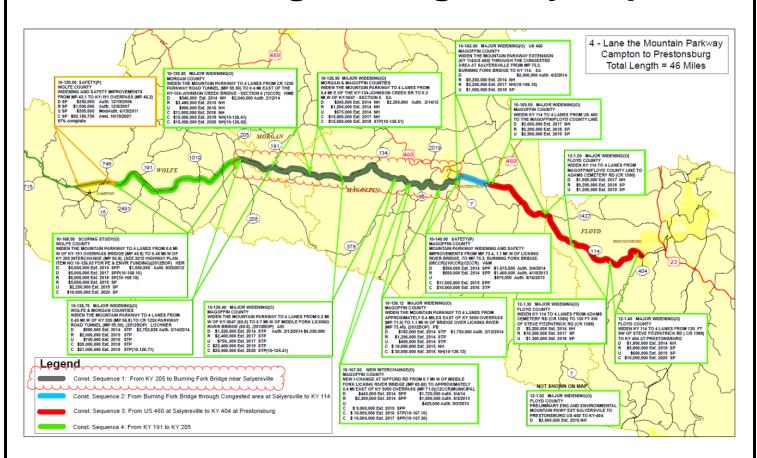
## **Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Value Engineering Study**

# Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00 Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

# Final Value Engineering Study Report



Study Dates: May 12-16, 2014

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Division of Highway Design 200 Mero Street Frankfort, KY 40622





Contact: Renee L. Hoekstra, CVS

(602) 493-1947

Draft: May 2014

Final: November 2014



## Guiding Teams – Building Success

November 14, 2014

Mr. Marshall Carrier
Project Manager
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Division of Highway Design
200 Mero Street
Franfort, KY 40622
Marshall.Carrier@ky.gov

Re: Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties FINAL Value Engineering Study Report

Dear Mr. Carrier:

Transmitted herewith is the pdf copy of the Final Value Engineering Study Report for the above referenced project.

RHA appreciates your assistance and cooperation. Should you have any questions please contact us at (602) 493-1947.

Sincerely,

RHA, LLC

Renee L. Hoekstra, CVS Managing Partner

Renee@TeamRHA.com

Patrice M. Miller, CVS Managing Partner

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# **INTRODUCTION**



## Introduction

The value methodology (Synonyms: value analysis, value engineering and value management) is a function-oriented, systematic, team approach to add customer value to a program, facility, system, or service. Improvements like performance, quality, initial and life cycle cost are paramount in the value methodology. The value engineering workshop was conducted in accordance with the methodology as established by SAVE International, "The Value Society," and was structured using the Job Plan as outlined below:

#### **Value Methodology**

- Pre-Study
  - o Identify team members
  - Define workshop location
  - Review project documentation
  - Prepare for the study (workshop)

#### Value Study (Workshop) Job Plan

- o Information Phase
  - Gather, organize and analyze data,
  - Define costs and cost models,
  - Define the problem/purpose of the study,
  - Define study scope, define project goals and workshop goals
  - Complete a risk analysis
- Function Analysis Phase
  - Define and evaluate functions
  - Define needs versus wants
- o Creative Phase
  - What else will perform the functions?
  - Is this function required?
- Evaluation Phase
  - Rank and rate the ideas to select
  - Refine the best ideas for further development
- Development Phase
  - Develop the best ideas into VE Alternatives with support and justification
- Presentation/Implementation
  - VE team presents results
  - Prepare and issue the report
  - Report implementation ideas

#### Post Study

- Implement approved alternatives
- Monitor status



#### **Report Contents**

The report provides the outcomes associated with this VE workshop and includes the following sections:

**Introduction** – This section outlines the VE process and explains the content of the report.

**Executive Summary** – This section is an overview that includes project background, summary of results, a list of the VE study team members, and the VE punch list.

**VE Recommendations and Design Suggestions** – Each completed alternative and design suggestion has a separate workbook and is divided by function and project section, where applicable. Each workbook contains the following information:

- Baseline Assumption
- Proposed Alternative
- Benefits and Risks/Challenges of the Proposed Alternative
- Discussion and Justification
- Implementation Requirements
- Detailed Cost Estimate
- Life Cycle Cost Analysis, as needed
- Drawings and/or Sketches for the Baseline and the Proposed Alternative, as needed

#### **Appendices**

- A Study Participants
- B Pareto Cost Models
- C Function Analysis
- D Creative List and Evaluation
- E Supporting Data
  - i. Team Observations
  - ii. Risk Registry
  - iii. List of Standard KYTC VE Report Abbreviations

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**



## **Executive Summary**

#### **Background**

A Value Engineering (VE) study was conducted during May 12-16, 2014 for the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (KYTC) for the Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1 project. This study encompassed seven separate and contiguous designs—10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, and 10-140.00—as shown in the diagram on the following page.

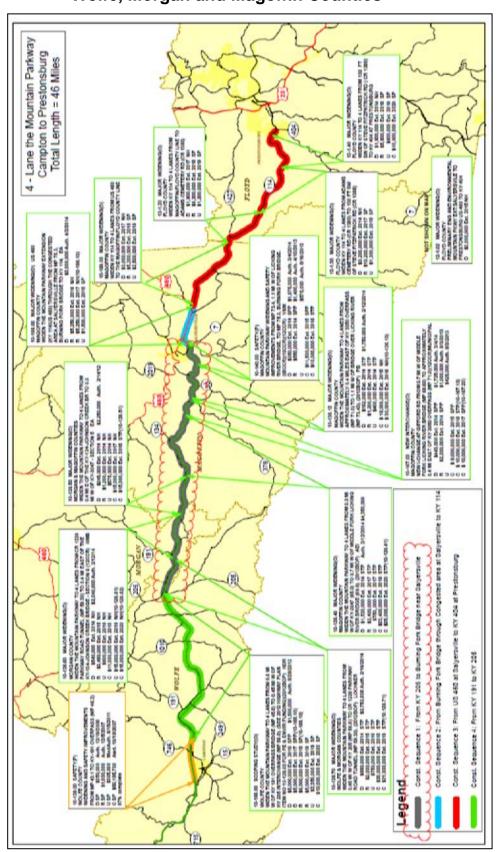
The decision makers identified the project goals as:

- Achieve Level of Service "A"
- Limit right-of-way impacts
- Stay within the footprint identified in the current environmental documents
- Build an Interstate-type facility, which was defined as-
  - Controlled access
  - o Inside shoulders 4-foot paved, 2-foot unpaved
  - Outside shoulders 10-foot paved, 2-foot unpaved
  - Lighting
  - o Four lanes
  - Maximum 6% grade
  - o 40-foot wide median
- Accommodate adjacent sections on both ends
- Meet two-year time constraints to maximize funding available, purchase property/ROW, and move utilities
- Try to accomplish as much as possible with less money
- Create an economically viable corridor

The workshop objectives were identified at the start of the workshop; to assure the efficient use of funds, both capital and life cycle costs, and to ensure the best value is attained while meeting the project goals and performance attributes. The VE team identified the following goals and opportunities for the workshop:

- Apply a corridor-wide approach wherever possible
- · Check potential for waste site areas
- Identify opportunities for expediting the project
- Utilize salvageable materials where appropriate
- Focus on 60 MPH design speed with the opportunity to reduce it to 55 MPH design speed in certain areas, when appropriate







#### **Project Constraints**

The decision makers/stakeholders identified the project constraints for the VE team at the start of the VE study as:

- Four-lane design
- Time that it takes to permit
- Right-of-way completion (10-167.00 and 10-140.00 complete, with 10-126.12 not far behind)
- Politics

#### **Project Description**

The VE study includes seven separate and contiguous designs. The overall purpose of this corridor project is to provide a safer and more efficient roadway and to contribute to the transportation infrastructure improvements needed to support travel in the Eastern Kentucky region. This project should also address the lack of sufficient transportation infrastructure and major highway system linkage in an economically disadvantaged region of the state by constructing an interstate-type, access controlled highway facility that will provide for the safe, cost-effective, and efficient movement of people and goods.

#### **Summary of Results**

The VE team brainstormed a total of 78 ideas. The alternatives were generated by function for the seven design sections, when applicable. The seven design sections are:

Item No.	County	Designer
10-126.70	Wolfe & Morgan	Lochner
10-126.60	Morgan	HMB
10-126.50	Morgan & Magoffin	EA
10-126.40	Magoffin	AEI
10-167.00	Magoffin	Municipal
10-126.12	Magoffin	PB
10-140.00	Magoffin	V&M

Many of the ideas were more general in nature that could apply to any or all of the seven sections.

Of the 78 ideas, twenty-seven (27) ideas were identified for further development into VE proposed alternatives, including cost impacts. Twenty-five (25) Design Suggestions, without any cost impact, were identified with five (5) Design Suggestions written to provide additional information for KYTC and the designers to consider. The description and further discussion of these are included in the VE workbooks section of this report. The following table shows the proposed alternatives developed and the cost impacts. The costs shown in parenthesis represent an additional cost to the project. Those shown as positive numbers represent a savings.



## **Summary of Proposed Alternatives**

No.	Description	Initial Cost Savings / (Add)	O&M	Total Life Cycle Cost
SS	SPAN SPACE			
	10-126.70 (1)			
SS-04	Use an arch-bridge for Mountain Parkway, KY 205 and ramps	\$4,630,000	\$0	\$4,630,000
SS-05	Use an arch bridge in lieu of box culvert - three opportunities	\$261,150	\$0	\$261,150
	10-126.60 (2)			
SS-06	Use single-span bridge at Sta. 3072+55 in lieu of three-span bridge	\$637,727	\$0	\$637,727
SS-08	Use single-span bridge with MSE walls at Sta. 3224+88 in lieu of three-span bridge	\$492,275	\$0	\$492,275
	10-126.50 (3)			
SS-12	Reduce bridge at Sta. 3350+00 from 4-span to 3-span	\$284,760	\$0	\$284,760
SS-13	Reduce the 8% superelevation on the bridge at Johnson Creek Road	(\$900,000)	\$0	(\$900,000)
	10-126.40 (4)			
SS-16	Shift the alignment south to eliminate five twin bridges	\$32,206,808	\$0	\$32,206,808
SS-19	Eliminate the interchange on both sides of Section 10-126.40	\$4,746,350	\$0	\$4,746,350
SS-22	Use con-span at Sta. 3506+00 in lieu of a 3-span box	(\$113,225)	\$0	(\$113,225)
	10-126.12 (6)			
SS-25	Use SPUI in lieu of a full diamond interchange	\$1,500,000	\$0	\$1,500,000
CR	CLEAR RIGHT OF WAY			
	10-126.12 (6)			
CR-01	Use median barrier to reduce the footprint through the cuts	\$17,447,525	\$0	\$17,447,525
CR-04	Bifurcate the road on one side at a higher elevation to reduce cuts	\$278,669	\$0	\$278,669
CR-05	At Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00 raise the grade to balance earthwork and reduce cuts	\$1,775,000	\$0	\$1,775,000
CR-06	Flatten fill slopes to balance earthwork from Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00	\$48,552	\$0	\$48,552



## **Summary of Proposed Alternatives**

No.	Description	Initial Cost Savings / (Add)	O&M	Total Life Cycle Cost
CR-08	Introduce false cuts to reduce fill area footprint and waste site needs	\$4,650,917	\$0	\$4,650,917
CR-09	Use MSE walls for retaining walls to reduce cuts	(\$743,927)	\$0	(\$743,927)
	10-126.40 (4)			
CR-14	Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment	\$947,916	\$0	\$947,916
CR-15	Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00	\$213,500	\$0	\$213,500
	10-126.70 (1)			
CR-21	Use a jug handle interchange in lieu of a diamond interchange	\$898,085	\$0	\$898,085
С	CONSTRUCTABILITY			
C-02	Complete early construction package to construct roadway portions that are off the existing alignment	\$0	\$0	\$0
C-03	Detour traffic in 10-126.70 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction	\$712,005	\$0	\$712,005
C-04	Detour traffic in 10-126.60 onto KY 134/KY 191 to close parkway during construction	\$1,553,930	\$0	\$1,553,930
AV	ACCOMMODATE VEHICLES			
AV-01	Pavement thickness should change based on usage (ADT)	\$1,164,020	\$0	\$1,164,020
AV-02	Maintain current median 36 LF width in lieu of 40 LF	\$1,331,094	\$0	\$1,331,094
AV-03	Reduce outside paved shoulder width	\$3,545,594	\$143,000	\$3,688,594
DS	ADDITIONAL IDEAS BASED ON DESIGN SPEED			
DS-01	Change design speed from 65 mph to 60 mph to reduce earthwork	\$25,440,000	\$0	\$25,440,000
DS-02	Change design speed from 65 mph to 55 mph to reduce earthwork	\$33,080,000	\$0	\$33,080,000



**Summary of Design Suggestion (DS\* Workbook Prepared)** 

No.	Description	Score
SS	SPAN SPACE	
	10-126.60 (2)	
SS-11	Use concrete piles in lieu of H-piles or spread footings	DS*
CR	CLEAR RIGHT OF WAY	
	10-126.12 (6)	
CR-07	Use the existing area between the ramps as fill areas	DS*
С	CONSTRUCTABILITY	·
C-05	Package construction bids to have bridges built separately	DS*
C-07	Package construction bids to have pavement bid/built separately	DS*
C-08	Establish blast windows to provide longer work windows	DS*

#### **Risk Analysis**

A formal risk analysis was completed on this project to identify any potential risks that might negatively or positively impact the project. The VE team identified five potential risks. A risk register was completed and is included in Appendix E, the support data section of this report.

#### **Team Observations**

Upon completion of the project presentation, the team discussed the various elements of the project including the project information they had reviewed prior to the workshop and the information provided during the presentation. These observations can be found in Appendix E.

#### **Function Analysis**

Function definition and analysis is the heart of Value Engineering. It is the primary activity that separates VE from all other "improvement" programs. The objective of this phase is to ensure the entire team agrees upon the purposes for the project elements. Furthermore, this phase assists with development of the most beneficial areas for continuing the study. The data supporting the function analysis can be found in Appendix C.

The VE team identified the functions using active verbs and measurable nouns. This process allowed the team to truly understand all of the functions associated with the project. The basic function was defined as *Increase Capacity*. A Function Analysis Systems Technique (FAST) diagram was completed and is included in Appendix C.



#### **VE Study Team**

Name	Organization	Role
Renee Hoekstra	RHA, LLC	Team Leader
Patrice Miller	RHA, LLC	Assistant Team Leader
Darren Back	KYTC	Roadway
Travis Carrico	KYTC	Construction / Constructability
Shawn Russell	KYTC	Construction / Constructability
Bill Morris	Stantec	Roadway
Christopher Jenkins	Qk4	Construction
Danny Woods	Stantec	Structures
Adam Crace	Stantec	Geotechnical
Harsha Wijesiri	Integrated Engineering	Drainage

#### Certification

This is to verify that the Value Engineering Study was conducted in accordance with standard value engineering principles and practices.

Renee L. Hoekstra, CVS®

Some L. Lallotte

RHA, LLC

1 of 2 11/14/2014

## **VALUE ENGINEERING PUNCH LIST**

10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-ITEM NO. 126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and PROJECT COUNTIES: Magoffin

DATE OF STUDY: May 12-16, 2014

					<u>-</u> '					
VE Alternative Number	VE Team Top Pick	Description	Activity (Y,N,UC-Date)	Implemented Life Cycle Cost Savings	Original Cost	Alternative Cost	Initial Cost Saving	Life Cycle Cost Savings (Total Present Worth)	FHWA Categories	Remarks
Item No. 10-126.70 Wolfe & Morgan Counties (Designer: Lochner)										
SS-04		Use an arch-bridge for Mountain Parkway, KY 205 and ramps			\$10,867,500	\$6,237,500	\$4,630,000	\$0		
SS-05		Use an arch bridge in-lieu of box culvert - three opportunities			\$917,150	\$656,000	\$261,150	\$0		
CR-21		Use a jug handle interchange in lieu of a diamond interchange			\$1,704,535	\$806,450	\$898,085	\$0		
C-03		Detour traffic in 10.126.70 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction			\$4,773,421	\$4,061,416	\$712,005	\$0		
	- /2				Item No. 1	0-126.60				
Morgan Cou SS-06		Use single-span bridge at Sta. 3072+55 in lieu of three-span bridge			\$1,161,365	\$523,639	\$637,726	\$0		
SS-08		Use single-span bridge with MSE walls at Sta. 3224+88 in lieu of three-span bridge			\$1,640,182	\$1,147,907	\$492,275	\$0		
C-04		Detour traffic in 10.126.60 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction			\$9,873,106	\$8,319,176	\$1,553,930	\$0		
	Manaffin	Counting (Designant FA)			Item No. 1	0-126.50				
SS-12		Counties (Designer: EA) Reduce bridge at Sta. 3350+00 from 4-span to 3-span			\$451,260	\$166,500	\$284,760	\$0		
SS-13		Reduce the 8% superelevation on the bridge at Johnson Creek Road			\$0	\$900,000	(\$900,000)	\$0		
					Item No. 1	0-126.40				
Magoffin Co	ounty (Des						1	1		
SS-16		Shift the alignment south to eliminate five twin bridges			\$66,306,808	\$34,100,000	\$32,206,808	\$0		
SS-19		Eliminate the interchange of Section 10-126.40 at KY 134			\$4,746,350	\$0	\$4,746,350	\$0		
SS-22		Use con-span at Sta. 3506+00 in lieu of a 3- span box			\$674,275	\$787,500	(\$113,225)	\$0		
CR-14		Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment			\$3,047,916	\$2,100,000	\$947,916	\$0		
CR-15		Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00			\$1,078,000	\$864,500	\$213,500	\$0		

2 of 2

VE Alternative Number	VE Team Top Pick	Description	Activity (Y,N,UC-Date)	Implemented Life Cycle Cost Savings	Original Cost	Alternative Cost	Initial Cost Saving	Life Cycle Cost Savings (Total Present Worth)	FHWA Categories	Remarks
Magoffin Co	ounty (Des	igner: PR)			Item No. 1	0-126.12				
SS-25	y (200	Use SPUI in lieu of a full diamond interchange			\$15,000,000	\$13,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$0		
CR-01		Use median barrier to reduce foot print through cuts			\$154,499,450	\$137,051,925	\$17,447,525	\$0		
CR-04		Bifurcate the road on one at a higher elevation to reduce cuts			\$819,255	\$540,586	\$278,669	\$0		
CR-05		At Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00 raise the grade to balance earthwork and reduce cuts			\$18,500,000	\$16,725,000	\$1,775,000	\$0		
CR-06		Flatten fill slopes to balance earthwork at Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00			\$48,552	\$0	\$48,552	\$0		
CR-08		Introduce false cuts to reduce fill area footprint and waste site needs			\$85,192,826	\$80,541,908	\$4,650,918	\$0		
CR-09		Use MSE walls for retaining walls to reduce cuts			\$206,374	\$950,300	(\$743,926)	\$0		
					ALL Iter	n Nos.				
C-02		Complete early construction package to construct roadway portions that are off the existing alignment			\$25,731,300	\$25,731,300	\$0	\$0		
AV-01		Pavement thickness should change based on usage (ADT)			\$17,693,130	\$16,529,110	\$1,164,020	\$0		
AV-02		Maintain current median 36 LF width in lieu of 40 LF			\$82,231,684	\$80,900,590	\$1,331,094	\$0		
AV-03		Reduce outside paved shoulder width			\$93,286,184	\$89,740,590	\$3,545,594	\$143,000		
DS-01		Change design speed from 65 mph to 60 mph to reduce earthwork			\$25,440,000	\$0	\$25,440,000	\$0		
DS-02		Change design speed from 65 mph to 55 mph to reduce earthwork			\$33,080,000	\$0	\$33,080,000	\$0		
Design Suggestions - Item No. 10-126.60  Morgan County (Designer: HMB)										
SS-11DS	(200.5	Use concrete piles in lieu of H-pile or spread footings								
Design Suggestion - Item No. 10-126.12  Magoffin County (Designer: PB)										
	ounty (Des	Use the existing area between the ramps as fill								
CR-07DS		areas								
C-05DS		Package construction bids to have bridges built separately		Design 9	Suggestion	s - ALL Item	Nos.			
C-07DS		Package construction bids to have pavement bid/built separately								
C-08DS		Establish blast windows to provide longer work windows			_			_		11

# VE RECOMMENDATIONS & DESIGN SUGGESTIONS



## **VE Proposed Alternatives & Design Suggestions**

#### Introduction

The VE study evaluated the 78 ideas that were brainstormed during the Creative Phase for Item Nos. 10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, and 10-126.40. The twenty-seven (27) completed Alternatives are located in this section of the report. The alternatives developed included, as needed, the following information:

- Baseline Assumption
- Proposed Alternative
- Benefits and Risks/Challenges of the Proposed Alternative
- Discussion and Justification
- Implementation Requirements
- Detailed Cost Estimate
- Life Cycle Cost Analysis
- Drawings and/or Sketches for the Baseline and the Proposed Alternative

Additionally, five (5) Design Suggestions were developed to provide some additional design direction to the design team. These are also included in this section of the report.

#### **Results of the Study**

The team developed the Alternatives based on the seven design sections; however, some of the Alternatives may be able to be applied to other design sections. In some cases, an Alternative was developed for the complete Construction Sequence 1.

Each design section is listed separately with the Alternatives and the corresponding design suggestions which include:

- 10-126.70 (Wolfe & Morgan Counties; Designer Lochner): widen the Mountain Parkway to four lanes from 0.45 mile west of KY 205 (MP 56.80) to CR 1226 Parkway Road Tunnel (MP 59.30)
- 10-126.60 (Morgan County; Designer HMB): widen the Mountain Parkway to 4 lanes from CR 1226 Parkway Road Tunnel (MP 59.30) to 0.4 mile east of KY 134 – Johnson Creek Bridge
- 10-126.50 (Morgan & Magoffin Counties; Designer EA): widen the Mountain Parkway
  to four lanes from 0.4 mile east of the KY 134 Johnson Creek Bridge (MP 65.00) to 0.3
  mile west of KY 3047
- 10-126.40 (Magoffin County; Designer AEI): widen the Mountain Parkway to 4 lanes from 0.3 mile west of KY 3047 (MP 65.00) to 0.7 mile west of Middle Fork Licking River Bridge (MP 69.60)



- 10-167.00 (Magoffin County; Designer Municipal): new interchange at Gifford Road from 0.7 mile west of Middle Fork Licking River Bridge (MP 69.60) to approximately 0.4 mile east of KY 3050 Overpass (MP 71.00) - No Alternatives developed for this design section
- 10-126.12 (Magoffin County; Designer PB): widen the Mountain Parkway to four lanes from approximately 0.4 mile east of KY 3050 Overpass (MP 71.0) to 1.1 mile west of Bridge over Licking River (MP 73.40)
- **10-140.00** (Magoffin County; Designer V&M): Mountain Parkway widening and safety improvements from MP 73.4, 1.1 mile west of Licking Bridge to MP 75.3, Burning Fork Bridge No Alternatives developed for this design section
- Other: Not specific to a particular design section





10-126.70



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Use an arch-bridge for Mou	ntain Parkway, KY 2	05 and ramps	
FUNCTION:	Spar	Space	
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:			
A mainline bridge is proposed on the Mount Ramp D) over the Red River. Another bridg	• •	-	adjoining ramps (Ramp A &
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:			
Replace all the bridges over Red River with	precast arch bridges		
	l niew		
BENEFITS  Minimal impact to the streams	RISK	S/CHALLENGES  Evaluate the fleedule	.i.a
Minimal impact to the streams	•	Evaluate the floodpla	1111
Can be constructed with minimal impact	et to MOT •	Evaluate the hydrauli	ics of Red River
Faster construction	•	Perform scour analys	is for the structures
• Cost savings	•	Evaluate the height c	learance on KY 205
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
COST SUMMARY	Initial Costs	O&M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 10,867,500	\$ -	\$ 10,867,500
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 6,237,500	\$ -	\$ 6,237,500
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 4,630,000	\$ -	\$ 4,630,000
			SAVINGS



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Use an arch-bridge for Mountain Parkway, KY 205 and ramps

#### DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:

Precast arches can be used in lieu of bridges. These typically offer a considerable cost savings over bridges. MSE walls/taller headwalls could be utilized to minimize the length of the culverts. The interchange configuration could be changed (ramps closer to the mainline - similar to SPUI) to minimize the length of the culvert and improve hydraulics by having one structure instead of three structures. Based on preliminary analysis, a 100ft arch is utilized over Red River and the length of the culvert is assumed to be 200ft long. The cost of this arc culvert is estimated at \$22,000/LF. A 30ft wide and 15ft tall arch is proposed for KY 207 over the tributary over Red River and replace the bridge on Mountain Parkway with the same culvert where KY 204 goes under the parkway. The cost for the bridges are estimated at \$150/sqft. Relocating the interchange could reduce the amount of bridges needed. The interchange configuration could be changed to a SPUI to minimize right-of-way and stream impacts.

IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATION
------------------------------

Evaluate the hydraulics and impacts to the floodplain.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use an arch-bridge for Mountain Parkway, KY 205 and ramps

TITLE:	Use an arch	n-bridge	for Mounta	nin Parkway, KY	205 and ramps			
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELI	NE ASSUMPTI	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Mainline Sta 130+00 (300' Long x 50' Wide) 2-Bridges		SF	30,000	150.00	4,500,000			
Ramp A Sta. 23+00		SF	7,200	150.00	1,080,000	200	22,000.00	4,400,000
Ramp D Sta. 59+00		SF	5,250	150.00	787,500			
KY 205 Sta. 339+00		SF	5,000	150.00	750,000	50	8,750.00	437,500
			2,000	10000	,,,,,,,			
Mainline Sta 148+32 (250' Long x 50' Wide) 2- Bridges		SF	25,000	150.00	3,750,000	160	8,750.00	1,400,000
							+	
					10,867,500			6,237,500
					(BASEL)	INE LESS	S PROPOSED)	4,630,000

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

**SAVINGS** 



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

 $Items\ \#10\text{-}126.70,\ 10\text{-}126.60,\ 10\text{-}126.50,\ 10\text{-}126.40,\ 10\text{-}167.00,$ 

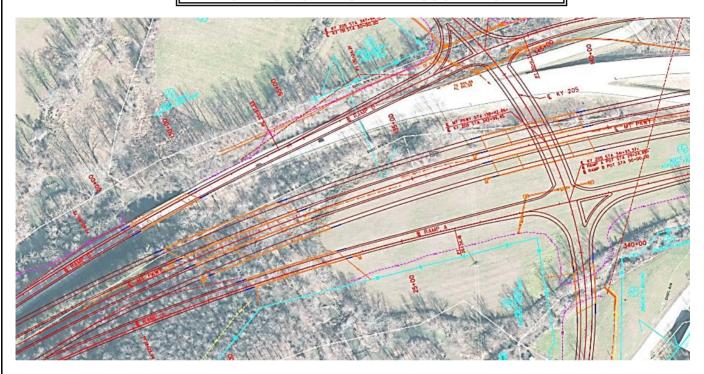
10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:

Use an arch-bridge for Mountain Parkway, KY 205 and ramps

## SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION





Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use an arch-bridge for Mountain Parkway, KY 205 and ramps

## SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE







**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

<b>TITLE:</b> Use arch bridge in-lie	eu of box culvert - tl	ree opp	ortunities		
FUNCTION:		Span	Space		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:					
Three box culvert (Double 12 LF X extensions are proposed.	7 LF Sta. 163+00, 6	LF X 5	LF Sta. 117+40, and (	6 LF X 5 LF	Sta. 248+00)
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:					
Use arch-culverts in lieu of box culve	erts. Replace the Do	uble 12	LF X 7 LF with a 24	LF X 8 LF a	rch-culvert.
Replace the 6 LF X 5 LF with a 12 L					
BENEFITS		RISK	S/CHALLENGES		
Reduces cost		•	Connecting to the ex	disting box cu	ılverts
Achieves better hydraulic capac box culvert	ities versus double	•			
• Reduces the chances of silting of culvert	on the double box	•			
Reduces the in-lieu fees associa	ted with culverts	•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
COST SUMMARY	Initial (	Costs	O&M Costs	Total L	ife Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		917,150	\$ -	\$	917,150
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:		556,000	\$ -	\$	656,000
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 2	261,150	\$ -	\$	261,150

SAVINGS



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:	Use arch bridge in-lieu of box culvert - three opportunities
DISCUSSIO	N/JUSTIFICATION:
structures ma	culverts should be evaluated to determine the structural integrity of the existing box culverts. These may be at the end of their life cycle. By utilizing arch-culverts, stream impacts are reduced and the stream includes a saved. In-lieu fees are estimated at \$625/LF.
	NTATION CONSIDERATIONS: alysis to determine there are no adverse effects with connecting to the existing box culverts.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

ITLE. Use each bridge in liqu of how sulvert, three enpertunities

TITLE:	Use arch b	ridge in-l	ieu of box	culvert - three op	pportunities				
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELI	INE ASSUMPT	ION	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	
Station 163+00 (Double 12 LF x 7 LF)			100	3,880.00	388,000	100	3,500.00	350,000	
Station 117+40 (6 LF x 5 LF)			130	900.00	117,000	130	1,000.00	130,000	
Station 248+00 (6 LF x 5 LF)			176	900.00	158,400	176	1,000.00	176,000	
In-lieu Fees channel mitigation			406	625.00	253,750				
					917,150			656,000	
					(BASEL	INE LES	S PROPOSED)	261,150	

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

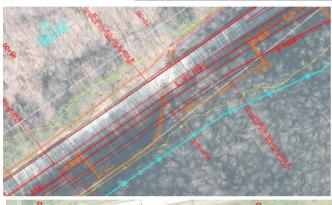
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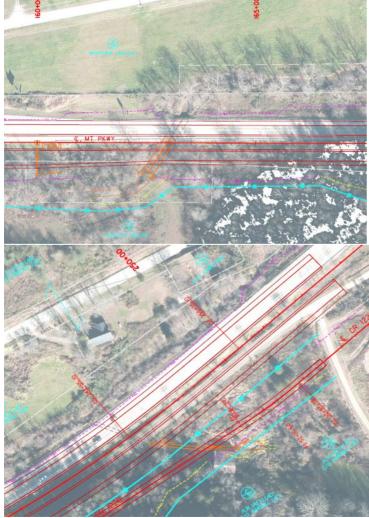
10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Use arch bridge in-lieu of box culvert - three opportunities

## SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION







Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Use arch bridge in-lieu of box culvert - three opportunities

## SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE







**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Use a jug handle intercha	nge in li	eu of a d	iamond	linterch	nange at K	XY 191		
FUNCTION:		Cl	ear Rig	ght-of-v	way			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:				<i></i>				
There is full diamond interchange at KY	191.							
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:								
Replace Ramp D with a jug handle ramp.								
BENEFITS			RISKS	S/CHA	LLENGE	ES		
Eliminates need for bridge on Ramp	D		•	Making	g room fo	r ramp		
Reduces roadway excavation			•	bridge	kely requi at interch ation lane	ange to	accomi	ountain Parkway nodate
Reduces ramp length			•					
Reduces bridge need			•					
•			•					
•			•					
•			•					
•			•					
COST SUMMARY	I	nitial Co	sts	O	&M Cost	s	Total	Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$		4,535	\$		-	\$	1,704,535
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$		6,450	\$		-	\$	806,450
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$	89	8,085	\$		-	\$	898,085

**SAVINGS** 



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:	Use a jug handle interchange in lieu of a diamond interchange at KY 191
The bridge on Ra	TUSTIFICATION:  amp D is eliminated and Mountain Parkway interchange bridge widened enough to accommodate an
acceleration lane	. Ramp length is reduced from 2000 LF to about 800 LF with jug handle design.
	ATION CONSIDERATIONS: e ramp curve radius to determine if this proposal is feasible based on available right-of-way.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use a jug handle interchange in lieu of a diamond interchange at KY 191

DECICNIEL EMENT	Monkum	Markup BASELINE ASSUMPTION					PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
DESIGN ELEMENT  Description	Markup %	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$		
Asphalt surface	70	TON	260	95.00	24,700	Qi)	Сти Сове ф			
Asphalt base		TON	1,974	85.00	167,790					
Crushed stone base		TON	566	30.00	16,980					
Rock road bed		CY	2,519	30.00	75,570					
Asphalt surface (shoulder)		TON	100	95.00	9,500					
Asphalt base (shoulder)		TON	235	85.00	19,975					
Crushed stone base (shoulder)		TON	214	30.00	6,420					
Rock road bed (shoulder)		CY	2,370	30.00	71,100					
Bridge		EA	8,750	150.00	1,312,500					
Asphalt surface		TON				104	95.00	9,880		
Asphalt base		TON				790	85.00	67,150		
Crushed stone base		TON				266	30.00	7,980		
Rock road bed		CY				1,007	30.00	30,210		
Asphalt surface (shoulder)		TON				245	95.00	23,275		
Asphalt base (shoulder)		TON				587	85.00	49,895		
Crushed stone base (shoulder)		TON				214	30.00	6,420		
Rock road bed (shoulder)		CY				948	30.00	28,440		
Bridge		EA				3,888	150.00	583,200		
					1,704,535		_	806,450		
					(DACE)		S PROPOSED)	898,085		

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

**SAVINGS** 



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

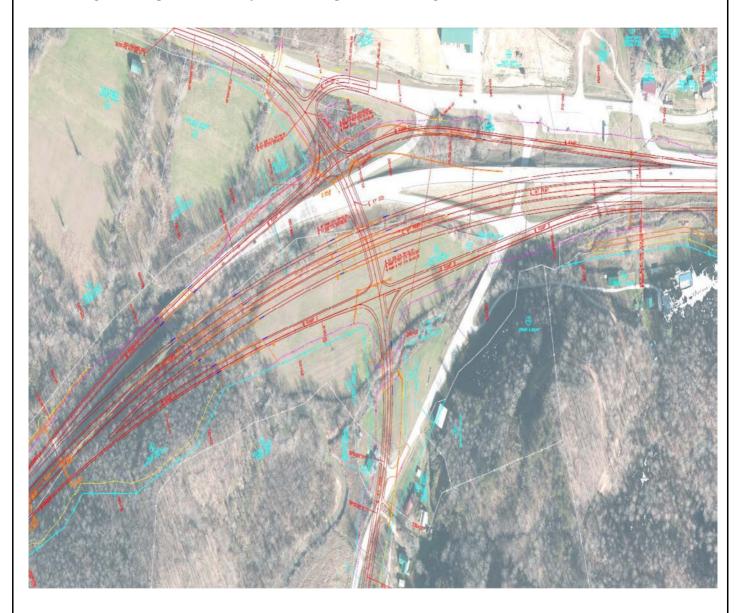
**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:

Use a jug handle interchange in lieu of a diamond interchange at KY 191

## SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION

Baseline bridge on Ramp D is 175 LF by 50 LF. Ramp is 2000 LF long.





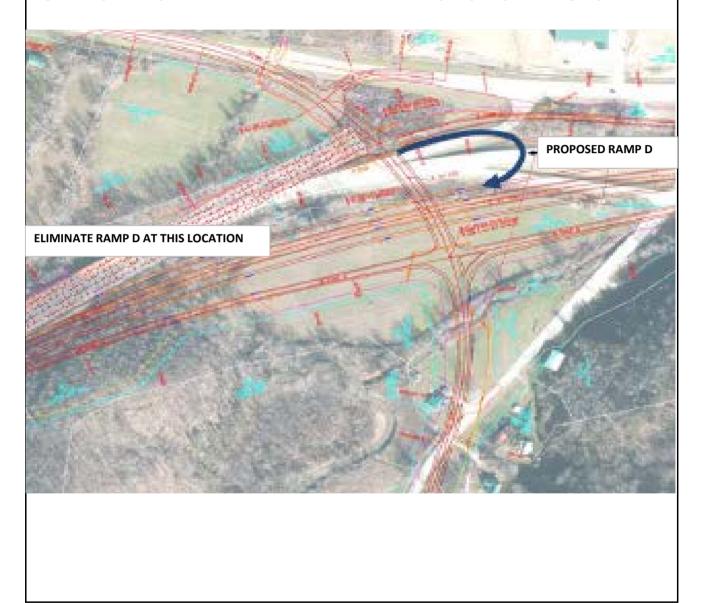
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use a jug handle interchange in lieu of a diamond interchange at KY 191

## SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE

Proposed bridge widening adds an additional 16 LF in width to the 243 LF long bridge. Jug handle ramp length is 800 LF.





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Detour traffic in 10.126.70 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction

FUNCTION: Constructability

#### **BASELINE ASSUMPTION:**

The original design of project 10-126.70 calls for widening the existing Mountain Parkway section "under traffic," thus causing the contractor to try to balance the tasks of maintaining production levels, while safely accommodating traffic through the work site. It would require flagging operation with allowing short duration closures for blasting.

#### PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:

PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:

TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)

If traffic is allowed to "By-Pass" the majority work site via a parallel state road (KY 191/KY 134), the construction contractor would be able to increase excavation production rates and complete the job faster, while the traveling public is provided a reasonable By-Pass of the active work site which improves safety. An interchange is already in place at KY 205 and on/off ramps are in place just beyond the east end of the project (from KY 134) to accommodate accessing these routes. The majority of the widening could be accommodated by this detouring of traffic; however, construction of the interchange at KY 205 would still need to follow the MOT plan already developed.

BENEFITS		RISKS/CHALLENGES					
Shortens overall construction schedul longer work hours (improving production)	•	May require maintenance of KY 191/KY 134 during construction					
Decreases construction costs by improrates for contractor	oving production	Public perception of the residents along KY 191; likely won't appreciate the additional traffic					
Decreases traffic control costs		<ul> <li>Expect having to resurface KY 191 and a portion of KY 134 at the completion of project</li> </ul>					
Improves safety - eliminates random/s     of traffic cues in mountainous/curvy t	•	Substandard facility for parkway traffic					
<ul> <li>Provides additional space (safety buff work site and motorists</li> </ul>	fer) between	•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
COST SUMMARY	Initial Co	sts	O&M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cos			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 4,77	3,421	\$ -	\$ 4,773,4			

4,061,416

712,005

\$

\$

**SAVINGS** 

\$

\$

4,061,416

712,005



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Detour traffic in 10.126.70 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction

### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

The proposed alternative of utilizing KY 191/KY 134 as a means to detour Mountain Parkway traffic during construction will allow for a reduced construction schedule, which will reduce cost (i.e., associated with improved production rates and less traffic control expenses) while reducing the amount of time the contractor and KYTC is subjected to the potential risk of vehicle crashes occurring related to the project traffic cues. The existing on and off ramps at KY 134 provide access on the eastern end just beyond the project, without incurring any additional costs associated with temporary ties to Mountain Parkway.

### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

Using the existing parallel routes (KY 134 and KY 191) will likely require resurfacing these routes after the Mountain Parkway project is complete. Additionally, there may be some resistance from local residents for using these routes as detours, due to the additional traffic during construction.

## **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

All pricing comparisons are based on original unit prices generated by design consultant for use during the VE Review. However, the VE team determined more "in-line" pricing to be as follows:

Asphalt Surface Mix = \$95/TON Asphalt Base Mix = \$85/TON Excavation = \$4.00/CY

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Detour traffic in 10.126.70 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction

IIILE:	Detour trai	110 III 10.	.120.70 OII	.0 K1 191/K1 1.	5+ to close pair	cway during	g construction			
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELINE ASSUMPTION			PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE				
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$		
Excavation		CY	845063	5.00	4,225,315	845,063	4.25	3,591,518		
MOT Flagging Costs		LS	1	145,200.00	145,200					
MOT Temp ties to maintain traffic during construction		EA	6	27,151.00	162,906					
Uniform Officer		LS	1	240,000.00	240,000	1	120,000.00	120,000		
Surface Mix Asphalt for KY 191 and KY 134		TON				4,414	79.27	349,898		
					4,773,421			4,061,416		
						INE LESS	S PROPOSED)	712,005		

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

**SAVINGS** 



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:

Detour traffic in 10.126.70 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction

## SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE

Since this proposed alternate does not involve a design change, **NO SKETCH** is included. However, due to the limited information available from the project estimate, some assumptions had to be made for cost comparison purposes.

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

- 1. Duration of Flagging Operations = 2 years
- 2. Improvement of 30% for excavation production rate
- 3. Assume 15% decrease in unit price of excavation item
- 4. Assume 6 "temporary ties" during construction to maintain traffic on existing route during phases of construction
- 5. Existing KY 191/KY 134 would require resurfacing after completion of project

### **COST ASSUMPTIONS:**

Flagging Operations:

2 years X 50 weeks/year X 5 days/week X 8 hours/day X \$15/hour (X1.10 OH X 1.10 PROFIT) X 2 Flaggers = \$145,000

#### Uniformed Officer

1 years X 50 weeks/year X 5 days/week X 8 hours/day X \$60/hour = 120,000.00

(Only assumed savings of 1 year for uniformed officer costs because they will likely be used if backups occur or at the KY 205 Interchange reconstruction location)

#### Temporary ties Include:

500 TON Stone @ \$28.41/CY X 6 Locations = \$85,230.00

200 TON Asphalt Base @ \$49.73/TON X 6 Locations = \$59,676.00

Striping/Signage @ \$3000 X 6 Locations = 18,000.00

\$85,230 + \$59,676 + \$18,000 = \$162,906/6 Locations = \$27,151/location

#### Resurface Existing Routes at completion of Project:

KY 191: (14,500 LF X 24 FT)/9 X (1.5" Asphalt Surface X 112 LB/IN)/2000 LB/TON = 3,428 TON Surface Mix Asphalt KY 134: (4,400 LF X 24 FT)/9 X (1.5" Asphalt Surface X 112 LB/IN)/2000 LB/TON = 986 TON Surface Mix Asphalt TOTAL Resurface Asphalt = 4,414 TON



Value Engineering Study
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1
Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40,
10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00
Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

10-126.60



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

# Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

# **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

Ose single-span bridge at St	a. 30/2+35 in	neu or	three-span bridge	e	
FUNCTION:		Span	Space		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:					
Baseline design provides twin three-span brito-out.	idge, spans 46	FT, 50	FT, 46 FT PCIB	3 TYPE	E II, bridge width 43 FT out-
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:					
Proposed alternative provides a single-span	15 FT height :	x 22 FT	width x 135 FT	length	concrete bridge.
BENEFITS		RISKS	S/CHALLENGI	ES	
Reduces Cost		•	Staged construction wall	tion re	quires temporary retaining
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
COST SUMMARY	Initial Co	sts	O&M Cost	ts	Total Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		1,365	\$	-	\$ 1,161,365
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:		23,639	\$	-	\$ 523,639
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 63	37,727	\$	-	\$ 637,727
					SAVINGS

# ACID!

## **VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL SS-06**

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:	Use single-span bridge at Sta. 3072+55 in lieu of three-span bridge
DISCUSSION/J	USTIFICATION:
construction from	duce costs, use a single-span bridge using MSE walls at Sta. 3072+55. This will simplify the n a three-span to a single-span. The use of MSE walls eliminates spill through abutments which allows f both end spans of the bridge. The use of MSE walls is discussed further in SS-08.
IMDI EMIENYE	TION CONCIDED ATIONS.
None apparent.	ATION CONSIDERATIONS:



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Use single-span bridge at Sta. 3072+55 in lieu of three-span bridge

TITLE.		Span on	age at sta.	3072+33 III IIeu	or timee spain o	Hage		
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup	BASELINE ASSUMPTION			PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Concrete Class A		CY	370	473.73	175,280	820	473.73	388,459
Concrete Class AA		CY	504	506.49	255,271			
Steel Reinforcement		LB	55,500	1.07	59,385	123,000	1.07	131,610
Steel Rein Epoxy Coated		LB	75,600	1.17	88,452			
Str Excav Common		CY	502	14.28	7,169	250	14.28	3,570
Str Excav Solid Rock		CY	134	37.59	5,037			
Crushed Aggregate Slope Protection		TON	1,766	31.25	55,188			
Piles - Steel HP 14 x 73		LF	880	87.38	76,894			
Test Piles		LF	120	71.62	8,594			
Pile Points 14"		EA	44	92.72	4,080			
Precast Box Beam SB21-48		LF	1,420	235.00	333,700			
Rail System Type III		LF	580	92.96	53,917			
Aromored Edge for Concrete		LF	208	114.50	23,816			
Masonry Coating		SY	1,558	9.36	14,583			
						_		
				_				
					1,161,365			523,639

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS

637,727

(BASELINE LESS PROPOSED)

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## **VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL SS-06**

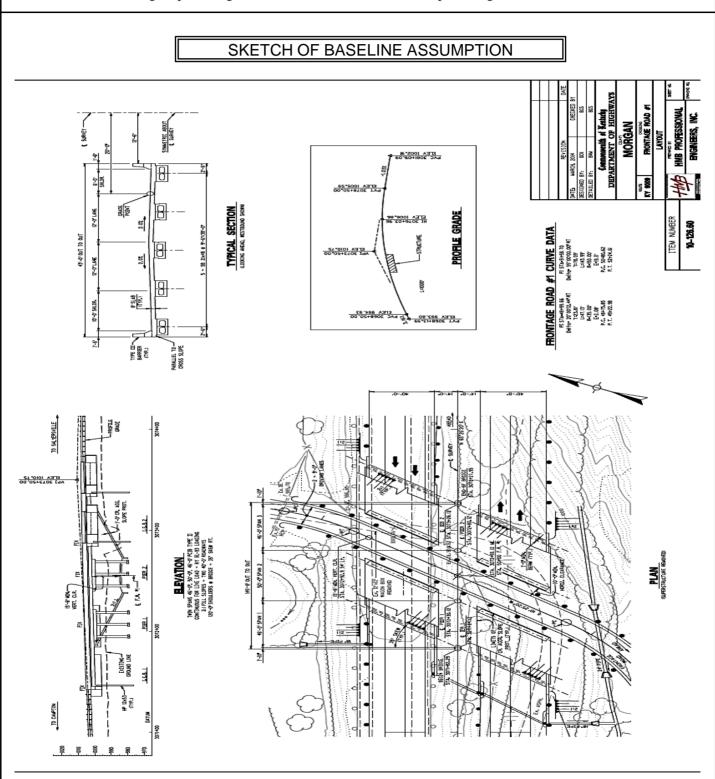
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

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10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Use single-span bridge at Sta. 3072+55 in lieu of three-span bridge



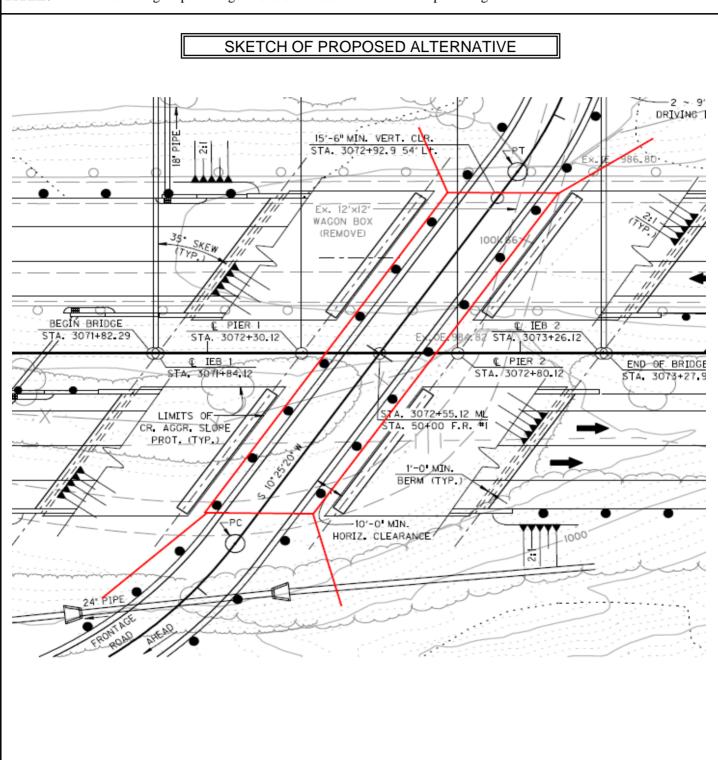


Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Use single-span bridge at Sta. 3072+55 in lieu of three-span bridge





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

<b>TITLE:</b> Use single-span bridge with	Use single-span bridge with MSE walls at Sta. 3224+88 in lieu of three-span bridge						
FUNCTION:		Span	Space				
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:							
Baseline Assumption provides twin curved westbound three-span 50 FT, 70 FT, 60 FT			ree-span 60 FT, 95 F1	T, 70 FT Type IV PCIB;			
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:							
Proposed Alternative provides twin curved abutments.	bridges, singl	e-span T	Type III with Mechanion	cally Stabilized Earth (MSE)			
BENEFITS		RISK	S/CHALLENGES				
• Reduces Costs		•	Temporary sheet pile required during stage	walls between bridges d construction			
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
COST SUMMARY	Initial C	osts	O&M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cost			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		40,182	\$ -	\$ 1,640,182			
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:		47,907	-	\$ 1,147,907			
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 4	92,275	-	\$ 492,275			
				SAVINGS			

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

**Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1** Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use single-span bridge with MSE walls at Sta. 3224+88 in lieu of three-span bridge

## DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:

resulting in a single-span bridge. For final design the MSE wall can be aligned parallel to the roadway in order to minimize the span length. There are approximately eight (8) locations where the reduction to a single-span bridge utilizing MSE walls occurs throughout the Mountain Parkway Corridor.							
NOTE: Tota	al potential savings are estimated	at four (4) million dol	llars.				
IMPLEMEN None apparen	NTATION CONSIDERATIONS: nt						



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use single-span bridge with MSE walls at Sta. 3224+88 in lieu of three-span bridge

Markup		BASELI	NE ASSUMPT	ION	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE				
%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$		
	CY	535	473.73	253,446	115	473.73	54,479		
	CY	762	506.49	385,945	355	506.49	179,804		
	LB	80,250	1.07	85,868	23,000	1.07	24,610		
	LB	114,300	1.17	133,731	73,700	1.17	86,229		
	CY	979	14.28	13,980					
	CY	133	37.59	4,999					
	Ton	2,445	31.25	76,406					
	LF	1,408	56.96	80,200	2,000	56.96	113,920		
	LF	200	71.62	14,324	200	71.62	14,324		
	Each	44	92.72	4,080					
	LF	1,125	234.39	263,689	670	234.39	157,041		
	LF	930	215.00	199,950					
	LF	841	92.96	78,179					
	LF	270	114.50	30,915					
	SY	1,546	9.36	14,471					
	SQFT				11,500	45.00	517,500		
				1,640,182			1,147,907		
		% Unit CY CY LB LB CY CY CY Ton LF LF LF LF LF LF LF SY	%         Unit         Qty           CY         535           CY         762           LB         80,250           LB         114,300           CY         979           CY         133           Ton         2,445           LF         1,408           LF         200           Each         44           LF         1,125           LF         930           LF         841           LF         270           SY         1,546	%         Unit         Qty         Unit Cost \$           CY         535         473.73           CY         762         506.49           LB         80,250         1.07           LB         114,300         1.17           CY         979         14.28           CY         133         37.59           Ton         2,445         31.25           LF         1,408         56.96           LF         200         71.62           Each         44         92.72           LF         1,125         234.39           LF         930         215.00           LF         841         92.96           LF         270         114.50           SY         1,546         9.36	%         Unit         Qty         Unit Cost \$         TOTAL \$           CY         535         473.73         253,446           CY         762         506.49         385,945           LB         80,250         1.07         85,868           LB         114,300         1.17         133,731           CY         979         14.28         13,980           CY         133         37.59         4,999           Ton         2,445         31.25         76,406           LF         1,408         56.96         80,200           LF         200         71.62         14,324           Each         44         92.72         4,080           LF         1,125         234.39         263,689           LF         930         215.00         199,950           LF         841         92.96         78,179           LF         270         114.50         30,915           SY         1,546         9.36         14,471           SQFT         14,471         14,471	%         Unit         Qty         Unit Cost \$         TOTAL \$         Qty           CY         535         473.73         253,446         115           CY         762         506.49         385,945         355           LB         80,250         1.07         85,868         23,000           LB         114,300         1.17         133,731         73,700           CY         979         14.28         13,980           CY         133         37.59         4,999           Ton         2,445         31.25         76,406           LF         1,408         56.96         80,200         2,000           LF         200         71.62         14,324         200           Each         44         92.72         4,080           LF         1,125         234.39         263,689         670           LF         930         215.00         199,950           LF         841         92.96         78,179           LF         270         114.50         30,915           SY         1,546         9.36         14,471           SQFT         11,500	%         Unit         Qty         Unit Cost \$         TOTAL \$         Qty         Unit Cost \$           CY         535         473.73         253,446         115         473.73           CY         762         506.49         385,945         355         506.49           LB         80,250         1.07         85,868         23,000         1.07           LB         114,300         1.17         133,731         73,700         1.17           CY         979         14.28         13,980            CY         133         37.59         4,999            Ton         2,445         31.25         76,406            LF         1,408         56.96         80,200         2,000         56.96           LF         200         71.62         14,324         200         71.62           Each         44         92.72         4,080            LF         1,125         234.39         263,689         670         234.39           LF         841         92.96         78,179             LF         270         114.50         30,915        <		

