011 Elrod Road Bowling Green KY 42104

Bowling Green KOA 1960 Three Springs Road Bowling Green KY 42104 «Mailing_Title» «First_Name» «Last_Name» «Suffix», «Title» «Organization» «Address1» «Address2» «City» «State» «Zip»

June 10, 2008

Dear «Letter_Title» «Last_Name»:

Subject: Planning Study, Warren County

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study

Item No. 3-130.00

We are requesting your agency's input and comments on a planning study to determine the need and potential impacts for a proposed highway project. The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet has assembled a study team to evaluate improvements, including the addition of an interchange to Elrod road and the Natcher parkway. The primary goals of this project would be to improve safety and efficiency of travel in the Elrod Road/Smallhouse Road area and provide a better connection for travelers along the existing transportation network to the Natcher Parkway. The study is currently in the initial data-gathering stage with several improvement alternatives developed for the Elrod Road/Smallhouse Road area.

We ask that you identify specific issues or concerns of your agency that could affect the development of the project. This planning study will include a scoping process for the early identification of potential alternatives, environmental issues, and impacts related to the proposed project. We believe that early identification of issues or concerns can potentially minimize negative impacts on alternatives as we move forward. In particular, we are asking that you provide the following information:

- Comments on the project goals or purpose and need for the project,
- Significant issues or concerns in the project area that may need to be addressed so that the project can be adequately scoped,
- Any conservation or development plans your agency or organization has ongoing or is aware of in the project area,
- Locations of any known areas, issues, or resources within the project area that should be considered when developing alternatives so that impacts can be minimized, mitigated, or avoided early in the process, and
- Any mitigation strategies that should be considered in the development of the project. We respectfully ask that you provide us with your comments by June 30, 2008, to ensure timely progress in this planning effort.

During the development of this planning study, comments will be solicited from federal, state, and local agencies, as well as other interested persons and the general public, in accordance with principles set forth in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969. The Federal Highway Administration is partnering with us in these efforts.

Other Transportation Cabinet offices or consultants working on behalf of the Transportation Cabinet may also contact you seeking more detailed data or information to assist them in completing their environmental studies for this phase of the project.

We have enclosed the following project information for your review and comment:

- Study Area Map
- Existing Conditions
- Draft Environmental Overview Natural Environmental
- Draft Environmental Overview
- Preliminary 2007 Traffic Volumes and Levels of Service
- Preliminary Crash Locations and Rates
- Draft Purpose and Need

We appreciate any input you can provide concerning this project. Please direct any comments, questions, or requests for additional information to Jeff Moore of the Division of Planning at (270) 746-7898 or at Jeff.Moore@ky.gov. Please address all written correspondence to Jeff Moore, AICP., Division of Planning, District 3, Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, 900 Morgantown Rd, P.O. Box 599, Bowling Green, KY 42102-0599.

Sincerely,

Jeff Moore, AICP. Division of Planning

DJG/JCW/NH

Enclosures

Jose Sepulveda, FHWA (w/a) Mary Murray, FHWA (w/a) Gene Becker, MPO

Greg Meredith

Steve James

Scott Pedigo

Renee Slaughter

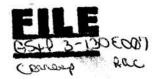
Jim Simpson

Mark Harmon

David Martin

Barry House





KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF FISH & WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMERCE CABINET

Steven L. Beshear Governor #1 Sportsman's Lane Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 Phone (502) 564-3400 1-800-858-1549 Fax (502) 564-0506 fw.ky.gov

Marcheta Sparrow Secretary

Dr. Jonathan W. Gassett Commissioner

January 16, 2008

Rebecca Colvin Third Rock Consultants 2514 Regency Road, Suite 104 Lexington, KY 40503

RE:

Scoping Study for Possible New Interchange at Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Warren County, Kentucky

KYTC Item No. 3-130.00

Dear Ms. Colvin:

The Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources (KDFWR) have received your request for the above-referenced information. The Kentucky Fish and Wildlife Information System (KFWIS) indicate that state/federal threatened and endangered species are known to occur near the project study area (see attached list). Please be aware that our database system is a dynamic one that only represents our current knowledge of the various species distributions. Accordingly we off the following comments:

- The Indiana bat utilizes a wide array of habitats, including riparian forests, upland forest, and fencerows for both summer foraging and roosting habitat. Indiana bats typically roost under exfoliating bark, in cavities of dead and live trees, and in snags (i.e., dead trees or dead portions of live trees). Trees in excess of 16 inches diameter at breast height (DBH) are considered optimal for maternity colony roosts, but trees in excess of 9 inches DBH appear to provide suitable maternity roosting habitat. Removal of suitable Indiana bat roost trees due to construction of the proposed project should be completed between October 15 and March 31 in order to avoid impacting summer roosting Indiana bats. However, if any Indiana bat hibernacula are identified on the project area or are known to occur within 10 miles of the project area, we recommend the applicant only remove trees between November 15 and March 31 in order to avoid impacting Indiana bat "swarming" behavior.
- In areas where bats are known to occur, cave entrances, mine portals, and/or rock shelters that exist within the project area should be surveyed for potential use by such species as gray bats and Indiana bats. KDFWR recommends avoiding those areas that provide adequate habitat for bats.
- To minimize impacts to the aquatic and subterranean resources strict erosion control measures should be developed and
 implemented prior to construction to minimize siltation into streams and karst systems located within the project area. Such
 erosion control measures may include, but are not limited to silt fences, staked straw bales, brush barriers, sediment basins,
 and diversion ditches. Erosion control measures will need to be installed prior to construction and should be inspected and
 repaired regularly as needed.

For more information on how to precede with the threatened/endangered species surveys please contact the US Fish and Wildlife Service Kentucky Field Office at (502) 695-0468.



It appears that the proposed project has the potential to impact wetland habitats. KDFWR recommends that you look at the appropriate US Department of Interior National Wetland Inventory Map (NWI) and the appropriate county soil surveys to determine where the proposed project may impact wetlands. Additionally, field verification may be needed to determine the extent and quality of wetland habitats within the project area. Any planning should include measures designed to eliminate and/or reduce impacts to wetland habitats. If impacts cannot be avoided, mitigation should be properly designed and proposed to offset the losses. KDFWR will recommend, at a minimum, a 2:1 mitigation ratio for any permanent loss or degradation of wetland habitats.

KDFWR recommends that you contact the appropriate US Army Corps of Engineers office and the Kentucky Division of Water prior to any work within the waterways or wetland habitats of Kentucky. Additionally, KDFWR recommends the following for the portions of the project that impact streams:

- Channel changes located within the project area should incorporate natural stream channel design.
- If culverts are used, the culvert should be designed to allow the passage of aquatic organisms.
- Culverts should be designed so that degradation upstream and downstream of the culvert does not occur.
- Development/excavation during low flow period to minimize disturbances.
- Proper placement of erosion control structures below highly disturbed areas to minimize entry of silt into area streams.
- Replanting of disturbed areas after construction, including stream banks, with native vegetation for soil stabilization and enhancement of fish and wildlife populations. We recommend a 100 foot forested buffer along each stream bank.
- Return all disturbed instream habitat to a stable condition upon completion of construction in the area.
- Preservation of any tree canopy overhanging any streams within the project area.

I hope this information proves helpful to you. If you have any questions or require additional information, please call me at (800) 852-0942 Extension 366.

Sincerely,

Doug Dawson Wildlife Biologist III

Attachments

Cc: Environmental Section File



Federal/State listed species for the Study Area.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Federal Status	KSNPC Status
Cyprogenia stegaria	Fanshell	LE	E
Epioblasma obliquata obliquata	Catspaw	LE	E
Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	Northern Riffleshell	LE	E
Lampsilis abrupta	Pink Mucket	LE	E
Myotis grisescens	Gray Myotis	LE	τ
Myotis sodalis	Indiana Bat	LE	E
Pegias fabula	Littlewing Pearlymussel	LE	E
Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	LE	E
Pleurobema plenum	Rough Pigtoe	LE	E

US Fish & Wildlife Service Status:

KY State Nature Preserves Commission Status

N = None

C = Candidate

LT = Listed as Threatened

LE = Listed as Endangered

T = Threatened S = Special Concern

E = Endangered

H = Historic X = Extirpated

N = None



STEVEN L. BESHEAR

GOVERNOR

ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC PROTECTION CABINET

DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

ROBERT D. VANCE SECRETARY

DIVISION OF WATER 14 REILLY ROAD FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40601 www.kentucky.gov

Project # 3-130 EDOT

Folder coresp

PA Initials Rac

20 December 2007

Ms. Rebecca Colvin Third Rock Consultants 2514 Regency Road, Suite 104 Lexington, KY 40503

Subject: Proposed Interchange at Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road, Warren County, KY

Dear Ms.Colvin,

The proposed interchange project in Warren County, KY will not impact any Wild Rivers, Outstanding State Resource Waters or known Exceptional Waters. The National Wetland Inventory maps designate fifteen palustrine wetlands, in the form of ponds and sinkholes, and one lacustrine wetland, a lake. After review of our database, I did not find biological or physicochemical data for the project area. If there are any questions please feel free to call (502-564-3410) or email (john.brumley@ky.gov) me.

Sincerely,

John F. Brumley

Ecological Support Section Water Quality Branch

J. Bung

Division of Water

14 Reilly Rd.

Frankfort, KY 40601

(502) 564-3410

M/F/D



Memphis Airports District Office 2862 Business Park Dr, Bldg G Memphis, TN 38118-1555

Phone: 901-322-8180

December 24, 2008

Mr. Jeff Moore, AICP Division of Planning, District 3 Kentucky Transportation Cabinet 900 Morgantown Rd. P.O. Box 599 Bowling Green, KY 42102-0599

Re: Planning Study, Warren County Elrod Road/ Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Item No. 3-130.00

Dear Mr. Moore:

We have reviewed the information you provided concerning a planning study to evaluate the need and potential impacts for a proposed highway project and an interchange to Elrod road and the Natcher parkway in Warren County, Bowling Green, Kentucky.

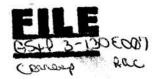
Based on the review of information provided by you and maps in our office, we have concluded that this project is not located within Airport Clear Zones. However, any construction or alteration of more than 200 feet in height above ground level at this site, or any construction or alteration of greater height than an imaginary surface extending outward and upward at 100 to 1 for a horizontal distance of 20,000 feet from the nearest point of the nearest runway of an airport with a runway of more than 3200 feet in length should file a "Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration", FAA Form 7460-1. The closest public use airport according to our records is Bowling Green-Warren County Regional Airport. Please notify our office if any changes should occur from the original project.

Thank you for considering our opinion in your study and if you have any question feel free to call our office at (901) 322-8180.

Sincerely,

James H. Williams Program Manager





KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF FISH & WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMERCE CABINET

Steven L. Beshear Governor #1 Sportsman's Lane Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 Phone (502) 564-3400 1-800-858-1549 Fax (502) 564-0506 fw.ky.gov

Marcheta Sparrow Secretary

Dr. Jonathan W. Gassett Commissioner

January 16, 2008

Rebecca Colvin Third Rock Consultants 2514 Regency Road, Suite 104 Lexington, KY 40503

RE:

Scoping Study for Possible New Interchange at Natcher Parkway and Elrod Road Warren County, Kentucky

KYTC Item No. 3-130.00

Dear Ms. Colvin:

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For more information on how to precede with the threatened/endangered species surveys please contact the US Fish and Wildlife Service Kentucky Field Office at (502) 695-0468.



It appears that the proposed project has the potential to impact wetland habitats. KDFWR recommends that you look at the appropriate US Department of Interior National Wetland Inventory Map (NWI) and the appropriate county soil surveys to determine where the proposed project may impact wetlands. Additionally, field verification may be needed to determine the extent and quality of wetland habitats within the project area. Any planning should include measures designed to eliminate and/or reduce impacts to wetland habitats. If impacts cannot be avoided, mitigation should be properly designed and proposed to offset the losses. KDFWR will recommend, at a minimum, a 2:1 mitigation ratio for any permanent loss or degradation of wetland habitats.

KDFWR recommends that you contact the appropriate US Army Corps of Engineers office and the Kentucky Division of Water prior to any work within the waterways or wetland habitats of Kentucky. Additionally, KDFWR recommends the following for the portions of the project that impact streams:

- Channel changes located within the project area should incorporate natural stream channel design.
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- Culverts should be designed so that degradation upstream and downstream of the culvert does not occur.
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- Return all disturbed instream habitat to a stable condition upon completion of construction in the area.
- Preservation of any tree canopy overhanging any streams within the project area.

I hope this information proves helpful to you. If you have any questions or require additional information, please call me at (800) 852-0942 Extension 366.

Sincerely,

Doug Dawson Wildlife Biologist III

Attachments

Cc: Environmental Section File



Federal/State listed species for the Study Area.

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Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	Northern Riffleshell	LE	E
Lampsilis abrupta	Pink Mucket	LE	E
Myotis grisescens	Gray Myotis	LE	τ
Myotis sodalis	Indiana Bat	LE	E
Pegias fabula	Littlewing Pearlymussel	LE	E
Pleurobema clava	Clubshell	LE	E
Pleurobema plenum	Rough Pigtoe	LE	E

US Fish & Wildlife Service Status:

KY State Nature Preserves Commission Status

N = None

C = Candidate

LT = Listed as Threatened

LE = Listed as Endangered

T = Threatened S = Special Concern

E = Endangered

H = Historic X = Extirpated

N = None

Elrod Interchange Study Resource Agency Comments

Agency	Comment
Agency KY Division of Air Quality	Comment 401 KAR 63:010 and 401 KAR 63:005 would apply during construction of this
KY Division of Water	The groundwater branch recomends that a professional hydrologist or
KT DIVISION OF Water	geohydrologist be utilized to ensure that groundwater in the area will not be
	adversely affected by this project. Kentucky DOT is exempted from the
	requirements for a stream construction permit per KY 151.250. Any excess
	material disposed of outside the DOT right of way and in the regulatory
	floodplain will require a permit.
Natural Preserves Commission	No comment
·	No comment
Waste Management	
Department of Military Affairs/Boone	The Department of Military Affairs cannot identify any issues or concerns
National Guard Center	that affect the development of subject project.
Kentucky Heritage Council	There are many architecural resources as well as previously recorded
	archaeological sites within the study area. The Section 106 review process
	must be completed prior to the approaval of the experenditure of any federal
	funds.
KY Airport Zoning Commission	Any structure or construction equipment that exceeds 133 feet above ground
	level would require a permit from the KY Airport Zoning Commission. The
	proposed study is located app. 14,600 ft from the BG Airport.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
KY Commission on Human Rights	No comment
KY Department of Agriculture	No comment
KY Department of Fish & Wildlife Resources	The Kentucky Fish and Wildlife Information System indicate that
Topariment of Fiori a Wilding Resources	state/federal threatened and endangered species are known to occur near
	the project study area.
KY Division of Forestry	No forestry concerns in this area.
KY Division of Waster Management	Link to Superfund report attached to email.
KY State Police	Would be beneficial for the following reasons: Reduce traffic congestion on
KT State Police	
	US 31-W and KY 884; reduce traffic volune on Smallhouse Rd; provide
	better access to the area for Emergency Responders; better traffic flow
IO/ To the October	should result in fewer crashes.
KY Tourism Council	The addition of the new interchange should not have any detrimental effect
	on the area tourist attractions, hotels and restaurantsCreating safer
	roadways and less congestion on Three Springs Rd and Nashville Rd would
	create a more positive experience for the tourists to those areas.
KY Transportation Cabinet/Office of Local Programs	It is the conclusion of this office that the addition of bicycle and pedestrian
	facilities in the study area would improve safety and efficiency of travel in the
	Elrod Road area and create a more diverse transportation network. At this
	point in the study it is too early to recommend whether bike lanes with
	sidewalks or a multi-use path would be more feasible. This can be
	determined by the number of access points that will be connecting to the
	roadway, and the amount of traffic.
U. S. Environmental Protection	The upcoming NEPA document should fully evaluate all environmental
Agency/ Region 4	impacts, cultural resource impacts, and Environmental Justice impacts, in
	addition to considering cumulative and secondary impacts of the
	alternatives. Best management practices (BMPs) that will prevent, reduce,
U.S Coast Guard	A Coast Guard permit is not required.
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers/Eastern Section	Referred to Louisville District for comment.
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers/Eastern Section U.S. Army Corps of Engineers/Nashville District	Referred to Louisville District for comment.
U.S. Department of Agriculture/ Forest Service	Proposed activities are not likely to impact resources or facilities managed
o.o. Department of Agriculture/ Forest Service	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
II.C. Donortmont of Agriculture /Al-turel Deserved	by the Daniel Boone National Forest.
U.S. Department of Agriculture/Natural Resources	The NRCS is concerned with potential impacts that the project might have have
Conservation Service	upon prime farmland soils and additional farmlands of statewide importance. If
	federal dollars are to be used to convert important farmlands from agricultural uses
	to non-agricultrual uses a Form AD-1006 (or Form NRCS-CPA-106 if the the project is
	a corridor type project) must be submitted to the local NRCS office.
Underground Storage Tank Branch	The USTB identified two facilities with a total of six registered underground storage
	tanks. All six tanks have been removed and all activities are closed. There are no
University of Kentucky/Ky Geological Survey	Extensive comments attached re: review of maps, online searches and documents
	available in the files and on the Web site of the KY Geological Survey. No on-site
	investigation of the planning study area was conducted.
Warren County Schools/Transportation	"These changes are needed as soon as possible, however, I am concerned that the
trainen county sensons, mansportation	
wanten county schools, transportation	lincrease in traffic without major road improvements to Smallhouse. Eirod and Cave
warren eeunty seneels, rransportation	increase in traffic without major road improvements to Smallhouse, Elrod and Cave Mill could make this even more dangerous because of speeding. With the possibility
manen eeanty senses, nansportation	Mill could make this even more dangerous because of speeding. With the possibility
Trainen eeunit, eeneels, mansportation	Mill could make this even more dangerous because of speeding. With the possibility of adding another school on Elrod Rd and our buses being able to enter Natcher via
Transfer deality seriodis, mansportation	Mill could make this even more dangerous because of speeding. With the possibility

Appendix E

Geotechnical Overview Proposed I-65 and Elrod Road Interchange Warren County, Kentucky

Summary and Conclusions

Review of numerous published and unpublished documents and maps, interviews with individuals knowledgeable of the Proposed Study Area and Interchange Site and on-site reconnaissance of the subject area and interchange site indicate that conditions are features are typical for the karst plain of south central Kentucky. Construction sites in and around the Bowling Green area routinely encounter depressions and sinkholes with "open throats", and operations encounter soil collapse during construction and after operations cease.

