Subsection: 109.07.02 Fuel.
Revision: Revise item Crushed Aggregate Used for Embankment Stabilization to the following:
Crushed Aggregate
   Used for Stabilization of Unsuitable Materials
   Used for Embankment Stabilization

Subsection: 112.03.12 Project Traffic Coordinator (PTC).
Revision: Replace the last paragraph of this subsection with the following:
Ensure the designated PTC has sufficient skill and experience to properly perform the task assigned and has successfully completed the qualification courses.

Subsection: 112.04.18 Diversions (By-Pass Detours).
Revision: Insert the following sentence after the 2nd sentence of this subsection.
The Department will not measure temporary drainage structures needed for the diversion for payment. These items are incidental to this item of work.

Subsection: 206.04.01 Embankment-in-Place.
Revision: Replace the fourth paragraph with the following: The Department will not measure suitable excavation included in the original plans that is disposed of for payment and will consider it incidental to Embankment-in-Place.

Subsection: 208.02.01 Cement.
Revision: Replace paragraph with the following:
Select Type I or Type II cement conforming to Section 801. Use the same type cement throughout the work.

Subsection: 208.03.06 Curing and Protection.
Revision: Replace the fourth paragraph with the following:
Do not allow traffic or equipment on the finished surface until the stabilized subgrade has cured for a total of 7-days with an ambient air temperature above 40 degrees Fahrenheit. A curing day consists of a continuous 24-hour period in which the ambient air temperature does not fall below 40 degrees Fahrenheit. Curing days will not be calculated consecutively, but must total seven (7), 24-hour days with the ambient air temperature remaining at or above 40 degrees Fahrenheit before traffic or equipment will be allowed to traverse the stabilized subgrade. The Department may allow a shortened curing period when the Contractor requests. The Contractor shall give the Department at least 3 day notice of the request for a shortened curing period. The Department will require a minimum of 3 curing days after final compaction. The Contractor shall furnish cores to the treated depth of the roadbed at 500 feet intervals for each lane when a shortened curing time is requested. The Department will test cores using an unconfined compression test. Roadbed cores must achieve a minimum strength requirement of 80 psi.

Subsection: 208.03.06 Curing and Protection.
Revision: Replace paragraph nine with the following:
At no expense to the Department, repair any damage to the subgrade caused by freezing.
### Subsection: 213.03.02 Progress Requirements

**Revision:**
Replace the last sentence of the third paragraph with the following:
Additionally, the Department will apply a penalty equal to the liquidated damages when all aspects of the work are not coordinated in an acceptable manner within 7 calendar days after written notification.

### Subsection: 402.03.02 Contractor Quality Control and Department Acceptance

**Part:**
D) Testing Responsibilities.

**Number:**
4) Density.

**Revision:**
Replace the second sentence of the Option A paragraph with the following: Perform coring by the end of the following work day.

### Subsection: 403.02.10 Material Transfer Vehicle (MTV)

**Revision:**
Replace the first sentence with the following: In addition to the equipment specified above, provide a MTV with the following minimum characteristics:

### Subsection: 412.02.09 Material Transfer Vehicle (MTV)

**Revision:**
Replace the paragraph with the following:
Provide and utilize a MTV with the minimum characteristics outlined in section 403.02.10.

### Subsection: 412.03.07 Placement and Compaction

**Revision:**
Replace the first paragraph with the following:
Use a MTV when placing SMA mixture in the driving lanes. The MTV is not required on ramps and/or shoulders unless specified in the contract. When the Engineer determines the use of the MTV is not practical for a portion of the project, the Engineer may waive its requirement for that portion of pavement by a letter documenting the waiver.

### Subsection: 412.04 MEASUREMENT

**Revision:**
Add the following subsection:
412.04.03. Material Transfer Vehicle (MTV). The Department will not measure the MTV for payment and will consider its use incidental to the asphalt mixture.

### Subsection: 501.03.19 Surface Tolerances and Testing Surface

**Part:**
B) Ride Quality.

**Revision:**
Add the following to the end of the first paragraph:
The Department will specify if the ride quality requirements are Category A or Category B when ride quality is specified in the Contract. Category B ride quality requirements shall apply when the Department fails to classify which ride quality requirement will apply to the Contract.

### Subsection: 605.03.04 Tack Welding

**Revision:**
Insert the subsection and the following: 605.03.04 Tack Welding. The Department does not allow tack welding.