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

**SAVINGS** 

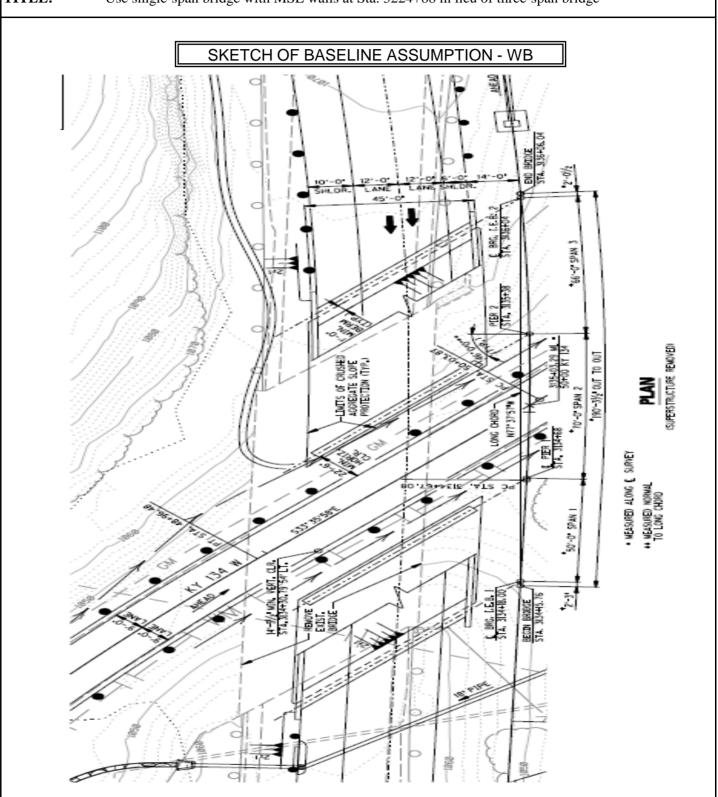


**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 



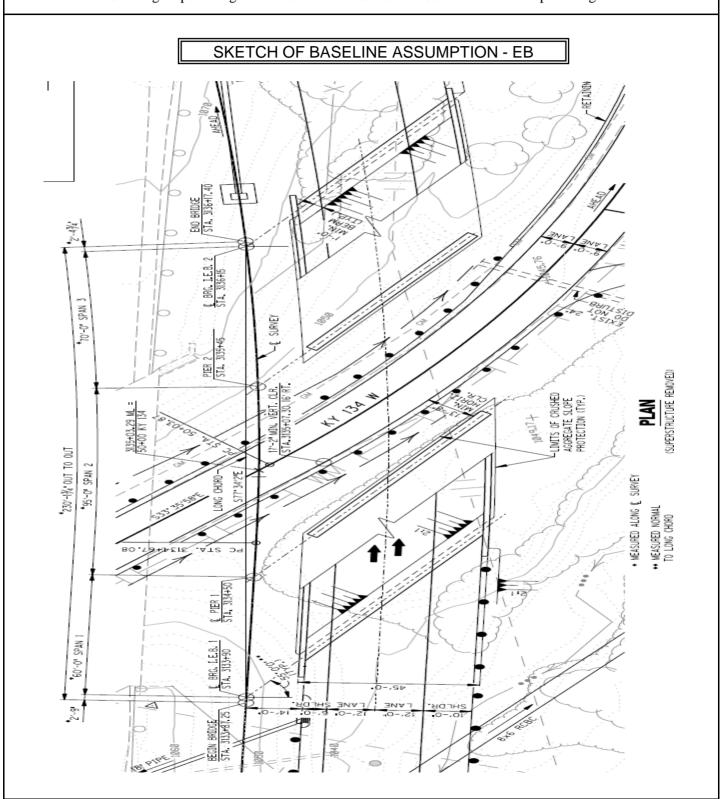


**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

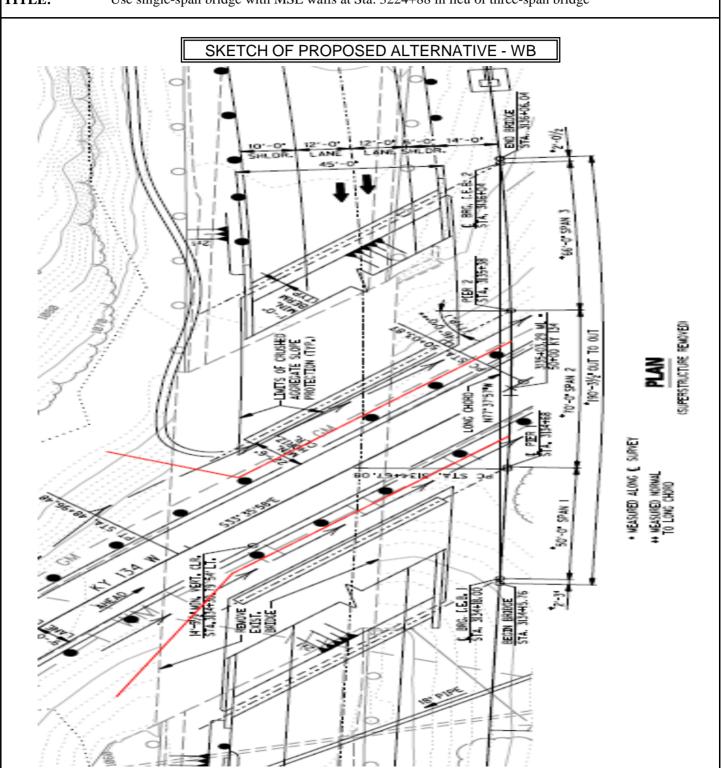
**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 



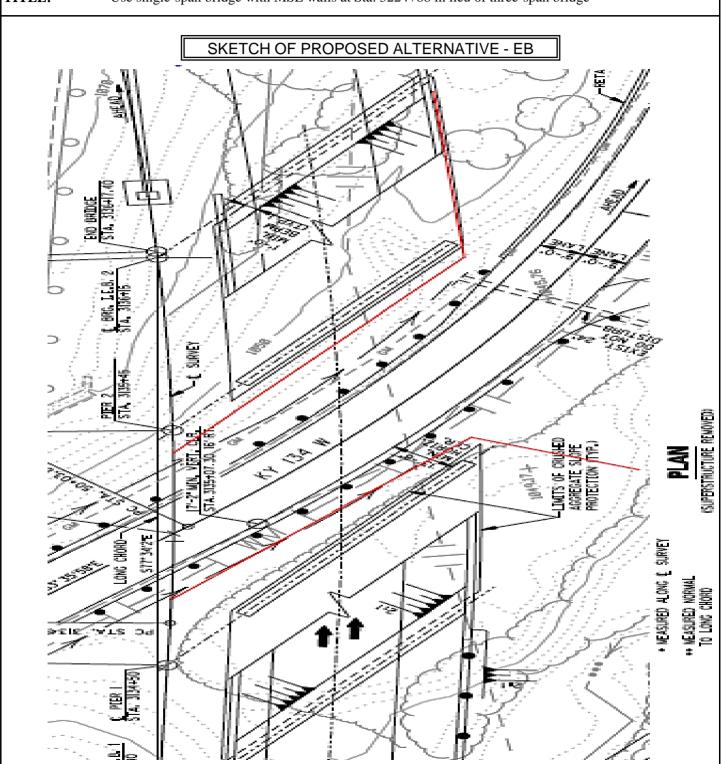
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## **VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL SS-08**

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

**Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1** Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:	Detour traffic in 10.126.60 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction
<b>FUNCTION:</b>	Constructability
BASELINE A	SSUMPTION

The original design for 10-126.60 calls for widening the parkway "under traffic," thus, causing the contractor to try to balance the tasks of maintaining production levels, while safely accommodating traffic through his work site. It would require flagging operation with allowing short duration closures for blasting.

### PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:

If traffic is allowed to "By-Pass" the work site via a parallel state road (KY 191/KY 134), the contractor would be able to increase excavation production rates and complete the job faster, while the traveling public is provided a reasonable by-pass of the active work site which improves safety. An interchange is already in place at the KY 205 to provide access to KY 191/KY 134 on the west end. However, to by-pass station 3435+00 to station 3225+00, there will need to be a "temporary tie" from existing Mountain Parkway to KY 134 constructed near station 3225+00.

BENEFITS		RISKS	S/CHALLENGES				
Shortens overall construction schedule longer, uninterrupted work hours for the second s	ne contractor	May require maintenance of KY 191/KY 134 during construction					
<ul> <li>Decreases construction costs by improproduction rates for contractor</li> </ul>	ving	<ul> <li>Public perception of the residents along KY 191/KY 134; likely won't appreciate the additional traffic</li> </ul>					
Decreases traffic control costs		Expect having to resurface KY 191 at the completion of project					
<ul> <li>Improves safety - eliminates random/in of traffic cues in mountainous/curvy te</li> </ul>	-	Temporary tie location on east end of project					
<ul> <li>Provides additional space (safety buffer work site and motorists</li> </ul>	er) between	•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
COST SUMMARY	Initial Co	sts	O&M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cost			
DACELINE ACCUMPTION.	¢ 0.07/	2 107	¢	¢ 0.972.10 <i>c</i>			

COST SUMMARY	<b>Initial Costs</b>	O&M Costs	T	otal Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 9,873,106	\$ -	\$	9,873,106
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 8,319,176	\$ -	\$	8,319,176
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 1,553,930	\$ -	\$	1,553,930

**SAVINGS** 

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Detour traffic in 10.126.60 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction

### DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:

The proposed alternative of utilizing KY 191/KY 134 as a means to detour Mountain Parkway traffic during construction will allow for a reduced construction schedule, which will reduce cost (i.e., associated with improved production rates and less traffic control expenses) while reducing the amount of time the contractor and KYTC is subjected to the potential risk of more severe vehicle crashes occurring related to the project traffic cues in curvy, mountainous terrain.

#### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

Using the existing parallel routes (KY 191 and KY 134) will likely require resurfacing these routes after the Mountain Parkway project is complete. Additionally, there may be some resistance from local residents for using these routes as detours, due to the additional traffic during construction.

The temporary tie on the eastern end of the project will present a few challenges. The temporary tie will need to occur east of the existing bridge over KY 134 located at station 3224+88.41. However, that may push the work necessary for temporary tie onto the adjacent section (10-126.50). Also, there will need to be consideration given to KY 134 motorist that want to continue on KY 134 in either direction and do not wish to enter the parkway. There will be some additional permitting considerations resulting from crossing Johnson Creek with an "on-off ramp" to the existing parkway. A drainage evaluation will need to occur to ensure the on-off temporary tie ramp does not cause flooding potential.

## **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

All pricing comparisons are based on original unit prices supplied for use during the VE Review. However, the VE team determined more "in-line" pricing to be as follows:

Asphalt Surface Mix = \$95/TON Asphalt Base Mix = \$85/TON

Excavation = 4.00/CY



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Detour traffic in 10.126.60 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction

			_ ,	E ASSUMPTIO				
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		POSED ALTER					
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Excavation		CY	2,500,000	3.73	9,325,000	2,500,000	3.17	7,925,000
MOT Flagging Costs		LS	1	145,200.00	145,200			
Uniformed Officer		LS	1	240,000.00	240,000	1	120,000.00	120,000
		EA	6	27,151.00	162,906			
MOT Temp ties to maintain traffic during construction								
Surface Mix Asphalt for KY-134		TON				4,032	68.00	274,176
					9,873,106			8,319,176
	1	<u> </u>		L.	<u> </u>		S PROPOSED)	1,553,930

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:

Detour traffic in 10.126.60 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction

## SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE

Since this proposed alternate does not involve a design change, **NO SKETCH** is included. However, due to the limited information available from the project estimate, some assumptions had to be made for cost comparison purposes.

#### **ASUMPTIONS:**

- 1. Duration of Flagging Operations = 2 years
- 2. Improvement of 30% for excavation production rate
- 3. Assume 15% decrease in unit price of excavation item (as shown on cost estimate as a lower unit price of \$4.25)
- 4. Assume 6 "temporary ties" during construction to maintain traffic on existing route during phases of construction
- 5. Existing KY 191/KY 131 would require resurfacing after completion of project

#### **COST ASSUMPTIONS:**

Flagging Operations:

2 years X 50 weeks/year X 5 days/week X 8 hours/day X \$15/hour (X 1.10 O/H X 1.10 PROFIT) X 2 Flaggers = \$145,000

#### Uniformed Officer

1 years X 50 weeks/year X 5 days/week X 8 hours/day X \$60/hour = 120,000.00

(Only assumed savings of 1 year for uniformed officer costs because they will likely be used if backups occur or at the KY 134 temporary tie-in locations)

#### Temporary ties include:

500 TON Stone @ \$28.41/CY X 6 Locations = \$85,230.00

200 TON Asphalt Base @ \$49.73/TON X 6 Locations = \$59,676.00

Striping/Signage @ \$3000 X 6 Locations = 18,000.00

\$85,230 + \$59,676 + \$18,000 = \$162,906/6 Locations = \$27,151/location

#### Resurface Existing Routes at completion of Project:

KY 134: (18,000 LF X 24 FT)/9 X (1.5" Asphalt Surface X 112 LB/IN)/2000 LB/TON = 4,032 TON Surface Mix Asphalt

NOTE: Under project 10-126.60, resurfacing is included from the existing on-ramp at KY-134 from (approx. ML station 3142+00+/-) around to the proposed temporary tie at approximately ML station 3225+00.00+/-). Resurfacing costs associated with KY-134 east of ML Station 3434+68.00+/- AND all of the impacted KY-191 is accounted for under write-up for project 10-126.70.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

## Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Use	Use concrete piles in lieu of H-pile or spread footings							
<b>FUNCTION:</b>	: Span Space							
BASELINE ASSU								
Current bridge desig	gns will likely show steel H-piles for e	end bearing deep foundations.						
PROPOSED ALTI	ERNATIVE:							
Have the option to u	se concrete piles for end bearing dee	p foundations.						
BENEFITS		RISKS/CHALLENGES						
Introduce comp	petition for deep foundation support	<ul> <li>Most state contractors are inexperienced in driving concrete piles</li> </ul>						
• Concrete is typ	ically less expensive to purchase	Closely monitor pile driving so that damage does not occur						
•		Instate suppliers that could supply the piles						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						

DESIGN SUGGESTION



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

Concrete piles can be used as deep foundation elements for bridges throughout the corridor. Concrete is typically cheaper to purchase and the capacities would vary based on the mix design of the concrete. In many cases, the concrete piles could be used as a 1 (concrete) to 1 (steel) or a 2 (concrete) to 1 (steel) substitute for steel H-piles. This concept could be implemented corridor wide on bridges in the valleys where the soil depths may require deep foundation elements. The cost estimate on page 2 is looked at considering 100 steel H-piles could be exchanged for 100 concrete piles.

### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

Care must be exercised during driving so that problems with the piles are not encountered. In addition, particular attention would need to be paid to the Geotechnical Reports to see if there is potential for boulders in the foundation soils that could damage the piles during driving.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Use concrete piles in lieu of H-pile or spread footings

## **EXCAVATION CALCULATIONS**

At MEC Section	3626+00			
500 ( ) (				
560 feet of comm	on excavati	on		
Adding MSE Wal	l reduce 22	0 feet of co	mmon exc	avation
220 feet / 560 fee	t portion of	common e	cavation	
39%				
Common excavat	ion oc chow	un on the c	hooto	
7616	ion as snov	vii on the s	neets	
8896				
7731				
4804				
3481				
3318				
3713				
2931				
2898				
3113				
1834				
50335				
Saved portion of o	nommon ov	oountion		
Saved portion of t	John ex	Cavalion		
19774	CY			
30561	CY			
MSE Wall				
3630+50 TO 3625	5+00			
2300.00 10 0020				
550				
Average MSE wa	ll height	30		
SF of MSE Wall		16500		



Value Engineering Study
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1
Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40,
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Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

10-126.50



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

<b>TITLE:</b> Reduce bridge at Sta. 3350-	+00 from 4-span to 3-s	span	
FUNCTION:	Span	Space	
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:			
The current bridge at this location is a four-	-span structure within	section 10-126.50.	
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:			
The proposed design is to replace bridge w	ith a three-span structi	are with a MSE wall.	
BENEFITS	RISK	S/CHALLENGES	
• Reduce costs	•	MSE wall is within 1	00-year storm
Reduce maintenance costs	•		
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
COST SUMMARY	Initial Costs	O&M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 451,260	\$ -	\$ 451,260
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 166,500	-	\$ 166,500
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 284,760	-	\$ 284,760

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**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:	Reduce bridge at Sta. 3350+00 from 4-span to 3-span	
--------	-----------------------------------------------------	--

## DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:

This benefit is to provide a reduction in the project cost.

This proposal replaces the west end spans of the twin bridges with a MSE wall. The MSE wall will be along Long Branch Road. The bridge will end just behind the MSE wall and rest on end bents drilled to rock. Both of the bridge spans to be removed will be 46 FT long and 45 FT wide. The MSE wall will be approximately 18 FT tall under the bridges and taper out with the roadway fills.

## IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

Determine that the floodplain will not be impacted beyond allowable as the area of opening below the 100-year storm will reduced.

This cost cutting measure can be used in other locations throughout the project.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Reduce bridge at Sta. 3350+00 from 4-span to 3-span

IIILE:	Reduce bil	uge at St	a. 3330±00	from 4-span to	3-span			
DESIGN ELEMENT	-			PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE				
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Bridge Deck		SF	4,140	109.00	451,260			
MSE Wall		SF				3,330	50.00	166,500
					451,260			166,500
(BASELINE LESS PROPOSED)							S PROPOSED)	284,760

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

**SAVINGS** 



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Reduce bridge at Sta. 3350+00 from 4-span to 3-span SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION INTEGRU NTEGRAL END PIER 2 쏦 0.52 Drilled Shoft (Typ.) 를 존 END BENT ITEGRAL

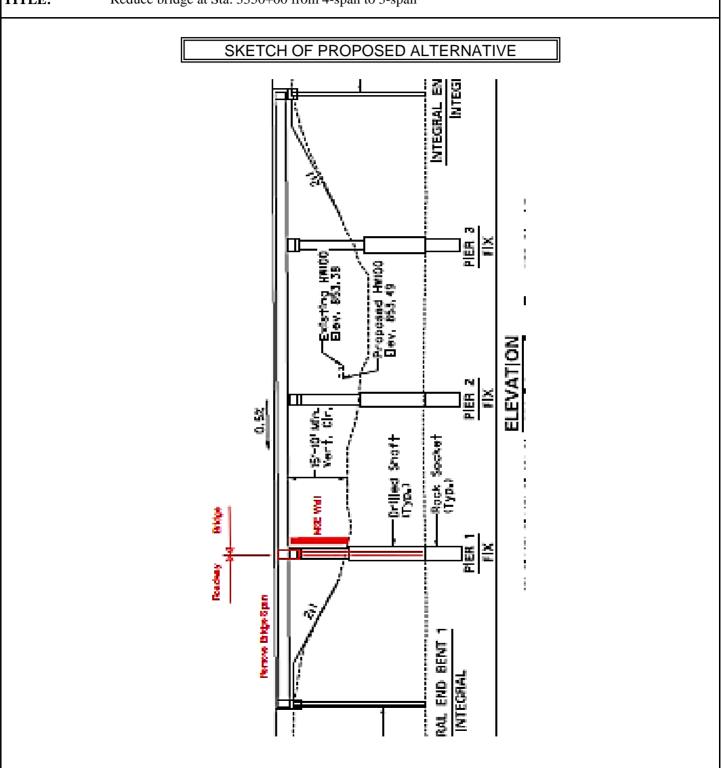


**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Reduce bridge at Sta. 3350+00 from 4-span to 3-span





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Reduce the 8% supereleva	Reduce the 8% superelevation on the bridge at Johnson Creek Road							
FUNCTION:	Span Space							
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:								
The current design for Project 10-126.50 superelevation of 8%.	calls for the bri	dge at ap	proximatel	y Station 3	3273+00 to 1	nave a		
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:								
The proposed solution would involve shif 215+00) further north to allow the shifting approximately 3250+00 to 3287+00). The	g of proposed M	<b>I</b> ountain	Parkway to	also be sl	hifted to the	north (from		
BENEFITS		RISKS	/CHALLE	ENGES				
Improves safety		• .	Additional	excavatio	n required			
Prevents sliding into barrier under ic:	y conditions	•						
Provides SE to conform to allowable	standards	•						
Corrective action for addressing a hig curve	gh crash rate	•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
COST SUMMARY	Initial C	Costs	O&M	Costs		ife Cycle Cost		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:		000,000	\$	-	\$	900,000		
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ (9	(00,000)	\$	-	\$	(900,000)		

**COST** 



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:	Reduce the 8% superelevation on the bridge at Johnson Creek Road
DISCUSSION	V/JUSTIFICATION:
likelihood of a	n mountainous area that often experiences freezing conditions and inclement weather, there is a high crash that could have traffic backed up and stopped or slowed on the bridge. Under icy conditions, a slide across the bridge and end up against barrier rail.
	ΓΑΤΙΟΝ CONSIDERATIONS: both of these alignments to the north, the excavation is summarized as follows:
Additional exc	vings along shifted Mountain Pkwy = 125,000 CY cavation along shifted KY-134 = 305,000 CY c = Additional 180,000 CY of Excavation



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:	Reduce the 8% superelevation on the bridge at Johnson Creek Road									
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASEL	BASELINE ASSUMPTION			PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$		
Excavation (Additional)						180,000	5.00	900,000		
								900,000		
	l		<u> </u>		(BASEI	LINE LES	S PROPOSED)	(900,000)		

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

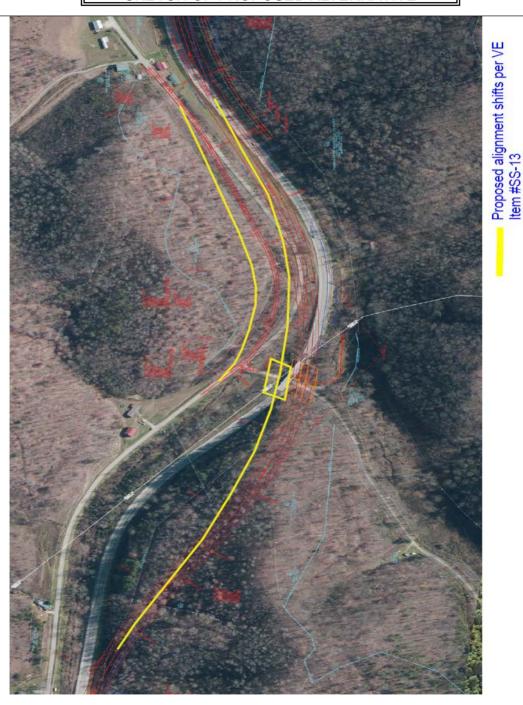
COST



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Reduce the 8% superelevation on the bridge at Johnson Creek Road

## SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





Value Engineering Study
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1
Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40,
10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00
Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

10-126.40



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

<b>TITLE:</b> Shift the alignment south to	Shift the alignment south to eliminate five twin bridges								
FUNCTION:	: Span Space								
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		<del>_</del>							
The current alignment follows the FONSI de Parkway, crossing the Johnson Creek numer requires four bridges.			_	_					
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:									
Shift the proposed Mountain Parkway align	ment south of	the exis	sting plans.						
BENEFITS		RISKS	S/CHALLENGES						
Reduces the cost of the entire project costs.	orridor	•	May require a Phase	study for this corridor					
Reduces the number of crossing at John	nson Creek	•							
Reduces the total amount of excavation	l	•							
Removes an unorthodox interchange		•							
•		•							
•		•							
•		•							
•		•							
COST SUMMARY	Initial Co	osts	O&M Costs	<b>Total Life Cycle Cost</b>					
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 66,30	)6,808	\$ -	\$ 66,306,808					
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	-	00,000	\$ -	\$ 34,100,000					
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 32,20	06,808	\$ -	\$ 32,206,808					
				SAVINGS					



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Shift the alignment south to eliminate five twin bridges

## DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:

The current plans for this section will require six twin bridges to cross the Johnson Creek. The current alignment traverses the existing corridor and traverses cross country to tie back into existing. It is apparent from the current drawings, a great effort was made to be within the FONSI footprint and utilize as much of the existing pavement as possible. It may be beneficial to evaluate other alternates and deviate from the existing corridor shown on the plans. By shifting the alignment south of the existing alignment (see sketch), it is possible to eliminate five of the twin structures and reduce three of the bridges associated with the current interchange. By shifting the alignment south, there will be an additional cost associated with the extra pavement. Shifting the alignment south reduces the total amount of excavation that is needed for the project. In this evaluation, savings is approximated at \$6.5 million for pavement in cross country section, \$2.5 million in overlay, and \$4.4 million for the additional two-lane section.

#### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

A Phase I study should be conducted to evaluate other alternates than proposed.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Shift the alignment south to eliminate five twin bridges

TITLE:	Smit the a	ignment s	south to en	iminate five twin	briages			
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup BASELINE ASSUMPT					PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE		
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Twin Bridge # 1		LS	1	3,276,000.00	3,276,000	1	1,800,000.00	1,800,000
Twin Bridge # 2		LS	1	5,394,450.00	5,394,450			
Twin Bridge # 3		LS	1	4,309,800.00	4,309,800			
Twin Bridge # 4		LS	1	3,839,550.00	3,839,550			
Twin Bridge # 5		LS	1	3,237,300.00	3,237,300			
Twin Bridge # 6		LS	1	6,741,000.00	6,741,000			
Ramp 1		LS	1	705,300.00	705,300			
Ramp 3		LS	1	755,700.00	755,700			
Ramp 4		LS	1	695,400.00	695,400			
Roadway Excavation		CUYD	3.5	8,232,000.00	28,812,000	3.5	5,400,000.00	18,900,000
Pavement			1	8,540,308.00	8,540,308	1	13,400,000.00	13,400,000
					66,306,808			34,100,000
					(BASEI	LINE LES	S PROPOSED)	32,206,808

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.