Potential contamination of the Proposed Study Area by construction operations at the Elrod Road Bridge requires the convergence of numerous independent events. Groundwater, the most likely vector for contamination, flows from the proposed construction site northward toward Lost River Cave. Portions of the Lost River Cave basin up gradient (south and west) would likely be undisturbed by construction activities. At present, the entire Lost River Cave Basin is undergoing subdivision development with increased runoff directed into the subsurface drainage system.

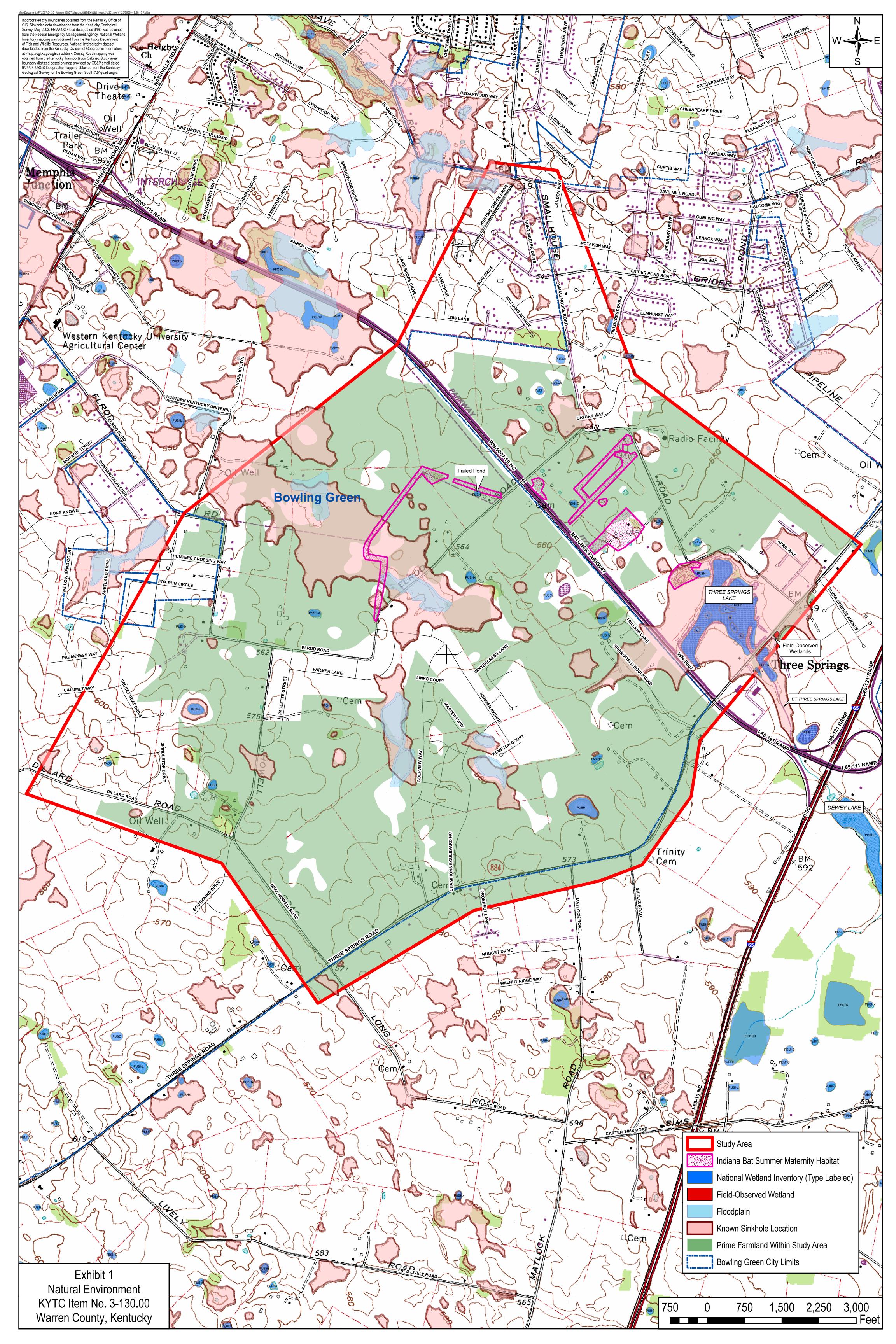
When possible, all "open throats" and other karst features which accept runoff water, that are encountered during construction operations, should be maintained in as "undisturbed condition: as possible. Minimizing disturbance of these features allows the developed drainage system to function properly and reduces the likelihood of new drainage avenues opening up.

Drainage courses leading away from the proposed interchange should incorporate a combination of distance, filtration and retention to help mitigate a potential hazardous material spill or accidental release. The combination creates time for treatment options to be performed before the spill material can reach the groundwater aquifer.

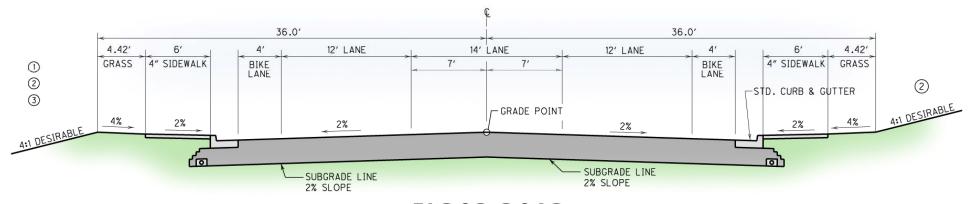
Preliminary Geotechnical Recommendations

Based on the information gathered during this study, and our knowledge of subsurface conditions within the region, we anticipate steel H piles and/or drilled shafts will be the preferred choice for bridge foundations.

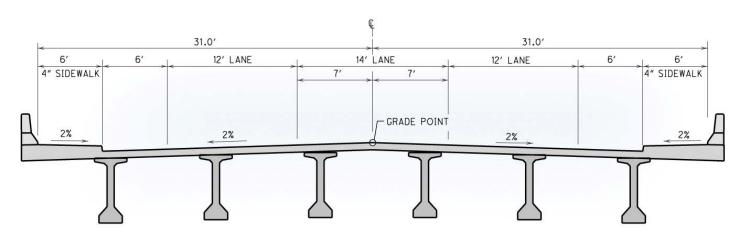
To develop the appropriate construction plans for this project, a detailed Geotechnical Investigation shall be implemented for the proposed roadway alignment and structures. A successful project will include remedial solutions and methods developed during the planning stages of the project to promote stable slopes and sufficient structure foundations.



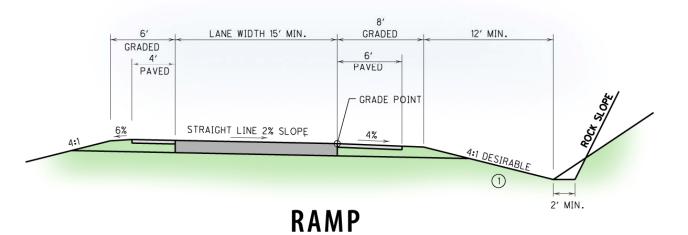
Appendix F



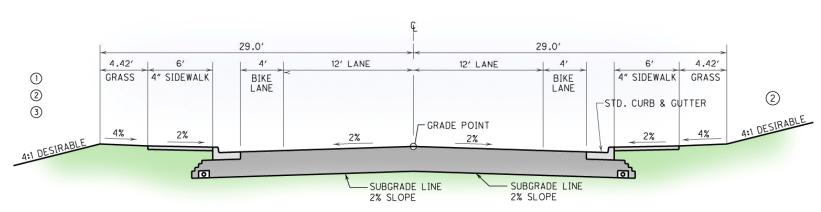
ELROD ROAD
3-Lane Urban Normal Cut/Fill Section



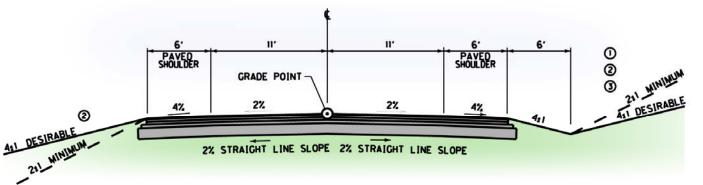
ELROD ROAD BRIDGE SECTION
3-Lane Urban Normal Cut/Fill Section



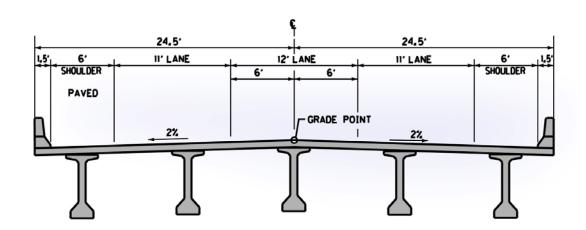
1-Lane Ramp Normal Cut/Fill Section



SMALLHOUSE ROAD
2-Lane Urban Normal Cut/Fill Section

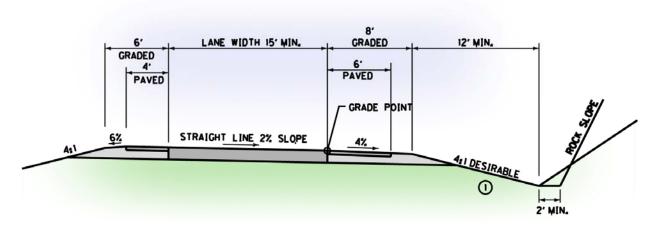


2 - LANE RURAL LOCAL NORMAL CUT/FILL SECTION ELROD ROAD



3 - LANE RURAL NORMAL CUT/FILL SECTION

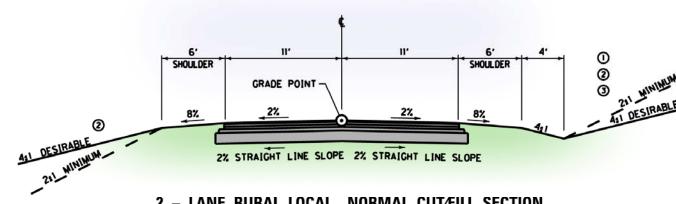
ELROD ROAD BRIDGE SECTION





RAMP

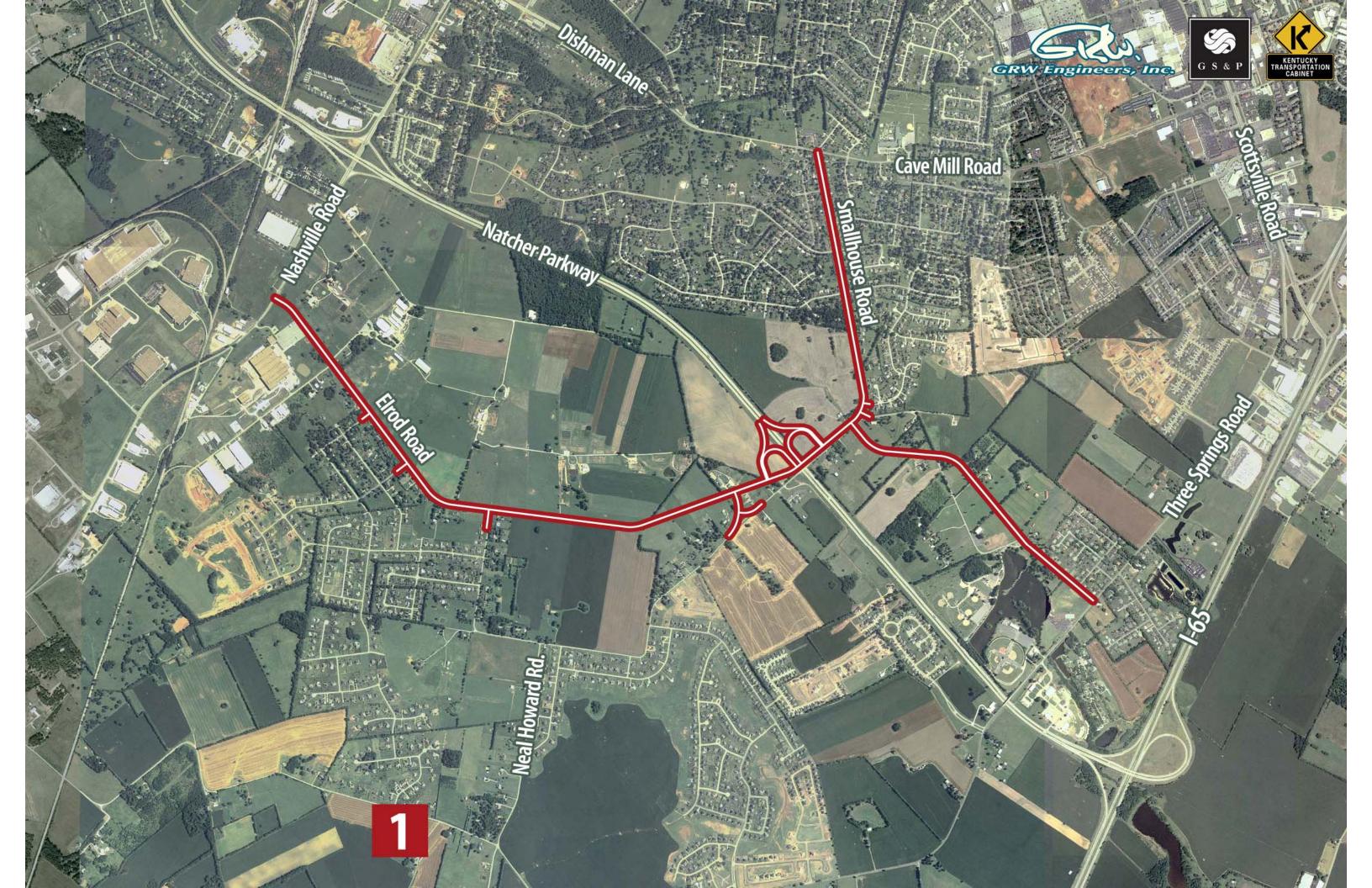




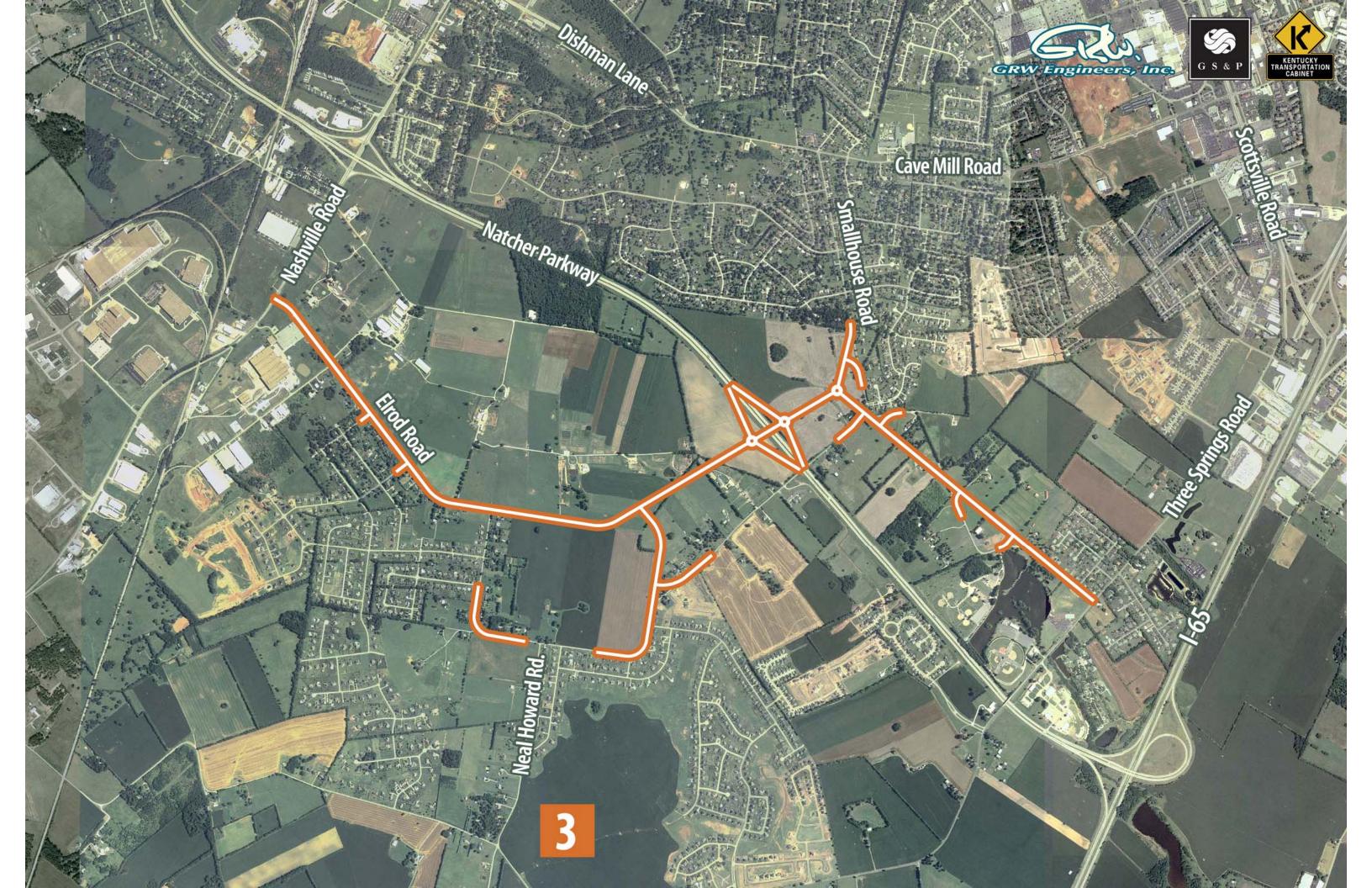
2 - LANE RURAL LOCAL NORMAL CUT/FILL SECTION

