

CALL NO. 319
CONTRACT ID. 252940
LYON COUNTY
FED/STATE PROJECT NUMBER FE02 072 0295 B00013N
DESCRIPTION STATE HWY 295 (KY 295)
WORK TYPE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT
PRIMARY COMPLETION DATE 11/1/2025

LETTING DATE: February 20,2025

Sealed Bids will be received electronically through the Bid Express bidding service until 10:00 AM EASTERN STANDARD TIME February 20,2025. Bids will be publicly announced at 10:00 AM EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

NO PLANS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT.

REQUIRED BID PROPOSAL GUARANTY: Not less than 5% of the total bid.

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PART I SCOPE OF WORK

ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT - 01

CONTRACT ID - 252940 FE02 072 0295 B00013N

COUNTY - LYON

PCN - MB07202952501 FE02 072 0295 B00013N

STATE HWY 295 (KY 295) BRIDGE 072B00013N OVER LIVINGSTON CREEK AT MP 09.42BRIDGE REPLACEMENT GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES LATITUDE 37:08:35.00 LONGITUDE 88:09:48.00 ADT

COMPLETION DATE(S):

COMPLETED BY 11/01/2025 APPLIES TO ENTIRE CONTRACT (SEE SPECIAL NOTE)

120 CALENDAR Days APPLIES TO 072B00013N (SEE SPECIAL NOTE)

CONTRACT NOTES

INSURANCE

Refer to Kentucky Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, current edition.

PROPOSAL ADDENDA

All addenda to this proposal must be applied when calculating bid and certified in the bid packet submitted to the Kentucky Department of Highways. Failure to use the correct and most recent addenda may result in the bid being rejected.

BID SUBMITTAL

Bidder must use the Department's electronic bidding software. The Bidder must download the bid file located on the Bid Express website (www.bidx.com) to prepare a bid packet for submission to the Department. The bidder must submit electronically using Bid Express.

JOINT VENTURE BIDDING

Joint venture bidding is permissible. All companies in the joint venture must be prequalified in one of the work types in the Qualifications for Bidders for the project. The bidders must get a vendor ID for the joint venture from the Division of Construction Procurement and register the joint venture as a bidder on the project. Also, the joint venture must obtain a digital ID from Bid Express to submit a bid. A joint bid bond of 5% may be submitted for both companies or each company may submit a separate bond of 5%.

UNDERGROUND FACILITY DAMAGE PROTECTION

The contractor shall make every effort to protect underground facilities from damage as prescribed in the Underground Facility Damage Protection Act of 1994, Kentucky Revised Statute KRS 367.4901 to 367.4917. It is the contractor's responsibility to determine and take steps necessary to be in compliance with federal and state damage prevention directives. When prescribed in said directives, the contractor shall submit Excavation Locate Requests to the Kentucky Contact Center (KY811) via web ticket entry. The submission of this request does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility of contacting non-member facility owners, whom shall be contacted through their individual Protection Notification Center. Non-compliance with these directives can result in the enforcement of penalties.

REGISTRATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE BY A FOREIGN ENTITY

Pursuant to KRS 176.085(1)(b), an agency, department, office, or political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky shall not award a state contract to a person that is a foreign entity required by KRS 14A.9-010 to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in the Commonwealth ("certificate") from the Secretary of State under KRS 14A.9-030 unless the person produces the certificate within fourteen (14) days of the bid or proposal opening. If the

foreign entity is not required to obtain a certificate as provided in <u>KRS 14A.9-010</u>, the foreign entity should identify the applicable exception. Foreign entity is defined within <u>KRS 14A.1-070</u>.

For all foreign entities required to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in the Commonwealth, if a copy of the certificate is not received by the contracting agency within the time frame identified above, the foreign entity's solicitation response shall be deemed non-responsive or the awarded contract shall be cancelled.

Businesses can register with the Secretary of State at https://secure.kentucky.gov/sos/ftbr/welcome.aspx .

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PROJECT QUESTIONS DURING ADVERTISEMENT

Questions about projects during the advertisement should be submitted in writing to the Division of Construction Procurement. This may be done by email to kytc.projectquestions@ky.gov. The Department will attempt to answer all submitted questions. The Department reserves the right not to answer if the question is not pertinent or does not aid in clarifying the project intent.

The deadline for posting answers will be 3:00 pm Eastern Daylight Time, the day preceding the Letting. Questions may be submitted until this deadline with the understanding that the later a question is submitted, the less likely an answer will be able to be provided.

The questions and answers will be posted for each Letting under the heading "Questions & Answers" on the Construction Procurement website (www.transportation.ky.gov/construction-procurement). The answers provided shall be considered part of this Special Note and, in case of a discrepancy, will govern over all other bidding documents.

HARDWOOD REMOVAL RESTRICTIONS

The US Department of Agriculture has imposed a quarantine in Kentucky and several surrounding states, to prevent the spread of an invasive insect, the emerald ash borer. Hardwood cut in conjunction with the project may not be removed from the state. Chipping or burning on site is the preferred method of disposal.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXCESS MATERIAL SITES AND BORROW SITES

Identification of excess material sites and borrow sites shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and may wish to consult with the US Fish and Wildlife Service to seek protection under Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act for these activities.

ACCESS TO RECORDS

The state agency certifies that it is in compliance with the provisions of KRS 45A.150, "Access to contractor's books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence directly pertinent to the contract." The Contractor, as defined in KRS 45A.030, agrees that the contracting agency, the

Finance and Administration Cabinet, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and the Legislative Research Commission, or their duly authorized representatives, shall have access to any books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence, which are directly pertinent to this agreement for the purpose of financial audit or program review. The Contractor also recognizes that any books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence, received during a financial audit or program review shall be subject to the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884. Records and other prequalification information confidentially disclosed as part of the bid process shall not be deemed as directly pertinent to the agreement and shall be exempt from disclosure as provided in KRS 61.878(1)(c).

BOYCOTT PROVISIONS

If applicable, the contractor represents that, pursuant to <u>KRS 45A.607</u>, they are not currently engaged in, and will not for the duration of the contract engage in, the boycott of a person or an entity based in or doing business with a jurisdiction with which Kentucky can enjoy open trade. **Note:** The term Boycott does not include actions taken for bona fide business or economic reasons, or actions specifically required by federal or state law.

If applicable, the contractor verifies that, pursuant to KRS 41.480, they do not engage in, and will not for the duration of the contract engage in, in energy company boycotts as defined by KRS 41.472.

LOBBYING PROHIBITIONS

The contractor represents that they, and any subcontractor performing work under the contract, have not violated the agency restrictions contained in <u>KRS 11A.236</u> during the previous ten (10) years, and pledges to abide by the restrictions set forth in such statute for the duration of the contract awarded.

The contractor further represents that, pursuant to <u>KRS 45A.328</u>, they have not procured an original, subsequent, or similar contract while employing an executive agency lobbyist who was convicted of a crime related to the original, subsequent, or similar contract within five (5) years of the conviction of the lobbyist.

Revised: 1/1/2025

SPECIAL NOTE – BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS AND BUILD AMERICA, BUY AMERICA (BABA) ACT

10/26/2023

1.0 BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENT.

Follow the "Buy America" provisions as required by 23 U.S.C. § 313 and 23 C.F.R. § 635.410. Except as expressly provided herein all manufacturing processes of steel or iron materials including but not limited to structural steel, guardrail materials, corrugated steel, culvert pipe, structural plate, prestressing strands, and steel reinforcing bars shall occur in the United States of America, including the application of:

- · Coating,
- Galvanizing,
- Painting, and
- Other coating that protects or enhances the value of steel or iron products.

The following are exempt, unless processed or refined to include substantial amounts of steel or iron material, and may be used regardless of source in the domestic manufacturing process for steel or iron material:

- Pig iron,
- Processed, pelletized, and reduced iron ore material, or
- Processed alloys.

The Contractor shall submit a certification stating that all manufacturing processes involved with the production of steel or iron materials occurred in the United States.

Produce, mill, fabricate, and manufacture in the United States of America all aluminum components of bridges, tunnels, and large sign support systems, for which either shop fabrication, shop inspection, or certified mill test reports are required as the basis of acceptance by the Department.

Use foreign materials only under the following conditions:

- 1) When the materials are not permanently incorporated into the project; or
- 2) When the delivered cost of such materials used does not exceed 0.1 percent of the total Contract amount or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer the origin and value of any foreign material used.

2.0 – BUILD AMERICA, BUY AMERICA (BABA)

Contractor shall comply with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Buy America Requirement in 23 C.F.R. § 635.410 and all relevant provisions of the Build America, Buy America Act (BABA), contained within the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Pub. L. No. 117-58, §§ 70901-52 enacted November 15, 2021. The BABA requires iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials used in infrastructure projects funded by federal financial assistance to be produced in the United States. Comply with 2 C.F.R § 184.

BABA permits FHWA participation in the Contract only if domestic steel and iron will be used on the Project. To be considered domestic, all steel and iron used, and all products manufactured from steel and iron must be produced in the United States and all manufacturing processes, including application of a coating, for these materials must occur in the United States. Coating includes all processes that protect or enhance the value of the material to which the coating is applied. This requirement does not preclude a minimal use of foreign steel and iron materials, provided the cost of such materials does not exceed 0.1% of the total contract amount under the Contract or \$2,500.00 whichever is greater.

BABA permits FHWA participation in the Contract only if all "construction materials" as defined in the Act are made in the United States. The Buy America preference applies to the following construction materials

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SPECIAL NOTE – BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS AND BUILD AMERICA, BUY AMERICA (BABA) ACT

10/26/2023

incorporated into infrastructure projects: non-ferrous metals; plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables); glass (including optic glass); Fiber optic cable; optical fiber; lumber; engineered wood; and drywall. Contractor will be required to use construction materials produced in the United States on this Project. The Contractor shall submit a certification stating that all construction materials are certified to be BABA compliant.

Finally, BABA permits the continuation of FHWA's current general applicability waivers for manufactured products, raw materials, and ferryboat parts, but these waivers are subject to reevaluation, specifically the general applicability waiver for manufactured products.

The Contractor has completed and submitted, or shall complete and submit, to the Cabinet a Buy America/Build America, Buy America Certificate prior to the Cabinet issuing the notice to proceed, in the format below. After submittal, the Contractor is bound by its original certification.

A false certification is a criminal act in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1001. The Contractor has the burden of proof to establish that it is in compliance.

At the Contractor's request, the Cabinet may, but is not obligated to, seek a waiver of Buy America requirements if grounds for the waiver exist under 23 C.F.R. § 635.410(c) or will comply with the applicable Buy America requirements if a waiver of those requirements is not available or not pursued by the Cabinet.