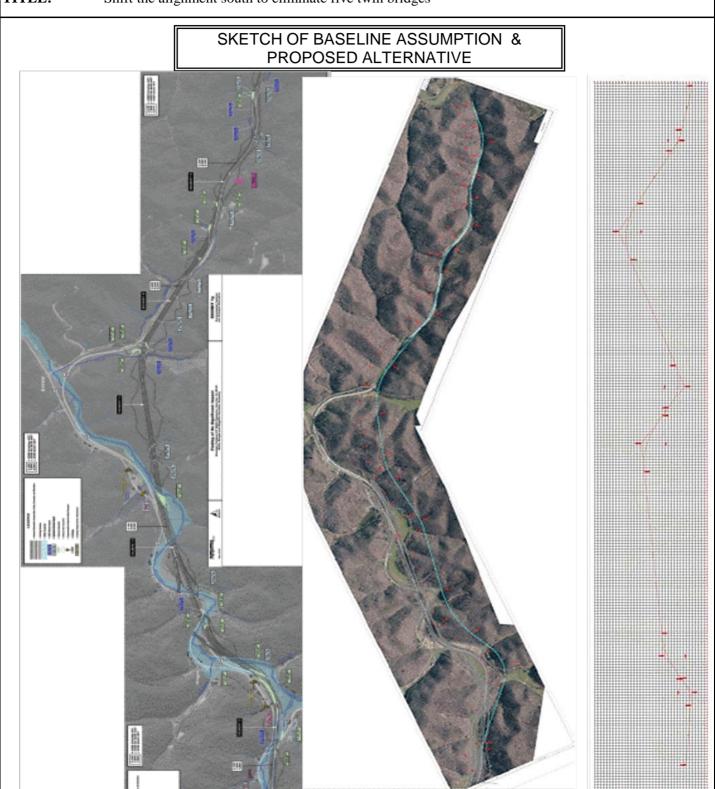
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Shift the alignment south to eliminate five twin bridges





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

<b>TITLE:</b> Eliminate the interchange o	Eliminate the interchange of Section 10-126.40 at KY 134									
FUNCTION:	ION: Span Space									
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		_								
In the baseline design for 10-126.40, KY 13 interchanges; eight-foot paved shoulders.	34 and US	460 can be	utilized to access Mo	untain Parkway via adjacent						
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:										
Provide a bridge over KY 134 and eliminate	e Ramps 1,	2, 3, and 4	l.							
BENEFITS		RISK	S/CHALLENGES							
• Eliminates four bridges		•	<ul> <li>Reduces access to Mountain Parkway for residents adjacent to proposed interchange</li> </ul>							
•		•								
•		•								
•		•								
•		•								
•		•								
•		•								
•		•								
COST SUMMARY		l Costs	O&M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cost						
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	+	4,746,350	\$ -	\$ 4,746,350						
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$	-	\$ -	-						
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$	4,746,350	-	\$ 4,746,350						
				SAVINGS						



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Eliminate the interchange of Section 10-126.40 at KY 134
	N/JUSTIFICATION:
accommodate	pproach proposes a full interchange at KY 134. The bridges over KY 134 for Mountain Parkway must be ed but the local traffic waiting to access at KY 134 could be accommodated via several other access points a far KY 134 may not warrant the additional cost for a full interchange. The traffic analysis should be
	s for KY 134 may not warrant the additional cost for a full interchange. The traffic analysis should be determine cost/benefit. By eliminating Ramps 1, 2, 3 and 4, this reduces the number of structures to be anson Creek.
	VTATION CONSIDERATIONS: local approval to eliminate access.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

Eliminate the interchange of Section 10, 126, 40 et KV, 134

TITLE:	Eliminate the interchange of Section 10-126.40 at KY 134								
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELI	NE ASSUMPTI	ION	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	
Mainline asphalt surface		Ton	1,570	90.00	141,300				
Mainline asphalt base		Ton	11,930	85.00	1,014,050				
Mainline crushed stone base		Ton	3,422	30.00	102,660				
Mainline rock road bed		CY	15,185	30.00	455,550				
Shoulder asphalt surface		Ton	252	90.00	22,680				
Shoulder asphalt base		Ton	604	85.00	51,340				
Shoulder crushed stone base		Ton	1,068	30.00	32,040				
Shoulder rock road bed		CY	2,441	30.00	73,230				
Guardrail		LF	2,800	20.00	56,000				
Ramp 1 Bridge		SF	4,800	150.00	720,000				
Ramp 2 Bridge		SF	3,750	150.00	562,500				
Ramp 3 Bridge		SF	5,200	150.00	780,000				
Ramp 4 Bridge		SF	4,900	150.00	735,000				
			_	_	4,746,350				
					(BASEL	INE LES	S PROPOSED)	4,746,35	

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE: Use CON/SPAN at Sta. 350	06+00 in lieu of a 3-s <sub>1</sub>	oan box					
FUNCTION:	Spar	1 Space					
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:							
A triple 8 x 8 three-span box structure is pro	oposed at Sta. 3506+	00.					
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:							
Replace the proposed structure with a 25 LI	F x 12.5 LF structure						
BENEFITS	RISK	S/CHALLENGES					
• Reduces cost	•	<ul> <li>Perform a HEC-RAS analysis to determine the hydraulics</li> </ul>					
Provides better hydraulic capacities verbox culvert	rsus. triple •						
Beduces the chances of silting on the triculvert	riple box •						
Reduces the in-lieu fees associated wit	h culverts •						
•	•						
•	•						
•	•						
COST SUMMARY	Initial Costs	O&M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cost				
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 674,275	\$ -	\$ 674,275				
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 787,500	\$ -	\$ 787,500				
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ (113,225)	\$ -	\$ (113,225)				
			COST				



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Use CON/SPAN at Sta. 3506+00 in lieu of a 3-span box
DISCUSSION/	JUSTIFICATION:
estimated at \$62 in the estimate.	h-culverts, stream impacts are reduced and the stream in-lieu fees could be saved. In-lieu fees are 25/LF. Based on the estimate shown, the cost associated with the culvert may be more than represented. The triple box culvert would have a higher tendency to get clogged, requiring continuous maintenance. alvert would function better hydraulically than a triple box culvert.
IMPI EMENT	ATION CONSIDERATIONS:
	lic analysis to determine there are no adverse effects.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use CON/SPAN at Sta. 3506+00 in lieu of a 3-span box

TITLE:	Use CON/s	SPAIN at	Sta. 5500+	·00 in lieu of a 3-	-span box					
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELI	NE ASSUMPTI	ION	PR	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$		
Station 3506+00 (Triple 8 x 8)		LF	175	3,228.00	564,900	175	4,500.00	787,500		
		IE	175	625.00	100 275					
In-lieu Fees channel mitigation		LF	175	625.00	109,375					
					674,275			787,500		
					(BASEL	INE LES	S PROPOSED)	(113,225)		

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

COST



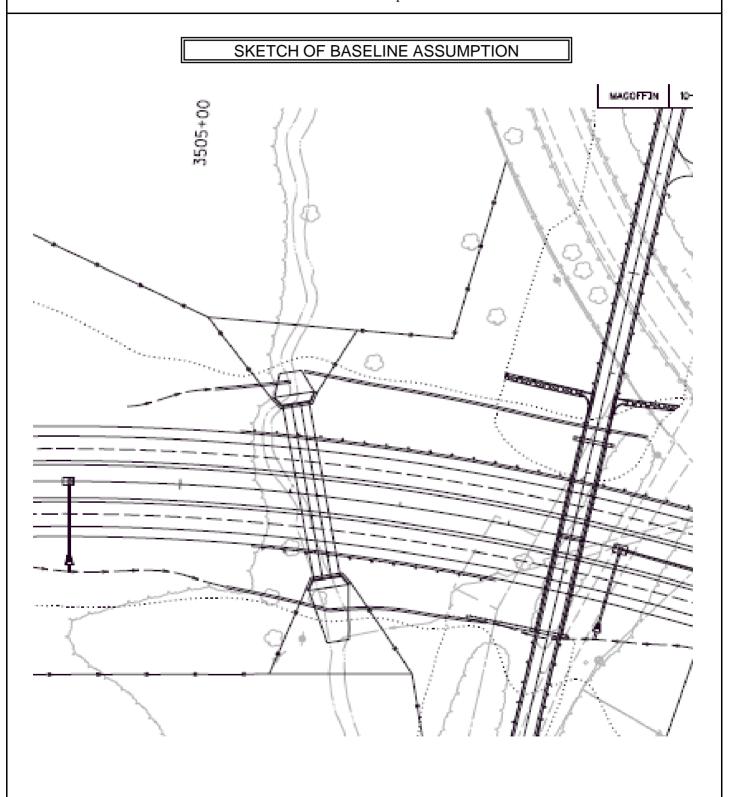
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

 $Items\ \#10\text{-}126.70,\ 10\text{-}126.60,\ 10\text{-}126.50,\ 10\text{-}126.40,\ 10\text{-}167.00,$ 

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE: Use CON/SPAN at Sta. 3506+00 in lieu of a 3-span box

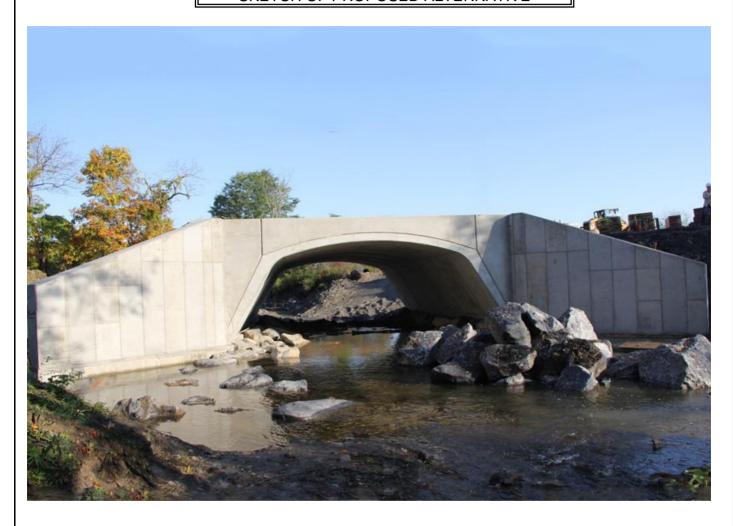




Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use CON/SPAN at Sta. 3506+00 in lieu of a 3-span box

#### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Move alignment fro	m Sta. 3595+00 to 36	515+00, shi	ft back to the exist	ing alignment	
FUNCTION:	(	lear Right	t-of-way		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:					
Current design shows a shift off of t 126.40).	he original alignmen	t to the nor	th that reduces the	curvature in th	nis area (10-
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:					
Leave the alignment close to the ori	-		ınd travel lane on t	he existing ro	ate and the
BENEFITS		RISKS/C	CHALLENGES		
• Reduces the size of the cut			ghtens the curvaturesign speed	re up and likel	y reduces the
• Generates less waste		•			
<ul><li>Reduces the schedule because I be needed</li></ul>	less excavation will	•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
COST SUMMARY	Initial C	osts	O&M Costs	Total Lif	e Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		47,916 \$	-	\$	3,047,916
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:		00,000 \$		\$	2,100,000
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 9	47,916 \$	_	\$	947,916



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment
DISCUSSIO	N/JUSTIFICATION:
Station 3594+ This shift wouthis would all	e an alignment shift that would move the westbound travel lane back near the existing road between +/75 to +/- Station 3619+50. The shift would result in a +/- shift of 70 feet to the north at Station 3600+00.  uld result in an overall reduction in the height of the cut which would reduce the excavation. In addition, ow for the reuse of the exisiting pavement through this interval. This would likely result in a reduction of eed for this curve. This cut starts in the 10-126.40 section and continues to the 10.167.00 section.
	TATION CONSIDERATIONS:  build need to be studied to see if it would still meet the design speed of 60 mph.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment

TITLE:	Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment								
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELI	NE ASSUMPTI			OPOSED ALTE		
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	
Excavation		CY	870,833	3.50	3,047,916	600,000	3.50	2,100,000	
		-							
					3,047,916			2,100,000	
					(BASEI	INE LES	S PROPOSED)	947,916	

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

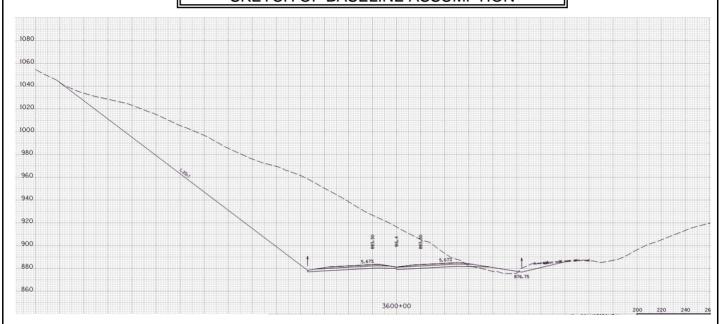
 $I tems\ \#10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}70,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}60,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}50,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}40,\ 10\textbf{-}167\textbf{.}00,$ 

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment

#### SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION

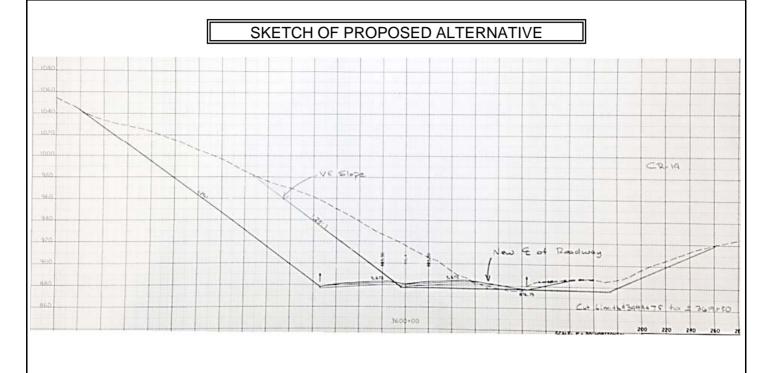




Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment





Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Existing excavati	on		Reduced area of e	Reduced area of excavation	
Top Triangle	3000		Top Triangle	3000	
Middle Square	4400		Middle Square	4400	
Bottom Triangle	800		Bottom Triangle	800	
Outside Triangle	2887.5			8200	SF
Outside Bottom	787.5				
Triangle					
	11875		3594+75 to 3619+	50	
				2475	
3594+75 to 3619	+50				
	2475				
				20295000	CF
	29390625	CF			
				751666.67	CY
	1088542	CY			
			use a 20% reducti	on	
use a 20% reduc	tion		as cut pinches ou	as cut pinches ou 601333.33	
as cut pinches o	870833.3	CY			



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:  Leave the alignment close to the original alignment with the eastbound travel lane on the existing route and the westbound travel lane just to the north of the existing route.  BENEFITS  RISKS/CHALLENGES  Reduces the size of the cut  Generates less waste  Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed  COST SUMMARY  Initial Costs  O&M Costs  Total Life Cycle Cost BASELINE ASSUMPTION:  \$ 1,078,000 \$ - \$ 1,078,000 PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:  \$ 864,500 \$ - \$ 864,500  REQUESTED ALTERNATIVE:  \$ 864,500 \$ - \$ 864,500  REQUESTED ALTERNATIVE:  \$ 864,500 \$ - \$ 864,500	<b>TITLE:</b> Move alignment from Sta. 3	Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00									
● Reduces the size of the cut       ● Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed         ● Generates less waste       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● COST SUMMARY       Initial Costs       O&M Costs       Total Life Cycle Cost         BASELINE ASSUMPTION:       \$ 1,078,000       \$ -       \$ 1,078,000         PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:       \$ 864,500       \$ -       \$ 864,500         TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)       \$ 213,500       \$ -       \$ 213,500	FUNCTION:	Cl	ear Righ	t-of-way							
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:  Leave the alignment close to the original alignment with the eastbound travel lane on the existing route and the westbound travel lane just to the north of the existing route.    RISKS/CHALLENGES	BASELINE ASSUMPTION:										
RISKS/CHALLENGES  Reduces the size of the cut  Generates less waste  Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed  COST SUMMARY  BASELINE ASSUMPTION:  \$ 1,078,000 \$ - \$ 1,078,000 PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE: \$ 864,500 \$ - \$ 864,500 TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)  RISKS/CHALLENGES  RISKS/CHALLENGES  RISKS/CHALLENGES  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Total Life Cycle Cost Summanum and likely reduces the design speed  Total Life Cycle Cost Summanum and likely reduces the design speed  Total Life Cycle Cost Summanum and likely reduces the design speed  Total Life Cycle Cost Summanum and likely reduces the design speed  Total Life Cycle Cost Summanum and likely reduces the design speed	Current design shows a shift off of the origin	nal alignment	to the nor	th that red	uces the o	curvature in	this area.				
BENEFITS  RISKS/CHALLENGES  Reduces the size of the cut  Generates less waste  Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed  Total Life Cycle Cost Summary  Total Life Cycle Cost BASELINE ASSUMPTION:  \$ 1,078,000 \$ - \$ 1,078,000  PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:  \$ 864,500 \$ - \$ 864,500  TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)  \$ 213,500 \$ - \$ 213,500	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:										
RISKS/CHALLENGES	Leave the alignment close to the original ali	gnment with tl	ne eastbo	und travel	lane on th	ne existing r	oute and the				
● Reduces the size of the cut       ● Tightens the curvature up and likely reduces the design speed         ● Generates less waste       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● COST SUMMARY       Initial Costs       O&M Costs       Total Life Cycle Cost         BASELINE ASSUMPTION:       \$ 1,078,000       \$ -       \$ 1,078,000         PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:       \$ 864,500       \$ -       \$ 864,500         TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)       \$ 213,500       \$ -       \$ 213,500	westbound travel lane just to the north of the	e existing rout	e.								
◆ Generates less waste       ◆         ◆ Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ◆         ◆ COST SUMMARY       Initial Costs       O&M Costs       Total Life Cycle Cost         BASELINE ASSUMPTION:       \$ 1,078,000       \$ - \$ 1,078,000         PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:       \$ 864,500       \$ - \$ 864,500         TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)       \$ 213,500       \$ - \$ 213,500	BENEFITS		RISKS/0	CHALLE	NGES						
● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●         ● Reduces the schedule because less excavation will be needed       ●	Reduces the size of the cut			, ,							
be needed         ●           ●         ●           ●         ●           ●         ●           ●         ●           ●         ●           ECOST SUMMARY         Initial Costs         O&M Costs         Total Life Cycle Cost           BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 1,078,000         \$ -         \$ 1,078,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 864,500         \$ -         \$ 864,500           TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)         \$ 213,500         \$ -         \$ 213,500	Generates less waste		•								
COST SUMMARY         Initial Costs         O&M Costs         Total Life Cycle Cost           BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 1,078,000         \$ -         \$ 1,078,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 864,500         \$ -         \$ 864,500           TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)         \$ 213,500         \$ -         \$ 213,500		avation will	•								
COST SUMMARY         Initial Costs         O&M Costs         Total Life Cycle Cost           BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 1,078,000         \$ -         \$ 1,078,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 864,500         \$ -         \$ 864,500           TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)         \$ 213,500         \$ -         \$ 213,500	•		•								
COST SUMMARY         Initial Costs         O&M Costs         Total Life Cycle Cost           BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 1,078,000         \$ -         \$ 1,078,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 864,500         \$ -         \$ 864,500           TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)         \$ 213,500         \$ -         \$ 213,500	•		•								
COST SUMMARY         Initial Costs         O&M Costs         Total Life Cycle Cost           BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 1,078,000         \$ -         \$ 1,078,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 864,500         \$ -         \$ 864,500           TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)         \$ 213,500         \$ -         \$ 213,500	•		•								
COST SUMMARY         Initial Costs         O&M Costs         Total Life Cycle Cost           BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 1,078,000         \$ -         \$ 1,078,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 864,500         \$ -         \$ 864,500           TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)         \$ 213,500         \$ -         \$ 213,500	•		•								
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 1,078,000         \$ - \$ 1,078,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 864,500         \$ - \$ 864,500           TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)         \$ 213,500         \$ - \$ 213,500	•		•								
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 864,500 \$ -         \$ 864,500           TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)         \$ 213,500 \$ -         \$ 213,500		Initial Co			Costs	Total L	ife Cycle Cost				
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed) \$ 213,500 \$ - <b>\$</b> 213,500		·			-		1,078,000				
					-		864,500				
	TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 21	3,500	3	-		213,500				



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00
DISCUSSIO	N/JUSTIFICATION:
Station 3531+ This shift wou	e an alignment shift that would move the westbound travel lane back near the existing road between +/-50 to +/- Station 3544+00. The shift would result in a +/- shift of 60 feet to the north at Station 3600+00. ald result in an overall reduction in the height of the cut which would reduce the excavation. This would a reduction of the design speed for this curve.
	TATION CONSIDERATIONS: buld need to be studied to see if it would still meet the design speed of 60 mph.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

Move alignment from Sta 3530+00 to 3550+00

TITLE:	Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00											
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELI	NE ASSUMPTI	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE							
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$				
Excavation		CY	308,000	3.50	1,078,000	247,000	3.50	864,500				
		_			1,078,000			864,500				
					(BASEI	INE LES	S PROPOSED)	213,500				

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

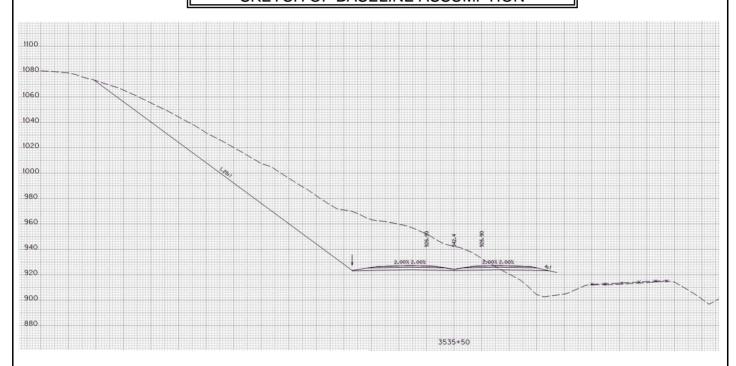
 $I tems\ \#10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}70,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}60,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}50,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}40,\ 10\textbf{-}167\textbf{.}00,$ 

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE: Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00

#### SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION

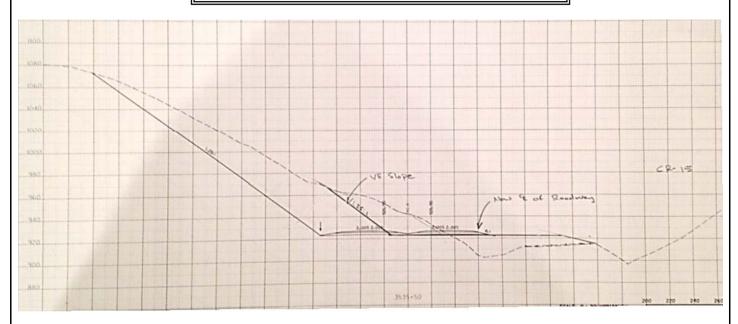




Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00

#### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Existing excavation	on		Reduced area of	evesyption	
Lating excavation	JI I		Neduced alea of	CACAVALIOIT	
Top Triangle	3850		Top Triangle	3850	
Middle Square	700		Middle Square	700	
Bottom Triangle	787.5		Bottom Triangle	787.5	
Outside Triangle	875			5337.5	SF
Outside Bottom	437.5				
Triangle					
	6650		3544+00 to 3531-	+50	
				1250	
3544+00 to 3531-	+50				
	1250				
				6671875	CF
	8312500	CF			
				247106.48	CY
	307870.4	CY			
			use a 20% reduc	tion	
use a 20% reduct	tion		as cut pinches or	197685.19	CY
as cut pinches or	246296.3	CY			



Value Engineering Study
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1
Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40,
10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00
Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

# 10-167.00 (No Alternatives developed for this design section)



Value Engineering Study
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1
Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40,
10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00
Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

10-126.12

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

Use SPUI in fleu of a full dis	amond interch	iange				
FUNCTION:		Span	Space			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:						
The current plans depict a typical diamond i	nterchange.					
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:						
A SPUI (Single Point Urban Interchange) is called a SPRI (Single Point Rural Interchange)		his loca	tion. Since thi	s is in a	rural section	n, it could be
BENEFITS		RISKS	S/CHALLEN	GES		
Minimizes right-of-way impacts		•			sive than tra	ditional bridges
Minimizes impacts to streams		•	MSE walls as expensive	ssociated	d with the br	ridge could be
Reduces the cost of in-lieu fees		•	Requires ligh	ting		
Ramps often require large excavation		•	Requires add	itional si	igning	
By taking KY 30 over Mountain Parkw eliminates twin bridges on MP and has bridge for KY 30	•	•				
Accommodates higher traffic volumes		•				
•		•				
•		•				
COST SUMMARY	Initial Co	osts	O&M C	osts	Total L	ife Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 15,00	00,000	\$	-	\$	15,000,000
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 13,50	00,000	\$	-	\$	13,500,000
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 1,50	00,000	\$	-	\$	1,500,000
					S	AVINGS

85

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#### VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL SS-25

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use SPUI in lieu of a full diamond interchange

#### DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:

A traditional diamond interchange has a larger footprint than Single Point "Rural" Interchange (SPRI). Typically, SPUI/SPRI are not utilized in rural roadway projects. Steep terrain and streams are located in close proximity to all the proposed interchange locations. By utilizing a SPUI/SPRI, the overall footprint of the interchange could be drastically reduced. Typically, SPUI/SPRI costs an additional \$1 to \$2 million dollars than a traditional interchange. On this project, by placing the minor road over the Mountain Parkway, it would be possible to replace twin bridges with a single bridge. The amount of excavation associated with a large footprint could be greatly reduced by using a SPUI/SPRI. Additional studies should be conducted to determine the feasibility of a SPUI/SPRI versus a traditional diamond interchange. This type of interchange could be utilized in other sections within this corridor, 10-167.00 and 10-126.70, and potentially realize a similar savings (\$1 to \$2 million dollar range) per section.

None apparent.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:	Use SPUI in lieu of a full diamond interchange	
--------	------------------------------------------------	--

DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASEL	INE ASSUMPTION	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE				
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	
Existing Interchange		LS	1	15,000,000.00	15,000,000	1	13,500,000.00	13,500,000	
					15,000,000			13,500,000	

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.