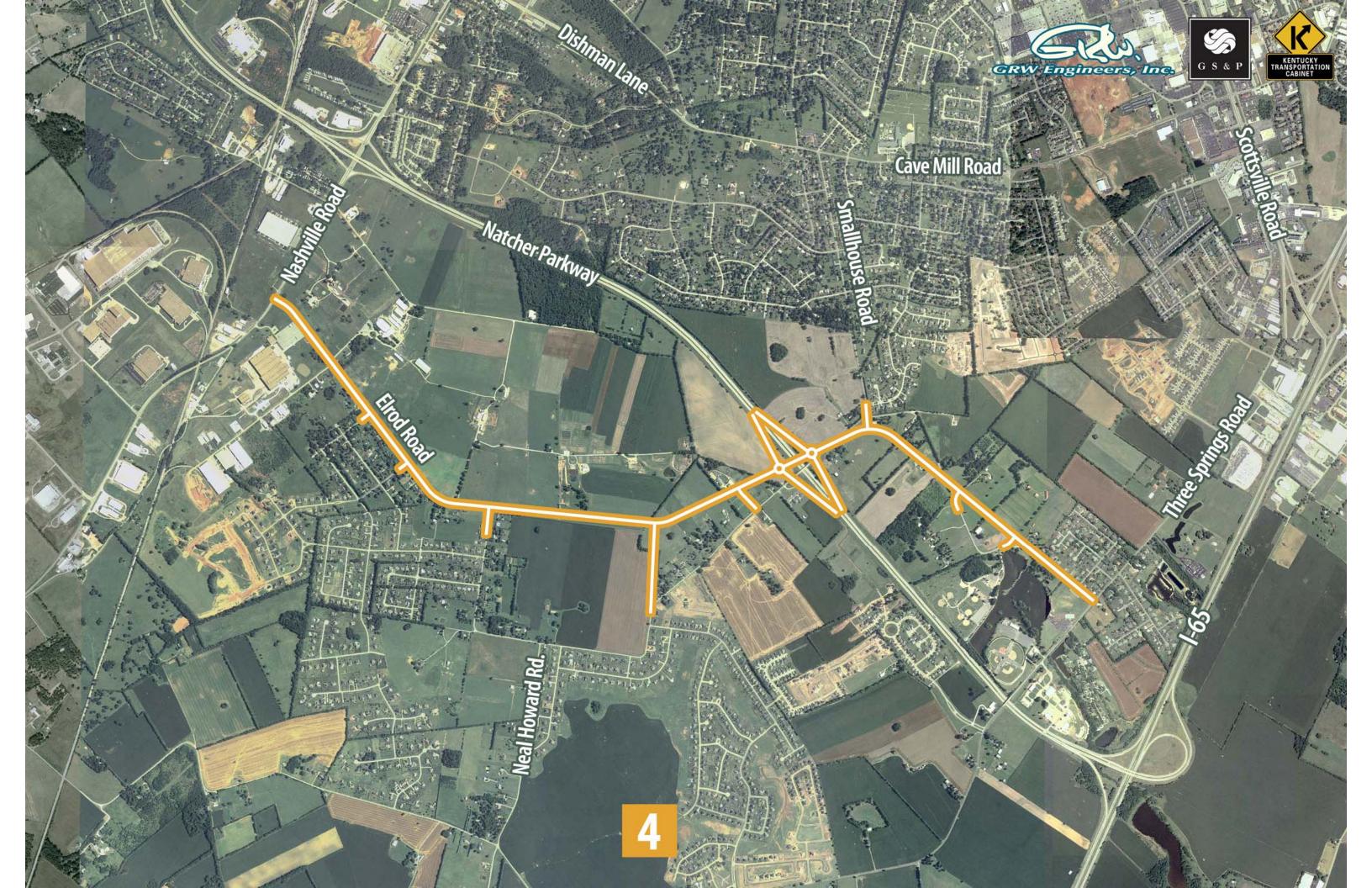
SMALLHOUSE ROAD

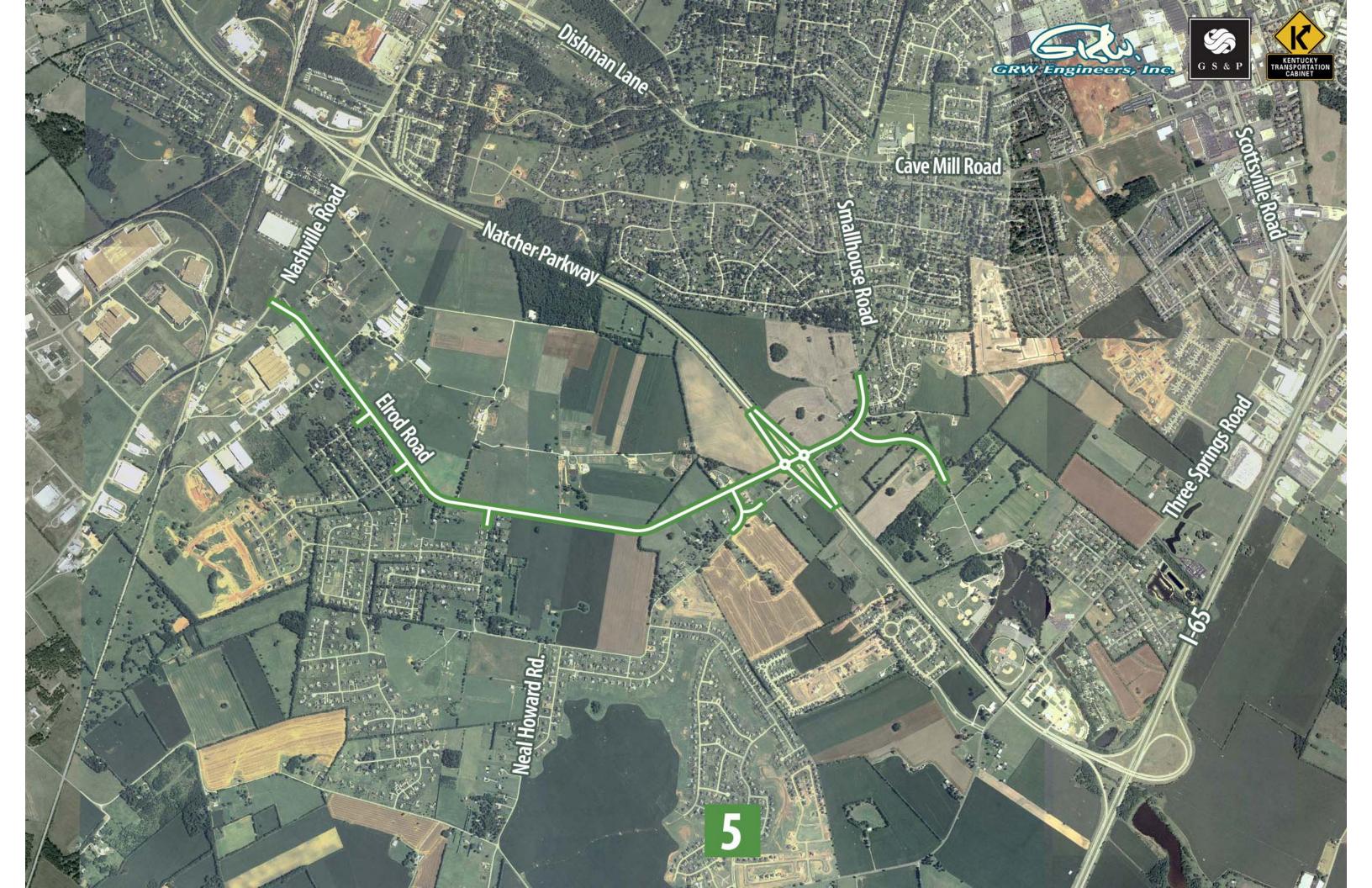
Appendix G

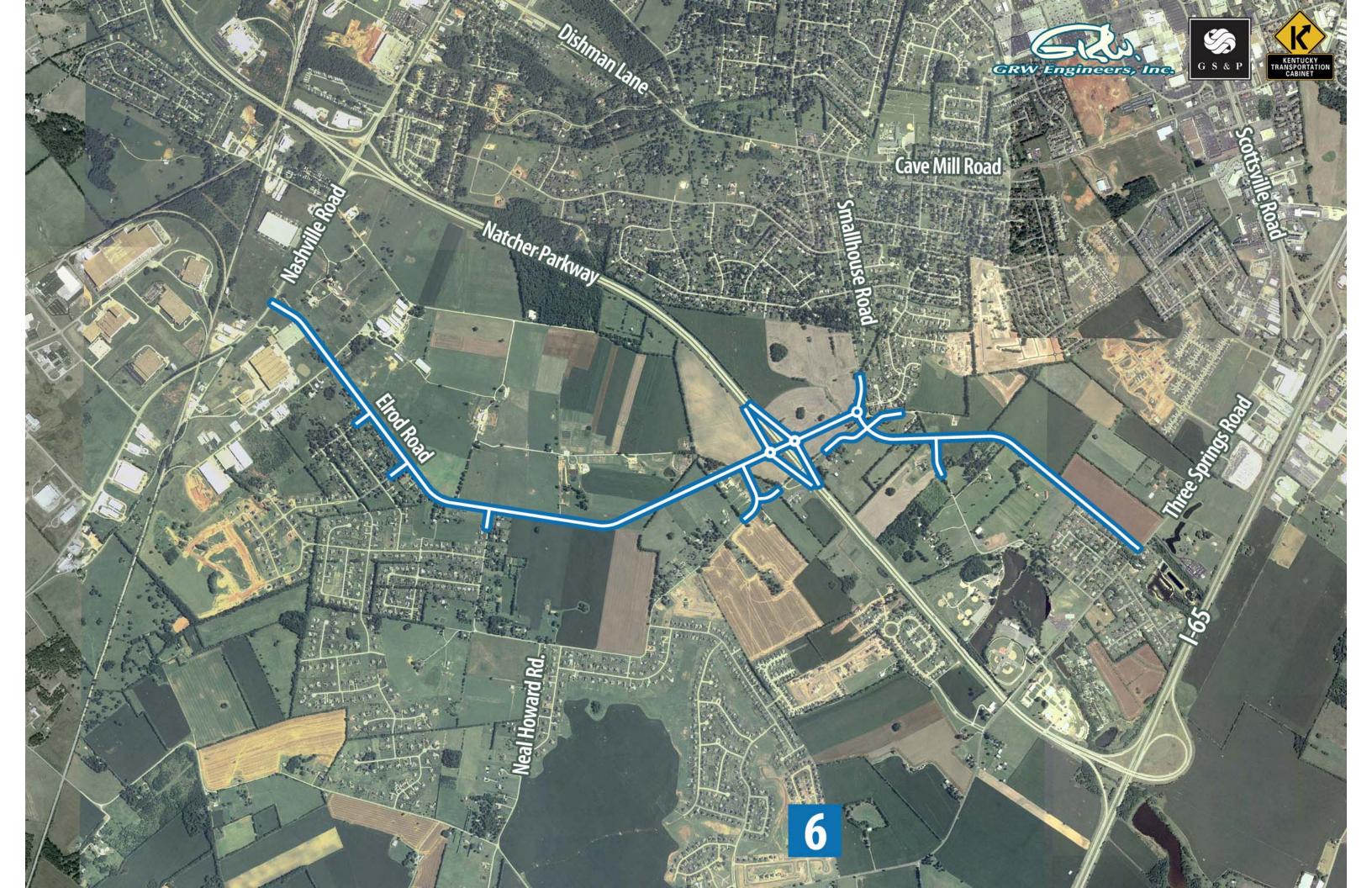


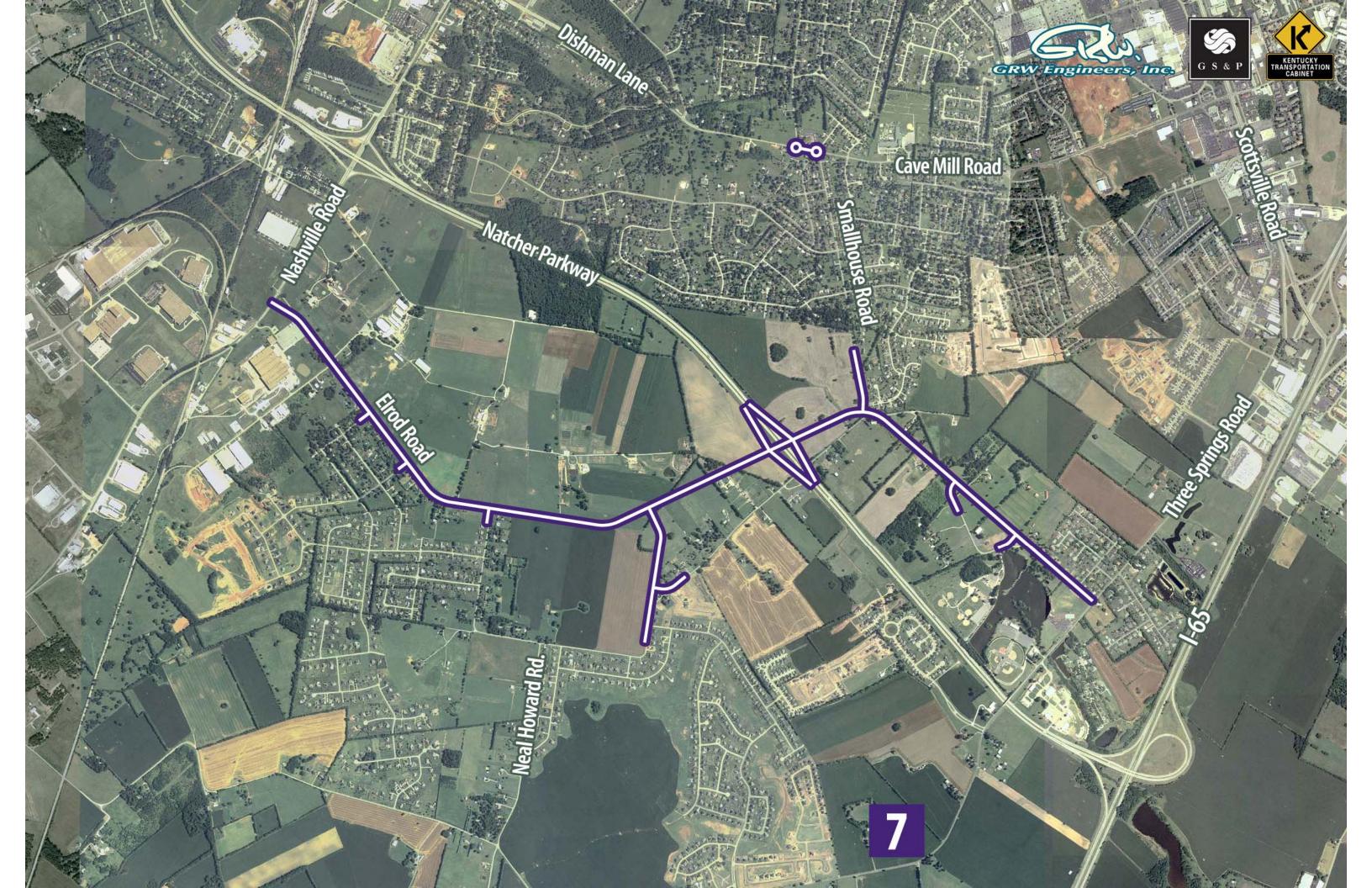


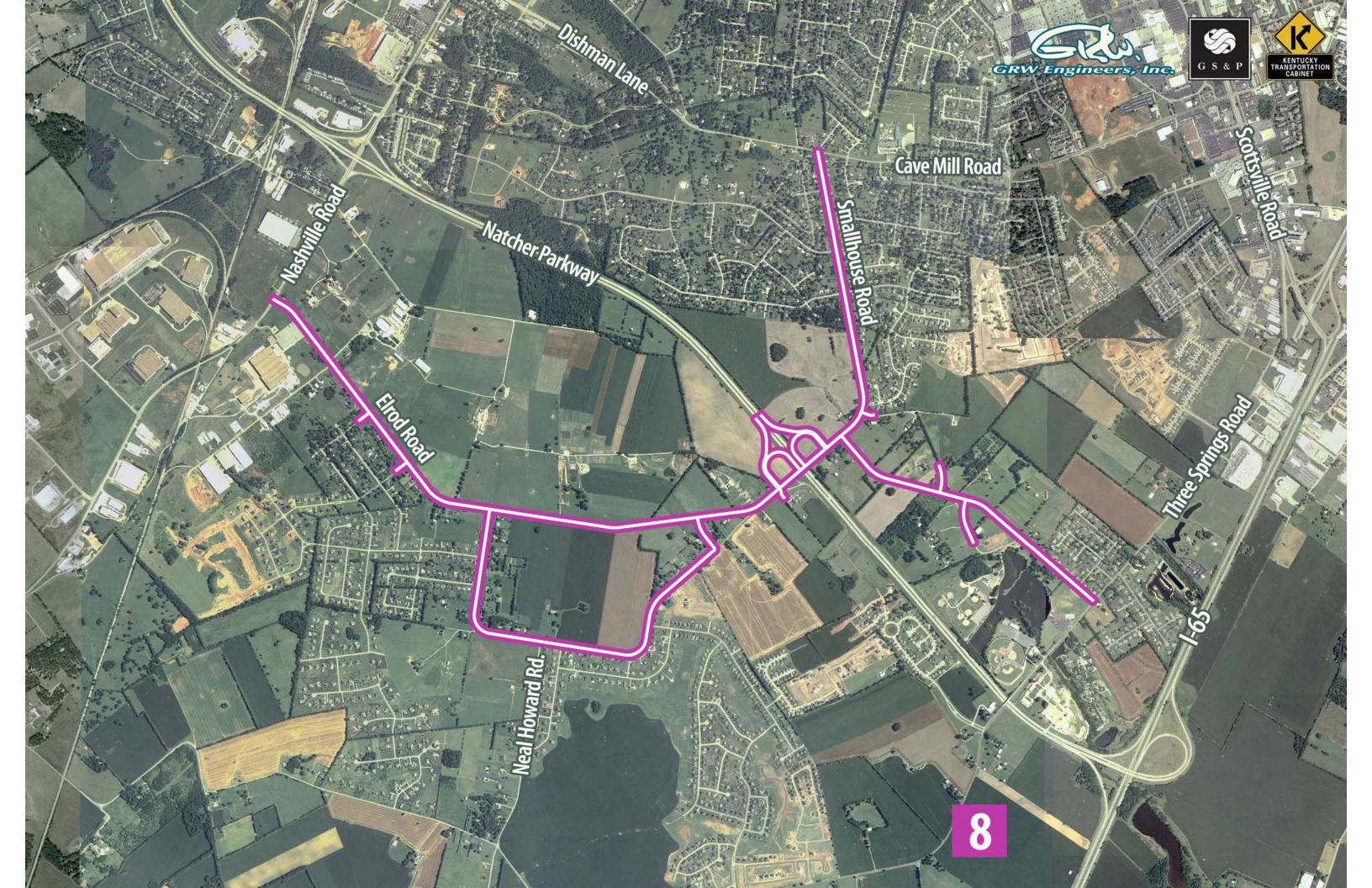




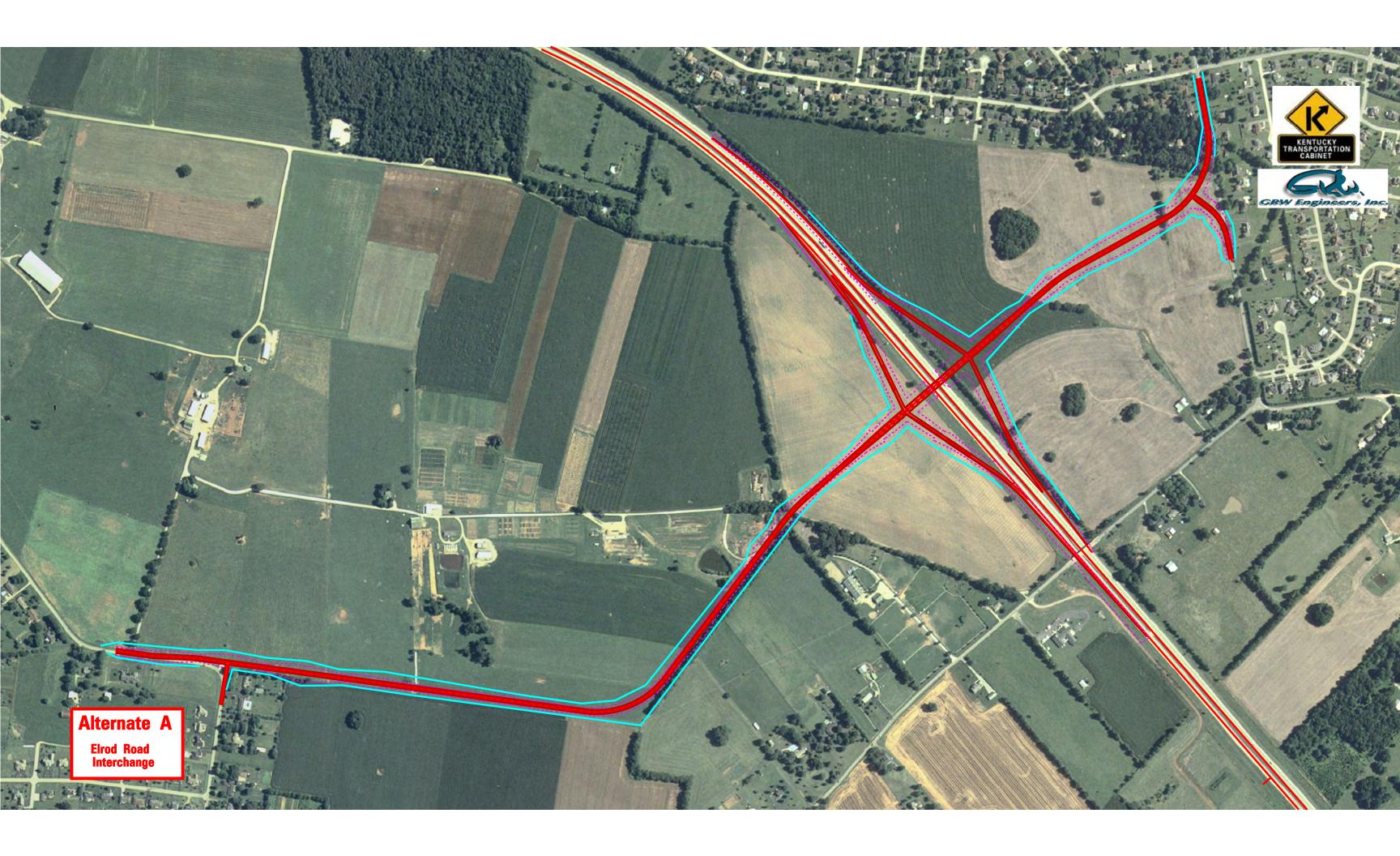


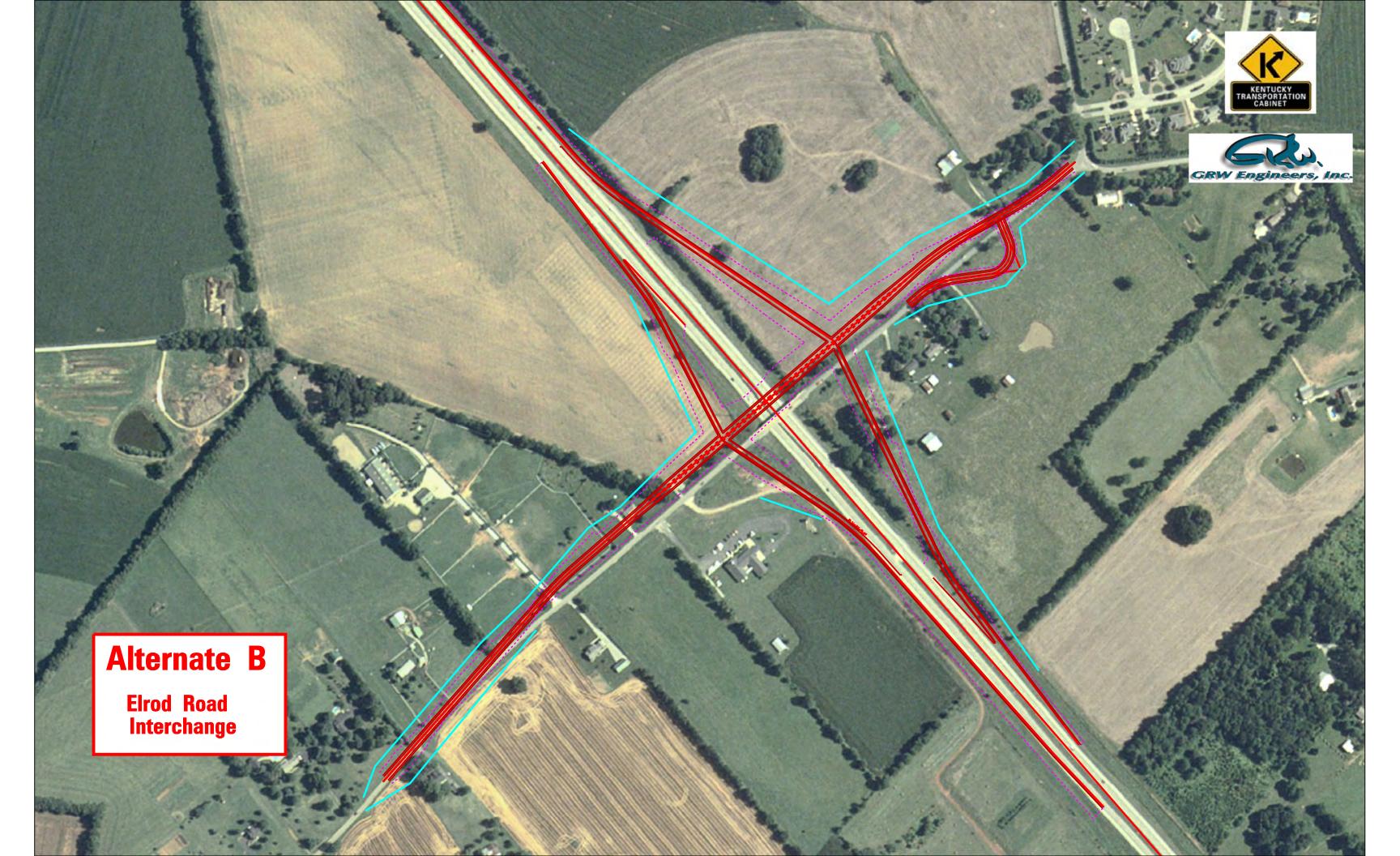


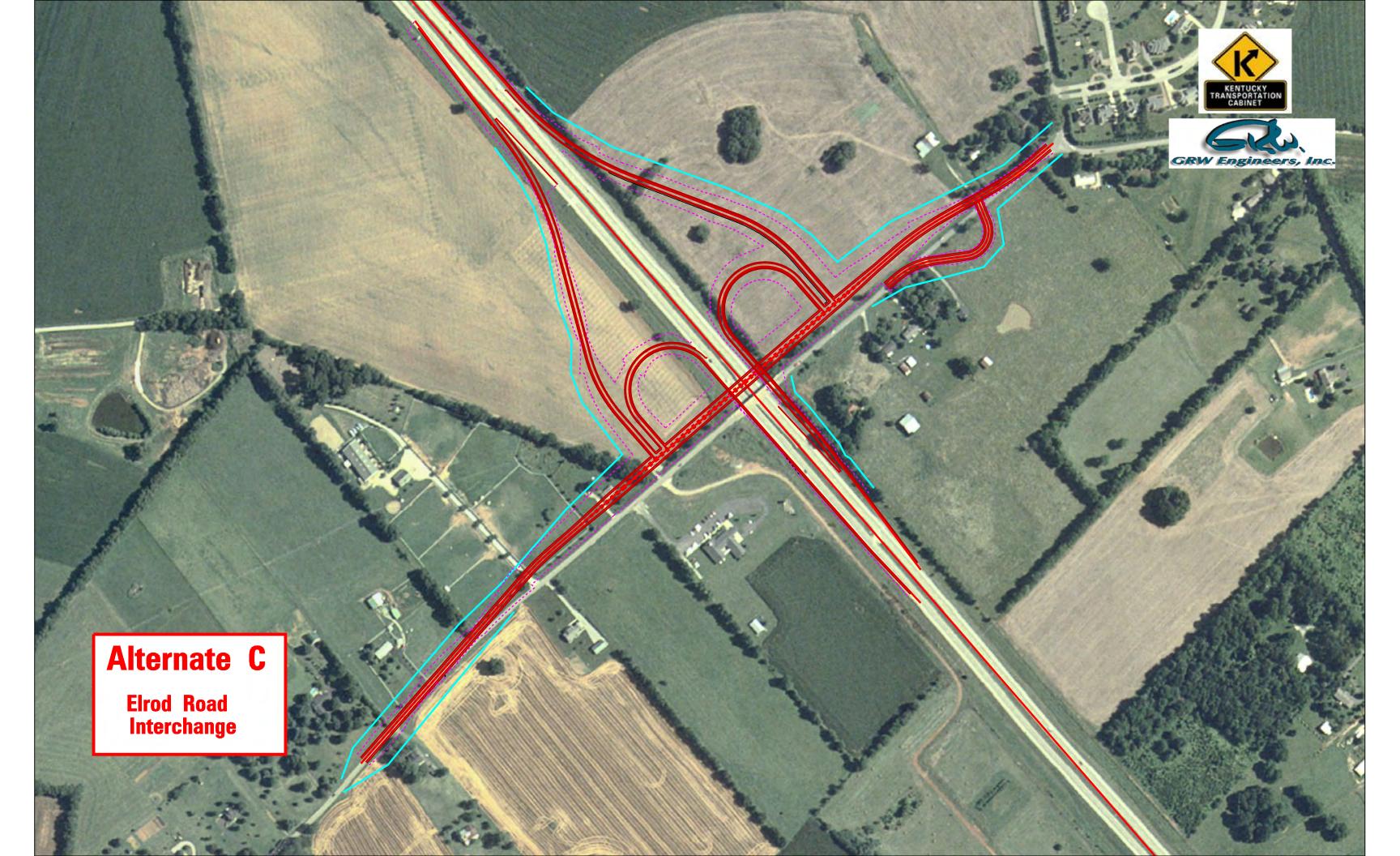




Appendix H







Appendix I

Elrod Road Interchange Project Cost Estimate

3 -	1 .	\sim	\sim	\sim
3 -	Ι.	3 U	U	U

	Alternate A	Alternate B	Alternate C
Item	(\$ mil)	(\$ mil)	(\$ mil)
Design	0.8	0.8	0.8
Construction	5.6	5.7	7.3
Right-of-Way	2.7	2.0	2.2
Utilities	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total	9.4	8.8	10.6

Alternate A

Interchange

Elrod	9650.00	ft
length	34.00	ft
Width	328100.00	sq ft
Area	36455.56	sq yd
Bridge Length Width Area Barrier Walls	300.00 49.00 14700.00 1633.33 600.00	ft ft sq ft sq yd ft
Ramps	4000.00	ft
Length	25.00	ft
Width	100000.00	sq ft
area	11111.11	sq yds
Optional Improvements		
Elrod Rd	13275.00	ft
Length	34.00	ft
Width	451350.00	sq ft
Area	50150.00	sq yd
Neil Howard Rd. Length Width Area	2375.00 34.00 80750.00 8972.22	ft ft sq ft sq yd
Smallhouse Rd.	3122.00	ft
Length	34.00	ft
Width	106148.00	sq ft
Area	11794.22	sq yd

Alternate B

Interchange		
Elrod length Width Area	5675.00 34.00 192950.00 21438.89	ft ft sq ft sq yd
Bridge Length Width Area Barrier Walls	300.00 49.00 14700.00	ft ft sq ft sq yd ft
Ramps Length Width area Optional Improvements	3800.00 25.00 95000.00 10555.56	ft ft sq ft sq yds
Elrod Rd Length Width Area	15050.00 34.00 511700.00 56855.56	ft ft sq ft sq yd
Smallhouse Rd Length Width Area	3800.00 22.00 83600.00 9288.89	ft ft sq ft sq yd

Alternate C

Interchan	ge
-----------	----

Elrod length Width Area	3400.00 34.00 115600.00 12844.44	sq ft sq yd
Bridge	200.00	
Length	300.00	
Width	49.00	
Area	14700.00	sq ft sq yd
Barrier Walls	600.00	ft
Ramps		
Length	6000.00	
Width	25.00	
area	150000.00	sq ft
	16666.67	sq yds

Optional Improvements

Elrod Rd Length Width Area	19300.00 34.00 656200.00 72911.11	sq ft sq yd
Smallhouse Rd Length Width Area	4650.00 22.00 102300.00 11366.67	sq ft sq yd

Appendix J

What are your most important issues or concerns?

Please place the appropriate stickers next to your top three issues below.

Too much congestion/ increased traffic

Narrow lanes, shoulders, sharp curves, lack of striping and poor visibility

Sharing the road with large vehicles – tractors, semis, RVs

Lack of access to the Natcher Parkway

Too many driveways/ driveways spaced too closely

No pedestrian or bicycle facilities (sidewalks, paths, bike lanes)



Most important concern



Second most important concern



Third most important concern

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Warren County • Item 3-130.00





MINUTES Public Involvement Meeting

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study KYTC Item No. 3-130.00