Please refer to the Federal Highway Administration's Buy America webpage for more information.

<u>Buy America - Construction Program Guide - Contract Administration - Construction - Federal Highway Administration (dot.gov)</u>

October 26, 2023 Letting

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SPECIAL NOTE – BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS AND BUILD

BUY AMERICA / BUILD AMERICA, BUY AMERICA (ACT) MATERIALS CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

The Contractor hereby certifies that it will comply with all relevant provisions of the Build America, Buy America Act, contained within the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, Pub. L. NO. 117-58, §§ 70901-52, the requirements of 23 U.S.C. § 313, 23 C.F.R. § 635.410 and 2 C.F.R § 184.

Date Submitted:	
Contractor:	
Signature:	
Printed Name:	
Title:	

NOTE: THIS CERTIFICATION IS IN ADDITION TO ANY AND ALL REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED IN THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION AND/OR SPECIAL NOTES CONTAINED IN THE PROJECT PROPOSAL.

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SPECIAL NOTE FOR RECIPROCAL PREFERENCE

RECIPROCAL PREFERENCE TO BE GIVEN BY PUBLIC AGENCIES TO RESIDENT BIDDERS

By reference, KRS 45A.490 to 45A.494 are incorporated herein and in compliance regarding the bidders residency. Bidders who want to claim resident bidder status should complete the Affidavit for Claiming Resident Bidder Status along with their bid in the electronic bidding software. Submittal of the Affidavit should be done along the bid in Bid Express.

April 30, 2018

SPECIAL NOTES DISTRICT NO. 01 **LYON COUNTY BRIDGE REPLACEMENT** CID 252940

<u>FE02 072 0295 B00013N 09.42</u> Lyon County ~ KY 295 over Livingston Creek

Geographic Coordinates

Latitude 37° 08' 35.00" (37.14302) Longitude -88° 09' 48.00'' (-88.16341)

Description

135'-0" PPC I-Beam HN54-49, Simple Span, Drawing No. 28924

SPECIAL NOTES FOR BRIDGE REPLACEMENT 072B00013N

SPECIAL NOTE FOR LONGITUDINAL PAVEMENT JOINT ADHESIVE

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CLASS 1A GEOTEXTILE FABRICS USED IN STRUCTURAL

DESIGN PAVEMENT DESIGNS

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CONCRETE SEALING

SPECIAL NOTE FOR NON-TRACKING TACK COAT

SPECIAL NOTE FOR EMBANKEMENT AT BRIDGE END BENT STRUCTURES

SPECIAL NOTE FOR SEASONAL TREE CLEARING RESTRICTION

SPECIAL NOTE FOR REMOVAL AND RENOVATIONS

SPECIAL NOTE FOR AVOIDING STREAM IMPACTS FROM LEAD PAINT KYTC

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CONTRACT COMPETION DATE AND PENTALTIES ON

BRIDGE REPAIR CONTRACTS

SPECIAL NOTE FOR BRIDGE DRAWINGS

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SPECIAL NOTE FOR LONGITUDINAL PAVEMENT JOINT ADHESIVE

- 1. DESCRIPTION. This specification covers the requirements and practices for applying an asphalt adhesive material to the longitudinal joint of the surface course of an asphalt pavement. Apply the adhesive to the face of longitudinal joint between driving lanes for the first lane paved. Then, place and compact the adjacent lane against the treated face to produce a strong, durable, waterproof longitudinal joint.
- 2. MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, AND PERSONNEL.
 - 2.1 Joint Adhesive. Provide material conforming to Subsection 2.1.1.
 - 2.1.1 Provide an adhesive conforming to the following requirements:

Property	Specification	Test Procedure
Viscosity, 400 ° F (Pa·s)	4.0 - 10.0	ASTM D 4402
Cone Penetration, 77 ° F	60 – 100	ASTM D 5329
Flow, 140 ° F (mm)	5.0 max.	ASTM D 5329
Resilience, 77 ° F (%)	30 min.	ASTM D 5329
Ductility, 77 ° F (cm)	30.0 min.	ASTM D 113
Ductility, 39 ° F (cm)	30.0 min.	ASTM D 113
Tensile Adhesion, 77 ° F (%)	500 min.	ASTM D 5329, Type II
Softening Point, ° F	171 min.	AASHTO T 53
Asphalt Compatibility	Pass	ASTM D 5329

Ensure the temperature of the pavement joint adhesive is between 380 and 410 °F when the material is extruded in a 0.125-inch-thick band over the entire face of the longitudinal joint.

- 2.2. Equipment.
- 2.2.1 Melter Kettle. Provide an oil-jacketed, double-boiler, melter kettle equipped with any needed agitation and recirculating systems.
- 2.2.2 Applicator System. Provide a pressure-feed-wand applicator system with an applicator shoe attached.
- 2.3 Personnel. Ensure a technical representative from the manufacturer of the pavement joint adhesive is present during the initial construction activities and available upon the request of the Engineer.

3. CONSTRUCTION.

3.1 Surface Preparation. Prior to the application of the pavement joint adhesive, ensure the face of the longitudinal joint is thoroughly dry and free from dust or any other debris that would inhibit adhesion. Clean the joint face by the use of compressed air.

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Ensure this preparation process occurs shortly before application to prevent the return of debris on the joint face.

- 3.2 Pavement Joint Adhesive Application. Ensure the ambient temperature is a minimum of 40 °F during the application of the pavement joint adhesive. Prior to applying the adhesive, demonstrate competence in applying the adhesive according to this note to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Heat the adhesive in the melter kettle to the specified temperature range. Pump the adhesive from the melter kettle through the wand onto the vertical face of the cold joint. Apply the adhesive in a continuous band over the entire face of the longitudinal joint. Do not use excessive material in either thickness or location. Ensure the edge of the extruded adhesive material is flush with the surface of the pavement. Then, place and compact the adjacent lane against the joint face. Remove any excessive material extruded from the joint after compaction (a small line of material may remain).
- 3.3 Pavement Joint Adhesive Certification. Furnish the joint adhesive's certification to the Engineer stating the material conforms to all requirements herein prior to use.
- 3.4 Sampling and Testing. The Department will require a random sample of pavement joint adhesive from each manufacturer's lot of material. Extrude two 5 lb. samples of the heated material and forward the sample to the Division of Materials for testing. Reynolds oven bags, turkey size, placed inside small cardboard boxes or cement cylinder molds have been found suitable. Ensure the product temperature is 400°F or below at the time of sampling.
- 4. MEASUREMENT. The Department will measure the quantity of Pavement Joint Adhesive in linear feet. The Department will not measure for payment any extra materials, labor, methods, equipment, or construction techniques used to satisfy the requirements of this note. The Department will not measure for payment any trial applications of Pavement Joint Adhesive, the cleaning of the joint face, or furnishing and placing the adhesive. The Department will consider all such items incidental to the Pavement Joint Adhesive.
- 5. PAYMENT. The Department will pay for the Pavement Joint Adhesive at the Contract unit bid price and apply an adjustment for each manufacturer's lot of material based on the degree of compliance as defined in the following schedule. When a sample fails on two or more tests, the Department may add the deductions, but the total deduction will not exceed 100 percent.

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Pavement Joint Adhesive Price Adjustment Schedule										
Test Specification 100% Pay 90% Pay 80% Pay 50% Pay 0% Pa										
Joint A	Joint Adhesive Referenced in Subsection 2.1.1									
Viscosity, 400 ° F (Pa•s)			3.0-3.4	2.5-2.9	2.0-2.4	≤1.9				
ASTM D 3236	4.0-10.0	3.5-10.5	10.6-11.0	11.1-11.5	11.6-12.0	≥ 12.1				
Cone Penetration, 77 ° F			54-56	51-53	48-50	≤ 47				
ASTM D 5329	60-100	57-103	104-106	107-109	110-112	≥ 113				
Flow, 140 ° F (mm) ASTM D 5329	≤ 5.0	≤ 5.5	5.6-6.0	6.1-6.5	6.6-7.0	≥ 7.1				
Resilience, 77 ° F (%) ASTM D 5329	≥ 30	≥ 28	26-27	24-25	22-23	≤ 21				
Tensile Adhesion, 77 ° F (%) ASTM D 5329	≥ 500	≥ 490	480-489	470-479	460-469	≤ 459				
Softening Point, ° F AASHTO T 53	≥ 171	≥ 169	166-168	163-165	160-162	≤ 159				
Ductility, 77 ° F (cm) ASTM D 113	≥ 30.0	≥ 29.0	28.0-28.9	27.0-27.9	26.0-26.9	≤ 25.9				
Ductility, 39 ° F (cm) ASTM D 113	≥ 30.0	≥ 29.0	28.0-28.9	27.0-27.9	26.0-26.9	≤ 25.9				

<u>Code</u> 20071EC Pay Item Joint Adhesive Pay Unit Linear Foot

May 7, 2014

September 18, 2019

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CLASS 1A GEOTEXTILE FABRICS USED IN STRUCTURAL PAVEMENT DESIGNS

- 1. DESCRIPTION. This special note covers requirements for Class 1A geotextile fabrics to be used for subgrade stabilization that is a part of a structural pavement design.
- 2. GEOTEXTILE FABRIC. Use woven fabric consisting only of long chain polymeric filaments or yarns such as polypropylene formed into a stable network such that the filaments or yarns retain their relative position to each other. Use fabric that is inert to commonly encountered chemicals and free of defects or flaws significantly affecting its physical or filtering properties.

Ensure that the fabric is formed in widths of at least 6 feet. When necessary, sew sheets of fabric together to form required fabric widths. Sew the sheets of fabric together at the point of manufacture or other approved locations.

The geotextile manufacturer is responsible for establishing and maintaining a quality control program to ensure compliance with this section. The manufacturer must participate in the National Transportation Product Evaluation Program (NTPEP) for Geotextiles and Geosynthetics and the product data must be posted in NTPEP DataMine.

- 2.1 PACKING. During all periods of shipment and storage, wrap the fabric in a heavy duty protective covering to protect the fabric from direct sunlight, ultraviolet rays, temperatures greater than 140 °F, mud, dirt, dust, and debris.
- 2.2 PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS. Class 1A fabrics are to meet the current requirements of AASHTO M288.
- 2.3 ACCEPTANCE. Obtain the Department's approval for all material before incorporating it into the project.
- 3. CONSTRUCTION. The Engineer will reject the fabric if it has defects, rips, holes, flaws, deterioration, or damage. Prepare the surface to receive the fabric to a smooth condition, free of obstructions, debris, or sharp objects that may puncture the fabric. Place the fabric smooth and free of folds, wrinkles, or creases. Do not operate equipment directly on the fabric. Protect the fabric at all times from contamination. Remove and replace any contaminated fabric with uncontaminated fabric.