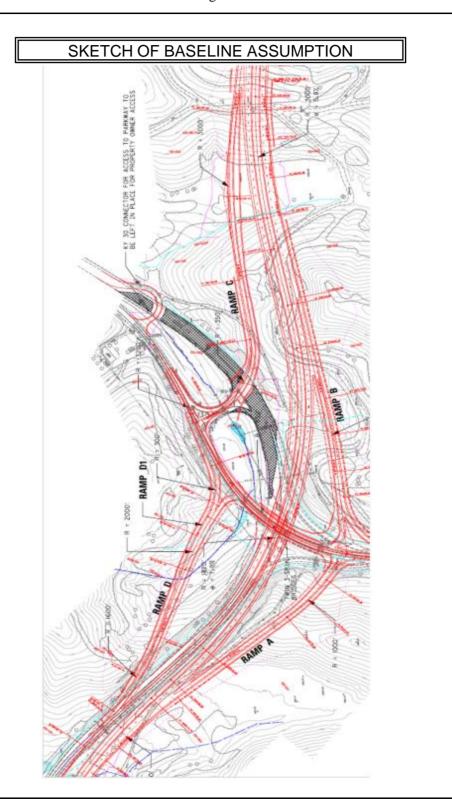
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

 $Items\ \#10\text{-}126.70,\ 10\text{-}126.60,\ 10\text{-}126.50,\ 10\text{-}126.40,\ 10\text{-}167.00,$ 

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

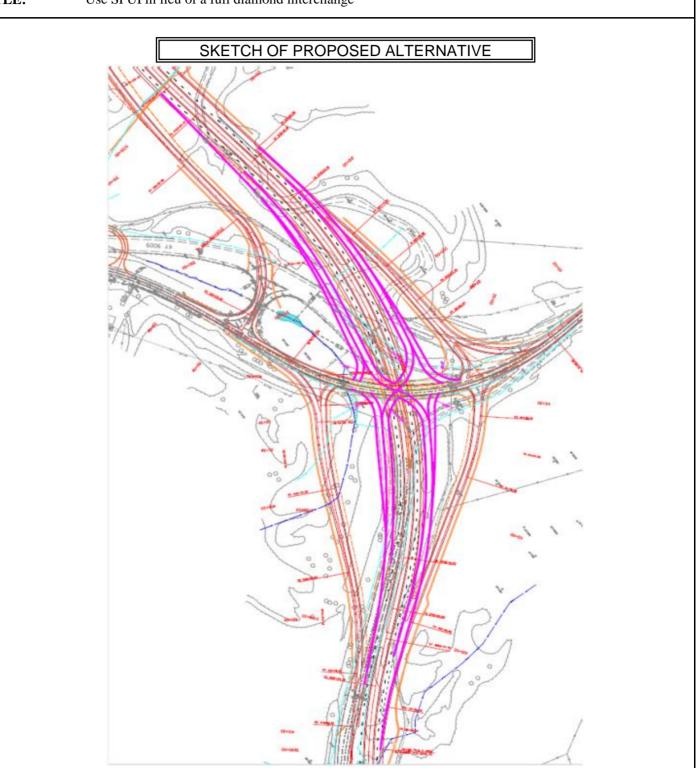
TITLE: Use SPUI in lieu of a full diamond interchange





Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use SPUI in lieu of a full diamond interchange





**TOTAL** (Baseline less Proposed)

#### **VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL CR-01**

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

<b>TITLE:</b> Use median barrier to re	duce foo	t print throug	gh cu	ts			
FUNCTION:		Clear	Rig	ht-of-w	ay		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:							
Current design indicates 28-foot grass m travel lanes.	nedians v	vith 2-foot gra	ass s	houlder	s and 4-foot p	aved sho	ulders adjacent to
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:							
Reduce median width to accommodate 2	2.5 feet f	or concrete m	nedia	n barrie	er type 12E an	d 6-foot	of paved shoulder
using design similar to that used recently	y near C	ampton, Kent	ucky	on the	Mountain Par	kway at	the KY 15
Interchange. That design utilized a 60 M	APH des	ign speed and	l a 4-	foot sh	oulder. Future	e designs	could accomodate
a 6-foot paved shoulder design to impro	ve sight	distances in c	urve	s.			
BENEFITS		RIS	SKS	/CHAI	LENGES		
Reduces head on collisions			• ]	Higher	cost to mainta	in	
Reduces roadway width		•	• ]	Reduce	s access		
Reduces excavation quantity		•	• ]	Reduce	s sight distanc	e in curv	es
Reduces right-of-way need		•	•				
•		•	•				
•		•	•				
•			•				
•			•				
COST SUMMARY		Initial Costs		08	&M Costs	Tota	Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$	154,499,4		\$	-	\$	154,499,450
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$	137,051,9	25	\$	-	\$	137,051,925

17,447,525

17,447,525

## ACID!

#### **VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL CR-01**

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Use median barrier to reduce foot print through cuts
DISCUSSIO	N/JUSTIFICATION:
Reduction in	roadway width reduces earthwork and right-of-way required to construct road.
Maintenance snow and ice	cost should be considered closely, especially in winter when drains may not function properly due to blocking drains. Routine maintenance to clean roadway and drains can be accomplished by Master lowever, frequency of this maintenance may need to be increased compared beyond the frequency used on Lexington.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use median barrier to reduce foot print through cuts **DESIGN ELEMENT** Markup **BASELINE ASSUMPTION** PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE Description % Unit Qty Unit Cost \$ TOTAL \$ Qty Unit Cost \$ TOTAL \$ Concrete Median Barrier Type 100,320 LF 100.00 10,032,000 12E Concrete Median Barrier EA 700 11,000.00 7,700,000 Median Box Inlet Type 14B-1 154,499,450 23,863,985 Roadway Excavation CY30,899,890 5.00 5.00 119,319,925

154,499,450

(BASELINE LESS PROPOSED)

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS

137,051,925

17,447,525



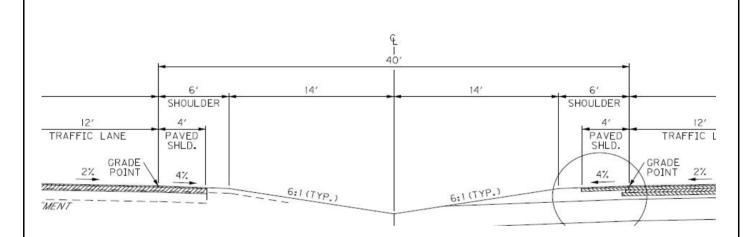
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Use median barrier to reduce foot print through cuts

#### SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1** 

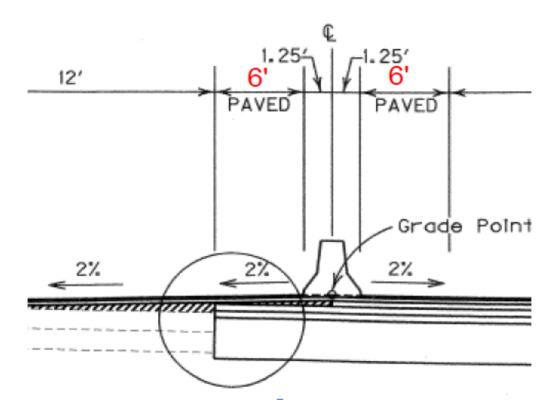
 $I tems\ \#10\textbf{-}126.70,\ 10\textbf{-}126.60,\ 10\textbf{-}126.50,\ 10\textbf{-}126.40,\ 10\textbf{-}167.00,$ 

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:

Use median barrier to reduce foot print through cuts

#### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE



Using (item No. 126-40) mainline excavation quantity of 6,830,500 CY (does not include left and right ditch cut excavation) and divided that quantity by the length of that project (4.2 miles) to find estimated 1,626,310 CY per mile. Multiplied the excavation per mile by the total miles (19 miles) for construction sequence 1 to get 30,899,890 CY estimate for this corridor. The proposed alternative excavation amount is 22.77% less based on a roadway width reduction of that percentage. Barrier median drainage boxes quantity assumes a box every 150 LF for 19 miles of roadway. Given the difficulty in determining pipe quantities, the over estimated quantity of boxes at an estimated cost of \$11,000 EA helps account for pipe and headwalls. Superelevated sections of roadway may not require boxes; therefore, there will be areas with box spacing greater than 150 LF.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE: Use median barrier to reduce foot print through cuts

#### **CALCULATIONS**

VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCK									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
EMB. BENCH									
VOLUME	37,792	37792	0	0	0	0	0	0	
DT. RT.									
DT. LT VOLUME DT. RT.	60,162	60162	0	0	0	0	0	0	
DT. LT									
VOLUME	655,015	566294	807	14477	14888	17898	27974	12678	
EMB.									
VOLUME	14,845,743	7396794	294522	4466	10794	178483	63874	28116	38194
COM.									
STATION	Totals	MOUNTAIN PARKWAY	KY 134 SECTION 1	KY 134 SECTION 2	RAMP 1	RAMP 2	RAMP 3	RAMP 4	KY 3046

TY IV G FAB									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GRAN EMB									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
#2 Stone									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
REFILL									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
UNDERCUT									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ROCK									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
EMB. BENCH									

		_							
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ENT RT									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ENT LT									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SPL EMB									
VOLUME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
VOLUME RIP RAP VOLUME SPL EMB VOLUME									
VOLUME	#REF!	#REF!	0	0	0	0	0	0	



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Bifurcate the road on one side at a higher elevation to reduce cuts								
FUNCTION:	N: Clear Right-of-way							
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		'	<u> </u>					
Current design shows both roadways throadways	oughout the cor	rridor at a	oproxima	tely the same	elevation a	at centerline.		
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:								
This alternate would propose that the trav critical section. This raised grade would was level or close to level at the embanks	need to adjust	down as y	ou come	in and out of	•			
BENEFITS				RISKS/CHALLENGES				
Reduces the size of the cut		Challenging from a design standpoint because this would require the upper travel lanes to transition vertically						
Generates less waste		•	Need to make sure that the bench that the upper travel lanes is not on a highly degradeable shale					
Reduces the construction schedule because less excavation will be needed			Good contractor control on travel lane bench so that the bench is not overshot					
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
COST SUMMARY	Initial	Initial Costs		M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cost			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$	819,255	\$		\$	819,255		
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:		540,586	\$	-	\$	540,586		
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$	278 669	\$		\$	278,669		



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

Difficult the four on one side at a maner elevation to reduce eats	TITLE:	Bifurcate the road on one	e side at a higher	elevation to reduce cuts
--------------------------------------------------------------------	--------	---------------------------	--------------------	--------------------------

### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

This would be a vertical alignment shift on the travel lanes that are nearest to the cut. The studied area is from Item No. 126.70 +/- Station 202+50 to +/- Station 211+50 where the cut section remains relatively constant and does not begin to transition out of the hillside until before and after the sections listed above. The raised portion would be approximate 15 foot vertical bifurcation between the elevations at the centerline of the roadway. This idea could be used corridor wide.

### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

Need to study the cut that the roadway is on to see if it is a durable shale/sandstone or need to consider setting the edge of the roadway further back into the hill to allow for additional room for weathering. Additional vertical bifurcation could be could be used in some areas. Also need to pay particular attention to the vertical transition between the roadway grade separation.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe Morgan and Magoffin Counties

77 OHC, 1710	i gan anu M	agomii C	Junites					
TITLE:	Bifurcate t	he road o	on one side	at a higher elevat	tion to reduce c	euts		
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELINE ASSUMPTION			PR	OPOSED ALTE	RNATIVE
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Excavation		CY	163,851	5.00	819,255	105,518	5.00	527,590
Guardrail		LF				900	14.44	12,996
		-						
			1		819,255			540,586

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS

278,669

(BASELINE LESS PROPOSED)



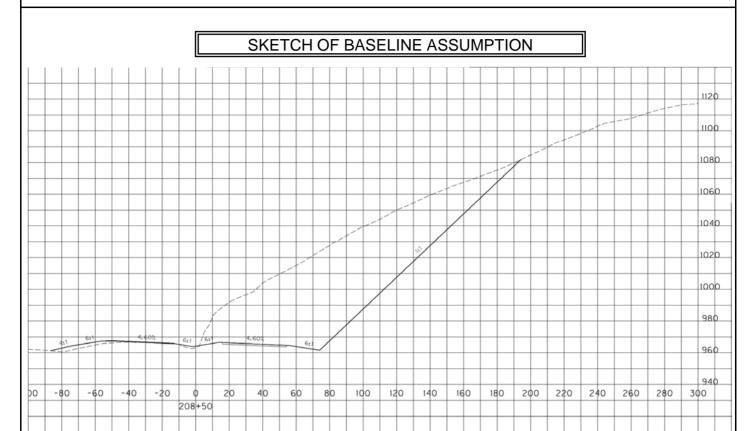
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

 $I tems\ \#10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}70,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}60,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}50,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}40,\ 10\textbf{-}167\textbf{.}00,$ 

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Bifurcate the road on one side at a higher elevation to reduce cuts

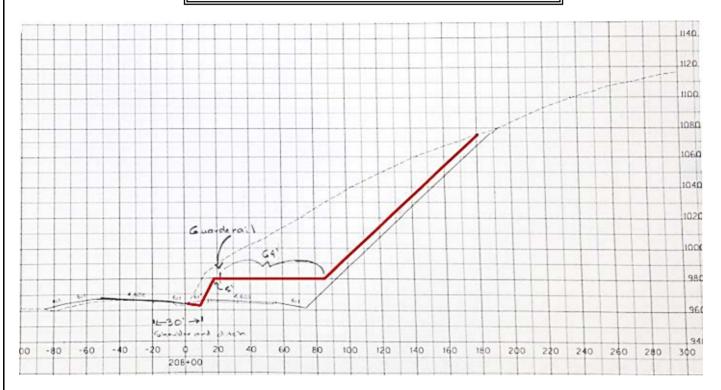




Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Bifurcate the road on one side at a higher elevation to reduce cuts

### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Bifurcate the road on one side at a higher elevation to reduce cuts

### **CALCULATIONS**

Eviating Design						
Existing Design						
		Cut Area	Cut Volume			
202+50.00	1	3432.64	5247			
202+30.00	<u>'</u> 1	4165.61	7035			
203+50.00	<u>1</u>	3994.64	7556			
203+50.00	<u>1</u>	3994.64	6632			
			4773			
204+50.00	1	1986.62	3244			
205+00.00	1	1517.31				
205+50.00	1	2842.66	4037			
206+00.00	1	4330.57	6642			
206+50.00	1	5457.69	9063			
207+00.00	1	6049.37	10655			
207+50.00	1	6055.82	11209			
208+00.00	1	6441.94	11572			
208+50.00	1	6646.51	12119			
209+00.00	1	6724.74	12381			
209+50.00	1	6561.11	12302			
210+00.00	1	6080.59	11705			
210+50.00	1	5174.09	10421			
211+00.00	1	4733.88				
211+50.00	1	3996.52	8084			
		89360.26	163851	CY		
					800	
					2700	
Bifurcated Section	1				675	
					312.5	
Reduce cut		1750	58333		4487.5	
@ Station 208+00						
					6237.5	
Section looked at	211+50 to	202+50				
900						
New Excavation			105518			



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

<b>TITLE:</b> At Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00	0 raise the grad	de to bal	ance earthy	vork and r	educe cuts	
FUNCTION:	С	lear Rig	ht-of-way			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:			·			
The current design has a 2% upgrade and a	4% downgrad	e that is	off the exis	sting align	ment.	
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:						
This alternate would steepen the grades in t	his area to a n	naximum	of 7%.			
BENEFITS		RISKS	CHALLE	ENGES		
Reduces excavation			Steeper gra			sight distance
Reduces excess material		•				
Reduces right-of-way acquired for was	ste area	•				
Reduces stream impacts		•				
• Reduces cost of permitting (ILF)		•				
•		•				
•		•				
•		•				
COST SUMMARY	Initial C	osts	O&M	Costs	Total I	Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 18,50	00,000	\$		\$	18,500,000
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 16,72	25,000	\$	-	\$	16,725,000
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 1,7	75,000	\$	-	\$	1,775,000
	·				C	AVINGS

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**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:	At Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00 raise the grade to balance earthwork and reduce cuts
DISCUSSION	V/JUSTIFICATION:
to be disposed.	overwhelmingly excavation heavy due to the existing topography, resulting in excess material that needs. Increasing the grades through this section of the proposed design will create less excavation and more This will result in less excess material to be disposed, which means stream impacts and in-lieu fees are e costs were difficult to quantify in this alternative but should be considered.
The same unit	<b>FATION CONSIDERATIONS:</b> prices were used in the proposed as the baseline. However, the baseline price of \$5/CY seems to be high quantity and historic bids in the region in which the project is located.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:	At Sta. 370	05+00 to 3	3765+00 raise	e the grade to bala	ance earthwork	and reduce c	uts	
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELINE ASSUMPTION			PRO	POSED ALTER	
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Roadway Excavation		CY	3,700,000	5.00	18,500,000	3,345,000	5.00	16,725,000
					18,500,000			16,725,000
	•			<u>'</u>		ELINE LESS	S PROPOSED)	1,775,000

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS

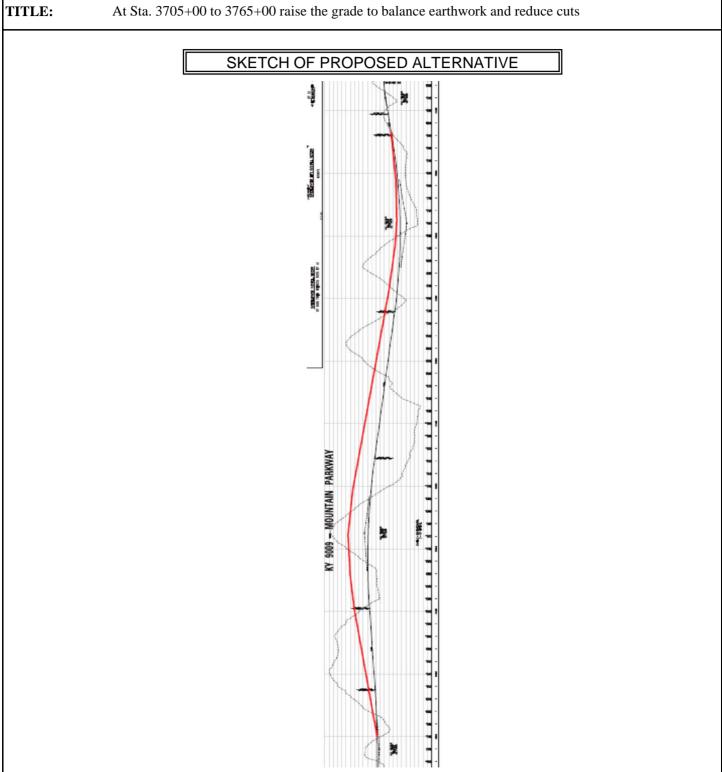


**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

**Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1** Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

At Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00 raise the grade to balance earthwork and reduce cuts





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

<b>TITLE:</b> Flatten fill slopes to balance earthy	work at Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00
FUNCTION:	Clear Right-of-way
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	
For Item No. 10-126.12, the current proposed design approximately 1600 FT.	gn utilizes fill slopes steeper than 4:1 on this section for
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	
This proposes flattening filling slopes along this se slope.	ection to 4:1 to eliminate guardrail due to a non-recoverable
BENEFITS	RISKS/CHALLENGES
Provides location for excess material	MOT will require part width construction of the proposed Mountain Parkway (which is required on portions of this section presently)
May reduce permitting costs slightly in terms waste sites	of Relocates ditches farther from the roadway
Provides a recoverable slope for errant motori	• Will require embankment benching on one location
•	Right-of-way impacts will need to be further studied
•	•
•	•
•	•

COST SUMMARY	Initial Costs	O&M Costs	T	otal Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 48,552	\$ -	\$	48,552
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 48,552	\$ -	\$	48,552

**SAVINGS** 



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Flatten fill slopes to balance earthwork at Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00

### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

The current proposed design utilizes fill slopes steeper than 4:1 on this section for approximately 1600 FT. This requires shielding for the slopes as they are classified as non-recoverable and there is little recovery area at the toe of the slope in these areas. The VE team proposes flattening the fill slopes along this section (and along Construction Sequence 1) to gain recoverable slopes. This eliminates the need for guardrail for errant motorists, reduces the amount of excess excavation hauled to offsite waste areas and should increase earthwork production rates. For illustration purposes, Sta. 3740+00-3740+50 demonstrate revised fill slopes. The excess excavation that could be placed between these stations is approximately 15,000 CY using the average end area method. These stations allow more material to be placed than what is typical for the 1600 FT of steepened slope. Therefore, the amount of excess material that can be placed along that distance would be more accurately estimated at 200,000 CY. This will not allow balancing of the section, nor will it come close. *The primary benefit would be the increased safety with recoverable slopes and elimination of shielding*.

### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

The proposed revision of fill slopes for this section may cause other issues that need to be studied further such as right-of-way impacts, need for embankment benches, etc. Additionally, MOT phasing will likely require part width construction along this section if flatter slopes are constructed. However, this may be the current plan already, given other impacts to traffic with the current proposed design.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Flatten fill slopes to balance earthwork at Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00

DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELI	NE ASSUMPT		PI	ROPOSED ALTE	ERNATIVE		
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$		
Guardrail Steel with Beam Sace		LF	2,800	14.59	40,852		14.59			
Guardrail end treatment Type 2A		EACH	3	634.99	1,905		634.99			
Guardrail end treatment Type 4A		EACH	3	1,931.59	5,795		1,931.59			
					48,552					

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

**SAVINGS** 



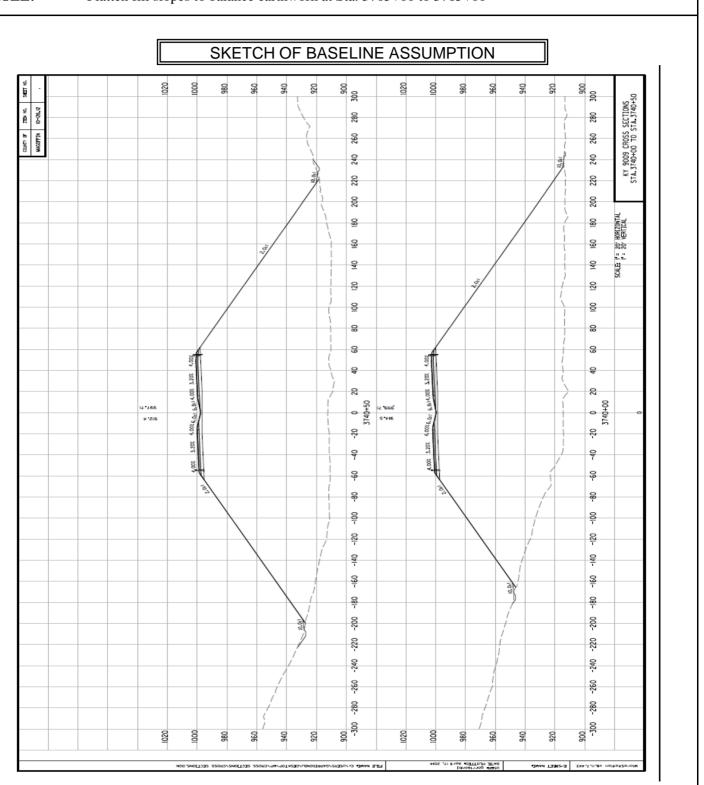
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Flatten fill slopes to balance earthwork at Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00



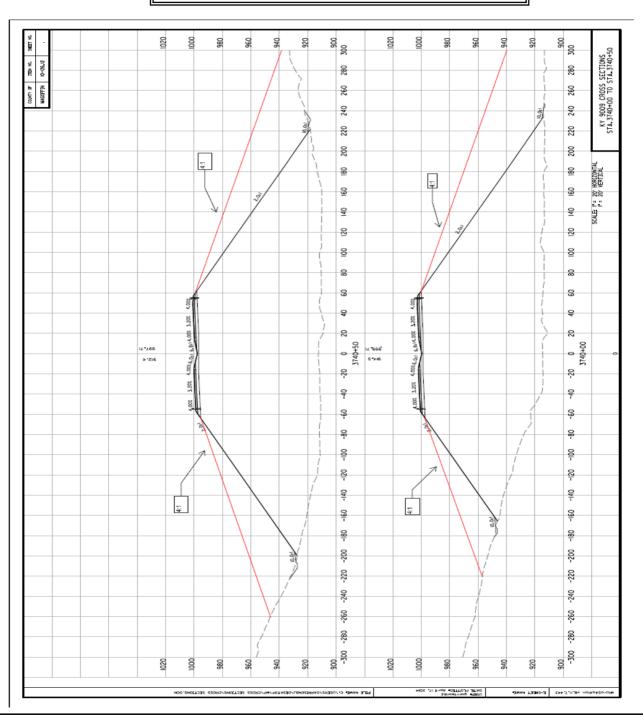


Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Flatten fill slopes to balance earthwork at Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00

### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

<b>TITLE:</b> Introduce false cuts to redu	ce fill area foo	tprint a	nd waste site needs		
FUNCTION:	C	lear Ri	ght-of-way		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:					
The current typical sections show a minimu	ım fill slope of	£2:1 wi	th guardrail and a 4:1	desirable.	
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:					
When ever feasible, (the embankment area excess material within the project.	in between tw	o steep	cuts) false cut areas c	ould be intro	oduced to waste
BENEFITS		RISK	S/CHALLENGES		
• Reduces the size of waste areas		•	Monitor additional fi	ll areas	
Reduces the haul length of waste mate	rial	•			
Better pricing for earthwork		•			
Reduces the amount of guradrail		•			
Reduces cost of guardrail replacement		•			
•		•			
•		•			
•		•			
COST SUMMARY	Initial C	osts	O&M Costs	Total I	ife Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 85,19	92,826	\$ -	\$	85,192,826
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 80,54	41,908	\$ -	\$	80,541,908
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 4,63	50,917	\$ -	\$	4,650,917
				S	AVINGS

## ACID!

### VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL CR-08

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**TITLE:** Introduce false cuts to reduce fill area footprint and waste site needs

DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICAT
-----------------------

All of the sections on Mountain Parkway have excessive yardage that needs to be hauled off to waste areas for proper disposal. All the waste areas need to be permitted and could also involve paying in-lieu fees for streams that may be impacted. There is also a cost associated with acquiring the parcels. By introducing false cuts, especially where in between steep cuts, additional yardage could be wasted within these areas, minimizing the haul distance and reducing the cost associated with earthwork. The cost estimate assumes lower unit costs for excavation. It is estimated at least a savings of 5% could be realized in the unit cost of excavation. By flattening the slopes, it would be possible to eliminate guard rail and entreatments for the project.