Western Kentucky University L.D. Brown Ag Expo Center Bowling Green, Kentucky February 7, 2008 4:00 PM – 7:00 PM (Open House)

A public involvement open house meeting was held on Thursday, February 7, 2008, from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. at Western Kentucky University L.D. Brown Ag Expo Center in Bowling Green, Kentucky. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the issues and concerns with a new interchange connecting Elrod Road to the Natcher Parkway. The following Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (KYTC), Area Development District (ADD), and consultant staff were in attendance:

Gene Becker
Deneatra Hack
Barry House
Jim Hudson
Keirsten Jaggers

BRADD
KYTC, District 3 Planning
KYTC, Central Office Planning
KYTC, District 3 Design
KYTC, District 3

Steve James KYTC, District 3 Preconstruction

Greg Meredith KYTC, District 3

Jeff Moore KYTC, District 3 Planning Andy Stewart KYTC, District 3 Design

Cathy Stone KYTC, District 3

Jon Whitaker KYTC, District 3 Planning

Richard Guidi GRW Engineers

Karen Mohammadi Gresham, Smith and Partners Mike Sewell Gresham, Smith and Partners Bill Seymour Gresham, Smith and Partners Dave Stills Gresham, Smith and Partners

Sign-In and Survey

Upon arrival, attendees were greeted at the door and asked to sign the attendance list. At this station, attendees were given a survey questionnaire.

Welcome and Overview

At approximately 4:00 PM, Jeff Moore welcomed attendees and gave a brief overview of study history, meeting format and purpose of the meeting. Karen Mohammadi then led the attendees through a Power Point Presentation. The PowerPoint presentation included:

- Environmental considerations
- -Traffic volumes

- -Crash history
- -Purpose and need
- -Design considerations
- -Schedules
- Attendees were given instructions for participating in the Issues Exercise, which
 included placing color dots on the Issues Exercise display board to correspond
 with the level of importance each issue had to them.
- Maps of the existing roads and proposed alternatives were provided on tables throughout the room, and attendees were encouraged to study the maps and provide comments. Display boards were also provided showing issues and attendees were asked to review them and talk with KYTC and consultant personnel about their concerns and questions.
- Meeting attendees were asked to complete the questionnaires provided as they signed in, and contact information was posted for any future comments or questions. They were asked to return the forms before leaving the meeting, or if not possible to request a postage-paid envelope at the sign-in table and return the questionnaire by mail no later than March 1, 2008.

A total of 203 persons registered attendance at the three-hour public session. Additional comments are anticipated from the questionnaires. Once all of the questionnaires are received by KYTC, these comments will also be included in the official meeting record.