Repair or replace any fabric damage. Repair individual isolated cuts, tears, or punctures by placing a patch of geotextile fabric that extends at least 3 feet beyond the damage in all directions or by field splicing the patch. Cover the fabric with a layer of the specified material within 14 calendar days. Remove and replace fabric not covered within 14 days.

- 4. ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES FOR NON-SPECIFICATION FABRIC. Ensure that all geotextile fabric conforms to the requirements of this section. However, when non-specification geotextile fabric is inadvertently incorporated into the work before completion of testing, the Department may accept the material with a reduction in pay, provided the failure is marginal and will not cause poor performance. When the failure is excessive, then remove the geotextile fabric, and replace it unless the Engineer determines that the geotextile fabric can remain in place. The Department will apply the largest payment reduction when the material fails to meet more than one specification requirement. The Department will calculate the payment reduction on the invoice cost of the material delivered at the project site. The Department will reject geotextile fabric that fails and has not been incorporated into the work.
- 5. FASTENER PINS. The Engineer will accept fastener pins based on visual inspection on the project. Conform to the following:
 - 5.1 SUBGRADE STABILIZATION AND WRAPPED AGGREGATE DRAINAGE BLANKET. Provide fastener pins that are formed of 3/16 inch diameter or heavier steel, pointed at one end, with a head on the opposite end to retain a washer with a minimum diameter of 1 ½ inches.
- 6. MEASUREMENT. The Department will measure the quantity in square yards. The Department will not measure fabric when the Contract indicates the fabric is incidental to the work or when the specification for another item requires incidental installation of geotextile fabric.

The Department will not measure material in laps or seams.

When fabric is used in conjunction with an aggregate layer, the Department will measure the quantity of (1) the area of the lower surface of the aggregate layer, (2) the area of the upper surface of the aggregate layer, and (3) the area of the sides and ends of the aggregate layer; using the dimensions specified in the Plans for each fabric type that applies to its corresponding location(s).

The Department will not measure for payment the repair or replacement of damaged fabric or replacement of fabric not covered within 14 days.

7. PAYMENT. The Department will make payment for the completed and accepted quantities under the following:

CodePay ItemPay Unit02604FABRIC-GEOTEXTILE CLASS 1ASquare Yard

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CONCRETE SEALING

These Notes or designated portions thereof, apply where so indicated on the plans, proposals or bidding instruction.

I. DESCRIPTION. Perform all work in accordance with the Department's 2019 Standard Specifications, and applicable Supplemental Specifications, the attached sketches, and these Notes. Section references are to the Standard Specifications. This work consists of: (1) Furnish all labor, materials, tools, and equipment; (2) Clean the bridge deck; (3) Seal the bridge deck; (4) Maintain & control traffic; and, (5) Any other work specified as part of this contract.

II. MATERIALS.

A. Sealer. Use one of the following:

Product	Supplier
Protectosil BHN	Evonik Industries
Protectosil 300S	Evonik Industries
TK-590-40 Tri-Silane 40%	TK Products
0)4/ 044 400	Chemical Products
SW-244-100	Industries, Inc.
TK-590-1 MS Tri-Silane	TK Products
MasterProtect H1000	BASF
Aquanil Plus 40	ChemMasters
SIL-ACT ATS-100	Advanced Chemical
SIL-ACT ATS-100	Technologies
Certivex Penseal BTS 100%	Vexcon
Pentreat 244-40	W.R. Meadows
Aquanil Plus 40A	ChemMasters

B. Coverage Rate: Follow all manufacturers recommendations for coverage rates except the application rate must not exceed the square footage coverage rate per gallon of sealer as given in the chart below. If the manufacturer recommends a coverage rate greater than given in the table below, apply sealer at the rate given in the table below for the chosen sealers silane percentage.

% Silane	Coverage rate (ft²/gallon)
100	300
40	120
20	60

III. CONSTRUCTION.

- A. Curing Compound. Contrary to Section 609.03.12 of the specifications, curing compound is not to be used on this deck due to potentially causing issues with the concrete sealer. During the deck pour, finishing, and tining operations the Class AA concrete shall be kept continuously moist with the use of a mister until burlap or curing blankets are applied to the surface. At no point should water be pooling or running off the surface or the surface of the concrete be allowed to become dry. After the burlap or curing blankets are installed, cure in accordance with the specifications. Include all costs in the unit price bid for Class AA concrete. Failure to properly cure the concrete in accordance with this note and the specifications may result in weakened or cracked concrete. If the concrete is weakened or cracked due to improper curing, the contractor will be responsible for providing alternates to fix the issues to the Engineer for review and the contractor will be solely responsible for all costs to do so, up to complete replacement. Do not begin any construction on fixing any issues without approval of the Engineer.
- **B.** Contract Time. Concrete Sealing may need to be installed after contract time has elapsed in a separate mobilization and after the Engineer has declared the project otherwise complete. Liquidated damages shall not be charged provided Concrete Sealing is complete within 60 days after the last concrete pour on the structure. When the Contractor has not completed Concrete Sealing within the time frame allotted, Liquidated Damages shall be charged at 25 percent of the original contract daily charge from the expiration of the time allowed until the Contractor completes the work except the Department will not deduct liquated damages when weather limitations prohibit the Contractor from performing the work.
- C. Cleaning the Deck. Dry clean the deck to remove all loose debris. Remove all visible hydrocarbons from the surface with detergent approved by the manufacturer of the deck sealant. Pressure wash all surfaces to be sealed at 2000 to 3000 psi. Install pressure gauges at each wand to verify pressure. Use 30° fan tip or as recommended by the

manufacturer of the deck sealant. Hold pressure washing wand a minimum of 45° from the deck with a maximum stand-off distance of 12 inches.

- D. Sealing the Deck. Allow new concrete to cure a minimum 28 days prior to application of sealer. Monitor weather conditions prior to sealer application. Refer to manufacturer's recommendations for proper ambient conditions. Do not apply sealer if precipitation is anticipated within the time stated by the manufacturer. Allow the deck to dry 24 hours (after washing or rain event) before sealer application. The deck can be reopened to traffic while drying. Sealer must be applied within 48 hours of washing or the deck must be rewashed. Divide the deck into predefined areas of specific square footage to aid in determining usage. Comply with manufacturer's usage recommendation. Using a low pressure pump, apply sealer and spread evenly with broom or squeegee; do not allow pooling to remain. When each predefined area is complete, measure the amount of sealer used to verify proper usage. After sealing, follow manufacturer's recommended cure time before opening to traffic. On vertical surfaces, apply the sealer in a flooding application from the bottom up, so the material runs down 6 to 8 inches below the spray pattern.
- **E. Inspection:** Monitor all aspects of the project to assure compliance to this specification. Observe and document general conditions during the entirety of the project. Verify that each phase of work has been satisfactorily completed prior to beginning the next phase. Phases are described as follows:
 - 1. Dry cleaning to remove loose debris, verify and document:
 - a. All debris has been removed and disposed of properly.
 - 2. Removal of hydrocarbons, verify and document:
 - a. The manufacturer's recommended detergent is used for removal.
 - b. Hydrocarbons have been satisfactorily removed.
 - 3. Pressure washing, verify and document:
 - a. Washing pressure at the wand.
 - b. Tip size used.
 - c. Wash angle and stand-off distance.
 - d. The deck is satisfactorily cleaned.
 - 4. Sealer application, verify and document:
 - a. Proper cure time for new concrete.
 - b. Deck surface is dry.
 - 1. Document time since washed.
 - 2. Was deck opened to traffic after washing?
 - c. Ambient conditions.
 - 1. Document ambient temperature, surface temperature, relative humidity, and dew point.
 - d. Application and distribution method.
 - e. Coverage to be complete and even.
 - f. Material is not allowed to remain pooled.
 - g. Monitor material usage.

h. No traffic until proper cure time is allowed.

IV. MEASUREMENT

- **A. Concrete Sealing.** The Department will measure the quantity per square feet of each area sealed.
- **B. Mobilization For Concrete Surface Treatment.** The Department will pay the lump sum bid for an additional mobilization when Concrete Sealing must be performed after the Engineer has deemed the project complete except for Concrete Sealing, structure is opened to traffic, and Contractor has fully demobilized.

V. PAYMENT

- A. **23378EC** Concrete Sealing Sq. Ft. Payment at the contract unit price per square feet is full compensation for the following: (1) Furnish all labor, materials, tools, and equipment; (2) Clean the bridge deck; (3) Seal the bridge deck; (4) Maintain & control traffic; and, (5) Any other work specified as part of this contract.
- B. **26233EC Mobilization For Concrete Surface Treatment L.S.** Payment at the contract lump sum price bid shall be full compensation for the Contractor to remobilize on the project to perform Concrete Sealing as detailed herein this special note.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR NON-TRACKING TACK COAT

- 1. DESCRIPTION AND USEAGE. This specification covers the requirements and practices for applying a non-tracking tack asphalt coating. Place this material on the existing pavement course, prior to placement of a new asphalt pavement layer. Use when expedited paving is necessary or when asphalt tracking would negatively impact the surrounding area. This material is not suitable for other uses. Ensure material can "break" within 15 minutes under conditions listed in 3.2.
- 2. MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, AND PERSONNEL.
 - 2.1 Non-Tracking Tack. Provide material conforming to Subsection 2.1.1.
 - 2.1.1 Provide a tack conforming to the following material requirements:

Property	Specification	Test Procedure
Viscosity, SFS, 77 ° F	20 - 100	AASHTO T 72
Sieve, %	0.3 max.	AASHTO T 59
Asphalt Residue ¹ , %	50 min.	AASHTO T 59
Oil Distillate, %	1.0 max.	AASHTO T 59
Residue Penetration, 77 ° F	0 - 30	AASHTO T 49
Original Dynamic Shear (G*/sin δ), 82 ° C	1.0 min.	AASHTO T 315
Softening Point, ° F	149 min.	AASHTO T 53
Solubility, %	97.5 min.	AASHTO T 44

¹ Bring sample to 212 °F over a 10-15 minute period. Maintain 212 °F for 15-20 minutes or until 30-40 mL of water has distilled. Continue distillation as specified in T59.

- 2.2. Equipment. Provide a distributor truck capable of heating, circulating, and spraying the tack between 170 °F and 180 °F. Do not exceed 180 °F. Circulate the material while heating. Provide the correct nozzles that is recommend by the producer to ensure proper coverage of tack is obtained. Ensure the bar can be raised to between 14" and 18" from the roadway.
- 2.3. Personnel. Ensure the tack supplier has provided training to the contractor on the installation procedures for this product. Make a technical representative from the supplier available at the request of the Engineer.