<b>IMPLEMEN</b>	<b>ITATION</b>	<b>CONSIDERATIONS</b>	•

None apparent.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Introduce false cuts to reduce fill area footprint and waste site needs

introduce tasse cas to reduce the area roopting and waste site needs									
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELIN	NE ASSUMPTIO	PRO	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	
10-126.70			845,063	5.00	4,225,315	845,063	4.750	4,014,049	
10-126.60			2,500,000	3.73	9,321,025	2,500,000	3.544	8,858,750	
10-126.50			2,414,774	5.00	12,073,870	2,414,774	4.750	11,470,177	
10-126.40			8,232,000	3.50	28,812,000	8,232,000	3.325	27,371,400	
10-167			1,525,703	4.10	6,259,136	1,525,703	3.895	5,942,613	
10-126.12			3,700,000	5.00	18,500,000	3,700,000	4.750	17,575,000	
10-140.00			1,340,381	4.17	5,586,480	1,340,381	3.962	5,309,919	
Guard Rail (entire project)			20,000	14.50	290,000				
End Treatments (entire corridor)			2,500	50.00	125,000				
					85,192,826			80,541,908	
(BASELINE LESS PROPOSED)								4,650,917	

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

 $I tems\ \#10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}70,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}60,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}50,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}40,\ 10\textbf{-}167\textbf{.}00,$ 

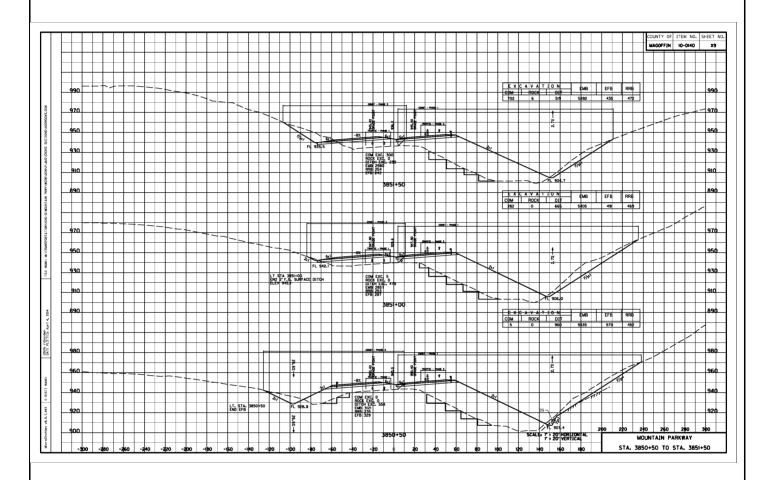
10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:

Introduce false cuts to reduce fill area footprint and waste site needs

### SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION



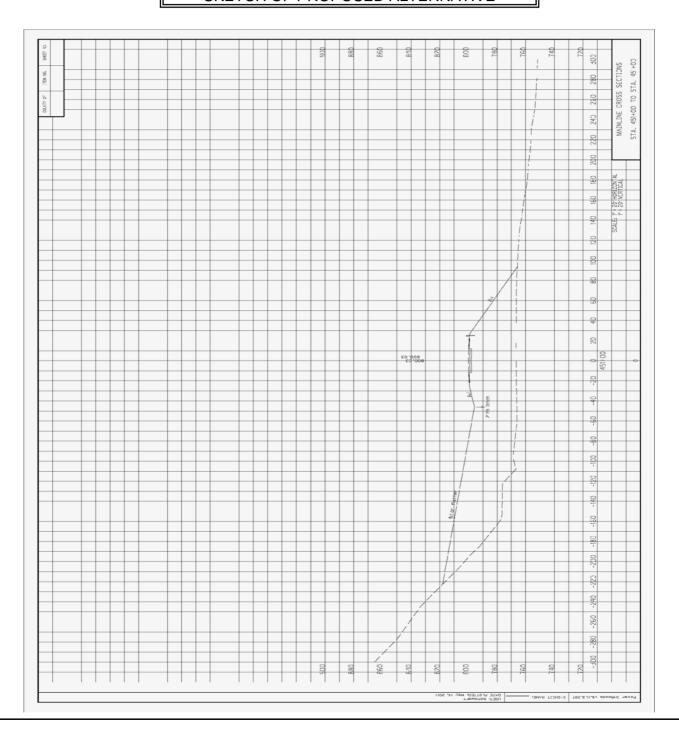
Above sketch is provided for Section 10-140.00 only; however, it is representative of what can be anticipated for the entire Mountain Parkway corridor. Proposed sketch (next page) illustrates what may be applied to the entire corridor, and cost detail reflects anticipated cost savings for the entire Mountain Parkway corridor.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Introduce false cuts to reduce fill area footprint and waste site needs

### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Use MSE walls for retaining	g walls to redu	ice cuts						
FUNCTION:	C	lear Rig	ght-of-way					
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:								
Current design shows 1.5:1 (H:V) or 2:1 (F	I:V) daylight s	lopes th	rough the cor	mmon exc	cavation.			
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:								
At various sections along the corridor, it many	ay be possible	to place	a MSE wall	on the ov	erburden bend	ch.		
BENEFITS		RISKS	S/CHALLEN	IGES				
• Reduces the size of the cut			May have chin the area	allenges	locating struct	ural backfill		
Generates less waste		<ul> <li>May increase schedule because of the time to construct MSE wall</li> </ul>						
Reduces ROW impacts		•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
•		•						
COST SUMMARY	Initial Co	osts	O&M (	Costs	Total Life	Cycle Cost		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 20	06,374	\$	-	\$	206,374		
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:		50,300	\$	-	\$	950,300		
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ (74	43,927)	\$	-	\$	(743,927)		
					C	OST		



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:	Use MSE walls for retaining walls to reduce cuts
DISCUSSION	N/JUSTIFICATION:
throughout the	E wall on the overburden bench at the top of the cuts would reduce the daylight point on some cuts corridor. In addition, it could help reduce ROW impacts in area where ROW is expensive. The area ed was from +/- Station 3625+00 to +/- Station 3530+50 so this opportunity could be scaled to other
The MSE wall	TATION CONSIDERATIONS:  at the top of the slope may not be a solution in all the areas because the overburden slopes will daylight at the wall would not be necessary.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**FITLE:** Use MSE walls for retaining walls to reduce cuts

TTLE: Use MSE walls for retaining walls to reduce cuts								
DESIGN ELEMENT			NE ASSUMPT		PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Excavation		CY	50,335	4.10	206,374	30,561	4.10	125,300
MSE Wall						16,500	50.00	825,000
					206,374			950,300
					(BASEL	INE LESS	S PROPOSED)	(743,927)

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

COST



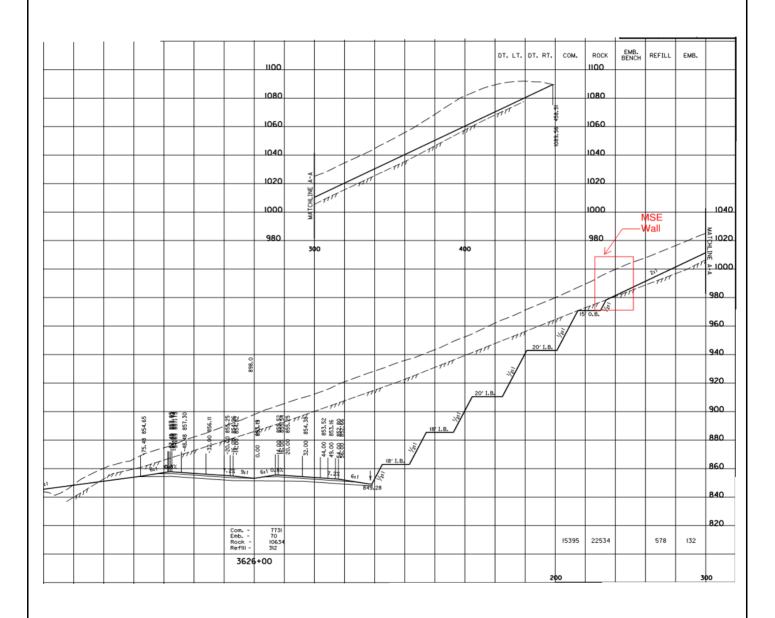
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Use MSE walls for retaining walls to reduce cuts

### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE: Use MSE walls for retaining walls to reduce cuts

### **CALCULATIONS**

At MEC Section	3626+00		
560 feet of comm	on excavat	ion	
Adding MSE Wal	I reduce 22	0 feet of co	mmon excavation
000 f+ / 500 f	4 <b>-</b>		
220 feet / 560 fee	t portion of	common e	xcavation
39%			
3370			
Common excavat	ion as shov	wn on the s	heets
7616			
8896			
7731			
4804			
3481			
3318			
3713			
2931			
2898			
3113			
1834			
50335			
Saved portion of o	common ex	cavation	
19774	CV		
19774	Ci		
30561	CV		
30301	01		
MSE Wall			
3630+50 TO 3625	5+00		
550			
Average MSE wa	ll height	30	
SF of MSE Wall		16500	



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE:	Use the existing area between the ramps	as fill areas
<b>FUNCTION:</b>	(	Clear Right-of-way
BASELINE A	ASSUMPTION:	
	esign has an excess material that is genera permit off project "waste sites" to dispose	ated from excavation. Currently, it is proposed to find, e of this material.
PROPOSED A	ALTERNATIVE:	
	e would utilize areas between interchange in abandoned portions of the existing Mou	e ramps and the Parkway to dispose material in. Fill could buntain Parkway.
BENEFITS		RISKS/CHALLENGES
• Less right	i-of-way to purchase	Existing terrain may not allow this in all areas
• Less strea	um impacts	•
• Less perm	nitting	•
Shorter ha	aul to dump material	•
•		•
•		•
•		•
•		•

DESIGN SUGGESTION



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-16

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Use the existing area between the ramps as fill areas

### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

This project will generate an excessive amount of excess material. Currently, areas known as "waste sites" are being located, acquired, and permitted for the disposal of this material. This alternate will place some of the excess material generated from the project between the Mountain Parkway and it's interchange ramps. An additional alternate to this idea is to use the abandoned portions of the current Mountain Parkway as fill sites as well. This will result in less material going to "waste sites" which means stream impacts will be reduced. This will also reduce permitting requirements.

### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

This alternate should be evaluated at all interchanges and abandoned locations of the Mountain Parkway along the corridor. Some interchanges or abandoned portions of the Parkway may not be conducive to this suggestion due to existing terrain, proposed geometry, or construction phasing.



Value Engineering Study
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1
Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40,
10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00
Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

# 10-140.00 (No Alternatives developed for this design section)



Value Engineering Study
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1
Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40,
10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00
Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

## Other (Not specific to a particular design section)



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

ritle: alignment	i package to c	onstruct	roadway p	ortions tha	t are on the	existing
FUNCTION:		Constri	ıctablilty			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:						
Construction Sequence 1 is broken into seve	en constructio	n sectio	ns.			
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:						
This alternative would break out two addition	onal construct	ion sect	ions that co	ould go to c	onstruction	sooner and
provide a substantial amount of work.						
BENEFITS		RISK	S/CHALL	ENGES		
Advance substantial amount of work so	oner	•	Adjacent of	contractors	may have to	use the same
			waste site	simultaneo	usly	
•		•				
•		•				
		•				
•		•				
•		•				
•		•				
		•				
		•				
•		•				
COST SUMMARY	Initial C	osts	0&N	I Costs	Total L	ife Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		31,300	\$	-	\$	25,731,300
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31,300	\$	-	\$	25,731,300
FOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
					NO	CHANCE

### ACIDI ACIDI

### VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL C-02

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Complete early construction package to construct roadway portions that are off the existing alignment

### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

The benefit is to advance the schedule of work.

This proposal adds two construction sections. These sections are cross country sections - one from 10-126.40 and one from 10-126.12. These sections contain the largest concentrations of excavation in Construction Sequence 1. These sections would not require any MOT except egress and ingress to access the project. Only grade and drain would be performed ending with the rock roadbed. The paving would be done under the parent project.

The breakout section from 10-126.40 is 4,300 FT from Sta. 3465+00 to Sta. 3508+00 and includes approximately 4.3 million CY of excavation. It includes 5 property owners and one utility pole within the footprint of the bridge in this section. If this temporary move of the utility pole could not be done, the bridges would also be done with the parent project.

The breakout section from 10-126.12 is 3,600 FT from Sta. 3717+00 to Sta. 3753+00 and includes approximately 1.6 million CY of excavation. It has 4 property owners and does not require utility relocations.

### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

This project and the parent	project use the same	waste site(s).	The use of these	waste sites	will have to be	e coordinated
hetween the contractors						



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

 $I tems\ \#10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}70,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}60,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}50,\ 10\textbf{-}126\textbf{.}40,\ 10\textbf{-}167\textbf{.}00,$ 

10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE:	Complete e	arly cons	truction pack	age to construct i	oadway portion	ns that are off	the existing align	ment	
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup	Markup BASELINE ASSUMPTION				PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	
10-126.40 Breakout									
Roadway Excavation		CY	4,300,000	4.00	17,200,000				
Twin Bridge #6		LS	1	6,741,000.00	6,741,000				
Triple 8x8 RCBC		LS	1	565,000.00	565,000				
Miscellaneous (5%)		LS	1	1,225,300.00	1,225,300				
Roadway Excavation		CY				4,300,000	4.00	17,200,000	
•						4,300,000			
Twin Bridge #6		LS				1	6,741,000.00	6,741,000	
Triple 8x8 RCBC		LS				1	565,000.00	565,000	
Miscellaneous (5%)		LS				1	1,225,300.00	1,225,300	
<del> </del>								_	
					25,731,300			25,731,300	
					(BAS	ELINE LES	S PROPOSED)		

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

NO CHANGE

### THE WAR

### **VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL C-02**

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Complete early construction package to construct roadway portions that are off the existing alignment

# SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE: Complete early construction package to construct roadway portions that are off the existing alignment

# SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE



TITLE:

### **VALUE ENGINEERING PROPOSAL AV-01**

**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

### Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

Pavement thickness should change based on usage (ADT)

FUNCTION:	Acc	ommod	ate Vehicles			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:						
In discussion with the KYTC Pavement Bravalue for ESALs distributed along the entire		nmende	d pavement v	as desig	ned based o	n one assumed
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:						
The VE team proposes further investigation	of each section	on to det	ermine if the	paveme	nt structures	can be revised.
BENEFITS		RISKS	S/CHALLEN	IGES		
Customizes pavement design based on	traffic usage	•	New paveme Pavement Br			e KYTC
Achieves acceptable pavement design to loading	for traffic	•				
•		•				
•		•				
•		•				
•		•				
•		•				
•		•				
COST SUMMARY	Initial Co	osts	O&M (	Costs	Total L	ife Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		93,130	\$	-	\$	17,693,130
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:		29,110	\$	-	\$	16,529,110
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 1,16	64,020	\$	-	\$	1,164,020
					SA	AVINGS



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Pavement thickness should change based on usage (ADT)

### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

The Pavement Branch for KYTC provided recommended pavement designs for the Mountain Parkway based on design ESALs of 7.2 million. However, upon closer inspection, most sections indicate 20 year design ESALs ranging from 4.1 million to 4.5 million with the exception of Item No. 10-140.00 (14.4 million design ESALs) as provided by the designing consultants. With this in mind, pavement structures may be reduced to adequately accommodate design ESALs and reduce capital cost. Communication with the Pavement Branch indicated that by reducing the design ESAL by 1/2 could reduce the pavement structure by 1 inch. With the given information, the design ESALs are reduced to approximately 62.5 % of the original design ESALs. This would be equivalent to a reduction of 5/8 of an inch to the pavement structure in the travel lanes.

MATERIAL CALCULATIONS: 18.5 MI X 48 FT @ 9.5" = 272,202 TONS ASPH. BASE 18.5 MI X 48 FT @ 8.875" = 254,294 TONS ASPH. BASE

### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

For the purpose of illustration, an average of the unit cost of \$65/ton was used for asphalt base courses; however, the District indicated that historically \$85/ton is more accurate. More thorough analysis will be needed to confirm that the pavement structure reduction can be reduced by the assumed amount and achieve acceptable longevity. Additionally, it would be appropriate to investigate the provided design ESALs for the 10-140.00 section to confirm the calculation. No access points exist in this section except at the project termini at the intersection with KY 7. With that information, the pavement structure along this section may need to be increased.

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

TITLE: Pavement thickness should change based on usage (ADT)

TITLE:	Tavement	inckness	should cha	nge based on usa	ige (AD1)					
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup	Markup BASELINE ASSUMPTION					PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$		
CL3 ASPH BASE 1.0 D		TON	272,202	65.00	17,693,130	254,294	65.00	16,529,110		
_										
					48 700 400			47.800 410		
					17,693,130 (BASEI		S PROPOSED)	16,529,110 1,164,020		

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Pavement thickness should change based on usage (ADT)

## SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION AND PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE

BASELINE ASSUMPTION	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE
1½" Milling 4" CL3 Asph Base 1.0D PG64-22	Full-Depth Asphalt Sections (Overlay) 1½" Milling 33/8" CL3 Asph Base 1.0D PG64-22 1¼" CL3 Asph Surf 0.38B PG64-22
Full-Depth Asphalt Sections	Full-Depth Asphalt Sections
1 ¼" CL3 AS 0.38B PG64-22	1 ¼" CL3 AS 0.38B PG64-22
3" CL3 AB 1.00D PG64-22	<sup>27/8"</sup> CL3 AB 1.00D PG64-22
3" CL3 AB 1.00D PG64-22	3" CL3 AB 1.00D PG64-22
3 ½" CL3 AB 1.00D PG64-22	<sup>3"</sup> CL3 AB 1.00D PG64-22
4" CSB	4" CSB



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE: Maintain current median 3	36 FT width in li	eu of 40	FΤ			
FUNCTION:	Acc	ommoda	te Vehicles	5		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:						
Currently, proposed design includes a 40 l	FT depressed ma	edian divi	iding the op	oposing t	ravel lanes.	
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:						
The VE team proposes matching the exist	ing depressed m	edian wid	lth found in	n previou	sly constru	cted sections.
BENEFITS		RISKS/	CHALLE	NGES		
Reduces earthwork		• S	ome sectio	ns may b	e near com	pletion on design
Maintains design standard acceptance	e for freeways		his revision		ause delay	to the
<ul> <li>Reduces waste, lessening impact to w potentially stream impacts</li> </ul>	vaste areas and	•				
•		•				
•		•				
•		•				
COST SUMMARY	Initial Co	osts	O&M	Costs	Total 1	Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 82,23	1,684	\$	_	\$	82,231,684
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 80,90	0,590	\$	-	\$	80,900,590
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 1,33	1,094	\$	-	\$	1,331,094
						SAVINGS



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Maintain current median 36 FT width in lieu of 40 FT

#### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

Current proposed design includes a 40 FT depressed median dividing the opposing travel lanes. Existing sections of the Mountain Parkway that have been constructed as a divided highway have a depressed median width of 36 FT. The VE team proposes constructing new divided four lane sections with the same depressed median width as previously constructed sections. This will allow uniformity among the sections and satisfies driver expectation. Additionally, this will allow excavation to be reduced. Checking this concept against AASHTO publications, this is acceptable. AASHTO recommends median barrier be considered on medians of this width when ADT exceeds 20,000. Current and forecasted traffic volumes are considerably less than 20,000 and crash history on current 4 lane configurations do not indicate a cross over issue. The AASHTO interstate design standards recommend a minimum 36 FT, but allow as little as 10 FT in mountainous terrain. This option provides no clear disadvantage when compared to the proposed 40 FT median, with substantial potential savings in earthwork costs.

For illustration purposes this revision has been applied to section 10-126.50 in Morgan/Magoffin Counties as this project has a median quantity of earthwork when compared to Construction Sequence 1. The earthwork savings are then extrapolated to project potential savings. The detailed cross-section at 3262+50 and 3280+00 are representative of cuts encountered.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:**

One major consideration for implementation of this concept is the amount of design work that has been completed to this point. The level of effort necessary on sections that are near completion and potential delay of construction letting may outweigh the benefit of the cost savings. This recommended change should have very little effect on structures, only revising their physical location slightly. Additionally, assumptions have been made to illustrate the revision may have on the entire Construction Sequence 1. Admittedly, savings will vary from section to section depending on the characteristics of the excavation, established waste areas, etc. Though difficult to immediately quantify, the excess material on the project will be lessened as well, thus lessening the impact to waste areas and potentially stream impacts.



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Maintain c	urrent me	dian 36 FT wid	lth in lieu of 40 F	Т				
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELIN	E ASSUMPTIO	N	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	
ROADWAY EXC. (Const. Seq. 1)		CY	20,557,921				4.00	80,900,590	
					82,231,684			80,900,590	

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS

(BASELINE LESS PROPOSED)

1,331,094



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Maintain current median 36 FT width in lieu of 40 FT

# SKETCH OF BASELINE ASSUMPTION MOUNTAIN PARKWAY NORMAL SECTION -¦-



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Maintain current median 36 FT width in lieu of 40 FT

# SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE NORMAL SECTION **⊸**- % 쫟



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Maintain current median 36 FT width in lieu of 40 FT

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Additional Calcs AV-02					
Assumptions:					
Use representative x-sec	to represe	nt entire cut	length		
Extrapolate results from	Item No. 10	0-126.50 to	all sections	in Const.	Seq. #1
Unit cost of excavation a	s provided	by the Distri	ct = \$4/cy		
Looking at Sta. 3265+50					
Length of slope @ lt. sta		134	ft		
Length of slope @ rt. sta		209	ft		
Length of cut evaluated		1600	ft		
(134' + 209') x 2' x 1600'	/ 27 =	40652			
Looking at Sta. 3280+00					
Length of slope @ lt. sta		170	ft		
Length of slope @ rt. sta		0	ft		
Length of cut evaluated		400	ft		
(134' + 209') x 2' x 1600'	/ 27 =	5037			
Total Earthwork Reduction	n:	45689			
Extrapolate Results to al	l sections of	of Const. Se	eq. 1		
			i i		
Length of 10-126.50	2.54	mi			
Length of Const. Seq. 1	18.5	mi			
(18.5 / 2.54) x 45,689 =	332773.4				
, , , -					
Total Exc. For Const. Se	eq. 1 =	20557921			
	•				
Revised Earthwork Qty =		20225148			



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Reduce outside paved sho	ulder wi	idth					
FUNCTION:		Acc	ommod	late Ve	chicles		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:							
Existing outside shoulder design provides	a 12 FT	graded s	shoulde	r with a	a 10 FT paved sh	oulder.	
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:							
The VE team proposes an outside graded	shoulder	design o	of 10 F	and a	paved shoulder	of 8 FT.	
					•		
BENEFITS			RISKS	S/CHA	LLENGES		
<ul> <li>Maintains AASHTO design standard</li> </ul>	s for inte	erstates	•			sign stand	dards for interstates
						_	ountainous terrain
				•			
Reduces asphalt placement			•	This re	evision could cau	ıse delay	to the construction
				letting			
• Reduces future maintenance cost			•	Some	sections may be	near con	npletion on design
<ul> <li>Reduces earthwork</li> </ul>			•				sisting divided four-
					reviously constru		
•			•				ommended shy line  Roadside Design
				uistaii	te according to A	AASIIIC	Roauside Design
•			•				
•			•				
•			•				
COST SUMMARY		nitial Co			&M Costs		Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$		36,184	\$	711,000	\$	93,997,184
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$		10,590	\$	568,000	\$	90,308,590
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$	3,54	15,594	\$	143,000	\$	3,688,594

**SAVINGS** 



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Reduce outside paved shoulder width

#### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

Current proposed design includes 12 FT graded shoulders, 10 FT paved shoulders. The VE Study Team proposes constructing 10 FT graded shoulders, 8 FT paved shoulders. This revision falls within AASHTO interstate design standards with exceptions for mountainous terrain. This revision allows room for vehicles to safely utilize the shoulders for emergencies. Additionally, this reduces the excavation by the same amount provided in VE Proposal AV-02 and reduces asphalt placement on the shoulders initially and lowers future maintenance cost of resurfacing this area. CALCULATIONS (10 FT paved shlder, 9.5 IN base, 1.25 IN surf, 18.5-mile for Const Seq 1, both directions): 113,400 TONS ASPH BASE

14,900 TONS ASPH SURF

CALCULATIONS (8 FT paved shlder, 9.5 IN base, 1.25 IN surf, 18.5-mile for Const Seq 1, both directions): 90,700 TONS ASPH BASE 11,900 TONS ASPH BASE

#### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

This revision falls short of KYTC Design Manual Recommendation of 12 FT paved shoulder on 4 lane freeways, as did the current proposed design. AASHTO Roadside Design Guide recommends 9.2 FT shy line offset for 70 mph design speed, but admits this is generally not considered for decision making. This revision may not be practical for all sections, especially given the progress of the design of roadway/structures and the letting schedule.