### Subsection: 606.03.17 Special Requirements for Latex Concrete Overlays

**Part:**
A) Existing Bridges and New Structures.

**Number:**
1) Prewetting and Grout-Bond Coat.

**Revision:**
Add the following sentence to the last paragraph: Do not apply a grout-bond coat on bridge decks prepared by hydrodemolition.
### Subsection: 609.03 Construction.
**Revision:**
Replace Subsection 609.03.01 with the following:

609.03.01 A) Swinging the Spans. Before placing concrete slabs on steel spans or precast concrete release the temporary erection supports under the bridge and swing the span free on its supports.

609.03.01 B) Lift Loops. Cut all lift loops flush with the top of the precast beam once the beam is placed in the final location and prior to placing steel reinforcement. At locations where lift loops are cut, paint the top of the beam with galvanized or epoxy paint.

### Subsection: 611.03.02 Precast Unit Construction.
**Revision:**
Replace the first sentence of the subsection with the following: Construct units according to ASTM C1577, replacing Table 1 (Design Requirements for Precast Concrete Box Sections Under Earth, Dead and HL-93 Live Load Conditions) with KY Table 1 (Precast Culvert KYHL-93 Design Table), and Section 605 with the following exceptions and additions:

### Subsection: 613.03.01 Design.
**Revision:**
Replace "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" with "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications".

### Subsection: 615.06.02 Placement of Reinforcement in Precast 3-Sided Units.
**Revision:**
Add the following sentence to the end of the subsection. The ends of units shall be normal to walls and centerline except exposed edges shall be beveled 3/4 inch.

### Subsection: 615.06.03 Placement of Reinforcement in Precast 3-Sided Units.
**Revision:**
Replace the reference of 6.6 in the section to 615.06.06.

### Subsection: 615.06.04 Placement of Reinforcement for Precast Endwalls.
**Revision:**
Replace the reference of 6.7 in the section to 615.06.07.

### Subsection: 615.06.06 Laps, Welds, and Spacing for Precast 3-Sided Units.
**Revision:**
Replace the subsection with the following: Tension splices in the circumferential reinforcement shall be made by lapping. Laps may not be tack welded together for assembly purposes. For smooth welded wire fabric, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.5.2 and AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.6.3. For deformed welded wire fabric, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.5.1 and AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.6.2. The overlap of welded wire fabric shall be measured between the outer most longitudinal wires of each fabric sheet. For deformed billet-steel bars, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.1. For splices other than tension splices, the overlap shall be a minimum of 12" for welded wire fabric or deformed billet-steel bars. The spacing center to center of the circumferential wires in a wire fabric sheet shall be no less than 2 inches and no more than 4 inches. The spacing center to center of the longitudinal wires shall not be more than 8 inches. The spacing center to center of the longitudinal distribution steel for either line of reinforcing in the top slab shall be not more than 16 inches.
### Subsection: 615.06.07 Laps, Welds, and Spacing for Precast Endwalls.
**Revision:**
Replace the subsection with the following:
Splices in the reinforcement shall be made by lapping. Laps may not be tack welded together for assembly purposes. For smooth welded wire fabric, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.5.2 and AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.6.3. For deformed welded wire fabric, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.5.1 and AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.6.2. For deformed billet-steel bars, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.1. The spacing center-to-center of the wire fabric sheet shall not be less than 2 inches or more than 8 inches.

### Subsection: 615.08.01 Type of Test Specimen.
**Revision:**
Replace the subsection with the following:
Start-up slump, air content, unit weight, and temperature tests will be performed each day on the first batch of concrete. Acceptable start-up results are required for production of the first unit. After the first unit has been established, random acceptance testing is performed daily for each 50 yd³ (or fraction thereof). In addition to the slump, air content, unit weight, and temperature tests, a minimum of one set of cylinders shall be required each time plastic property testing is performed.

### Subsection: 615.08.02 Compression Testing.
**Revision:**
Delete the second sentence.

### Subsection: 615.08.04 Acceptability of Core Tests.
**Revision:**
Delete the entire subsection.

### Subsection: 615.12 Inspection.
**Revision:**
Add the following sentences to the end of the subsection: Units will arrive at jobsite with the "Kentucky Oval" stamped on the unit which is an indication of acceptable inspection at the production facility. Units shall be inspected upon arrival for any evidence of damage resulting from transport to the jobsite.