3. CONSTRUCTION.

3.1 Surface Preparation. Prior to the application of the non-tracking tack, ensure the pavement surface is thoroughly dry and free from dust or any other debris that would inhibit adhesion. Clean the surface by scraping, sweeping, and the use of compressed air. Ensure this preparation process occurs shortly before application to prevent the return of debris on to the pavement. If rain is expected within one hour after application, do not apply material. Apply material only when the surface is dry, and no precipitation is expected.

- 3.2 Non-tracking Tack Application. Placement of non-tracking tack is not permitted from October 1st to May 15th. When applying material, ensure the roadway temperature is a minimum of 40°F and rising. Prior to application, demonstrate competence in applying the tack according to this note to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Heat the tack in the distributor to between 170 180 °F. After the initial heating, between 170 180 °F, the material may be sprayed between 165 °F and 180 °F. Do not apply outside this temperature range. Apply material at a minimum rate of 0.70 pounds (0.08 gallons) per square yard. Ensure full coverage of the material on the pavement surface. Full coverage of this material is critical. Increase material application rate if needed to achieve full coverage. Schedule the work so that, at the end of the day's production, all non-tracking tack is covered with the asphalt mixture. If for some reason the non-tracking tack cannot be covered by an asphalt mixture, ensure the non-tracking tack material is clean and reapply the non-tracking tack prior to placing the asphalt mixture. Do not heat material more than twice in one day.
- 3.3 Non-tracking Tack Certification. Furnish the tack certification to the Engineer stating the material conforms to all requirements herein prior to use.
- 3.4 Sampling and Testing. The Department will require a sample of non-tracking tack be taken from the distributor at a rate of one sample per 15,000 tons of mix. Take two 1 gallon samples of the heated material and forward the sample to the Division of Materials for testing within 7 days. Ensure the product temperature is between 170 and 180 °F at the time of sampling.
- 4. MEASUREMENT. The Department will measure the quantity of non-tracking tack in tons. The Department will not measure for payment any extra materials, labor, methods, equipment, or construction techniques used to satisfy the requirements of this note. The Department will not measure for payment any trial applications of non-tracking tack, the cleaning of the pavement surface, or furnishing and placing the non-tracking tack. The Department will consider all such items incidental to the non-tracking tack.
- 5. PAYMENT. The Department will pay for the non-tracking tack at the Contract unit bid price and apply an adjustment for each manufacturer's lot of material based on the degree of compliance as defined in the following schedule. Non-tracking tack will not be permitted for use from October 1st to May 15th. During this timeframe, the department will allow the use of an approved asphalt emulsion in lieu of a non-tracking tack product but will not adjust the unit bid price of the material. When a sample fails on two or more tests, the Department may add the deductions, but the total deduction will not exceed 100 percent.

Non-Tracking Tack Price Adjustment Schedule									
Test Specification 100% Pay 90% Pay 80% Pay 50% Pay 0% Pay									
Viscosity, SFS, 77 ° F	20 – 100	19 - 102	17 - 18	15 - 16	14	≤13			
			103 - 105	106 - 107	108 - 109	≥ 110			
Sieve, %	0.30 max.	≤ 0.40	0.41 - 0.50	0.51 - 0.60	0.61 - 0.70	≥ 0.71			
Asphalt Residue, %	50 min.	≥49.0	48.5 – 48.9	48.0 – 48.4	47.5-47.9	≤ 47.4			
Oil Distillate, %	1.0 max.	≤1.0	1.1-1.5	1.6 - 1.7	1.8-1.9	>2.0			
Residue Penetration, 77 ° F.	30 max.	≤ 31	32 - 33	34 - 35	36 - 37	≥ 38			
Original Dynamic Shear (G*/sin δ), 82 ° C	1.0 min.	≥0.95	0.92 - 0.94	0.90 - 0.91	0.85 - 0.89	≤ 0.84			
Softening Point, ° F	149 min.	≥145	142 - 144	140 - 141	138 - 139	≤ 137			
Solubility, %	97.5 min.	≥ 97.0	96.8 – 96.9	96.6 – 96.7	96.4 – 96.5	≤ 96.3			

Code
24970ECPay Item
Asphalt Material for Tack Non-TrackingPay Unit
Ton

Revised: May 23, 2022

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SPECIAL PROVISION FOR EMBANKMENT AT BRIDGE END BENT STRUCTURES

This Special Provision will apply when indicated on the plans or in the proposal. Section references herein are to the Department's Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Current Edition.

1.0 DESCRIPTION. Construct a soil, granular, or rock embankment with soil, granular or cohesive pile core and place structure granular backfill, as the Plans require. Construct the embankment according to the requirements of this Special Provision, the Plans, Standard Drawing RGX 100 and 105, and the Standard Specifications, Current Edition.

2.0 MATERIALS.

- **2.1 Granular Embankment.** Conform to Subsection 805.10. When Granular Embankment materials are erodible or unstable according to Subsection 805.03.04, use the Special Construction Methods found in 3.2 of the Special Provision.
- **2.2 Rock Embankment.** Provide durable rock from roadway excavation that consists principally of Unweathered Limestone, Durable Shale (SDI equal to or greater than 95 according to KM 64-513), or Durable Sandstone.
- **2.3 Pile Core.** Provide a pile core in the area of the embankments where deep foundations are to be installed unless otherwise specified. The Pile Core is the zone indicated on Standard Drawings RGX 100 and 105 designated as Pile Core. Material control of the pile core area during embankment construction is always required. Proper Pile Core construction is required for installation of foundation elements such as drilled or driven piles or drilled shafts. The type of material used to construct the pile core is as directed in the plans or below. Typically, the pile core area will be constructed from the same material used to construct the surrounding embankment. Pile Core can be classified as one of three types:
- A) Pile Core Conform to Section 206 of the Standard Specifications. Provide pile core material consisting of the same material as the adjacent embankment except the material in the pile core area shall be free of boulders or particle sizes larger than 4 inches in any dimension or any other obstructions that may hinder pile driving operations. If the pile core material hinders pile driving operations, take the appropriate means necessary to reach the required pile tip elevation, at no expense to the Department.
- **B) Granular Pile Core.** Granular pile core is required only when specified in the plans. Select a gradation of durable rock to facilitate pile driving that conforms to Subsection 805.11. If granular pile core material hinders pile driving operations, take appropriate means necessary to reach the required pile tip elevation, at no expense to the Department.
- C) Cohesive Pile Core. Cohesive Pile Core is required only when specified in the plans. Conform to Section 206 of the Standard Specifications and use soil with at least 50 percent passing a No. 4 sieve having a minimum Plasticity Index (PI) of 10. In addition, keep the cohesive pile core free of boulders, larger than 4 inches in any dimension, or any other obstructions, which would interfere with drilling operations. If cohesive pile core material interferes with drilling operations, take appropriate means necessary to maintain

excavation stability, at no expense to the Department.

- 2.4 Structure Granular Backfill. Conform to Subsection 805.11
- **2.5 Geotextile Fabric.** Conform to Type I or Type IV in Section 214 and 843.

3.0 CONSTRUCTION.

3.1 General. Construct roadway embankments at end bents according to Section 206 and in accordance with the Special Provision, the Plans, and Standard Drawings for the full embankment section. In some instances, granular or rock embankment will be required for embankment construction for stability purposes, but this special provision does not prevent the use of soil when appropriate. Refer to the plans for specific details regarding material requirements for embankment construction.

Place and compact the pile core and structure granular backfill according to the applicable density requirements for the project. If the embankment and pile core are dissimilar materials (i.e., a granular pile core is used with a soil embankment or a cohesive pile core is used with a granular embankment), a Geotextile Fabric, Type IV, will be required between the pile core and embankment in accordance with Sections 214 and 843 of the Standard Specifications.

When granular or rock embankment is required for embankment construction, conform to the general requirements of Subsection 206.03.02 B. In addition, place the material in no greater than 2-foot loose lifts and compact with a vibrating smooth wheel roller capable of producing a minimum centrifugal force of 15 tons. Apply these requirements to the full width of the embankment for a distance of half the embankment height or 50 feet, whichever is greater, as shown on Standard Drawing RGX-105.

When using granular pile core, install 8-inch perforated underdrain pipe at or near the elevation of the original ground in the approximate locations depicted on the standard drawing, and as the Engineer directs, to ensure positive drainage of the embankment. Wrap the perforated pipe with a fabric of a type recommended by the pipe manufacturer.

After constructing the embankment, excavate for the end bent cap, drive piling, install shafts or other foundation elements, place the mortar bed, construct the end bent, and complete the embankment to finish grade according to the construction sequence shown on the Plans or Standard Drawings and as specified hereinafter.

Certain projects may require widening of existing embankments and the removal of substructures. Construct embankment according to the plans. Substructure removal shall be completed according to the plans and Section 203. Excavation may be required at the existing embankment in order to place the structure granular backfill as shown in the Standard Drawings.

After piles are driven or shafts installed (see design drawings), slope the bottom of the excavation towards the ends of the trench as noted on the plans for drainage. Using a separate pour, place concrete mortar, or any class concrete, to provide a base for forming and placing the cap. Place side forms for the end bent after the mortar has set sufficiently to support workmen and forms without being disturbed.

Install 4-inch perforated pipe in accordance with the plans and Standard Drawings. In the event slope protection extends above the elevation of the perforated pipe, extend the pipe through the slope protection.

After placing the end bent cap and achieving required concrete cylinder strengths, remove adjacent forms and fill the excavation with compacted structure granular backfill material (maximum 1' loose lifts) to the level of the berm prior to placing beams for the bridge. Place Type IV geotextile fabric between embankment material and structure granular backfill. After completing the end bent backwall, or after completing the span end

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wall, place the compacted structure granular backfill (maximum 1' loose lifts) to subgrade elevation. If the original excavation is enlarged, fill the entire volume with compacted structure granular backfill (maximum 1' loose lifts) at no expense to the Department. Do not place backfill before removing adjacent form work. Place structure granular backfill material in trench ditches at the ends of the excavation. Place Geotextile Fabric, Type IV over the surface of the compacted structure granular backfill prior to placing aggregate base course.

Tamp the backfill with hand tampers, pneumatic tampers, or other means approved by the Engineer. Thoroughly compact the backfill under the overhanging portions of the structure to ensure that the backfill is in intimate contact with the sides of the structure.

Do not apply seeding, sodding, or other vegetation to the exposed granular embankment.

3.2 Special Construction Methods. Erodible or unstable materials may erode even when protected by riprap or channel lining; use the special construction method described below when using these materials.

Use fine aggregates or friable sandstone granular embankment at "dry land" structures only. Do not use them at stream crossings or locations subject to flood waters.