The meeting closed at 7:00 PM.

MINUTES Public Involvement Meeting

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study KYTC Item No. 3-130.00

Western Kentucky University
L.D. Brown Ag Expo Center
Bowling Green, Kentucky
May 29, 2008
4:00 PM – 7:00 PM (Open House)

A public involvement open house meeting was held on Thursday, May 29, 2008, from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. at Western Kentucky University L.D. Brown Ag Expo Center in Bowling Green, Kentucky. The purpose of the meeting was to provide the public with an update on the findings, including proposed alternatives, for the a new interchange connecting Elrod Road to the Natcher Parkway. The following Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (KYTC), Area Development District (ADD), and consultant staff were in attendance:

Deneatra Henderson KYTC, District 3 Planning KYTC, Central Office Planning

Keirsten Jaggers KYTC, District 3

Steve James KYTC, District 3 Preconstruction

Greg Meredith KYTC, District 3

Jeff Moore KYTC, District 3 Planning Jonathan Ross KYTC, District 3 Planning Andy Stewart KYTC, District 3 Design

Cathy Stone KYTC, District 3

Misti Wilson KYTC, District 3 Planning

Warren lulg GRW Engineers

Karen Mohammadi Gresham, Smith and Partners Mike Sewell Gresham, Smith and Partners Bill Seymour Gresham, Smith and Partners Dave Stills Gresham, Smith and Partners

Sign-In and Survey

Upon arrival, attendees were greeted at the door and asked to sign the attendance list. At this station, attendees were given a survey questionnaire.

Welcome and Overview

At approximately 4:00 PM, Jeff Moore welcomed attendees, gave a brief overview of study history and explained the purpose of the meeting. Jeff also addressed many concerns about whether the public would have any true input into a decision to construct an interchange at Elrod. Jeff emphasized the importance of public input in making such decisions and encouraged all participants to provide their comments after the PowerPoint Presentation. Karen Mohammadi led the PowerPoint video presentation which included:

- Purpose and need
- Inventory of existing conditions
- Results of the questionnaire from the first public meeting
- Alternatives considered:
 - Full interchange options
 - Diamond interchange just west of Elrod overpass
 - Diamond interchange far west of Elrod overpass
 - Folded interchange at Elrod overpass
 - Bridge and roadway section
 - Local road connections
 - o Comparison of interchange and local road connections options
- -Instructions on completing exercise
- Schedule and next steps
- Attendees were given instructions for participating in the Issues Exercise, which
 included placing color dots on the Issues Exercise display board to correspond
 with the level of importance each issue had to them. They were also encouraged
 to study the displays presented on easels throughout the room, and to discuss
 and questions, concerns or comments with the staff.
- Meeting attendees were asked to complete the questionnaires provided as they signed in, and contact information was posted for any future comments or questions. They were asked to return the forms before leaving the meeting, or if not possible, to request a postage-paid envelope at the sign-in table and return the questionnaire by mail no later than June 13, 2008.

A total of 85 persons registered attendance at the three-hour public session. Additional comments are anticipated from the questionnaires. Once all of the questionnaires are received by KYTC, these comments will also be included in the official meeting record.

The meeting closed at 7:00 PM.



Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Public Information Meeting #2

WKU L.D. Brown Ag Expo Center 406 Elrod Road





Survey Questionnaire – You can help us better understand transportation problems, issues, and potential impacts for the proposed interchange at Elrod Road and Natcher Parkway and the possible improvements to roadways in the Elrod/Smallhouse Road area. The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet will use your input to evaluate the three interchange alternatives and several improvement possibilities for Elrod and Smallhouse Roads. Please return this form before leaving the meeting, or request a postage-paid envelope today and return the questionnaire by mail no later than June 13, 2008.

Project Purpose and Need: Rapid residential and commercial growth is occurring on the southern side of Bowling Green. Motorists have limited options for accessing the Natcher Parkway in Southern Bowling Green and Warren County and must rely on the heavily congested routes of US 231 (Scottsville Road), KY 884 (Three Springs Road) and US 31W (Nashville Road) to reach various destinations. Additionally, mobility in the existing study area network is limited for motorists, pedestrians, bicyclists and transit users.

The purpose of this interchange study is to improve the safety and efficiency of travel in the Elrod Road/Smallhouse Road area and to provide better connection for travelers along this existing transportation network to the Natcher Parkway.

Yo	ur Name
A	ddress:
Phone	e (optional):
Email Add	ress (optional):
1. Please provide attachment.) Pl	your thoughts on each of the Alternatives for the Elrod Road Interchange. (See ease be specific with your comments, likes or dislikes, etc.
Interchange Alternatives	Comments:
"No-Build" Option	
Alternative "A" Diamond Interchange	
Alternative "B" Small foot-print Diamond Interchange	
Alternative "C" Folded Intersection	

2. Please provid	le your thoughts on eacl	h of the Alternativ	es for the Sn	nallhouse F	Road and Elr	od Road b	peyond
the interchange.	Please be specific with	your comments, lik	kes or dislikes	s, etc.			

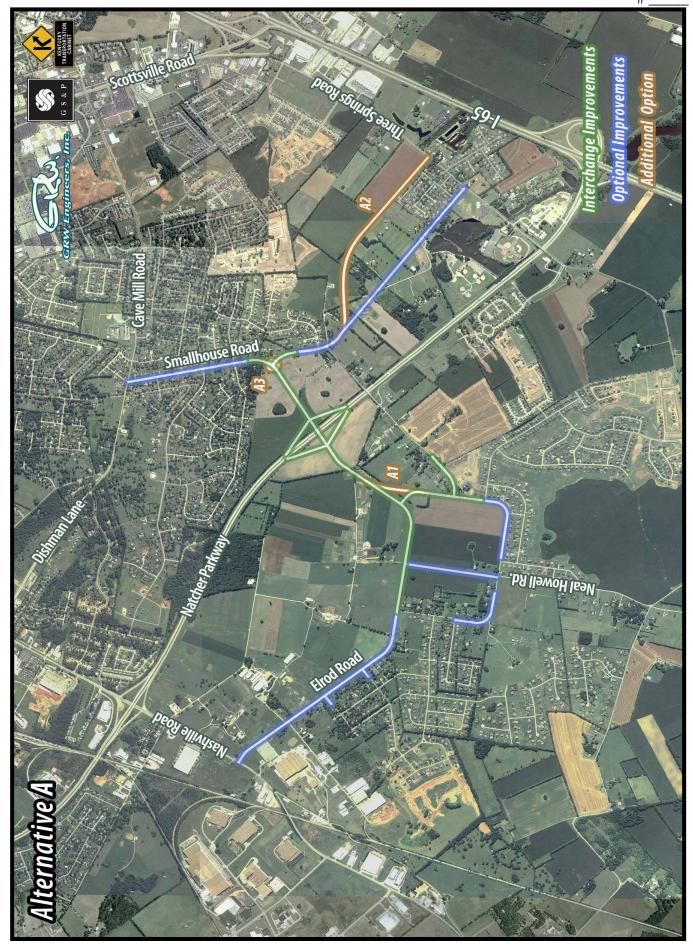
			Cor	nment	s:					
"No-Build" Option										
Utilize as much of the existing roadway as possible.										
A shift of Smallhouse Road to the North. (Shown as A2, B2, and C1on attached exhibit)										
Connectors to existing Elrod Rd. (Shown as A1 and B1 on attachedexhibit)										<u>-</u>
Roundabout at Smallhouse - Elrod Rd intersection (Shown as A3 on										
3. For all possible roadway improvements, please he	elp us d	letern	nine y	our ne	eds b	y ratii	ng the	e follo	wing:	
Item	1 (not	impoi	rtant)				10	0 (ver)	, impoi	rtant)
Access to Natcher Parkway from Elrod Road	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Improvements along Elrod Road	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Improvements along Smallhouse Road	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bicycle facilities (utilizing the paved shoulder shown on the typical sections)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
General Comments - Please use the space below to inform us of any additional issues or concerns.										
										-

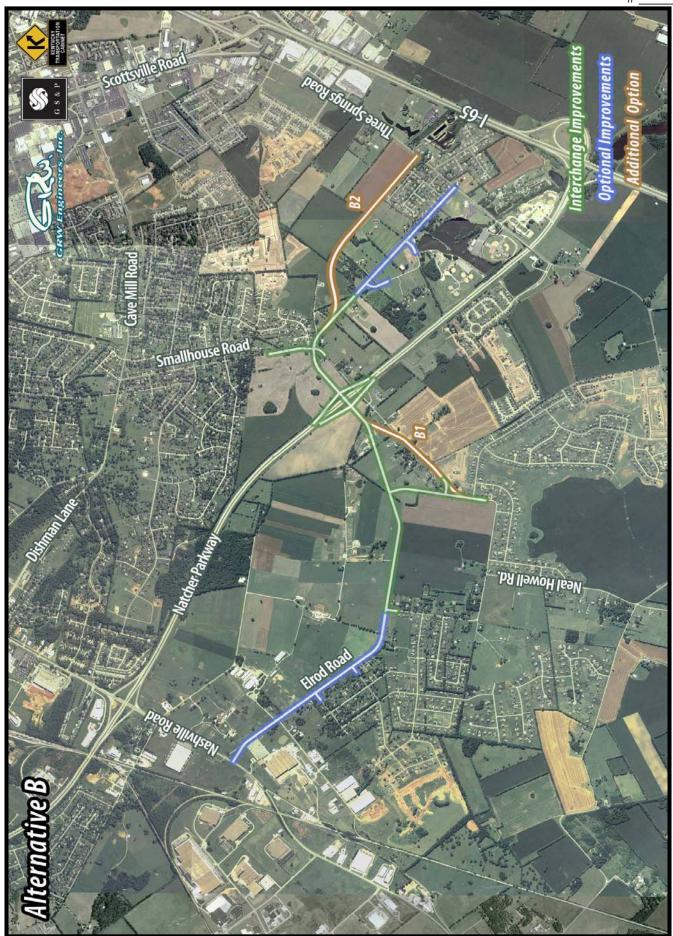
We value your comments. Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. If you did not receive a postage-paid envelope, please send this survey questionnaire as well as any future comments and questions to:

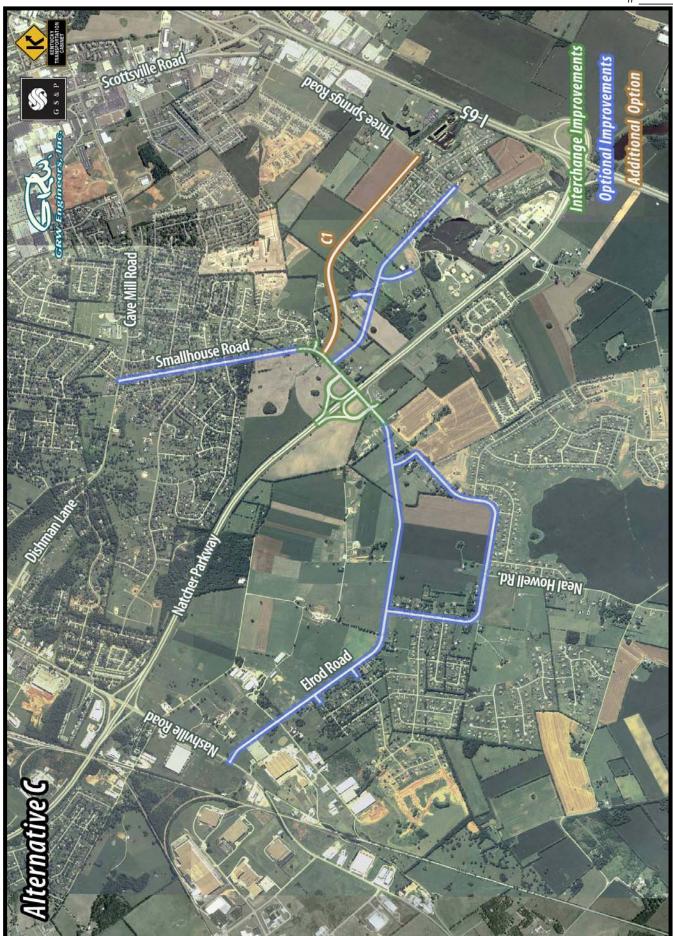
KYTC Project Manager: Jeff Moore, AICP Planning Branch Manager KYTC, District 3 PO Box 599 Bowling Green, KY 40210-1599

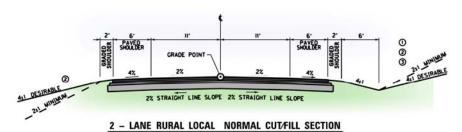
Jeff.Moore@ky.gov

Phone Line: 781-7020 Email: Elrod@gspnet.com

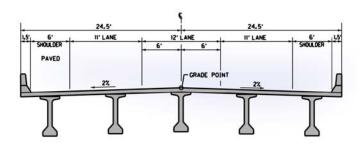




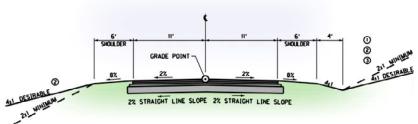




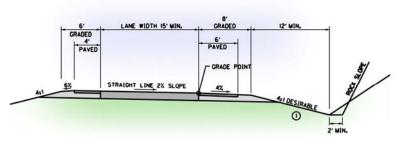
ELROD ROAD



3 - LANE RURAL NORMAL CUT/FILL SECTION ELROD ROAD BRIDGE SECTION



2 - LANE RURAL LOCAL NORMAL CUT/FILL SECTION SMALLHOUSE ROAD



1 - LANE RAMP NORMAL CUT/FILL SECTION

RAMP



(ontional)

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



(ορεισται)	
Your Name: JACK A	. Rudolph-Jr.
Address: Departme	w of Agriculture
Email Address: Jack . Ru	doph & WKU, Eda
Please answ	ver the following:
What travel problems exist in this area of	bottle Necks - but mosty
Warren County?	is the morning - the is only
	getting worse due to houring
	alvilopment.
What do you see as the purpose and need	purpose - make ELROY Road
of the project?	smore 5 Afe. User friendly
)
	more traffix Around city better
	<u>'</u>
What would be good project goals?	To TAKE the least A mount of
Triat notice be good project godie.	Falm land from the WKU Falm
	and to provide an entrance of
	the ELROR Road directly to the
	WKU Mulsh Site-(BG Leaf Pick
Do you know of any environmental issues in	Concern for the way the
the area?	Road cuts across the UKA
	talm.
General Comments	
	11 2 1
	How does this Rojed
	Tie into the City County
	ELROD Dro, cet?

We value your comments. Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. Please send this comment form or any future comments and questions to:

KYTC Project Manager:
Jeff Moore, AICP
Planning Branch Manager
KYTC, District 3
PO Box 599
Bowling Green, KY 402101-599
or
Jeff.Moore@ky.gov

GS&P Project Manager: Karen Mohammadi, PE, AICP, PTOE Gresham, Smith and Partners 101 South Fifth Street Suite 1400 Louisville, KY 40202 or

Karen_Mohammadi@gspnet.com



Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



(optional)	
Your Name: John O	dom
Address: 437 601F	View way
Email Address: John Odo	mo warrew. Ky Schools. US
	wer the following:
What travel problems exist in this area of	
Warren County?	Marrow ADS
	TRAFFIC
	CUNES.
VA/II- a body	
What do you see as the purpose and need	
of the project?	SAFety Needs Better Traffic Flow
	Widden RDS for buses.
What would be good project goals?	
would be good project goals?	OPEN UP HIN TRASFIE
	Better & student TRANSPORT
	Cut down on Curves
Do you know of any environmental issues in	
the area?	None that has NOT been discussed
mo aroa,	Non qual MAS NOT SEEN A.SLUSSE
General Comments	

We value your comments. Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. Please send this comment form or any future comments and questions to:

KYTC Project Manager:
Jeff Moore, AICP
Planning Branch Manager
KYTC, District 3
PO Box 599
Bowling Green, KY 402101-599
or
Jeff.Moore@ky.gov



Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 - Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



(optional)	
Your Name:	y Rines
Address: 22	y
_ ,, , , ,	there to hope girt otheric, org
	The first of the f
Please ansv	ver the following:
What travel problems exist in this area of Warren County?	Smillhouse Rd - 90° 2 turns? Access to Notcher Phuy? Congostion Boel 6017 Phe Access to Three Epprines Park
What do you see as the purpose and need	
of the project?	10 preste letter acces 3
	To eise congestion State to whove traffic throughout city,
What would be good project goals?	
0 1 1 1 1	
Do you know of any environmental issues in the area?	5 Dy N
General Comments	
What is date of the of your west of	wenting to motor to thomseholds wanting to mostor to the formation our most of the smalles households wanting to most complex a 1954. Smalles Re we have concerns about agrees the moves. We support the interchange at Etrod + Notcher as well as the Mitcher Extention.
We value your comments. Thank	Where Elrod meets Three springs in a concern you for taking the time to complete this form. for us? or any future comments and questions to:
KYTC Project Manager:	GS&P Project Manager

Jeff Moore, AICP **Planning Branch Manager KYTC**, District 3 PO Box 599 Bowling Green, KY 402101-599

Jeff.Moore@ky.gov



(optional)

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



Address: 7/5 Hunte Email Address: Stephanie	crossing way / 1434 Cave Mill Remartin Dwarren, Kyschools, us
Please ans	wer the following:
What travel problems exist in this area of Warren County?	Congestion on Cave Mill Road Smallhouse & Cave Mill Smallhouse & Fired Rd
What do you see as the purpose and need of the project?	- clase congestion esplicially due to new growth / population on that sell of town
What would be good project goals?	to think ahead to projected congestion that will be created due to new interchange
Do you know of any environmental issues in the area?	
General Comments /	
Date for meeting, general meeting,	
Ma value ve ve e	

We value your comments. Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. Please send this comment form or any future comments and questions to:

KYTC Project Manager:
Jeff Moore, AICP
Planning Branch Manager
KYTC, District 3
PO Box 599
Bowling Green, KY 402101-599
or
Jeff.Moore@ky.gov



(ontional)

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



(optional)	
Your Name: J. M. Yo	WELL
Address:	
Email Address: mag, do	well by by by
Please answ	ver the following:
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
What travel problems exist in this area of	
Warren County?	Access to through
	raites
What do you see as the purpose and need	,
of the project?	Connectivity
Mile at a seed the seed and a seed as a seed of	Gannest Ky 884 and
What would be good project goals?	0.5 31-W
Do you know of any environmental issues in	Wash sales
the area?	Karst, parky cemetery
lile alea!	<i> </i>
General Comments	The only problem
	15 moneig.
	J

We value your comments. Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. Please send this comment form or any future comments and questions to:

KYTC Project Manager: Jeff Moore, AICP Planning Branch Manager KYTC, District 3 PO Box 599 Bowling Green, KY 402101-599 or Jeff.Moore@ky.gov



(optional)

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 — Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



Your Name: John Knu Address: POB _{0X} 1776 Email Address: knuplur @	plasenthingt							
Please answer the following:								
What travel problems exist in this area of Warren County?	Scotts Ville road into rown This viges road into town Poor signal coordination on Scotts Ville Rd							
What do you see as the purpose and need of the project?	Improved Traffic flowlings lown smallbuse inter Reduced conquestion at Three Spring South inter Enhanced develop ment 50. of Nationar Phay							
What would be good project goals?	Improve traffic flow across Naturer Inspired traffic flow parallel & Naturer within &G							
Do you know of any environmental issues in the area?								
General Comments								
	Hurry up!							