For illustration purposes, the entire Const. Seq. 1 has been evaluated at unit costs below. These unit costs were provided by the District as more accurate reflections of historical asphalt costs:

ASPH SURF: \$ 95.00/TON ASPH BASE: \$95.00/TON

\*\*When combined with VE Proposal No. AV-02, the earthwork savings are doubled.\*\*



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

۷۷ OHC, 1۷10	igan anu ma	igonini C	ounties						
TITLE:	Reduce out	side pave	d shoulder wid	th	_				
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELIN	IE ASSUMPTIO	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE				
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	
ROADWAY EXC. (Const. Seq. 1)		CY	20,557,921	4.00	82,231,684	20,225,148	4.00	80,900,590	
CL3 ASPH BASE 1.00 D		TON	113,400	85.00	9,639,000	90,700	85.00	7,709,500	
CL3 ASPH SURF 1.00 D		TON	14,900	95.00	1,415,500	11,900	95.00	1,130,500	
							+	_	
					93,286,184			89,740,590	

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS

3,545,594

(BASELINE LESS PROPOSED)



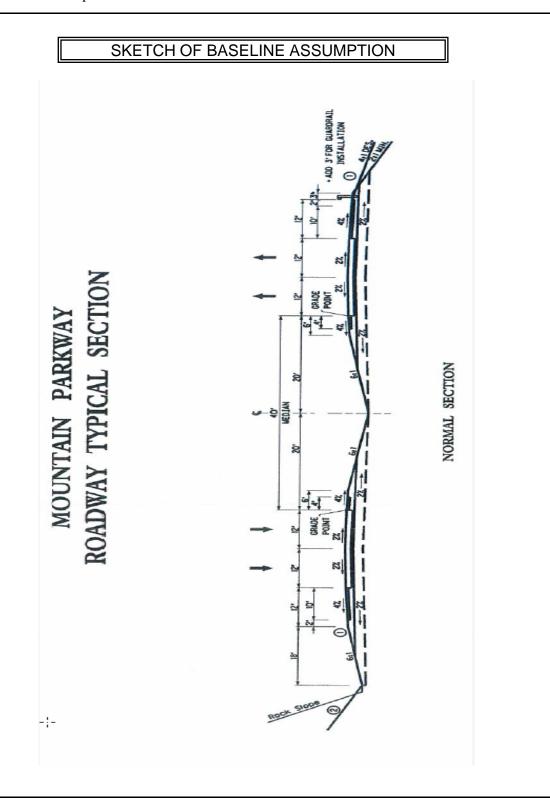
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Reduce outside paved shoulder width



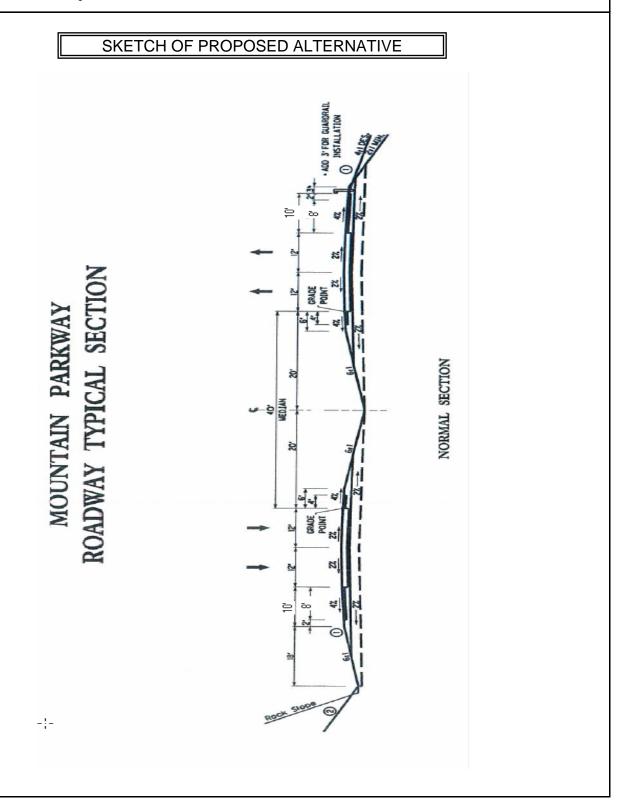


**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Reduce outside paved shoulder width





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

# Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

The current design adheres to the FONSI which dictates a design speed of 65 mph.  PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE: The proposed alternative evaluates excavation with a reduced design speed of 60 mph.  BENEFITS  RISKS/CHALLENGES  Reduces excavation  Re-design effort  Reduces design speed  Reduces design speed  COST SUMMARY Initial Costs  COST SUMMARY Initial Costs  D&M Costs  Total Life Cycle Cost BASELINE ASSUMPTION:  \$ 42,120,000 \$ - \$ 42,120,000 PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:  \$ 16,680,000 \$ - \$ 16,680,000	<b>TITLE:</b> Change design speed from	65 mph to 60	) mph to 1	educe earthwork		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION: The current design adheres to the FONSI which dictates a design speed of 65 mph.  PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE: The proposed alternative evaluates excavation with a reduced design speed of 60 mph.  BENEFITS RISKS/CHALLENGES Reduces excavation Re-design effort Reduces design speed Reduces design speed Reduces design speed  COST SUMMARY Initial Costs BASELINE ASSUMPTION: S 42,120,000 ROOSED ALTERNATIVE: S 16,680,000 ROOSED SUMMARY S 16	FUNCTION:		Desig	n Speed		
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:           The proposed alternative evaluates excavation with a reduced design speed of 60 mph.           BENEFITS         RISKS/CHALLENGES           • Reduces excavation         • FONSI reconsiderations           • Re-design effort         • Reduces design speed           • Reduces design speed         • Total Life Cycle Cost           • Total Life Cycle Cost         BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 42,120,000         \$ - \$ 42,120,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 16,680,000         \$ - \$ 16,680,000         \$ - \$ 16,680,000	BASELINE ASSUMPTION:			-		
RISKS/CHALLENGES	The current design adheres to the FONSI v	which dictates	s a design	speed of 65 mph.		
RISKS/CHALLENGES   RISKS/CHALLENGES     Reduces excavation	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:					
● Reduces excavation         ● FONSI reconsiderations           ● Re-design effort         ● Reduces design speed           ● Reduces design speed         ● Reduces design speed           ● State of the state of th	The proposed alternative evaluates excava	tion with a re	duced de	sign speed of 60 mph		
● Re-design effort         ● Reduces design speed         ● Reduces design speed         ● Proposed Alternative:       ■ Proposed Proposed Proposed Proposed Proposed Alternative:         ■ Reduces design speed         ● Reduces design speed         ■ Proposed Proposed Alternative:       ■ Proposed Pr	BENEFITS		RISK	S/CHALLENGES		
<ul> <li>Reduces design speed</li> <li>Reduces design speed</li> <li>Reduces design speed</li> <li>COST SUMMARY</li> <li>Initial Costs</li> <li>O&amp;M Costs</li> <li>Total Life Cycle Cost</li> <li>BASELINE ASSUMPTION:</li> <li>\$ 42,120,000</li> <li>\$ 7</li> <li>\$ 42,120,000</li> <li>\$ 16,680,000</li> <li>\$ 16,680,000</li> </ul>	Reduces excavation		•	FONSI reconsiderat	ions	
COST SUMMARY Initial Costs O&M Costs Total Life Cycle Cost  BASELINE ASSUMPTION: \$ 42,120,000 \$ - \$ 42,120,000  PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE: \$ 16,680,000 \$ - \$ 16,680,000	•		•	Re-design effort		
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 42,120,000         \$ -         \$ 42,120,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 16,680,000         \$ -         \$ 16,680,000	•		•	Reduces design spee	ed	
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 42,120,000         \$ -         \$ 42,120,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 16,680,000         \$ -         \$ 16,680,000	•		•			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 42,120,000         \$ -         \$ 42,120,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 16,680,000         \$ -         \$ 16,680,000	•		•			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 42,120,000         \$ -         \$ 42,120,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 16,680,000         \$ -         \$ 16,680,000	•		•			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 42,120,000         \$ -         \$ 42,120,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 16,680,000         \$ -         \$ 16,680,000	•		•			
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:         \$ 42,120,000         \$ -         \$ 42,120,000           PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:         \$ 16,680,000         \$ -         \$ 16,680,000	•		•			
<b>PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:</b> \$ 16,680,000 \$ - \$ 16,680,000	COST SUMMARY	Initial	Costs	O&M Costs	Total I	Life Cycle Cost
						42,120,000
<b>TOTAL</b> (Baseline less Proposed) \$ 25,440,000   \$ -   \$ 25,440,000						16,680,000
SAVINGS	TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 25,	,440,000	\$ -		25,440,000



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Change design speed from 65 mph to 60 mph to reduce earthwork
	JUSTIFICATION:
	and estimates indicate the highest cost driver for the project to be excavation of earthwork. To be VE team evaluated reducing the design speed from 65 mph to 60 mph.
IMPLEMENT A Re-evaluation of	ATION CONSIDERATIONS: FONSI.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:	Change des	sign spee	d from 65 mph	to 60 mph to rec	luce earthwork			
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELIN	E ASSUMPTIO	PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE			
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$
Excavation	7.2	CY	10,530,000			4,170,000		16,680,000
					42,120,000			16,680,000
					(BAS	ELINE LES	S PROPOSED)	25,440,000

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS

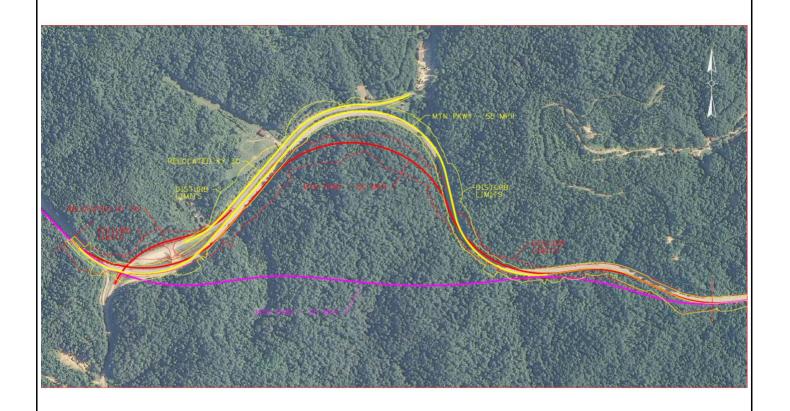


Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

**Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties** 

**TITLE:** Change design speed from 65 mph to 60 mph to reduce earthwork

#### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Change design speed from 65 mph to 60 mph to reduce earthwork

#### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE

### MOUNTAIN PARKWAY CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE NO. 1 EXCAVATION COMPARISON

						EXCAVATION (MILLION CY)					
			STATION		LENGTH	PROJECT		SECTION			
PROJECT	CONSULTANT	ITEM NO.				65 N	ИРН	60 1	MPH		
			BEGIN	END	MILE	CURRENT	CURRENT	REVISED	SAVINGS (millions)		
1A	LOCHNER	10-126.70				0.85			N/A		
1B	HMB	10-126.60				2.50			N/A		
1C	EA	10-126.50				2.41					
			3248+00	3287+00	0.7		1.78	0.42	1.36		
1D	AEI	10-126.40				8.23					
			3456+00	3517+00	1.2		4.73	1.51	3.22		
			3527+00	3551+00	0.5		0.28	0.09	0.19		
			3590+00	3603+00	0.2		0.39	0.15	0.24		
1E	MEC	10-167.00				1.53					
			3603+00	3634+00	0.6		1.00	0.32	0.68		
1F	PB	10-126.12				3.70					
			3705+00	3784+00	1.5		1.92	1.48	0.44		
1G	VM	10-140.00				1.34					
			3848+00	3891+00	0.8		0.43	0.20	0.23		
			·		5.5	20.56	10.53	4.17	6.36		

TOTAL DIFFERENCE	6.36

TOTAL CONSTUCTION SEQUENCE 1	20.56	14.20



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

## Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE: Change design speed from	65 mph to 55 mph to	reduce earthwork	
FUNCTION:	Desi	gn Speed	
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:		<u> </u>	
The current design adheres to the FONSI	which dictates a desig	n speed of 65 mph.	
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:			
The proposed alternative evaluates excava	tion with a reduced d	esign speed of 55 mph	
BENEFITS	RISI	KS/CHALLENGES	
Reduces excavation	•	FONSI reconsiderati	ions
•	•	Re-design effort	
•	•	Reduces design spee	ed
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
•	•		
COST SUMMARY	Initial Costs	O&M Costs	Total Life Cycle Cost
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	\$ 42,120,000	- \$	\$ 42,120,000
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	\$ 9,040,000	- \$	\$ 9,040,000
TOTAL (Baseline less Proposed)	\$ 33,080,000		\$ 33,080,000 SAVINGS



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Change design speed from 65 mph to 55 mph to reduce earthwork									
The cost models	ISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION: ne cost models and estimates indicate the highest cost driver for the project to be excavation of earthwork. To inimize this, the VE team evaluated reducing the design speed from 65 mph to 55 mph.									
IMPLEMENT A Re-evaluation of	ATION CONSIDERATIONS: FONSI.									



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE:	Change design speed from 65 mph to 55 mph to reduce earthwork										
DESIGN ELEMENT	Markup		BASELINE ASSUMPTION				PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE				
Description	%	Unit	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$	Qty	Unit Cost \$	TOTAL \$			
Excavation		CY	10,530,000	4.00	42,120,000	2,260,000	4.00	9,040,000			
					42,120,000			9,040,000			
					(BAS	ELINE LES	S PROPOSED)	33,080,000			

\*Note: Costs are rounded to nearest thousand dollars.

SAVINGS



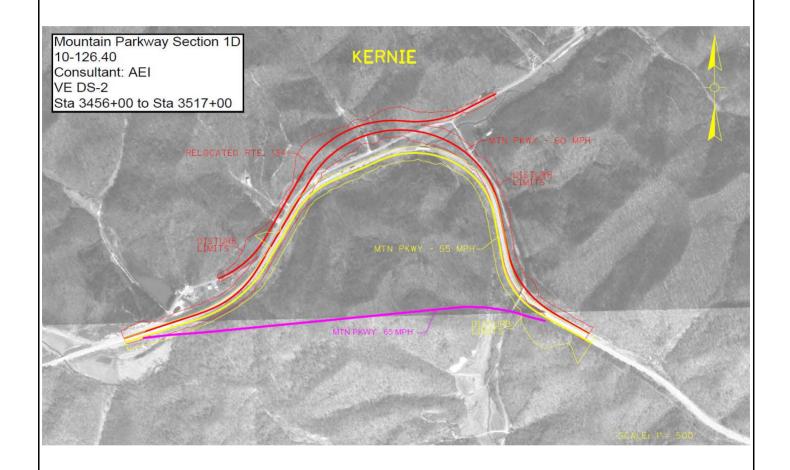
**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Change design speed from 65 mph to 55 mph to reduce earthwork

#### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE





**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1** Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

TITLE: Change design speed from 65 mph to 55 mph to reduce earthwork

#### SKETCH OF PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE

#### MOUNTAIN PARKWAY CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE NO. 1 **EXCAVATION COMPARISON**

						EXCAVATION (MILLION CY)				
			STAT	TION	LENGTH	PROJECT		SECTION		
PROJECT	CONSULTANT	ITEM NO.				65 N	1PH	55 MPH		
			BEGIN	END	MILE	CURRENT	CURRENT	REVISED	SAVINGS (millions)	
1A	LOCHNER	10-126.70				0.85			N/A	
1B	HMB	10-126.60				2.50			N/A	
1C	EA	10-126.50				2.41				
			3248+00	3287+00	0.7		1.78	0.36	1.42	
1D	AEI	10-126.40				8.23				
				3517+00	1.2		4.73	0.39	4.34	
				3551+00	0.5		0.28	0.09	0.19	
			3590+00	3603+00	0.2		0.39	0.15	0.24	
1E	MEC	10-167.00				1.53				
			3603+00	3634+00	0.6		1.00	0.32	0.68	
1F	PB	10-126.12	<u> </u>			3.70				
11	PB	10-126.12	2705.00	3784+00	1.5	5.70	1.92	0.75	1 17	
			3/05+00	3/84+00	1.5		1.92	0.75	1.17	
1G	VM	10-140.00				1.34				
10	VIVI	10-140.00	3848+00	3891+00	0.8	1.54	0.43	0.20	0.23	
					5.0		5.10	5.20	0.20	
					5.5	20.56	10.53	2.26	8.27	
<del>                                     </del>										
TOTAL DIF	FERENCE								8.27	

TOTAL DIFFERENCE	8.27

TOTAL CONSTUCTION SEQUENCE 1	20.56	12.29



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

#### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Package construction bids to have bridg	ges built separately
FUNCTION:	Constructability
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	
Each project is expected to be bid separately with grade	e, drain, and surfacing included in one contract.
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	
• •	combines structures from one section or multiple sections
into one contract.	
BENEFITS	RISKS/CHALLENGES
Better structure costs	Some structures can't be built independently
More structure competition	•
Continue d'accompany	
Could expedite construction	•
•	•
•	
•	•
•	•
•	•
•	•
	DESIGN SUCCESTION

**DESIGN SUGGESTION** 



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Package construction bids to have bridges built separately
This corridor requinto a separate co	<b>TUSTIFICATION:</b> quires a large number of new structures to be constructed. It may be beneficial to package structures ontract from grade and surfacing. If this were implemented the owner would likely see a reduction in stures due to larger quantities being bid and more bid competition.
Structures could	be packaged inside one section or a package of structures may include multiple sections.
	ATION CONSIDERATIONS: may not be able to be implemented in all areas. Some structures cannot be built independently due to raffic.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

#### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

TITLE: Package construction bids to have pavement bid/built separately							
FUNCTIO	N:	Constructability					
BASELINE	E ASSUMPTION:	<u> </u>					
Each projec	et is expected to be with grade, dr	ain, and surfacing included in one contract.					
DDODOCE	DO A L'ENDALA TIME.						
	D ALTERNATIVE:	be bid in a separate contract than grade and drain.					
BENEFITS		RISKS/CHALLENGES					
• More c	competitive bids	Maintenance of traffic					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					
•		•					

DESIGN SUGGESTION



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

**TITLE:** Package construction bids to have pavement bid/built separately

#### **DISCUSSION/JUSTIFICATION:**

This corridor has 7 design/construction sections. There are 3 major costs in each section: excavation, pavement, and structures. Historically, this region of Kentucky has little to no competitive asphalt bids. When pavement becomes the dominant cost on a project, it could result in the pavement contractor controlling the bid by partnering with one grade contractor.

Of the 7 projects we are looking at, pavement is a very dominant cost on three sections. These sections are 10-126.70, 10-126.60, and 10-140. It could end up being the highest cost item based on asphalt prices at the time these projects are let to construction.

Bidding the pavement separately would allow more competition by grade contractors which would bring excavation costs and the total project costs down.

#### IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS:

One challenge to implementing this is maintenance of traffic concerns. In many sections, the MOT plan is to shift traffic onto a newly built 2 lane section while the opposing 2 lane section is completed. This would not be a concern through the cross country sections or if a section of Mountain Parkway could be shut down and detoured during construction.



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00,

10-126.12, 10-140.00

#### **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

<b>TITLE:</b> Establish blast windows to provi	de longer work windows
FUNCTION:	Constructability
BASELINE ASSUMPTION:	
The current allowable work conditions are as fol	llows:
*No lane closures from 7:00 a.m. until 9:00 a.m.	
*No lane closures from 3:00 p.m. until 6:00 p.m.	. (3:00 p.m. because of schools)
*Work hours are 9:00 a.m. until 3:00 p.m. and/or	
*Allowable closure of up to 20 minutes during o	ther times
PROPOSED ALTERNATIVE:	
•	g work hours identified above) to provide a longer blast window
for the contractor.	
BENEFITS	RISKS/CHALLENGES
• Longer clear time after blasting	Public Inconvenience
• Improves production rates	Emergency response considerations
Potentially lower bid prices	•
•	•
•	•
•	•
•	•
•	•

DESIGN SUGGESTION



**Kentucky Transportation Cabinet** 

Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

TITLE:	Establish blast windows to provide longer work windows
DISCUSSIO	N/JUSTIFICATION:
passageway f	eavation blocks a roadway, the contractor will be required to remove the material and ensure a safe for motorists. The allowable 20 minute closures may not be enough time to hold traffic if a blast causes naterial to obstruct the roadway.
There are a colonger than the ability to pro-	NTATION CONSIDERATIONS: ouple of considerations that will need to be taken into account. First is the idea that traffic may be stopped no 20 minutes currently allowed. This may not be received well by some. Another concern would be the vide timely emergency response if needed. With longer closures, there is the possibility of more vehicles ng, which would take longer to clear once all lanes are re-opened.

### **APPENDICES**

# **APPENDIX A Study Participants**

#### **VE STUDY ATTENDEES**

#### **Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1**

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00



	May 2014				ODCANIZATION	DOCITION	TEL	EPHONE	CELL				
12	13	14	15	16	NAME	ORGANIZATION	POSITION		E-MAIL				
	V	V			Damas Haalistus	DIIA II C	Tages Landan	602	493-1947	623	764-7490		
X	X	X			Renee Hoekstra	RHA, LLC	Team Leader	Renee	Renee@TeamRHA.com				
V	V	Х	V	V	Dotrico Millor	DUA LLC	Assistant Toom Looder	602	493-1947	480	773-8533		
X	Х	^	X	X	Patrice Miller	RHA, LLC	Assistant Team Leader	Patrice	e@TeamRHA	A.com	•		
Х				Х	Marshall Carrier	KYTC	Project Manager KYTC	502	782-4872				
^				^	Marshall Camer	KIIC	Mountain Parkway	Marsh	all.Carrier@k	y.gov			
Х				Х	Mike Vaughn	KYTC	Value Engineering	502	782-4923				
^				^	wike vaugiiii	KIIC	Coordinator	Mike.\	/aughn@ky.g	jov			
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Darren Back	KYTC	VE TEAM: Roadway	606	666-8841				
^	^	^	^	^	Daileil Back	KIIC	VE TEAWI. Noadway	Darrer	Darren.Back@ky.gov				
X	Х	X	X	Х	Travis Carrico	KYTC	VE TEAM: Construction /	502	782-4871				
	^	^	^	^	Travis Carrico	KITO	Constructability	Travis	Travis.Carrico@ky.gov				
X	Х	X	X	Х	Shawn Russell	KYTC	VE TEAM: Construction /	502	782-4926				
^	^	^	^	^	Silawii Nussell	KITO	Constructability	Shawr	n.Russell@ky	.gov			
X	Х	X	X	Х	Bill Morris	Stantec	VE TEAM: Roadway	859	233-2100				
^	^	^	^	^	Dili Morris	Starttec	VE TEAM. Roadway	Bill.Mo	Bill.Morris@stantec.com				
X	Х	X	X	Х	Christopher Jenkins	Qk4	VE TEAM: Construction	865	661-1554	865	254-3118		
^	^	^	^	^	Offisiopher Serikins	QKT	VE TEAM. Construction	cjenkins@qk4.com					
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Danny Woods	Stantec	VE TEAM: Structures	859	233-2100	859	475-8744		
		^	^		Danny Woods	Starttet	VE TEAIVI. Structures	Danny	v.Woods@sta	intec.co	om		

#### **VE STUDY ATTENDEES**

#### **Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1**

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00



	М	ay 20	14			d Magorrin Counties		TEL	EPHONE		CELL	
12	13	14	15	16	NAME	ORGANIZATION	POSITION	E-MAIL				
			.,			0	VE TEAM 0	859	422-3084	859	299-3992	
X	X	X	X	X	Adam Crace	Stantec	VE TEAM: Geotechnical	acrace@stantec.com				
V	V	V	V	V	Llorobo Miiociri	Integrated Engineering	VE TEAM Drainege	859	368-0145	859	351-9748	
X	Х	X	X	X	Harsha Wijesiri	Integrated Engineering	VE TEAM: Drainage	harsha@int-engineering.com				
Х				Х	Ario Skoggo	KYTC District 10	Team Project	606	666-8841	606	207-5004	
^				^	Aric Skaggs	KYTC District 10	Development	Aric.Skaggs@ky.gov				
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				^	Garrider Flaic	KTTO DISTRICT 12	Development	Samuel.Hale@ky.gov				
				X	Glen Kelly	Qk4	President	502	693-6278			
				, A	Olen Kelly	QNT	riesident	gkelly@qk4.com				
				X	Glenn Hardin	Stantec	Roadway	859	233-2100			
				^	Gleriii i iaidiii	Startlet	Planning	Glenn.Hardin@stantec.com				
				Х	Eileen Vaughan	KYTC C.O.						
				^	Elleen vaughan	KTTC C.O.	Fiaming	Eileen.Vaughan@ky.gov				
				Х	Jason Blackburn	KYTC District 10	Planning					
				^	Jason Biackbuili	KTTC DISTRICT TO	Planning	Jason.Blackburn@ky.gov				
				Х	Brent Sweger	KYTC C.O. Highway	Location Engineer					
				_^	Dienii Swegei	Design	Location Engineer	Brent.Sweger@ky.gov				

#### **VE STUDY ATTENDEES**

#### **Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1**

Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00



May 2014					NI A BAF	ODCANIZATION	DOCITION	TELE	EPHONE	CELL	
12	13	14	15	16	NAME	ORGANIZATION	POSITION	E-MAIL			
				V	Combatt Couldill	IO/TO District 10	Evenutive Director				
				X	Corbett Caudill	KYTC District 10	Executive Director	Corbett.Caudill@ky.gov			
				X	Bill Gulick	KYTC Highway Design	Director				
					Bill Gullek	10 mg/may besign	Director	Bill.Gulick@ky.gov			
				Χ	Brad Eldridge	KYTC Design	Roadway Design Branch	Brad.Eldridge@ky.gov			

# **APPENDIX B Pareto Cost Models**



Value Engineering Study
Kentucky Transportation Cabinet
Mountain Parkway Corridor – Construction Sequence 1
Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40,
10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00
Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

#### **Appendix B – Cost Models**

The team studied one project; however, these were reviewed as seven project sections. Each of the seven sections have separate cost models. These are shown on the next several pages.