For erodible or unstable materials having 50 percent or more passing the No. 4 sieve, protect with geotextile fabric. Extend the fabric from the original ground to the top of slope over the entire area of the embankment slopes on each side of, and in front of, the end bent. Cover the fabric with at least 12 inches of non-erodible material.

For erodible or unstable materials having less than 50 percent passing a No. 4 sieve, cover with at least 12 inches of non-erodible material.

Where erodible or unstable granular embankment will be protected by riprap or channel lining, place Type IV geotextile fabric between the embankment and the specified slope protection.

4.0 MEASUREMENT.

4.1 Granular Embankment. The Department will measure the quantity in cubic yards using the plan quantity, increased or decreased by authorized adjustments as specified in Section 204. The Department will not measure for payment any Granular Embankment that is not called for in the plans.

The Department will not measure for payment any special construction caused by using erodible or unstable materials and will consider it incidental to the Granular Embankment regardless of whether the erodible or unstable material was specified or permitted.

- **4.2 Rock Embankment.** The Department will not measure for payment any rock embankment and will consider it incidental to roadway excavation or embankment in place, as applicable. Rock embankments will be constructed using granular embankment on projects where there is no available rock present within the excavation limits of the project.
- **4.3 Pile Core.** Pile core will be measured and paid under roadway excavation or embankment in place, as applicable. The Department will not measure the pile core for separate payment. The Department will not measure for payment the 8-inch perforated underdrain pipe and will consider it incidental to the Pile Core.
- 4.4 Structure Granular Backfill. The Department will measure the quantity in cubic yards using the plan quantity, increased or decreased by authorized adjustments as specified in Section 204. The Department will not measure any additional material required for backfill outside the limits shown on the Plans and Standard Drawings for payment and will

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consider it incidental to the work.

The Department will not measure for payment the 4-inch perforated underdrain pipe and will consider it incidental to the Structure Granular Backfill.

4.5 Geotextile Fabric. The Department will not measure the quantity of fabric used for separating dissimilar materials when constructing the embankment and pile core and will consider it incidental to embankment construction.

The Department will not measure for payment the Geotextile Fabric used to separate the Structure Granular Backfill from the embankment and aggregate base course and will consider it incidental to Structure Granular Backfill.

The Department will not measure for payment the Geotextile Fabric required for construction with erodible or unstable materials and will consider it incidental to embankment construction.

- **4.6 End Bent.** The Department will measure the quantities according to the Contract. The Department will not measure furnishing and placing the 2-inch mortar or concrete bed for payment and will consider it incidental to the end bent construction.
- **4.7 Structure Excavation.** The Department will not measure structure excavation on new embankments for payment and will consider it incidental to the Structure Granular Backfill or Concrete as applicable.
- **5.0 PAYMENT.** The Department will make payment for the completed and accepted quantities under the following:

<u>Code</u>	Pay Item	Pay Unit
02223	Granular Embankment	Cubic Yards
02231	Structure Granular Backfill	Cubic Yards

The Department will consider payment as full compensation for all work required in this provision.

September 16, 2016

SPECIAL NOTE

Seasonal Tree Clearing Restriction

DUE TO THE RECOVERY PLAN FOR ENDANGERED BATS, NO TREE CLEARING IS PERMITTED FROM MAY 15 THROUGH JULY 31.

If there are any questions regarding this note, please contact Danny Peake, Director, Division of Environmental Analysis, 200 Mero Street, Frankfort, KY 40601, Phone (502) 564-7250.

SPECIAL NOTE

For Avoiding Stream Impacts from Lead Paint

Owing to the presence of lead paint on the bridge, the following measures must be taken:

- During preparation for either the rehab or removal of the bridge, construction debris is to be collected and prevented from dropping into the stream as much as practicable.
- The contractor shall develop a Debris Management Plan that outlines procedures for debris collection and prevention from dropping.
- Possible measures could include:
 - Use demolition techniques that minimize the generation of debris, such as cutting rather than breaking concrete.
 - Install temporary barriers such as nets, tarps, or fabric beneath and around the work area to catch falling debris. If the bridge or sections of it are to be dropped, these would be removed prior to dropping the bridge.
 - Set up collection platforms or scaffolding with debris catching systems under the work area.
 - o Use vacuum systems or other suction devices to collect smaller particles.
 - Use floating booms or silt curtains in the stream to capture any debris that might escape the initial containment effort.
- All hazardous waste materials will be managed and disposed of in the manner specified by local or state regulation.
- For bridges that will be cleaned and painted, see Special Note Bridge Cleaning And Painting for specific instructions on handling the material.
- Worker exposure to materials containing lead during construction work is regulated by Federal OSHA [(29 CFR 1926.62 (a)]. This regulation requires worker protection during construction "where lead or materials containing lead are present."
- If there are any questions regarding this note, please contact Danny Peake, Director, Division of Environmental Analysis, 200 Mero Street, Frankfort, KY 40601, Phone (502) 564-7250, or O'Dail Lawson at (502) 562-5020

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CONTRACT COMPLETION DATE AND PENALTIES ON BRIDGE REPAIR CONTRACTS

1. **COMPLETION DATE.** The Contractor has the option of selecting the starting date for this Contract. Once selected, notify the Department in writing of the date selected at least two weeks prior to beginning work. All work is to be completed by the date listed below. An allotted number of Calendar days are assigned to each structure in this contract as shown below.

STRUCTURE
072B00013NNO. OF CALENDAR DAYS
120COMPLETION DATE
November 1, 2025

Contrary to Section 108.07.03, the Engineer will begin charging calendar days for a structure on the day the Contractor starts work or sets up traffic control on that particular structure. A **penalty of \$500.00 per day** will be assessed when the allotted number of calendar days is exceeded for each structure.

All construction must be completed in accordance with the weather limitations specified in Section 606 and/or Section 601 as applicable. No extension of Contract time will be granted due to inclement weather or temperature limitations that occur due to starting work on the Contract or a structure late in the construction season.

Contract ID: 252940 Page 33 of 79

SPECIAL NOTE FOR BRIDGE PLANS

See Project Related Information for Bridge Plans. Bridge Drawing Number 28924.

Special Note for Bridge Demolition, Renovation and Asbestos Abatement

If the project includes any bridge demolition or renovation, the successful bidder is required to notify Kentucky Division for Air Quality (KDAQ) via filing of form (DEP 7036) a minimum of 10 working days prior to commencement of any bridge demolition or renovation work.

Any available information regarding possible asbestos containing materials (ACM) on or within bridges to be affected by the project has been included in the bid documents. These are to be included with the Contractor's notification filed with the KDAQ. If not included in the bid documents, the Department will provide that information to the successful bidder for inclusion in the KDAQ notice as soon as possible. If there are no documents stating otherwise, the bidders should assume there are no asbestos containing materials that will in any way affect the work.



Asbestos Inspection Report

To: Tom Springer, QK4, Inc.

Date: August 2, 2024

Conducted By: Russell H. Brooks, LFI, Inc.

Kentucky Accredited Asbestos Inspector #71841

Project and Structure Identification

Project: Lyon County

Structure ID: #072B00013N

\$tructure Location: KY 295 over Livingston Creek, Lyon County, Kentucky

Sample Description: Joint sealant material between the bridge deck and side wall

Inspection Date: July 26, 2024

Results and Recommendations

The asbestos inspection was performed in accordance with current United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) regulations, specifically 40 CFR Part 61, Asbestos National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) revision, final rule effective November 20, 1990.

It is recommended that this report accompany the 10-Day Notice of Intent for Demolition (<u>DEP7036 Form</u>), which is to be submitted to the Kentucky Division of Air Quality prior to abatement, demolition, or renovation of any building or structure in the Commonwealth.

No asbestos-containing materials (ACM) were detected above regulatory screen limits of 1%.

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MRS, Inc. Analytical Laboratory Division

Fax:

(502) 495-1212

(502) 491-7111

332 West Broadway / Suite # 902 Louisville, Kentucky - 40202 - 2133

BULK SAMPLE ASBESTOS ANALYSIS

Analysis N#	# 340/302 C	Address: Lyon County -	
Client Name:	LFI	Item # QK4 - 24102 - 000 ()1SUB
Sampled By:	Jason Boston		

				%	FIBROUS	ASBESTOS		% N	ON-ASBES	TOS FIBER	₹S
Sample ID	Color	Layered	Fibrous	Chrysotile	Amosite	crocidolite	Others	Cellulose	Fiberglass	Syn. Fiber	Other/Mat.
#1A	Black	Yes	No	2%	(To Be	Point Cou	ınted)	2%			96%
#1B	Black	Yes	No	2%	(To Be	Point Cou	ınted)	2%			96%
# 2 A	Black	Yes	No				None	2%			98%
# 2 B	Black	Yes	No				None	3%			97%
											1

vietnodology	: EPA	Method	600/	'R-93-11	6

Date Analyzed: 30-Jul-24

Analyst : Winterford Mensah Reviewed By: Tinterford Mensah

The test relates only to the items tested. This report does not represent endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S Government. Partial Reproduction of any part of this report is strictly prohibited. Samples shall be retained for (30) days.

AJHA #102459 AJHA #1 02459

MRS, INC.

MRS, Inc. Analytical Laboratory Division

332 West Broadway, S Suite # 902 Phone # : (502) 495-1212
Louisville, Kentucky 40202 E-Mail Address : CEOMRSInc@AOL.Com

Client:	LFI		Project No:	# 3407302 C
Address:	114 Fairfax Avenue		Sample ID:	# 1 A
	Louisville, KY		Sampled:	26-Jul-24
	40	0207	Received:	29-Jul-24
			Analyzed:	30-Jul-24 - Point Count -
	Attention: Jason Boston			

	Bulk Sample Ar	nalysis
Computed Dr.	Jacon Baston	
Sampled By :	Jason Boston	
Facility/Location:	Lyon County - Item QK - 2410	2 - 000 01SUB
Field Description:	Abutment Board	
Laboratory Descripti	on:	
	Thick Black Material	
Asbestos Materials:		
	Chrysotile = 1/400 = 0.25 % (<	1 %) Sample Is Negative
Non-Asbestos Fibrou	ıs Materials :	
	Cellulose	0.25 %
	Binders(Tar)	99.50 %
Remarks: The sampl	e was analyzed for asbestos cor	ntent following the EPA Methodology
(600/R-93	3/116). The test relates only to	the items tested. This report does not
represent	t endorsement by NVLAP or any	agency of the U.S. Government.
Analyst: Wir	nterford Mensah Rev	riewed By: _ Tinterport Mensal
·		Signature

AIHA #102459 / AIHA #102459 / AIHA #102459

MRS, INC.