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Planning Branch Manager
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Bowling Green, KY 402101-599
or
Jeff.Moore@ky.gov



(optional)

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



Your Name: Devid Gif Address: 138 Phylos	for y
Email Address: day dgi	f@gnail.com
	wer the following:
What travel problems exist in this area of Warren County?	Crowded interpetione, increased residents traffic High rate of Espeed in dense populatedamens.
What do you see as the purpose and need of the project?	Accessability to major Foods for commonly
What would be good project goals?	Dourlope acces to interchange that will not excalate the problem
Do you know of any environmental issues in the area?	No. One Breitgows
General Comments	Interchange would be a personal advantage for myself, however the thouse without access roads such as small house, 3 spires, Elroy + Neal Howse Improved the potential for a larger problem exists

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(ontional)

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



TUEN POR I
JENFORT @ REMAY NE,
ver the following:
Congestion - Poor Access Points TRAVEL Time
TO Releave Congestion AND OFFER Better Access to AREA R Lessen TRAFFICON CURYY ROADS
OFFER More convent Access from South of The NATCHER PKY
HIDOW RIVER CAVE System— Basil Griffin PARK Wetlands on Three Springs RP
This project is currently needed AND will become even more important AS New Home Construction expans in the AREA

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Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



(optional)	
	Jaynes
Address: 406 E/re	od Rd
Email Address: Bob. Ja	ynes owku. EDU
Please ansv	ver the following:
What travel problems exist in this area of	
Warren County?	Elred to narrow to ther side roads in that area
What do you are so the purpose and pood	
What do you see as the purpose and need of the project?	Move traffic more safely through
What would be good project goals?	Have traffic Funneled to Parkway Same time interchanges is done
Do you know of any environmental issues in	
the area?	No
General Comments	

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(optional)

Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00



\(\frac{1}{1} \tau_1 \t	
Your Name: JENNIFER	Johna
Address:	***************************************
Email Address: enactes, tow	gas @ Wku oedn
Please ansi	wer the following:
What travel problems exist in this area of	Confession ald ages and The same
Warren County?	CONGESTION, NARROW RDS, DANGEROUS CURVES,
•	
	ACCESS POINTS ALONG CORRIDGE
	PED/BIKE ACCOMODATIONS
What do you see as the purpose and need	LACK OF SHOULDERS
of the project?	I THEROYE CONNECTIVITY TO TRANSPORTATION GRID
or the project.	MINIMIZE IMPACT TO EXISTING CONDITIONS
010	AVOID INCREASED NEIGHBORHOOD CUT THROUGH
BIKEPED	ALLEVIATE CONGESTION (CURRENT & FUTURE)
	IMPROVE MOBILITY, GAFETY, CONNECTIVITY
What would be good project goals?	IMPROVE CONNECTIVITY TO TRANSPORTATION GRI
	IMPROVE CAPACITY OF TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM
BIKE/PED	TO ACCOMMEDATE ANTICIPATED GROWTH
1,,== , =,	IMPROVE SACETY OF TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM
	IMPROVE DIVERSITY OF TRANSPORTATION MODES
Do you know of any environmental issues in	MAINIMIZE IMPACTS TO EXISTING COMMUNITY AND
the area?	GULRONMENT
	NO
General Comments	CONCERN IS INCREASED TRAFFIC ON
	SWALLHOUSE TRAVELING NORTH
	IF INTERBHANGE IS CREATED
	SMALLHOUSE IS ALPREADY CROWDED
	PARTICULARLY AT PEAKS AND PM.
	CAPACITY/DESIGNE OF RURAL RDS IN AREA-
	NOT BUILT FOR MORE TRAFFIC
	POTENTIAL CUT THROUGH NEIGHBORHOODS TO REACH INTERCHANGE
We value your comments. Thank	you for taking the time to complete this farm

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Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Stakeholders Meeting #1 – Comment Form Warren County • 3-130.00

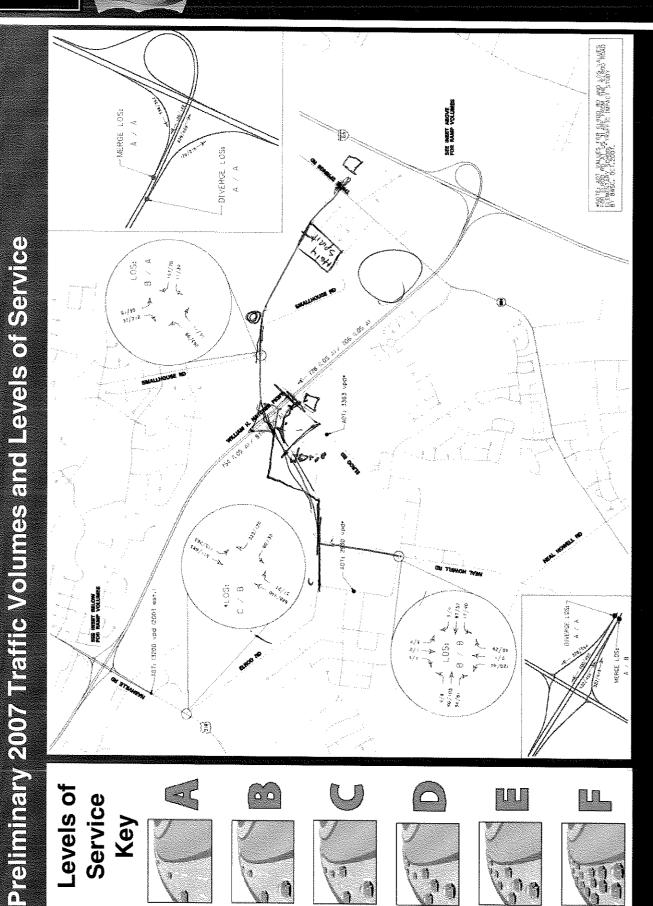


(optional)	
Your Name: //ARK HIGG	ROD ROAD BOWLWG GREEN, KY 42104
Address: 2359 E	ROD ROAD BOWLING GREEN KY 42104
Email Address: markhiodoga	FREIGHT BB. ROM
Please answ	ver the following:
. road and	in the family
What travel problems exist in this area of	Proper Ann De Decression
Warren County?	ROADS ARE DOT DESIGNED
vvarien County?	FOR TYPE OF TRAFFIC NOR
	HMOUNT OF TRAFFIC
	IK - SHOPLOERS/WIDTH
WILL LIVE TO THE RESERVE TO THE RESE	
What do you see as the purpose and need	SAFETY & FLOW OF TRAFFIC
of the project?	
What would be good project goals?	
5 , , 5	TAKE CARE OF IMPESIATE DEFICIES
	THEN PLAN FOR GROWTH
Do you know of any environmental issues in	
the area?	SOUR HOLES/ INREE SPRINGS PARK/
	SOUR HOLES/THREE SPRINGS PARK/ HINDEN OR LOST RIVER
General Comments	-

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Warren County • Item 3-130.00 Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study







KENTUCKY



Interchange Alternative







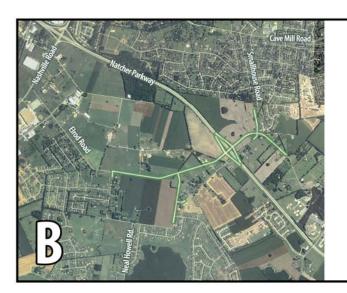
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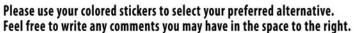


Connecting Improvements









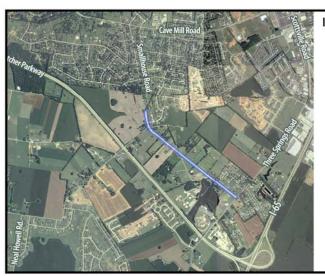




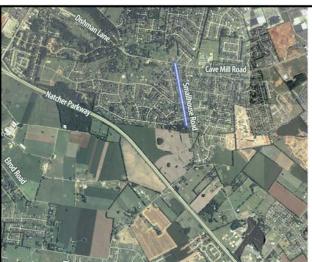




Improvements to existing Elrod Road, South of Natcher Parkway.



Improvements to Smallhouse Road extending East towards Three Springs Road.



Improvements to Smallhouse Road extending North towards Cave Mill Road.



Smallhouse Road Options





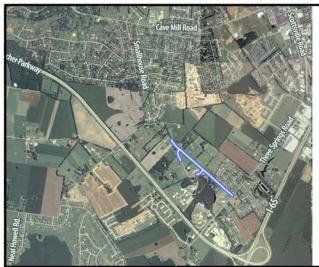


Please use your colored stickers to select your preferred options. Feel free to write any comments you may have in the space to the right.





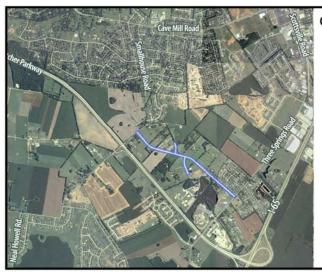




Correct the existing sharp curves by straightening the alignment



Create a new alignment shifted North of the existing roadway



Correct the sharp curves near the park and shift the west tie-in South



`Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study Public Information Meeting #2

WKU L.D. Brown Ag Expo Center 406 Elrod Road





Survey Questionnaire – You can help us better understand transportation problems, issues, and potential impacts for the proposed interchange at Elrod Road and Natcher Parkway and the possible improvements to roadways in the Elrod/Smallhouse Road area. The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet will use your input to evaluate the three interchange alternatives and several improvement possibilities for Elrod and Smallhouse Roads. Please return this form before leaving the meeting, or request a postage-paid envelope today and return the questionnaire by mail no later than June 13, 2008.

Project Purpose and Need: Rapid residential and commercial growth is occurring on the southern side of Bowling Green. Motorists have limited options for accessing the Natcher Parkway in Southern Bowling Green and Warren County and must rely on the heavily congested routes of US 231 (Scottsville Road), KY 884 (Three Springs Road) and US 31W (Nashville Road) to reach various destinations. Additionally, mobility in the existing study area network is limited for motorists, pedestrians, bicyclists and transit users.

The purpose of this interchange study is to improve the safety and efficiency of travel in the Elrod Road/Smallhouse Road area and to provide better connection for travelers along this existing transportation network to the Natcher Parkway.

1.	Please	provide	your	thoughts	on	each	of	the	Alternatives	for	the	Elrod	Road	Interchange.	(See
	attachment.) Please be specific with your comments, likes or dislikes, etc.														

Comments:

Interchange Alternatives

"No-Build" Option

#1: Red dot

#2: Green dot

#3: The interchange will be much more of an exit than an entrance – it will simply suck a lot more traffic from the north and west toward the great outlet of 3 Springs Road and Scottsville Road. (Green dot)

#4: I would like to be able to access I-65 via Natcher Pkwy without going to Scottsville

on insanity. The only expectation that I have is worse traffic issues if this happens.

#28: Only if you reconfigure and improve the I-65/Scottsville Road interchange

#29: Congestion is bad – plan needed

#31: My choice – the interchange will create more problems than it will solve. We would be better suited to have a interchange to I-65 on the south side of town like on Matlock Road. An interchange on Elrod will create more traffic through the Hidden River neighborhood addition & create even more speed problems on Champions, Golfview & Herman. With a school being added to Elrod Road the crosswalk to Hidden River will be a blind intersection with speeding vehicles from the parkway creating a dangerous intersection. Please do not do this interchange.

#42: No – If you could do it at 3 Springs, but not Elrod

#44: The best for now because when you dump Elrod Rd & Parkway on 3 Springs you make a bad problem worse.

#49: Must do something. Anything would be better.

#54: As a homeowner I don't want to see an increase in traffic and noise as a result of this interchange. The fact that location is so close to current Scottsville Rd I don't see the value.

#55: This is the best option. These areas are primarily residential, therefore roads are adequate.

#56: We can't wait any longer.

#57: Not a good plan. Doesn't address traffic needs & growth.

#58: My favorite option. There is a finite amount of oil in the earth. People will be carpooling more, driving less, biking more. More encouragement of biking, why no sidewalks?

#59: This is the best option with gas getting more expensive. My guess is traffic will reduce not increase over next 30 years.

#60: Do not feel the interchange is necessary since we have two off the parkway @ Nashville Road and Russellville Road.

#67: This is our first & only option.

#69: Definitely not the best option

#70: Not a good option. Having a road between the WKU Farm and all of our neighbors is a good thing.

#75: Provides for no future growth.

#77: At this time I think 10 yrs down road would put build out of date. Takes up too much farm.

#81: Best – Just improve what we have, shoulders, etc.

Alternative "A" Diamond Interchange

#1: Green dot

#4: I like this option the most because it would close the existing overpass and leave me on a short Deadend street and because the interchange would be farther from my property.

#8: Best choice

10. Doct alternative, traffic flave would function better during const

#22: No option! The area around Elrod and Smallhouse is still very much beautiful country and green. If any improvements must be done do at other end by Nashville Rd.

#24: Like this the best. Leave existing overpass for "local" traffic. A large section of "new" Elrod could be built without affecting "old" Elrod.

#26: If I had to choose one I suppose this option would be preferred of ABC, but no build is my first choice.

#28: Must be linked to the timely improvements of Smallhouse Road and Elrod Road.

#29: Last choice. This really hurts property values on Smallhouse – not good.

#44: None of these ("A", "B" or "C") because you can't divert enough traffic to make cost effective

#49: Like this one best. Of the SKU land affected they can make use as test plots. Across the Natcher will probably be convenience stores or houses.

#56: Looks like the best options for the interchange and to open up Elrod, Neal Howell and Smallhouse.

#58: If you absolutely insist on encouraging transportation and increasing CO2 in the atmosphere to fuel global climate change, I would be able to stand this option.

#69: The most beneficial for current and future development. However, this will require a high level or coordination between city, county & sate. Not something that happens often!

#70: This one will take more of the Farm than the others.

#75: Too much change.

#77: If I was for build this would be the one I would be in favor of.

Alternative "B" Small foot-print Diamond Interchange

#1: Yellow dot

#4: This alternative is definitely preferable to "C" but not as good for me as "A." The interchange would be quite near my property still.

#8: 2nd choice

#9: No as 1st choice; 2nd choice only; too much disruption to traffic during const.

#10: The smaller footprint is good, but the routing really doesn't funnel traffic away

#75: Least amount of construction with easy access to homes by-passed by the new Elrod construction. 4-way stop improves flow. #1: I think this would be too much traffic on Flrod Road & Smallhouse Road from all four directions – too much traffic by new proposed school. (Red dot) #4: I am strongly opposed to this plan that would put the flop/folded entrance across the street from my house and the reconfigured "Smallhouse East" right beside it. I do not want this alternative to become reality. I also wonder if my property would be taken for either of these plans ("B" or "C"), which is a whole different concern altogether. #8: Not a good choice #9: No! Too dangerous for access onto Natcher; confusion on entrance/exit to #10: This interchange looks like it would really increase the queues on Elrod during peak periods. #22: No option! With nice, big lots of green grass and plenty of trees. Leave this section country! **#24**: 3rd best. Can't rely on county to improve Elrod. **#26**: No way!!!! Not in a million years. #28: This is "foreign" to this part of KY. Alternative "C" #29: Access to "previous" Elrod Rd not convenient Folded Intersection #49: This is o.k. I am familiar with this in Maceo KY/Rockport IN bridge. You can't have too many signs. **#55:** If we have to do something, this seems to be the least invasive, and thus the best between A, B & C. **#56:** Maybe the 2nd best option but I am not sure about the capacity of the folded design. #57: Preferred. **#58**: This destroys my grandmother's property. I don't like it. #69: Less land acquisition required. Would utilize old bridge location. Needs to include connection of Ivan Downs Blvd. & Neal Howell! #70: This will take the least. #75: Possible. **#81:** We do not want A2, B2 C1 – the additional options

2. Please provide your thoughts on each of the Alternatives for the Smallhouse Road and Elrod Road beyond the interchange. Please be specific with your comments, likes or dislikes, etc.

Comments:

"No-Build" Option

#2: Leave Smallhouse alone-it is a scenic road-a good road as it is. (Green dot)

#3: Leave Smallhouse alone! It doesn't need to be "improved" so people from somewhere else can go through faster than they do already!

#4: I do not think "no building" is a viable option. Even without a new interchange, improvements must be made to Smallhouse & Elrod.

#8: We need continuous improvements

#9: Must be improved if our community is to continue propser!

#10: Of the 3 options you have presented, the "no build" option is the best one.

#19: Do not take others' property-how would you like your yard taken.

#22: #1 Choice. The area of Smallhouse I live on is perfect just the way it is. It's a small bit of country near larger populations of people. Leave it country! We don't want big projects. The subdivisions may but we don't. Please leave our section of Smallhouse country.