In addition, the VE team discussed the cost estimates for each design section; comments are provided by design section as follows:

#### 10-126.70

- o Unit price for roadway excavation is high
- Cost per ton for surface course and base course is low

#### 10-126.60

Cost per ton for surface course and base course is low

#### 10-126.50

Unit price for roadway excavation is high

#### 10-126.40

Base course unit price is low

#### 10-167.00

- Unit price for roadway excavation a little high
- o Cost per ton for base course is low; surface course is a little low

#### 10-126.12

- Unit price for roadway excavation is high
- o Cost estimate in square yards versus by the ton; price appears okay

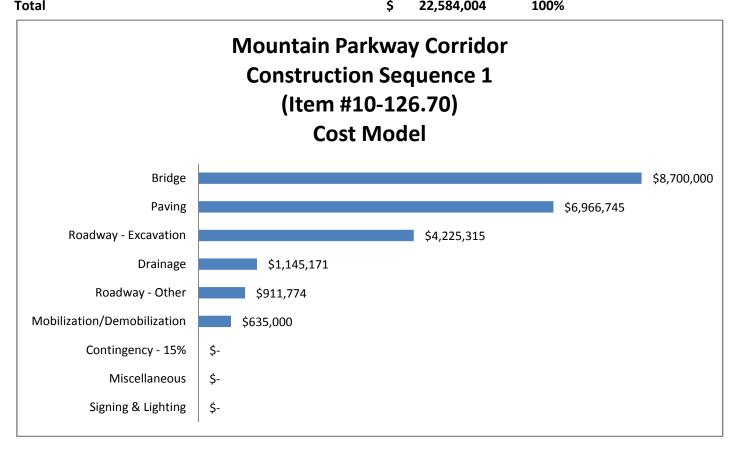
#### 10-140.00

o Cost per ton for base course is low

For the purposes of this VE study, the following prices were used in estimating costs for assumed baseline and proposed alternative:

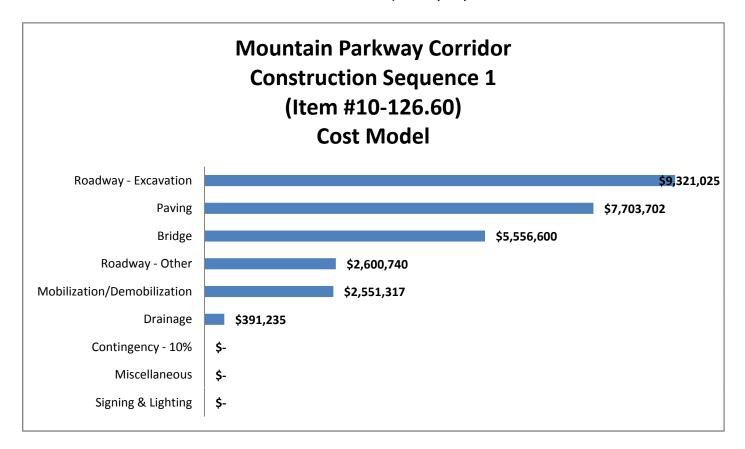
Base course - \$85/ton
 Asphalt - \$95/ton
 Excavation - \$4/CY

Work Item Description	Cost		% of Total	Comments
Signing & Lighting	\$	-	0%	
Miscellaneous	\$	-	0%	
Contingency - 15%	\$	-	0%	
Mobilization/Demobilization	\$	635,000	3%	
Roadway - Other	\$	911,774	4%	
Drainage	\$	1,145,171	5%	
Roadway - Excavation	\$	4,225,315	19%	
Paving	\$	6,966,745	31%	
Bridge	\$	8,700,000	39%	
Total	ć	22 504 004	1000/	·

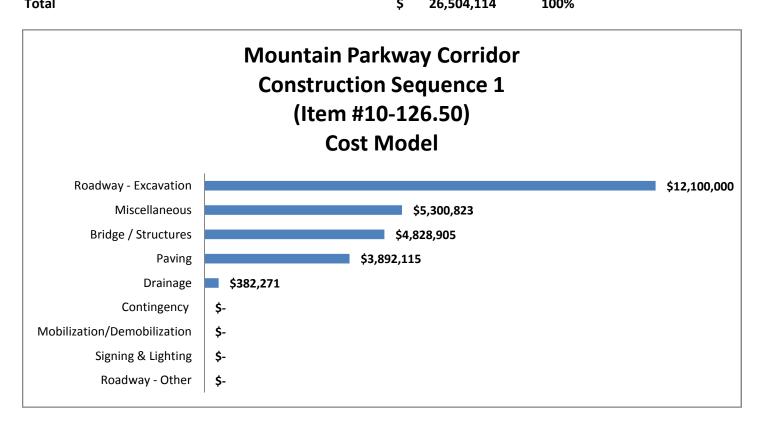


Work Item Description	Cost		% of Total	Comments
Signing & Lighting	\$	-	0%	
Miscellaneous	\$	-	0%	
Contingency - 10%	\$	-	0%	
Drainage	\$	391,235	1%	
Mobilization/Demobilization	\$	2,551,317	9%	
Roadway - Other	\$	2,600,740	9%	
Bridge	\$	5,556,600	20%	
Paving	\$	7,703,702	27%	
Roadway - Excavation	\$	9,321,025	33%	

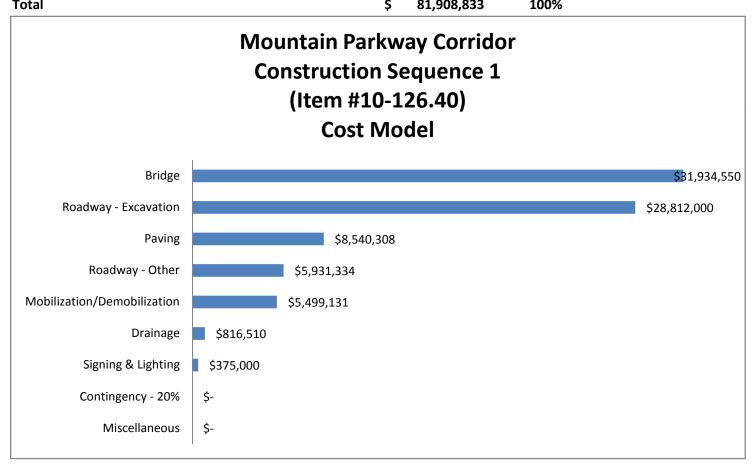




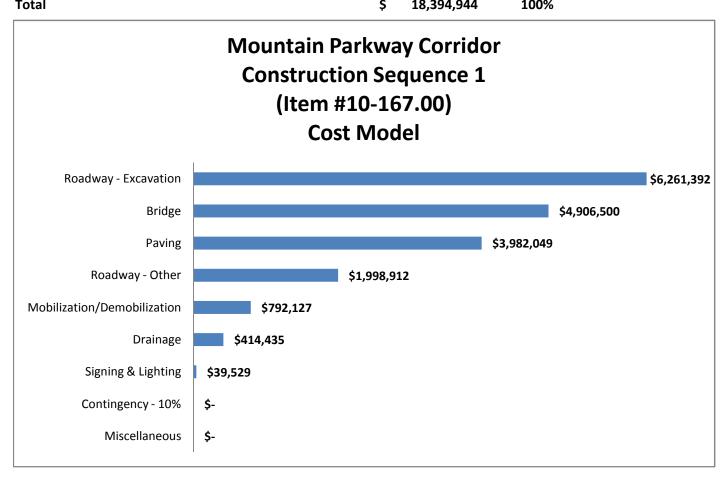
Work Item Description	Cost		% of Total	Comments
Roadway - Other	\$	-	0%	
Signing & Lighting	\$	-	0%	
Mobilization/Demobilization	\$	-	0%	
Contingency	\$	-	0%	
Drainage	\$	382,271	1%	
Paving	\$	3,892,115	15%	
Bridge / Structures	\$	4,828,905	18%	
Miscellaneous	\$	5,300,823	20%	
Roadway - Excavation	\$	12,100,000	46%	
Total	¢	26 504 114	100%	



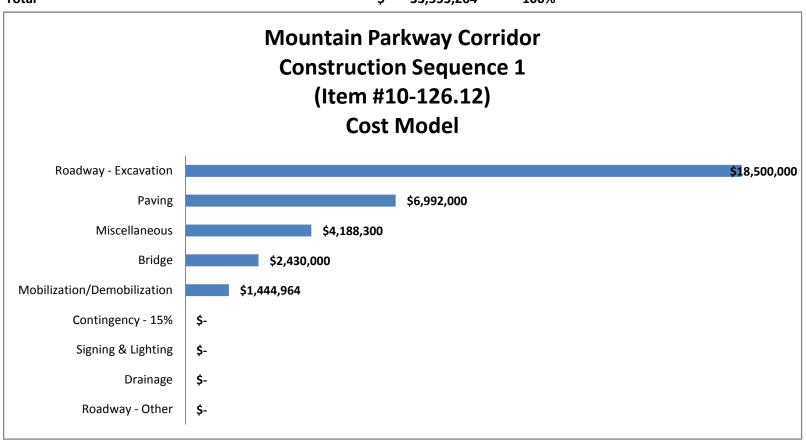
Work Item Description	Cost	t	% of Total	Comments
Miscellaneous	\$	-	0%	
Contingency - 20%	\$	-	0%	
Signing & Lighting	\$	375,000	0%	
Drainage	\$	816,510	1%	
Mobilization/Demobilization	\$	5,499,131	7%	
Roadway - Other	\$	5,931,334	7%	
Paving	\$	8,540,308	10%	
Roadway - Excavation	\$	28,812,000	35%	
Bridge	\$	31,934,550	39%	
Total	\$	81 908 833	100%	



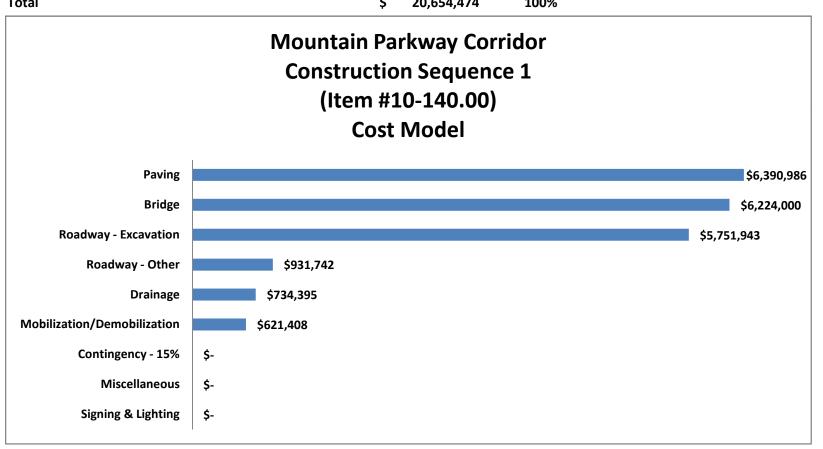
Work Item Description	Cost	t	% of Total	Comments
Miscellaneous	\$	-	0%	
Contingency - 10%	\$	-	0%	
Signing & Lighting	\$	39,529	0%	
Drainage	\$	414,435	2%	
Mobilization/Demobilization	\$	792,127	4%	
Roadway - Other	\$	1,998,912	11%	
Paving	\$	3,982,049	22%	
Bridge	\$	4,906,500	27%	
Roadway - Excavation	\$	6,261,392	34%	
Total	Ċ	19 20/ 0//	100%	



Work Item Description	Cos	t	% of Total	Comments
Roadway - Other	\$	-	0%	
Drainage	\$	-	0%	
Signing & Lighting	\$	-	0%	
Contingency - 15%	\$	-	0%	
Mobilization/Demobilization	\$	1,444,964	4%	
Bridge	\$	2,430,000	7%	
Miscellaneous	\$	4,188,300	12%	
Paving	\$	6,992,000	21%	
Roadway - Excavation	\$	18,500,000	55%	
Total	Ś	33,555,264	100%	



Work Item Description	Cost		% of Total	Comments
Signing & Lighting	\$	-	0%	
Miscellaneous	\$	-	0%	
Contingency - 15%	\$	-	0%	
Mobilization/Demobilization	\$	621,408	3%	
Drainage	\$	734,395	4%	
Roadway - Other	\$	931,742	5%	
Roadway - Excavation	\$	5,751,943	28%	
Bridge	\$	6,224,000	30%	
Paving	\$	6,390,986	31%	
Total	\$ 2	0.654.474	100%	



# **APPENDIX C Function Analysis**



# **Appendix C – Function Analysis**

Function definition and analysis is the heart of Value Engineering. It is the primary activity that separates VE from all other "improvement" programs. The objective of this phase is to ensure the entire team agrees upon the purposes for the project elements. Furthermore, this phase assists with development of the most beneficial areas for continuing study.

The VE team identified the functions of the projects based on the entire corridor using active verbs and measurable nouns. This process allowed the team to truly understand all of the functions associated with the project.

Function	Classification
Promote Economic-Growth	Higher Order
Ensure Connectivity	Higher Order
Increase Capacity	Basic
Control Access	Secondary
Accommodate Vehicles	Secondary
Separate Traffic	Secondary
Span Space	Secondary
Clear Right-of-way	Secondary
Store Materials	Secondary
Accommodate Utilities	Secondary
Convey Stormwater	Secondary
Mitigate Impact	Secondary
Maximize Budget	Secondary
Ensure Safety	Secondary
Build Project	Lower Order (Assumed)



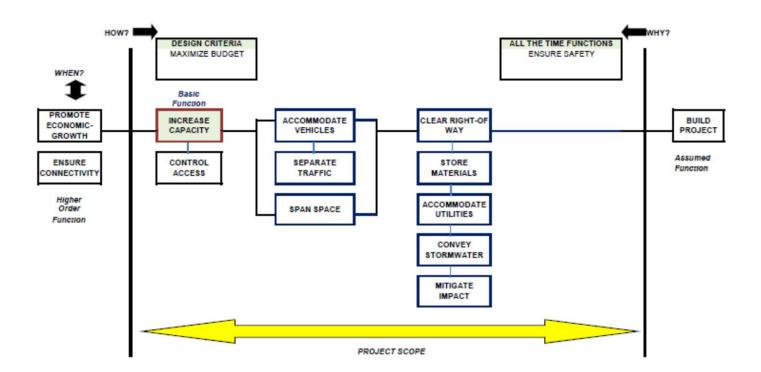
The definitions of the classifications are:

Higher Order Function defines the problem (study) goal and is outside the scope of the study.

**Basic Function** defines a performance feature that *must* be obtained to satisfy only user's needs not desires. It answers the question, "What must it do?".

**Secondary Functions** defines required performance features other than those that must be accomplished. These are the user's desires and answers the question, "What else do we want or does it do?".

The following represents the Function Analysis Systems Technique (FAST) Diagram completed for this project.



# **APPENDIX D Creative Idea List & Evaluation**



## **Appendix D – Creative List and Evaluation Process**

#### **Creative Idea List**

The list of ideas and comments that resulted from the study is included in this appendix. Some of the ideas were selected for further development as represented in the previous section.

#### **Performance Attributes**

The project manager helped to define the key performance attributes for the VE team members to use for evaluation. The following key attributes were used to score the ideas (see below):

- Maintainability looking at long-term impacts related to project; ability and cost to maintain facility
- Mainline Operations Level of Service, 4-lane, horizontal and vertical alignments, throughput, driver expectations (permanent)
- Schedule delivery (process)
- Environmental impacts to streams (interim and permanent)
- Constructability ease of construction
- Maintenance of Traffic construction impacts (interim), timing, phasing

#### **Evaluation Process**

To aid in the evaluation of the ideas, the team scored the ideas using a value index (shown on following page).

The ideas were scored relative to the criteria previously discussed. The prioritization for further development and documentation is as follows:

#### Score =

- 4-5 Number of votes meeting the criteria (Workbook)
- 2-3 Number of votes meeting the criteria (No workbook)
- DS Design Suggestion (No workbook)
- DS\* Design Suggestion (Workbook)
- FF (1) Fatal Flaw
- ABC Already Been Considered
- OS Outside Scope

The creative idea list represents all of the ideas and includes scoring for the ideas that were rated using the value index.



Value Relationship $ Value Index = \frac{Function}{Cost} = \frac{F}{C} $						
Ratii	ng					
5.	Great Opportunity	F C	F+ C-	F++ C	F++ C-	F++ F++ C C+
4.	Good Opportunity	F- C	F C-	F+ C	F+ C-	F+ F++(*) C+ C++
3.	Moderate Value	F C	F- C-	F++( C++	*)	
2.	Poor Value	F C	F C	F C+	F C++	
1.	Unacceptable Impacts/Fatal Flaw					

<sup>\*</sup>Is the Function improved to the point that it overcomes the high cost?

#### **VALUE CUE KEY – MAGNITUDE OF CHANGE**

F = No impact to function

F- = Small negative impact to function F-- = Large negative impact to function

F+ = Small increase in function F++ = Large increase in function

C = No impact to cost

C- = Small decrease in cost C-- = Large decrease in cost C+ = Small increase in cost C++ = Large increase in cost



Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

# **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

No.	Description	Score
SS	SPAN SPACE	
	10-126.70 (1)	
SS-01	Use a wagon box on local roads in lieu of bridges	w/SS-02
SS-02	Shift the interchange further north	2
SS-03	Shift the interchange to the east - eliminate bridges over creeks	3
SS-04	Use an arch-bridge for Mountain Parkway, KY 205 and ramps	4
SS-05	Use an arch bridge in lieu of box culvert - three opportunities	4
	10-126.60 (2)	
SS-06	Use single-span bridge at Sta. 3072+55 in lieu of three-span bridge	4
SS-07	Use single-span bridge with MSE walls at Sta. 3134+68.50 in lieu of three-span bridge	3
SS-08	Use single-span bridge with MSE walls at Sta. 3224+88 in lieu of three-span bridge	5
SS-09	Use composite beams in lieu of concrete beams for longer spans	FF
SS-10	Evaluate bridges to see if any parts are reusable	DS
SS-11	Use concrete piles in lieu of H-piles or spread footings	DS*
	10-126.50 (3)	
SS-12	Reduce bridge at Sta. 3350+00 from 4-span to 3-span	5
SS-13	Reduce the 8% superelevation on the bridge at Johnson Creek Road	4
	10-126.40 (4)	
SS-14	Use MSE wall to shorten the bridge length at Sta. 3390+00	w/SS-08
SS-15	Shift the alignment north to eliminate four twin bridges	3
SS-16	Shift the alignment south to eliminate five twin bridges	5
SS-17	Shift KY 134 to the north, use culvert crossings in lieu of bridges	FF
SS-18	Use MSE wall abutments to eliminate spans - 2 opportunities	3
SS-19	Eliminate the interchange of Section 10-126.40 at KY 134	4
SS-20	Use a partial access interchange	3
SS-21	Relocate ramp 1 directly across to ramp 4	3
SS-22	Use CON/SPAN at Sta. 3506+00 in lieu of a 3-span box	4
	10-167.00 (5)	
SS-23	Use a combination of CON/SPAN and MSE walls to reduce the impact to the overall footprint	3
SS-24	Use 3-sided precast culverts in lieu of triple box culverts	2
35 21	10-126.12 (6)	
SS-25	Use SPUI in lieu of a full diamond interchange	4



Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00 Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

No.	Description	Score
SS-26	Use MSE walls to reduce the bridge from 4-span to 2-span at the interchange, Sta. 3645+00 (Gifford Road over Mountain Parkway)	w/SS-08
SS-27	Reduce the 7.9% elevation on the bridge to 6%	3
CR	CLEAR RIGHT OF WAY	
	10-126.12 (6)	
CR-01	Use median barrier to reduce the footprint through the cuts	4
CR-02	Eliminate the full access control	FF
CR-03	Ensure that right of way identification is very liberal to account for back slopes	DS
CR-04	Bifurcate the road on one side at a higher elevation to reduce cuts	4
CR-05	At Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00 raise the grade to balance earthwork and reduce cuts	5
CR-06	Flatten fill slopes to balance earthwork from Sta. 3705+00 to 3765+00	4
CR-07	Use the existing area between the ramps as fill areas	DS*
CR-08	Introduce false cuts to reduce fill area footprint and waste site needs	4
CR-09	Use MSE walls for retaining walls to reduce cuts	4
	10-167.00 (5)	
CR-10	Have the county take more fill in the engineered fill location	DS
CR-11	Use the abandoned areas of the existing Mountain Parkway for fill areas	w/CR-07
	10-126.40 (4)	
CR-12	Move the interchange to Sta. 3510+00 - Sta. 3046+00	w/SS-15 and SS- 16
CR-13	Raise the grade from Sta. 3460+00 to 3510+00	3
CR-14	Move alignment from Sta. 3595+00 to 3615+00, shift back to the existing alignment	4
CR-15	Move alignment from Sta. 3530+00 to 3550+00	4
CR-16	Go over the existing Sta. 3046+00 with new Mountain Parkway	w/CR-14
	10-126.50 (3)	
CR-17	Shift alignment to the north Sta. 3253+00 to 3295+00 to reduce excavation and reduce curvature	w/SS-13
	10-126.60 (2)	
CR-18	Eliminate the interchange at KY 134	2



Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00

## **Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties**

No.	Description	Score
CR-19	Provide slope protection in cut areas to reduce the18 FT ditch	w/CR-20
CR-20	Provide a rock fall fence to reduce the 18 FT ditch setback	3
	10-126.70 (1)	
CR-21	Use a jug handle interchange in lieu of a diamond interchange	4
С	CONSTRUCTABILITY	
C-01	Develop sequencing schedule for construction	DS
C-02	Complete early construction package to construct roadway portions	4
C-02	that are off the existing alignment	4
C-03	Detour traffic in 10-126.70 onto KY 191/KY 134 to close parkway during construction	5
C-04	Detour traffic in 10-126.60 onto KY 134/KY 191 to close parkway during construction	4
C-05	Package construction bids to have bridges built separately	DS*
C-06	Package construction bids to have grade and drain bid/built separately	DS
C-07	Package construction bids to have pavement bid/built separately	DS*
C-08	Establish blast windows to provide longer work windows	DS*
C-09	Allow temporary closures of Mountain Parkway	DS
C-10	Provide an early completion bonus	DS
C-11	Provide a contractor coordination clause in the specifications	DS
C-12	Establish a specification for the contractor to provide the permit for waste site areas	DS
C-13	Account for a larger swell factor to account for material challenges in this corridor	DS
C-14	Provide a specification that identifies "x" amount of waste site area and then any additional would be the responsibility of the contractor	DS
C-15	In areas where existing pavement is salvaged, ensure traffic direction is outside of pavement area	DS
AV	ACCOMMODATE VEHICLES	
AV-01	Pavement thickness should change based on usage (ADT)	5
AV-02	Maintain current median 36 FT width in lieu of 40 FT	4
AV-03	Reduce outside paved shoulder width	4
M	MISCELLANEOUS	
M-01	Create wetlands and stream restorations to reduce in-lieu fees	3
M-02	Review in-lieu impacts to alter design to reduce fees	DS



Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1 Items #10-126.70, 10-126.60, 10-126.50, 10-126.40, 10-167.00, 10-126.12, 10-140.00 Wolfe, Morgan and Magoffin Counties

No.	Description	Score
M-03	Complete early environmental surveys to eliminate possible delays	DS
M-04	Prioritize parcels for right-of-way process to identify areas where condemnation will be required	DS
M-05	Escalate utility work to be completed early on	DS
M-06	Consider Design-Build for early release of packages	DS
M-07	Escalate geotechnical to identify right-of-way needs now to purchase right-of-way early	DS
M-08	Use smaller bid packages - i.e., bid the cross-country sections separate to start work earlier	DS
M-09	Evaluate Sta. 3430+00 to 3440+00 hydraulics for proposed interchange	DS
DS	ADDITIONAL IDEAS BASED ON DESIGN SPEED	
DS-01	Change design speed from 65 mph to 60 mph to reduce earthwork	5
DS-02	Change design speed from 65 mph to 55 mph to reduce earthwork	5

# **APPENDIX E Supporting Data**



## Appendix E – Supporting Data

#### **Team Observations**

The VE team identified observations, concerns and opportunities to be addressed during the creative generation of potential ideas and alternatives. The following is a list of the VE team's observations:

- Very little geotechnical information available
- A couple of bridges have a super elevation of 7.9%; KYTC usually only allows 6%
- Some of the estimates use Class 3 lining; may be an opportunity
- Three of the sections are almost 100% complete with design
- Excavation is the biggest piece on this project
- Saving pavement may be difficult on this project, but we may have some opportunities
- Design sections appear well integrated
- Unknown construction schedules
- A typical section was provided for each design section; however, each of these was different from the other, especially the back slope
- Item 10-126.40 costs are almost doubled from original; needs to be evaluated
- Level of Service "A" will just occur when the project is increased to four lanes
- Traffic levels don't mandate four lanes; focus is on Regional Connectivity
- One section of the project has a detour
- This project will provide a safer road
- Corridor-wide approach provides some opportunities
- Concern with having three of the segments almost complete and the potential impact to having to go backward and do redesign may not be a good idea
- Willing to pay more for depressed medians
- Interstate-like requirements
- · Working in a very tight corridor; very constrained site
- FONSI and design followed very close to one another
- Designers did a good job considering the constraints

## **Risk Register**

During the kick-off meeting, the project team identified the risk elements related to the overall project success. The group then rated and ranked the risks defining the probability and the severity of the risk if the risk occurred. The following risk register summarizes those discussions.

The VE team brainstormed opportunities for mitigating the identified risks and identified potential ideas and alternatives. These are included as ideas on the creative idea list.

### Value Engineering Study Kentucky Transportation Cabinet - Mountain Parkway Corridor - Construction Sequence 1

Probability of Occurrence	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Very unlikely		251 mp. 227		
	> 70%	51 - 70%	21 - 50%	5 - 20%	< 5%		MATRIX		
	Catastrophic	Substantial	Moderate	Marginal	Negligible	KEY			
Severity of Impact	100	50	20	5	1				
Disk Dating	Extremely High		High		Moderate		Low		
Risk Rating	Red (50- 100)		Orange (15 - 49)		Yellow (3 - 14)		Green (0 - 2.9)		

Identify the Risk		Assign the Risk Classify the Risk		Quantify		Quantify	Risk Response		
Risk ID	Description of Risk	Who does the risk affect?	Probability of Impact %	Severity of Impact (numeric)	Risk Rating	\$\$ Impact	Construc- tion Schedule Impact	Mitigate?	
1	as the project moves to construction	KYTC budget, Delay construction letting process	75%	50	250.0	\$60 per foot per year		Mitigate	
2	Lack of geotechnical information and amount of right-of-way required	Design Delivery, Budget, Schedule	10%	50	25.0		Over 2 years	Mitigate	Current use of GEC is providing mitigation measures
3	Delay in obtaining right-of-way	Construction	75%	50	250.0	50% higher than current	3-6 months		ROW and condemnation process needs to be escalated
4	Time related to utility relocations	Construction	75%	5	25.0			Accept	This relies on the ROW risk (1.3)
5	Underestimated waste site areas	Construction	15%	50	25.0	Potential delay claims	4-6 months	Mitigate	



### **Standard KYTC VE Report Abbreviations**

#### **List of Common Abbreviations**

AADT Average Annual Daily Traffic

AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials

ADD Area Development District
ADT Average Daily Traffic
CRF Crtical Rate Factor
CSB Crushed Stone Base

CY Cubic Yard

DES Design Executive Summary
DGA Dense Graded Aggregate
DHV Design Hour Volume

EA Each

FHWA Federal Highway Administration

FT Foot or Feet

IJS Interchange Justification Study
KTC Kentucky Transportation Center
KYTC Kentucky Transportation Cabinet

LF Linear Feet
LOS Level of Service
LS Lump Sum

MI Mile

MOU Memorandum of Understanding

MP Milepoint

MPO Metropolitan Planning Organziation
MSE Mechanically Stabilized Earth
NHS National Highway System
PD Project Development

PDP Project Delivery and Preservation
PL&G Preliminary Line and Grade
RCBC Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert

ROW Right-of-Way SYP Six Year Plan

TRB Transportation Research Board V/C Volume to Capacity Ratio VE Value Engineering VPH Vehicles per Hour