MRS, Inc. Analytical Laboratory Division

332 West Broadway, S Suite # 902 Phone # : (502) 495-1212
Louisville, Kentucky 40202 E-Mail Address : CEOMRSInc@AOL.Com

Client:	LFI	Project No:	# 3407302 C
Address:	114 Fairfax Avenue	Sample ID:	# 1 B
	Louisville, KY	Sampled:	26-Jul-24
	402	07 Received:	29-Jul-24
		Analyzed:	30-Jul-24 - Point Count -
	Attention: Jason Boston		

	Bulk Sample Analysis	
	bulk Sample Analysis	
Sampled By :	Jason Boston	
• •	Lyon County - Item QK - 24102 - 000 015U	JB
Field Description:	Abutment Board	
Laboratory Descriptio	n:	
	Thick Black Material	
Asbestos Materials:		
	Chrysotile = 1/400 = 0.25 % (< 1 %) Samp	le Is Negative
Non-Asbestos Fibrous	Materials :	
	Cellulose	0.25 %
	Binders(Tar)	99.50 %
1		
•	was analyzed for asbestos content follow	•
-	/116). The test relates only to the items te	-
represent	endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of t	ne U.S. Government.
Analyst: Wint	terford Mensah Reviewed By:	26° - 20
Allaryse	ictional Medicard	Signature Mensal

AIHA #102459 / AIHA #102459 / AIHA #102459

LYON COUNTY FE02 072 0295 B00013N Contract ID: 252940 Page 39 of 79

MRS, Inc.

332 West Broadway / Suite # 613 Louisville, Kentucky - 40202 - 2111 Phone

#: (502) 495 - 1212

Fax

#: (502) 491 - 7111

Client	:	Linebach Funkhouser, Inc.	
Project	:	287-22	

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

PROJECT:	ak4-	24/02.000	015	uß	COMMEN	NTS AND	OR INSTRU	JCTIONS:	
LOCATION:	Lyon	Co.				ē.			
SAMPLED BY	· Va	Co. ison Bloton					Group Meth	od	
SAMPLE TYPE	E: COMPOS	SITEGRAE	3	.		S	Stop First Pos	itive	
SAMPLE MAT	RIX:						point count <	4%	
_									
	DATE				ANA	ALYSI	S REQUI	RED	
SAMPLE NUMBER	DATE AND TIME	SAMPLE LOCAT	TION	PLM	head				
/A/B	7-26-24	abutuer + 600	ard	X					W.
2A/B	1	gap for		X					
3	V	0			X				
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		****				,			
Relinguished By: (Signat	ure)		<u>_</u>	Date	Time	Rece	rived By: (Signature	·)	
Junip	Bet		7-2	29-24	/000	7	Linky!	5 Mg	rado
Relinquished By: (Signat	ure)		-	Date	Time	Rece	ived By: (Signature	3)	

Contract ID: 252940 Page 40 of 79

Commonwealth of Kentucky

Department for Environmental Protection

Division for Air Quality

Russell Henry Brooks

Has met the requirements of 401 KAR 58 005 and is accredited as an:

Asbestos Inspector

Agency Interest Id:

License Number;

Issue Date:

03/24/2023

138451 71841

Expiration Date:

03/22/2024

PAGE 1 OF

i

INITIAL SUBMITTAL DATE REVISION DATE

NOTIFICATION #

Contract ID: 252940 Page 41 of 79

DEP 7036

NOTIFICATION OF ASBESTOS ABATEMENT/DEMOLITION/RENOVATION

(Instructions for completing form on back)

File this form with Regional Office where project will be performed

Kentucky Division for Air Quality 300 Sower Boulevard, 2nd Floor

OFF	FICE USE ONLY
ID#	
LOG#	

Contracto	<u> </u>				Description of planned renovation	on/demolition, including	abatement methods
Address					& demo/reno methods.		
				Zip			
Phone		Contact Person					
Owner					Description of affected facility co	omponents	
City			State	Zip	Asbestos detection technique _		
Phone		Contact Person			Amount of Cat. I & II nonfriable	ACM involved but will r	not be removed:
Project Lo	cation						
					Describe physical characteristi	ics that make it nonfria	ble and methods
City			State	Zip	to keep it nonfriable (optional): _		
Facility Age	e (yrs.)	Size of Facility o	r Affected	Part (sq.ft.)			
#Floors Aff	ected	Present and I	Prior Use o	f Facility	Describe contingency plan sh	ould nonfriable ACM b	oecome friable or
TYPE OF I	PROJECT (CHECK	ONLY ONE):			additional ACM be uncovered du	ring renovation/ demoliti	ion:
Renovation	Demolition D Or	dered Demolition	Emerge	ency Long-term			
PROJECT	DATES:				Transporter		
Start Remo	oval	End Re	emoval		Address		
Start Reno	vation/Demolition	End Re	novation/D	emolition	City		
Amount of	ACM to be Remov	ed:			Phone		
		1	Ī	1	Disposal Site		
	Regulated ACM	Category II		Category I	Address		
	(RACM)	nonfriable AC (optional)	SM	nonfriable ACM (optional)	City	State	Zip
Linear		<u> </u>		(optional)	I hereby certify that at least one	e person trained as red	quired by 40 CFR
Feet Square					61.145(c)(8) will supervise the ab	batement work describe	d herein. (optional
Feet					for strictly non-friable work)		
Cubic Feet					Submitted by:		
1 661		<u> </u>			Company Name:		

 LYON COUNTY
 Contract ID: 252940

 FE02 072 0295 B00013N
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING FORM DEP7036: NOTIFICATION OF ASBESTOS ABATEMENT/DEMOLITION/RENOVATION

<u>Filing Deadline</u>: This form must be completed and filed with the Kentucky Division for Air Quality at least ten (10) working days before starting any asbestos removal, demolition, or other work which will disturb asbestos-containing material (ACM) in Kentucky facilities outside Jefferson County and in schools statewide, including Jefferson County. File with appropriate Regional Office.

<u>Renotification</u>: If developments occur that invalidate information on a notification (e.g., changes in dates, amounts, locations), file a revised form within the time frames specified in 401 KAR 58:025. Notifications may be numbered in the top-left corner (optional). First two digits are project year; remaining digits are project number (e.g., the first project in 1999 is 99-1).

<u>Attachments</u>: Attachments may be included to provide additional information, propose alternative procedures, declare nonfriable removal, identify secondary transporters, etc.

Line-by-Line Instructions:

Contractor/Owner: the contractor is the asbestos remover (or, for zero-asbestos demolitions, the demolition contractor). The owner is the entity having the work done. **Project Location:** The location at the address given where the work is taking place (e.g., which building/floor/room?).

Present/Prior Use: Enter the present and prior use(s) of the facility.

Type of Project: Each choice shown in this category has a specific description under 401 KAR 58:025:

Emergency renovations result from a sudden, unexpected event. If the project is an emergency renovation, attach a detailed description of the sudden, unexpected event that necessitated removal. Include the exact date and hour the event occurred and explain how the event caused an unsafe condition, or would cause equipment damage or unreasonable financial burden.

Planned renovations are renovations that do not qualify as emergency renovations.

A long-term notification is a type of planned renovation which involves a number of nonscheduled small-scale removals whose annual total exceeds the NESHAP threshold amounts and can be estimated based on past years' experience. File yearly estimate at least 10 working days before the beginning of the calendar year for which a long-term notification is being given.

Demolitions involve the wrecking or taking out of a load-supporting structural member, such as a load-bearing beam or wall. Tearing down a structure, dismantling it piecemeal, and moving it from one place to another are all considered demolitions.

Ordered demolitions must result from a demolition order issued by a government agency because the building is structurally unsound and in danger of imminent collapse. For ordered demolitions, attach to the notification a signed, dated copy of order that includes demolition deadlines and name/title/authority of the government representative issuing the order.

Project Dates: Schedules must be precise and accurate. The "start removal" date is the date the removers arrive on-site and begin physically preparing the work area for removal. "End removal" is the date the removers dismantle the work area after cleaning and clearing it. If circumstances arise that invalidate previously submitted start dates, a revised notification must be submitted showing the updated, correct start date. If the start date has been moved up, submit written renotification at least ten working days before the new start date. If the start date has been moved back, telephone the Division as soon as possible before the original date and submit written renotification no later than the original start date.

Schedules for renovation and demolition (next line after removal schedule) are handled similarly, except that renotification is required only for schedule changes involving demolitions, not renovations.

Amount of ACM: In this table, enter the amount and type (RACM, Category I, and/or Category II) of asbestos that will be removed. Although the regulation does not require you to identify the amount of nonfriable ACM that will be removed, the table provides space for nonfriable ACM to accommodate those notifiers who choose to document these removals.

Description of project: Describe the demolition or renovation work to be performed and method(s) to be used, including work practices and engineering controls to be used.

Asbestos Detection Technique: Give a general description of the asbestos survey, for example, "AHERA-style survey by accredited inspector; samples analyzed by PLM."

Amount of nonfriable ...: If all nonfriable ACM will be properly removed, enter "NA."

Contingency Plans: If Category II nonfriable ACM becomes crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder, or if additional RACM is discovered, describe procedures to be followed. For example, "Move demolition activity away from ACM immediately; remove the ACM using regulation-required procedures." Even "Stop work, call Division for Air Quality" is OK.