#24: Improvements needed sooner than later

#26: The road in front of my house should not be expanded, traffic should be routed away from that section of Elrod Rd.

#27: Ok if the curves of Smallhouse are realigned!

#28: The improvement of the connectors to the proposed interchange must be done at the same time.

#31: Not needed

#49: You must do something

#54: Again I support no-build.

#56: Can't afford to wait. Someone will construct something where roads must go.

#58: See previous comments. This option!

#59: Leave it alone. Improve it but don't change its path.

#60: Do not like changes to Smallhouse —would put our church (Trinity FWB) on an island. As a property owner on Smallhouse make improvements but do not change the road.

#67: We do not want any more vehicle traffic by our property. Vehicle traffic is increasing daily from Three Springs Road. No fatal traffic wrecks have occurred on our section of road in 32 years. Improve Three Springs Road!

#69: Not a good option considering projected growth.

#70: Not an option.

#75: Strongly think this opens community to future gridlock.

Utilize as much of the existing roadway as possible, but re-align the portion near the sharp curves. The focus of these changes is to improve safety.

(shown in blue on exhibit pages)

#2: Red dot

#3: I have lived in sight of these terrible curves for over 25 years and recall knowing about only 2 accidents, one of which was caused by ice. Curves are good! They slow people down. Do you have any data to prove this particular contention?

#4: I am not opposed to improving these two roads, but many safety issues could be drastically reduced by strict enforcement of traffic laws (speed limits, stop signs, no passing lines).

#8: Best idea

#9: Best alignment

#10: Leave the existing curves alone and provide new roads to accommodate the bulk of the traffic.

#22: 100% completely NO! The road is safe. Check the police accident reports. The only thing that slows people down on road is the curves. People drag race on long straight stretch in front of my parents' house. Have for many, many years.

#26: I think routing Elrod a different way eliminating high traffic over some of the sharp curves is a better idea.

#27: I do not like these options as they conflict w/ church properties & planned development for Holy Spirit.

#28: Improving the 90° curves on Smallhouse will be a must if this option is selected. This isolates the Trinity FWB Church which they have voiced concern over.

#29: Negative – effect on way too much property

#42: Straighten Smallhouse – without additional options – or better yet – just improve what is already there

#44: Traffic is like water it is going to use the quickest provided & easiest way to get to the mall & restaurants

#49: I liked the design on alternative Map A of the maps attached to this survey. Everything flows. If your objective is to move traffic then do it. If it is to build a road to get traffic to a spot then build Alt. C

#54: Straightening out Smallhouse as shown on Alternative "C" in blue is preferred over the other two. Do not want to see a shift as noted below.

#56: That would be a great improvement and should be done immediately – before the interchange. Very important.

#67: We have long straight section of highway in front of our property & cars & motorcycles race on this section of road at least twice a week. Take out curves & you improve the straightway so they can race faster.

#69: This could speed up the process and make it more acceptable by most local res.

#75: Option B seems to meet these needs.

#77: This would be the sensible one and just widening roads would be a big help.

A shift of Smallhouse Road to the North. (Shown as A2, B2, and C1 on attached exhibit pages.)

#2: This is the only option that would not damage our property to any great extent. (Yellow dot)

#3: If you must create change (note I did not say "improvements") this option does the least damage to personal property.

#4: None of the brown "additional options" would impact me either way; however the Alt. C Smallhouse East (blue) option would be extremely close to my side property line if it did not, indeed, take my land.

#8: No **#9:** No

#10: The Smallhouse Road/Three Springs Road intersection needs to be

moved closer to Scottsville Road.

#22: No! No! No! No! This would basically put the road in my backyard. If I'd wanted to live near a road I would have built my home near a road. I chose to live in peace and quiet. I like my privacy. I chose a natural environment for my home. Not by a street!

#26: Works in my mind.

#27: I am in favor of these options as they would provide another entrance to Holy Spirit & reduce traffic on Smallhouse.

#28: This isolates the Trinity Freewill Baptist Church which they have voiced concern over.

#29: No opinion

#42: No!

#49: I don't know. If you go with Alt A or B will traffic eventually bottleneck? Won't Alt C spread traffic out.

#54: Very much against all 3 of these options.

#56: Smallhouse is and will always be a major entry/exit to B.G. Widen and straighten. Smallhouse at Cave Mill is a nightmare.

#55: Absolutely no to option C1, B2 & A1

#67: We do not want traffic at rear of our property either. We are nature lovers.

#69: Probably a good idea but one that will meet with very strong local opposition.

3. For all possible roadway improvements, please help us determine your needs by rating the following:

ltem	1 (not	impo	rtant)				10	0 (ver)	<i>i</i> impo	rtant)
Access to Natabox Parkuray from Elved Boad		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Access to Natcher Parkway from Elrod Road	11	1	1		1	2		4	2	4
Improvements along Elrod Road		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		3	1	1	1	1		1	2	9
Improvements along Smallbourse Board		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Improvements along Smallhouse Road	9	2	2		1	2		1	2	8
Bicycle facilities (utilizing the paved shoulder shown on	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
the typical sections)		1	1	1	6	3	2	1		3

General Comments - Please use the space below to inform us of any additional issues or concerns.

SEE BELOW		

We value your comments. Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. If you did not receive a postage-paid envelope, please send this survey questionnaire as well as any future comments and questions to:

KYTC Project Manager:

Jeff Moore, AICP

Planning Branch Manager

KYTC, District 3

PO Box 599

Bowling Green, KY 40210-1599

Jeff.Moore@ky.gov

Phone Line: 781-7020 Email: Elrod@gspnet.com

General Comments:

#3: Everything that has been done roadwise and residential-wise in the last 30 years has been to suck everything to the Scottsville Road – Greenwood Interchange area. These new proposals just add more access to the same tortured area.

#4: Besides the generally heavy traffic on the Smallhouse Rd (starting at Hwy 231)/Elrod Rd corridor, the backup/bottlenecking at Smallhouse/Campbell Ln and Smallhouse/Cave Mill is horrendous. Could not Campbell & Cave Mill be built to overpass Smallhouse or vice versa? Even if the lanes were adequate there would still be long waits at these intersections, as long as the roads physically intersect. The railroad overpass on Campbell Lane is a wonderful thing!

#22: From the Y at Smallhouse and Elrod to Trinity Baptist there is 13 homes including mine. That's not a subdivision or many homes by any means. We don't need or want any changes on our section of Smallhouse. The people in the subdivisions choose to live close together in highly populated areas. We don't! We like our land and our green space.

#24: Why is the new Elrod not 4 lane? Remember the new high school, middle school and proposed grade school. Better do it now rather than later. How can we speed this process up?

#26: The real problem was created by Planning and Zoning when they approved all the development in the area without consideration of the impact to the existing residents and how to handle the increased traffic associated with the development. If they created the problem make them solve it. Charge the developers to make the road improvements to Elrod and Smallhouse.

#27: Add bicycle facilties to all roadways!! If funding is unavailable for options, then scale down to at least fix the curves on Smallhouse within their right-a-ways. Safety first – congestion second.

#28: Improving Smallhouse by taking a route through the Rove Farm will be a long and costly legal battle. Saying this, it (A2, B2 or C1) would give improved access to the Holy Spirit property. It may also isolate the Trinity Freewill Baptist Church, another possible legal battle. All of the improvements shown in "Blue" isolates the Baptist Church to a higher degree.

#29: Thank you for giving us the opportunity to give our opinions.

#44: It would make more sense to put an interchange at Carter Sims Rd and make Long Rd and Carter Sims a 4 lane feeder that would help both Elrod & 3 Springs dump traffic on I-65 to get to 231-S.

#49: Thanks for looking at this problem. I'm not college educated but it would seem easier if roads were built first complimentary to land & then add houses & businesses.

#56: Our streets and roadways are a mess. A complete lack of planning for the last 100 years to accommodate today's and future traffic needs. Sharp curves and misaligned intersections should be corrected ASAP.

#57: Include bike lanes on Smallhouse to allow bike access to Basil Griffin Park.

#58: We have a responsibility to encourage future generations to use more sustainable forms of transportation. We do not need to encourage more traffic particularly w/option C which destroys my grandmother's property.

#59: Warren County paves from ditch to ditch – which means this bike shoulder is just a bad dream.

#60: Would question the accident statistics on Smallhouse Road curves. I have lived in one of the curves for 30 years. Most accidents are by being not adhering to speed limits. We built Trinity Church 2-3 years ago and have a million dollar structure and church that would adversely be affected by changes to Smallhouse.

#67: We purchased 12 acres of land in 1975 & this is amount of land we want. We do not want our land broken up by additional highways. This would also devalue our property if it is broken up in two pieces.

#69: If we can at least connect the dead-end of Ivan Downs Blvd. it will help greatly with through community traffic.

#70: Thank you for this opportunity to speak. BG has got to do more to make the community not completely dependant on driving – sidewalks, bike paths, etc.

#75: Good presentation. Easily understood. Hope B can be built, but if not perhaps C.

#77: What will this cost taxpayers and would the homeowners have to give up property along Elrod or would it come from college farm?



December 11, 2007

MEETING NOTES

ELROD ROAD / NATCHER PARKWAY INTERCHANGE STUDY STAKEHOLDERS MEETING WARREN COUNTY, KENTUCKY

GS&P Project No. 25826.00

MEETING DATE: December 10, 2007 – Monday 2:00 p.m.

PARTICIPANTS: See attached sign-in sheet

DISCUSSION: STAKEHOLDERS MEETING

- 1. The Holy Spirit Church's pastor commented that the congregation is dispersed all over Warren County and that he wanted it to be known that others would be using this interchange and the surrounding roads.
- 2. There was a study done on Three Springs Road in late 1999 or early 2000 that gave way to this study. It is currently under design for widening.
- 3. Several stakeholders voiced concerns over the current Smallhouse Road at Cave Mill Road signal offset problems. They would like this to be considered in the proposed study area. This is to be added before the MPO meeting on December 17th, 2007.
- 4. The project study area did take into consideration the population growth that has been occurring south of Elrod Road. This is the reason that the study area extends so far south.
- 5. The 3-way stop is viewed more as a 3-way "be careful" because motorists fail to comply with the stop sign.
- 6. A question from a stakeholder was raised about the length of time that was considered on the crash map. It was indicated that the display portrayed data from roughly 3 years of crashes.



MEETING NOTES

ELROD ROAD / NATCHER PARKWAY INTERCHANGE STUDY STAKEHOLDERS MEETING WARREN COUNTY, KENTUCKY

GS&P Project No. 25826.00 December 11, 2007 Page 2

- 7. Nashville Road is currently under consideration for substantial widening along it's corridor to 5 lanes. This will be done in segments and extend south eventually improving to the school.
- 8. Several stakeholders voiced concerns that the neighborhoods would be used as cut-throughs if enough consideration wasn't given to improving areas beyond the interchange.
- 9. The Natcher Parkway is currently in the last phases of design. The next step is environmental clearances.
- 10. Representatives from WVU expressed concerns that a new alignment would bisect their property and cause large portions to be unusable. The design team agreed that every opportunity should be made to avoid this and to use as much of the existing right of way as possible along the existing Elrod Road corridor. They would also like to see the previous alignments that were studied presented at the public meeting.
- 11. The general consensus of the stakeholders was to bring various typical sections that could potentially be proposed to the public meeting as talking points.
- 12. The stakeholders were divided up into three teams to independently identify problems and issues in the Elrod Road corridor, attempt to identify the purpose of this project, attempt to identify goals to accomplish with this project, and listed additional environmental concerns outside of what has already been identified. These are listed in the revised slide-kit (attached). Representatives from GS&P collected all of the worksheets (attached).
- 13. The public meeting has been tentatively scheduled for January 31st, 2008with a fall-back date scheduled for February 7th, 2008. A potential venue could be the Expo.
- 14. It was vocalized that this study will take approximately 1 year to complete.
- 15. Planning and Zoning will be an substantial part of the team as an MPO model is currently in place.



MEETING NOTES

ELROD ROAD / NATCHER PARKWAY INTERCHANGE STUDY STAKEHOLDERS MEETING WARREN COUNTY, KENTUCKY

GS&P Project No. 25826.00 December 11, 2007 Page 3

This represents our understanding of the items discussed at this meeting. If you have any questions or comments concerning any of the information contained herein, please contact me.

Prepared by: Mike Sewell, P.E.

Gresham, Smith and Partners

Associate

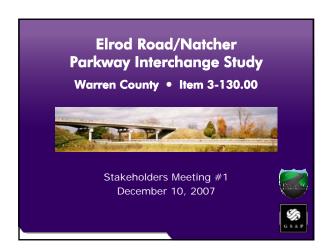
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Attachments: Worksheet Forms scanned