LYON COUNTY FE02 072 0295 B00013N



KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET

Department of Highways

DIVISION OF RIGHT OF WAY & UTILITIES

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RIGHT OF WAY CERTIFICATION

	Original		Re-C	ertificatio	n	RIGHT C	F WAY CERTIFICATI	ON		
	ITEM	#			COUNTY	PROJE	ECT # (STATE)	PROJECT # (FEDERAL)		
1-53.	.00			Lyon		1100 FE02 0	72 625B00013N			
PROJ	ECT DESCR	RIPTIO	N			·				
KY 29	95 over Livi	ingstor	n Cree	k Bridge R	eplacement					
	No Additi									
Const			_			The right of way w	/as acquired in accorda	ance to FHWA regulations		
unde	r the Unifor	m Relo	cation	Assistance	and Real Property Acqui	sitions Policy Act o	of 1970, as amended. N	No additional right of way or		
	ation assista	nce we	ere req	uired for th	is project.					
\boxtimes					of Way Required and					
			-	_	ol of access rights when					
-				-	-			e may be some improvements		
	_	_	-			•		physical possession and the		
_		_					•	n paid or deposited with the silable to displaced persons		
					ance with the provisions			mable to displaced persons		
	•				of Way Required with					
The right of way has not been fully acquired, the right to occupy and to use all rights-of-way required for the proper execution of the										
project has been acquired. Some parcels may be pending in court and on other parcels full legal possession has not been obtained, but										
right of entry has been obtained, the occupants of all lands and improvements have vacated, and KYTC has physical possession and right										
to remove, salvage, or demolish all improvements. Just Compensation has been paid or deposited with the court for most parcels. Just										
Comp	Compensation for all pending parcels will be paid or deposited with the court prior to AWARD of construction contract									
<u> </u>		-			of Way Required with		1. 1/			
	-	_					·	arcels still have occupants. All		
				-	ent housing made availab			necessary right of way will not		
								paid or deposited with the		
				-		-	·	35.309(c)(3) and 49 CFR		
	-				all acquisitions, relocation	•				
AWA	RD of the co	nstruc	tion co	ntract or fo	rce account construction	ı.				
	lumber of Parc		-	3	EXCEPTION (S) Parcel #	ANTICIPATED DATE OF POSSESSION WITH EXPLANATION				
	er of Parcels Th	nat Have	Been Ac	quired						
Signed				3						
Signed	mnation ROF									
		(Text is	limited	. Use additi	onal sheet if necessary.)					
		LPA R	W Pro	ject Mana	iger		Right of Way Su	pervisor		
Print	ed Name					Printed Name		Digitally signed by Evansos		
Sig	nature					Signature	Tranco Wood	Westlie		
	Date					Date	T	-Date: 2025.01.22 15:07:00 -06:00		
	Ч.	Righ	nt of W	/ay Directo	or		FHWA			
Print	ed Name					Printed Name				
Sig	nature		1 1		Digitally signed by Kelly Divine	Signature				
	Date	$-\mathcal{A}$	un A.	1. Jane	Oate: 2025.01.23 07:12:08	Data				

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UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

Lyon County 1100 FE02 072 625B00013N REPLACE BRIDGE ON KY 295 OVER LIVINGSTON CREEK AT CRITTENDEN-LYON COUNTY LINE

PROJECT NOTES ON UTILITIES

Please Note: The information presented in this Utility Note is informational in nature and the information contained herein is not guaranteed.

For all projects under 2000 Linear feet which require a normal excavation locate request pursuant to KRS 367.4901-4917, the awarded contractor shall field mark the proposed excavation or construction boundaries of the project (also called white lining) using the procedure set forth in KRS 367.4909(9)(k). For all projects over 2000 linear feet, which are defined as a "Large Project" in KRS 367.4903(18), the awarded contractor shall initially mark the first 2000 linear feet minimally of proposed excavation or construction boundaries of the project to be worked using the procedure set forth in KRS 367.4909(9)(k). This temporary field locating of the project excavation boundary shall take place prior to submitting an excavation location request to the underground utility protection Kentucky Contact Center. For large projects, the awarded contractor shall work with the impacted utilities to determine when additional white lining of the remainder of the project site will take place. This provision shall not alter or relieve the awarded contractor from complying with requirements of KRS 367.4905 to 367.4917 in their entirety.

The contractor will be responsible for contacting all utility facility owners on the subject project to coordinate his activities. The contractor will coordinate his activities to minimize and, where possible, avoid conflicts with utility facilities. Due to the nature of the work proposed, it is unlikely to conflict with the existing utilities beyond minor facility adjustments. Where conflicts with utility facilities are unavoidable, the contractor will coordinate any necessary relocation work with the facility owner and Resident Engineer. The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet maintains the right to remove or alter portions of this contract if a utility conflict occurs. The utility facilities as noted in the previous section(s) have been determined using data garnered by varied means and with varying degrees of accuracy: from the facility owners, a result of S.U.E., field inspections, and/or reviews of record drawings. The facilities defined may not be inclusive of all utilities in the project scope and are not Level A quality, unless specified as such. It is the contractor's responsibility to verify all utilities and their respective locations before excavating.

The contractor shall make every effort to protect underground facilities from damage as prescribed in the Underground Facility Damage Protection Act of 1994, Kentucky Revised Statute KRS 367.4901 to 367.4917. It is the contractor's responsibility to determine and take steps necessary to be in compliance with federal and state damage prevention directives. The contractor is instructed to contact KY 811 for

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UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

Lyon County 1100 FE02 072 625B00013N REPLACE BRIDGE ON KY 295 OVER LIVINGSTON CREEK AT CRITTENDEN-LYON COUNTY LINE

the location of existing underground utilities. Contact shall be made a minimum of two (2) and no more than ten (10) business days prior to excavation. The contractor shall submit Excavation Locate Requests to the Kentucky Contact Center (KY 811) via web ticket entry. The submission of this request does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility of contacting non-member facility owners, whom are to be contacted through their individual Protection Notification Center. It may be necessary for the contractor to contact the County Court Clerk to determine what utility companies have facilities in the area. Non-compliance with these directives can result in the enforcement of penalties.

NOTE: DO NOT DISTURB THE FOLLOWING FACILITIES LOCATED WITHIN THE PROJECT DISTURB LIMITS

Kenergy – Electric – Single-Phase aerial line to the southwest of bridge. Kenergy requests at least two weeks notice, but will work with contractor to facilitate bridge construction.

Lyon County Water District – 8" SDR 21 PVC line on the southwest side of the bridge. Should be no conflict. LCWD has agreed to assist any way possible, with appropriate notice.

The Contractor is fully responsible for protection of all utilities listed above

THE FOLLOWING FACILITY OWNERS ARE RELOCATING/ADJUSTING THEIR FACILITIES WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS AND WILL BE COMPLETE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

N/A

THE FOLLOWING FACILITY OWNERS HAVE FACILITIES TO BE RELOCATED/ADJUSTED BY THE OWNER OR THEIR SUBCONTRACTOR AND IS TO BE COORDINATED WITH THE ROAD CONTRACT

N/A

LYON COUNTY FE02 072 0295 B00013N Contract ID: 252940 Page 46 of 79

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

Lyon County
1100 FE02 072 625B00013N
REPLACE BRIDGE ON KY 295 OVER LIVINGSTON CREEK AT CRITTENDEN-LYON COUNTY LINE

THE FOLLOWING FACILITY OWNERS HAVE FACILITIES TO BE RELOCATED/ADJUSTED BY THE ROAD CONTRACTOR AS INCLUDED IN THIS CONTRACT

N/A

RAIL COMPANIES HAVE FACILITIES IN CONJUNCTION WITH THIS PROJECT AS NOTED

oxdots No Rail Involvement \odots Rail Involved \odots Rail Adjacent

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UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

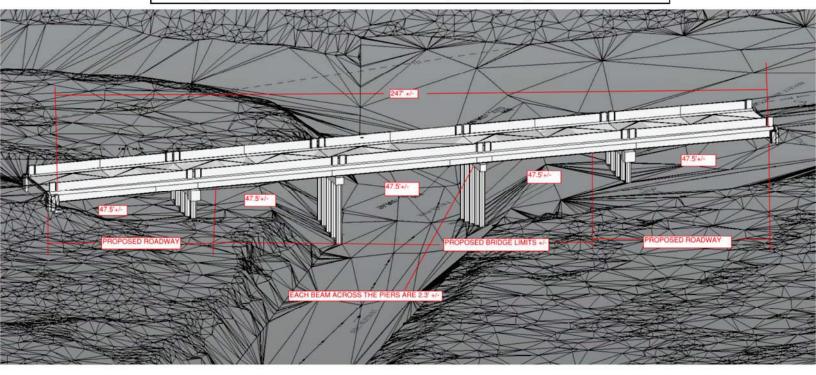
Lyon County
1100 FE02 072 625B00013N
REPLACE BRIDGE ON KY 295 OVER LIVINGSTON CREEK AT CRITTENDEN-LYON COUNTY LINE

AREA FACILITY OWNER CONTACT LIST

Facility Owner	Address	Contact Name	Phone
Kenergy	KY 91 Marion, KY 42064	Kyle Hart	(270) 965-3186
Lyon County Water District	5464 US 62 Kuttawa, KY 42055	Matt Blane	(270) 388-0271
Crittenden-Livingston Water District	714 Main Street Salem, KY 42078	Jared Franklin	(270) 988-2680

Lyon Co. KY 295 over Livingston Creek

Existing Structure to be removed with Proposed Bridge Limits Shown



Model of Proposed Bridge and fill slopes

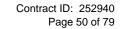


Looking East



Looking West:







Lead Paint Inspection Report

To: Tom Springer, QK4, Inc.

Date: August 2, 2024

Conducted By: Russell H. Brooks, LFI, Inc.

Project and Structure Identification

Project: Lyon County

Structure ID: #072B00013N

Structure Location: KY 295 over Livingston Creek, Lyon County, Kentucky

Sample Description: The tan coating with orange backing is considered lead-based paint.

Inspection Date: July 26, 2024

Results and Recommendations

Pursuant to EPA regulations, lead-based paint (LBP) is defined as paint or other surface coatings that contain an amount of lead equal to or greater than 1 milligram per square centimeter (1.0 mg/cm²) or higher of lead by XRF analysis or 0.5% (5,000 ppm or 5 mg/kg) lead by weight. The lead level in a paint may require lead hazard abatement. Additionally, worker exposure to materials containing lead during construction work is regulated by Federal OSHA [(29 CFR 1926.62 (a)]. This regulation requires worker protection during construction "....where lead or materials containing lead are present".

One sample of tan paint was collected from the structure steel members. Lead concentrations were detected at concentrations of 1.6735% lead by weight in the gray coating. Applicable worker precautions should be implemented during future demolition activities, as necessary. Laboratory analytical data is attached.

	Mrs. Inc. Analytical Laboratory	ŗ.	Ь	Project:	QK4 - 24102 - 000 01SUB	02 - 000 0	ISUB		Project #:	# 3407302 C
	332 West Broadway / Suite # 902		0		LFI				Date Sampled :	7/26/2024
	Louisville, Kentucky - 40202 - 2133 Phone # (502) 495 - 1212 / E-Mail Address : CEOMRSInc@AOL.Com	s RSInc@AOL.		Location:	Lyon Coun	ty/QK4-24	Lyon County/QK4-24102-000 01SUB			
	LEAD EVALUATION DATA	A	AIHA#						Date Received:	29-Jul-24
	102459			/ork Area:	Lyon Coun	ty/QK4-24	Work Area: Lyon County/QK4-24102-000 01SUB		Date Analyzed : Method:	30-Jul-24 NIOSH 7082
					l					
					(m/٦)			ANAL	ANALYTICAL RESULTS	<u>ත</u>
Sample #	Location	Start Time	emiT bn∃	(m) əmiT	Flow Rate	(ב) emulo√	Paint Description			Results (% By Weight Of Lead)
#3	Lyon County - QK4 - 24102 - 000 01SUBTan	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Tan/Orange			1.6735
		Results Code:					Details:	Please note th	at according to the	Please note that according to the EPA Regulations
		ND = None Detected FTD = Filter Tampering or Damage	etected ampering or	⁻ Damage				any sample th of Lead is con	any sample that contains 0.5 % or greater by w of Lead is considered to be a Lead Containing	any sample that contains 0.5 % or greater by weight of Lead is considered to be a Lead Containing
1901A · bodtoM locitylogy		N/A = Not Applicable	olicable					Material.		
Analytical Method: NIOSH 7082	H /U82									
Sampled By	Sampled By : Jason Boston - LFI Name	•	Winterford Mensah Analyst	l Mensah				Slanature	toger Menal	Pan
			6					A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		

LYON COUNTY FE02 072 0295 B00013N Contract ID: 252940 Page 52 of 79

MRS, Inc.