Revised PPT

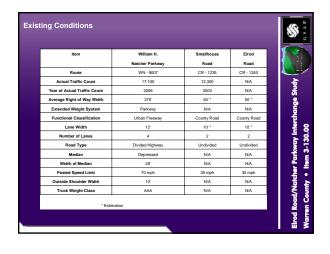
Attendance sheet scanned

Copy Participants

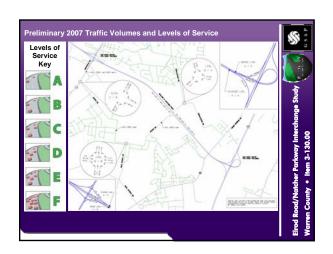


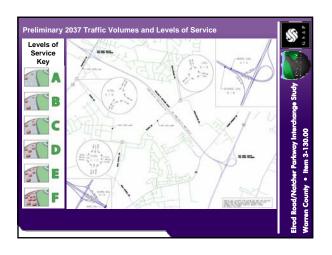


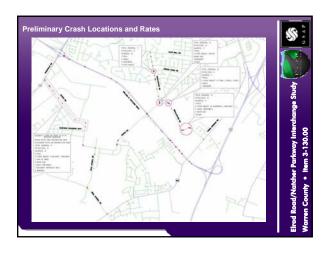










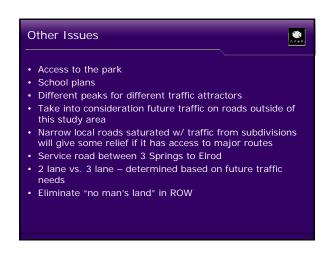




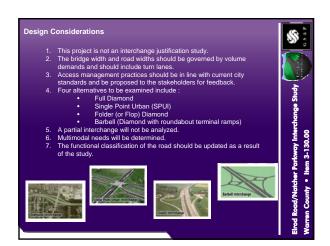


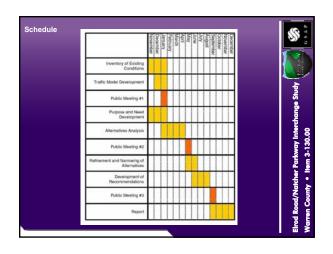


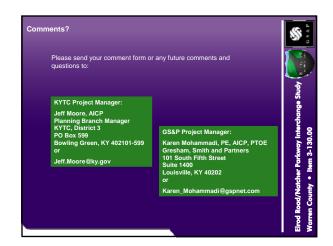






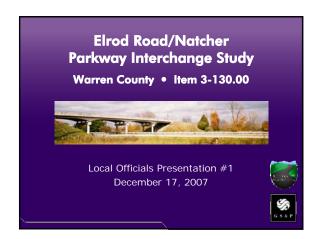








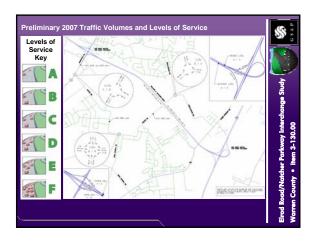


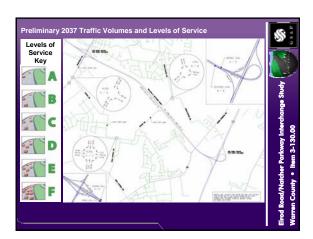


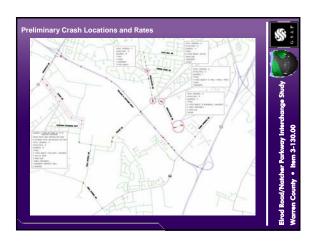










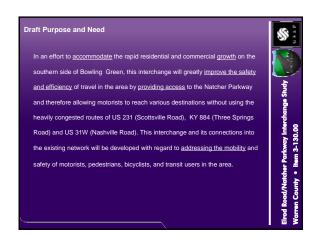


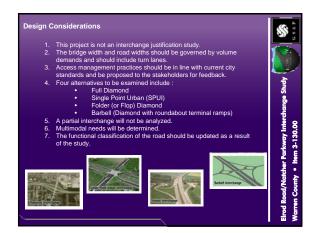


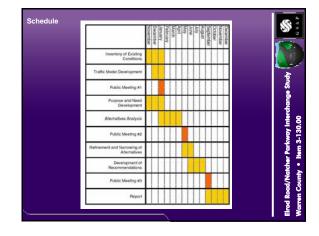


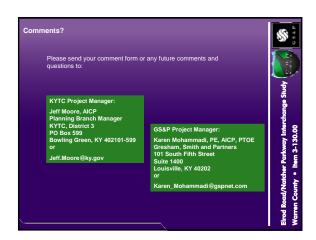


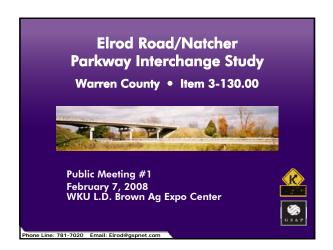






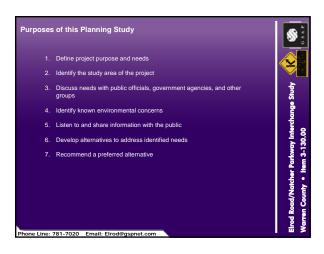


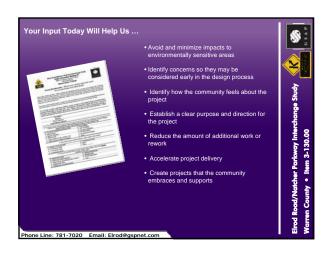






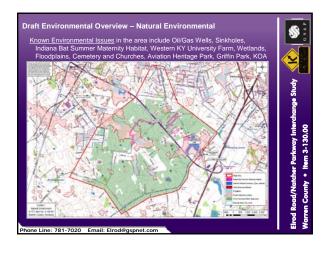


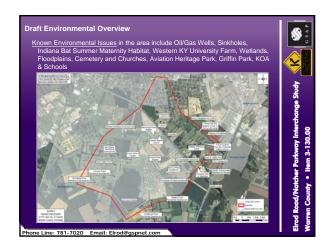


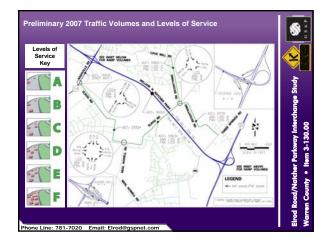


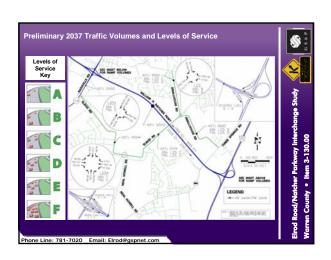


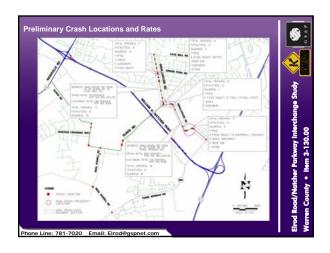


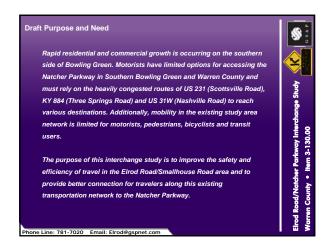




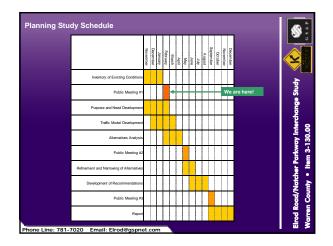


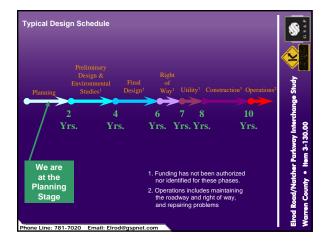


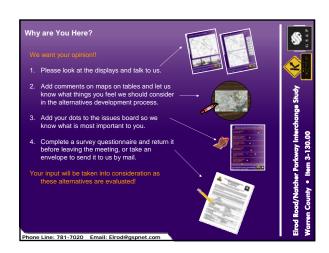




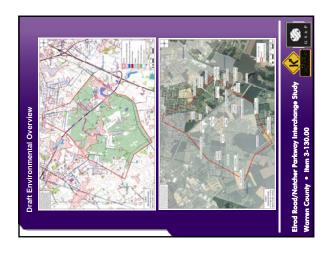




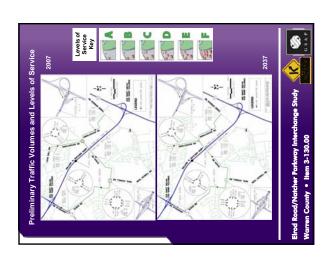


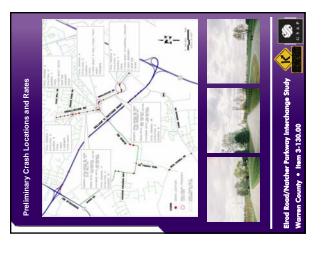


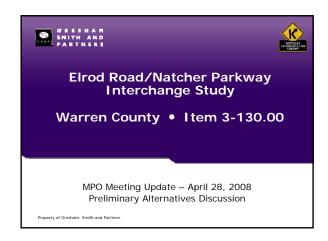






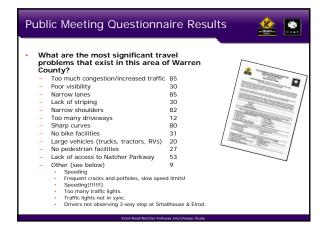


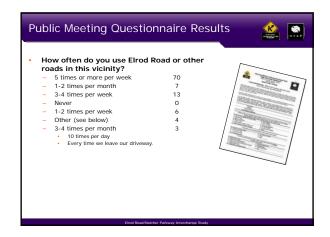


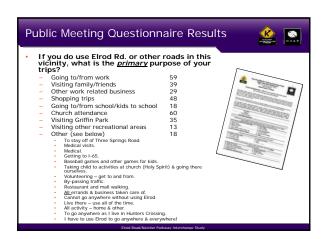


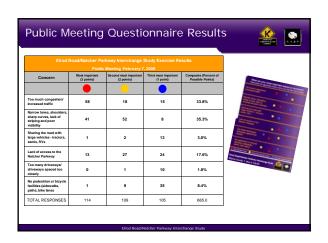






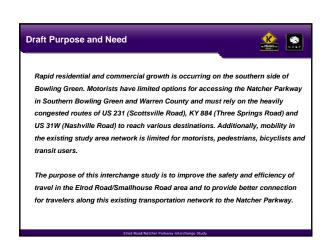




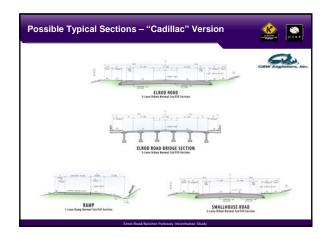


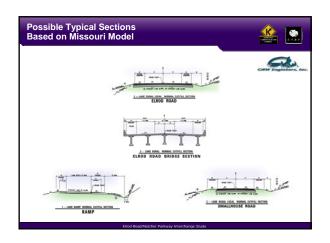








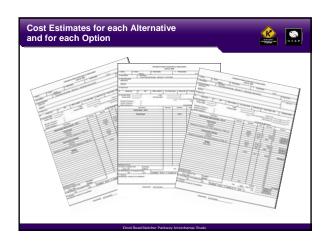


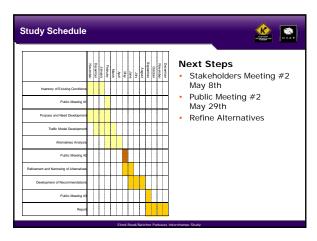












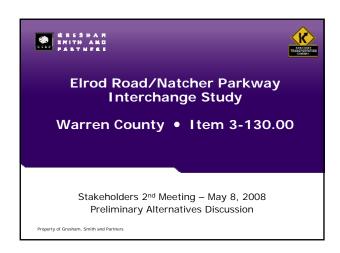


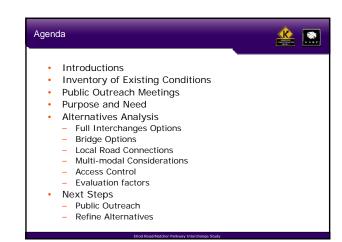






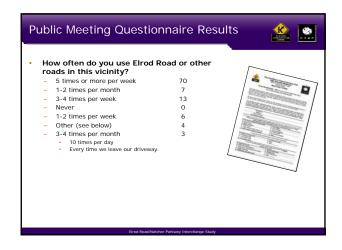


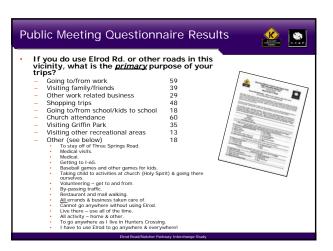


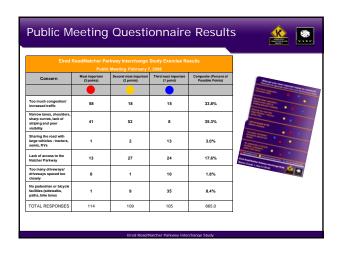


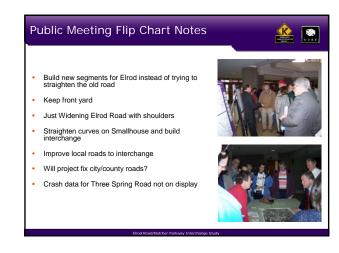








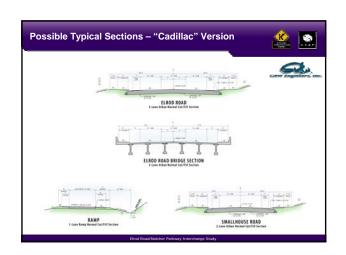


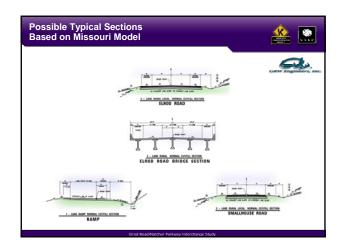








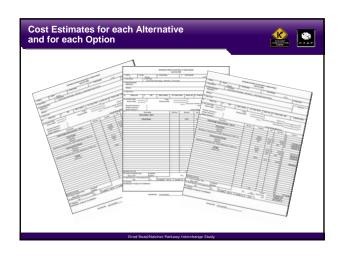
















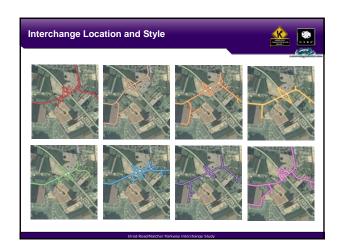




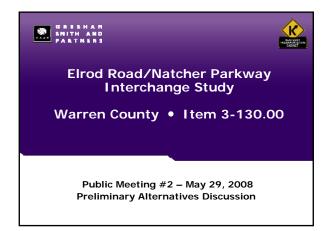




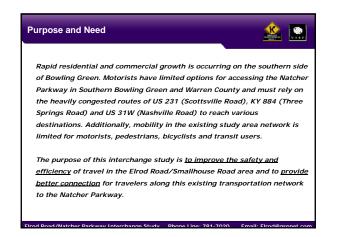


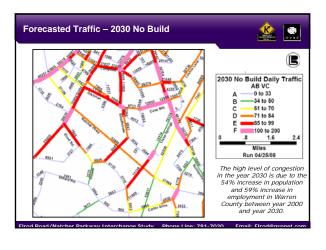


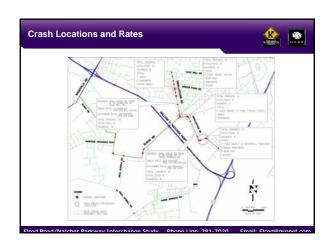


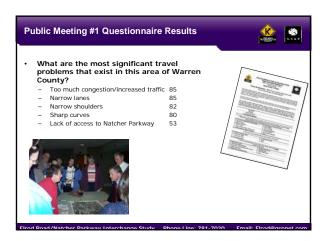


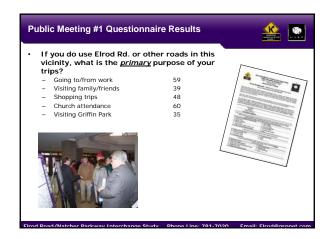


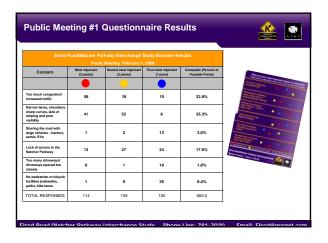




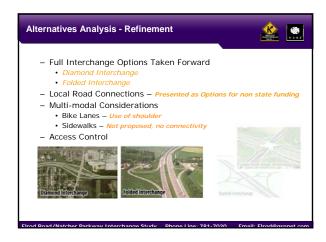


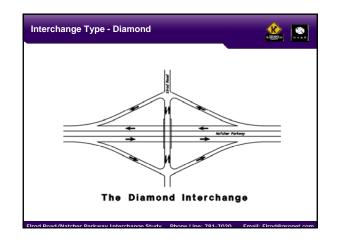


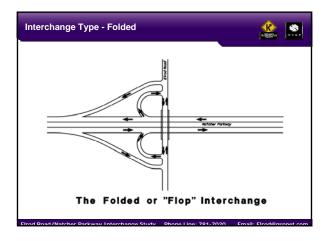


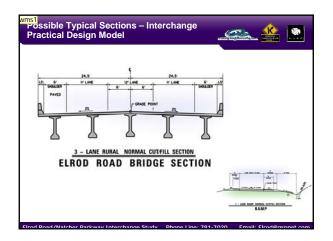


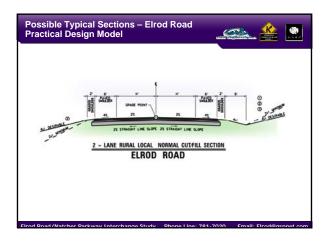


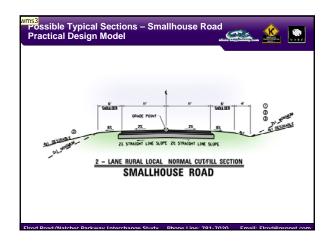


















Slide 13

wms1

Suggest this slide be made two slides so images can be bigger. Is 3-lane section still needed? Is ramp section needed?

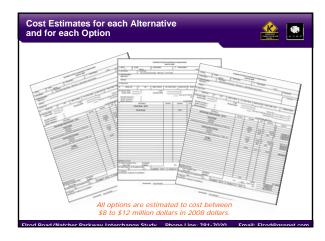
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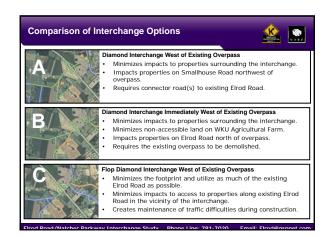
Slide 15

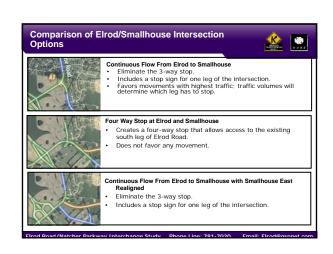
wms3 Suggest this slide be made two slides so images can be bigger. Is 3-lane section still needed? Is ramp section needed?

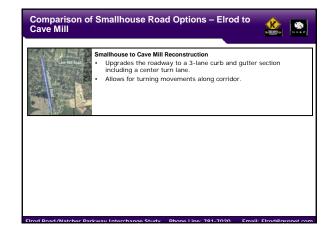
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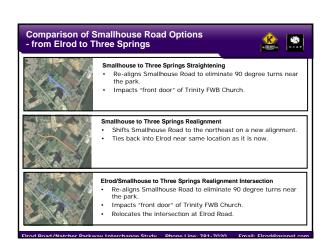


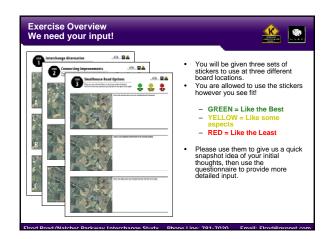


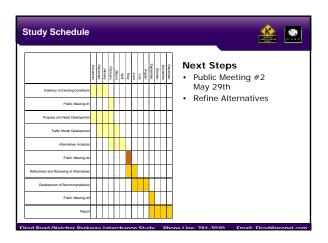


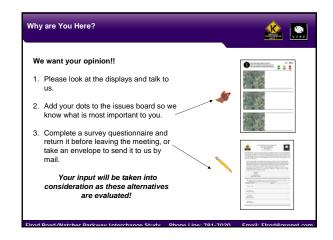














Elrod Road/Natcher Parkway Interchange Study

Warren County ● Item 3-130.00





Final Recommendation

Project Purpose

The purpose of this interchange study is <u>to improve the safety and efficiency</u> of travel in the Elrod Road/Smallhouse Road area and to <u>provide better connection</u> for travelers along this existing transportation network to the Natcher Parkway while minimizing disruption to existing neighborhoods.

Comparison of Interchange Options



- Minimizes impacts to properties surrounding the interchange.
- Impacts properties on Smallhouse Road northwest of overpass and WKU.
- Requires connector road(s) to existing Elrod Road.
- Costs \$9.2m
- Does not improve congestion
- Preferred by public but only by a small margin.



- Minimizes impacts to properties surrounding the interchange.
- Minimizes non-accessible land on WKU Agricultural Farm.
- Impacts properties on Elrod Road north of overpass.
- Requires the existing overpass to be removed.
- Costs \$7.1m
- Does not improve congestion
- Not preferred by public.



- Minimizes the footprint and utilizes as much of the existing Elrod Road as possible.
- Minimizes impacts to access for properties along existing Elrod Road in the vicinity of the interchange.
- Creates maintenance of traffic difficulties during construction.
- Costs \$6.8m
- Does not improve congestion.
- · Least preferred by public.

PUBLIC MEETING	EXERCISE	RESULT	S						
Public Meeting #2: May 29, 2008									
	Like the Best	Like Some Aspects	Like the Least	Composite (Percent of Possible Points)					
In terchange Alternative									
Α	19	13	9	30.1%					
В	13	17	12	27.8%					
С	12	9	3 6	29.4%					
Do Nothing	13	0	0	12.7%					
Total Responses	57	39	57	306					

Evaluation Factor	No Build	A It. A	A It. B	A It. C
1.Purpose and Need				
2.Disruption to Existing Neighborhoods				
3. E conomic Development				
4. Property Impacts				
5.WKU Impacts				
6. Impacts to Churches				
7. Impacts to Parks				
8. Costs				
9. Impacton New School				
10. A lig nm e n t				
11. Lane/S houlder Widths				
12. Multi-modal				
13. Public Acceptance				
14. Constructability				

Conclusions

- The alternatives range from \$6.8 to \$9.2 and would aid in economic development (residential growth) in the area.
- None of the alternatives would reduce traffic congestion in the area.
- Public support for the alternatives was not strong. Parishioners who live outside the area seemed to be the most vocal supporters.
- All alternatives would result in some level of disruption to either homes, WKU or the churches, and Alternatives B and C would be difficult to build while maintaining traffic flow due to removing the existing overpass.
- Development of an interchange would require City/County to complete the road projects on Smallhouse Road and Elrod Road in Study Area first.

Final Recommendation

- NO INTERCHANGE BE BUILT AT THIS LOCATION
- SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS BE MADE ALONG SMALLHOUSE ROAD
- INTERCHANGE FEASIBILITY STUDY BE CONDUCTED FOR SITE SOUTH OF THE I-65/NATCHER PARKWAY.