332 West Broadway / Suite # 613 Louisville, Kentucky - 40202 - 2111

Client

Project

Phone Fax

#: (502) 495 - 1212 #: (502) 491 - 7111

Linebach Funkhouser, Inc.

JB7-JJ

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

PROJECT:	QK4-	24/02.000	015	uß	COMME	NTS A	ND/OR INS	TRUCTION	S:	
LOCATION:	Lyon	Co.		_				WARE CONTROL OF THE C	TABLES OF THE STREET, NAME OF THE STREET, ASSOCIATION OF THE STREET, ASSOCIATION OF THE STREET, ASSOCIATION OF	
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SAMPLE MAT	RIX:	The second secon					point cou	int < 47	9	×
	Γ			T	427	177	raia peo	TIDES		
	DATE				AN.	ALY	SIS REQ	UIRED		
SAMPLE NUMBER	AND TIME	SAMPLE LOCAT	ΓΙΟΝ	PLM	head			×		
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Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Highway District 1

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A	П	u

(2),	Construction
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Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit KYR10 Best Management Practices (BMP) plan

Groundwater protection plan

For Highway Construction Activities

For

Replacement

Project: CID 25 - 2940

KPDES BMP Plan Page 1 of 14

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KyTC BMP Plan for Project CID 25 - 2940

Project Information

Note -(1) = Design (2) = Construction (3) = Contractor

- 1. Owner Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, District 1 (1)
- 2. Resident Engineer: (2)
- 3. Contractor Name: (2)

Address: (2)

Phone number: (2)

Contact: (2)

Contractor's agent responsible for compliance with KPDES permit requirements: (3)

- 4. Project Control Number: (2)
- 5. Route (Address): KY 295 over Livingston Creek (1)
- 6. Latitude/Longitude (project mid-point): 37°08'35.00" / -88°09'48.00" (1)
- 7. County (project mid-point): Lyon County (1)
- 8. Project start date (date work will begin): (2)
- 9. Projected completion date: (2)

A. Site Description

- 1. Nature of Construction Activity (from letting project description): Address deficiencies of KY 259 Bridge over Livingston Creek (072B00013N), at MP 9.42, at Lyon / Crittenden County Line. SYP No.: n/a. (1)
- 2. Order of major soil disturbing activities: (2) and (3)
- 3. Projected volume of material to be moved: (3)
- 4. Estimate of total project area (acres): (3)
- 5. Estimate of area to be disturbed (acres): (3)
- 6. **Post construction runoff coefficient** will be included in the project drainage folder. Persons needing information pertaining to the runoff coefficient will contact the resident engineer to request this information. (1)
- 7. **Data describing existing soil condition:** The soils mapped for the location by the USDA-NRCS consist of three soil types: Newark, Nolin, and Otwood (Soil Survey Staff 2024). The northwest quadrant was mapped as containing Newark series soils. The southwest quadrant was mapped with the Newark and Nolin series soils. The northeast quadrant was mapped with the Otwood soil series. The southeast quadrant was mapped with the Otwood and Nolin Soil series. (Note: borrowed from archaeology report) (1) and (2)
- 8. Data describing existing discharge water quality (if any): (2)
- 9. **Receiving water name:** Livingston Creek (1)
- 10. TMDLs and Pollutants of Concern in Receiving Waters: (1 DEA)
- 11. Site map: Project layout sheet plus the erosion control sheets in the project plans that depict Disturbed Drainage Areas (DDAs) and related information. These sheets depict the existing project conditions with areas delineated by DDA (drainage area bounded by watershed breaks and right of way limits), the storm water discharge locations (either as a point discharge or as overland flow) and the areas that drain to each discharge point. These plans define the limits of areas to be disturbed and the location of control measures. Controls will be either site specific as designated by the designer or will be annotated by the contractor and resident engineer before disturbance commences. The project layout sheet shows the surface waters and wetlands.
- 12. Potential sources of pollutants: The primary source of pollutants is solids that

are mobilized during storm events. Other sources of pollutants include oil/fuel/grease from servicing and operating construction equipment, concrete washout water, sanitary wastes and trash/debris. (3)

B. Sediment and Erosion Control Measures

1. Plans for highway construction projects will include erosion control sheets that depict Disturbed Drainage Areas (DDAs) and related information. These plan sheets will show the existing project conditions with areas delineated by DDA within the right of way limits, the discharge points and the areas that drain to each discharge point. Project managers and designers will analyze the DDAs and identify Best Management Practices (BMPs) that are site specific. The balance of the BMPs for the project will be listed in the bid documents for selection and use by the contractor on the project with approval by the resident engineer.

Projects that do not have DDAs annotated on the erosion control sheets will employ the same concepts for development and managing BMP plans.

- 2. Following award of the contract, the contractor and resident engineer will annotate the erosion control sheets showing location and type of BMPs for each of the DDAs that will be disturbed at the outset of the project. This annotation will be accompanied by an order of work that reflects the order or sequence of major soil moving activities. The remaining DDAs are to be designated as "Do Not Disturb" until the contractor and resident engineer prepare the plan for BMPs to be employed. The initial BMP's shall be for the first phase (generally Clearing and Grubbing) and shall be modified as needed as the project changes phases. The BMP Plan will be modified to reflect disturbance in additional DDA's as the work progresses. All DDA's will have adequate BMP's in place before being disturbed.
- **3.** As DDAs are prepared for construction, the following will be addressed for the project as a whole or for each DDA as appropriate:
 - ➤ **Construction Access**—This is the first land-disturbing activity. As soon as construction begins, bare areas will be stabilized with gravel and temporary mulch and/or vegetation.
 - ➤ Sources—At the beginning of the project, all DDAs for the project will be inspected for areas that are a source of storm water pollutants. Areas that are a source of pollutants will receive appropriate cover or BMPs to arrest the introduction of pollutants into storm water. Areas that have not been opened by the contractor will be inspected periodically (once per month) to determine if there is a need to employ BMPs to keep pollutants from entering storm water.

- Clearing and Grubbing—The following BMP's will be considered and used where appropriate.
 - Leaving areas undisturbed when possible.
 - Silt basins to provide silt volume for large areas.
 - Silt Traps Type A for small areas.
 - Silt Traps Type C in front of existing and drop inlets which are to be saved.
 - Diversion ditches to catch sheet runoff and carry it to basins or traps or to divert it around areas to be disturbed.
 - Brush and/or other barriers to slow and/or divert runoff.
 - Silt fences to catch sheet runoff on short slopes. For longer slopes, multiple rows of silt fence may be considered.
 - Temporary mulch for areas which are not feasible for the fore mentioned types of protections.
 - Non-standard or innovative methods.
- Cut and Fill and Placement of Drainage Structures—The BMP Plan will be modified to show additional BMP's such as:
 - Silt Traps Type B in ditches and/or drainways as they are completed.
 - Silt Traps Type C in front of pipes after they are placed.
 - Channel Lining.
 - Erosion Control Blanket.
 - Non-standard or innovative methods.
- Profile and X-Section in Place—The BMP Plan will be modified to show elimination of BMP's which had to be removed and the addition of new BMP's as the roadway was shaped. Probably changes include:
 - Silt Trap Type A, Brush and/or other barriers, Temporary mulch, and any other BMP which had to be removed for final grading to take place.
 - Additional Silt Traps Type B and Type C to be placed as final drainage patterns are put in place.
 - Additional Channel Lining and/or Erosion Control Blanket.
 - Temporary mulch for areas where Permanent Seeding and Protection cannot be done within 21 days.
 - Special BMP's such as Karst Policy.
- Finish Work (Paving, Seeding, Protect, etc.)—A final BMP Plan will result from modifications during this phase of construction. Probable changes include:

- Removal of Silt Traps Type B from ditches and drainways if they are protected with other BMP's which are sufficient to control erosion, i.e. Erosion Control Blanket, or Permanent Seeding and Protection on moderate grades.
- Permanent Seeding and Protection.
- Placing Sod.
- Planting trees and/or shrubs where they are included in the project.
- ➤ BMP's, including Storm Water Management Devices such as velocity dissipation devices and Karst policy BMP's, to be installed during construction to control the pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction has been completed are: (3)

C. Other Control Measures

1. Solid Materials

No solid materials, including building materials, shall be discharged to waters of the commonwealth, except as authorized by a Section 404 permit.

2. Waste Materials

All waste materials that may leach pollutants (paint and paint containers, caulk tubes, oil/grease containers, liquids of any kind, soluble materials, etc.) will be collected and stored in appropriate covered waste containers. Waste containers shall be removed from the project site on a sufficiently frequent basis as to not allow wastes to become a source of pollution. All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for waste disposal. Wastes will be disposed in accordance with appropriate regulations. Notices stating these practices will be posted in the office.

3. Hazardous Waste

All hazardous waste materials will be managed and disposed of in the manner specified by local or state regulation. The contractor shall notify the Section Engineer if there any hazardous wastes being generated at the project site and how these wastes are being managed. Site personnel will be instructed with regard to proper storage and handling of hazardous wastes when required. The Transportation Cabinet will file for generator, registration when appropriate, with the Division of Waste Management and advise the contractor regarding waste management requirements.

4. Spill Prevention

The following material management practices will be used to reduce the risk of spills or other exposure of materials and substances to the weather and/or runoff.

(3)

Good Housekeeping

The following good housekeeping practices will be followed onsite during the construction project.

- An effort will be made to store only enough product required to do the job.
- All materials stored onsite will be stored in a neat, orderly manner in their appropriate containers and, if possible, under a roof or other enclosure.
- Products will be kept in their original containers with the original manufacturer's label.
- Substances will not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer.
- Whenever possible, all of the product will be used up before disposing of the container.
- Manufacturers' recommendations for proper use and disposal will be followed.
- The site contractor will inspect daily to ensure proper use and disposal of materials onsite.

> Hazardous Products

These practices will be used to reduce the risks associated with any and all hazardous materials.

- Products will be kept in original containers unless they are not resealable.
- Original labels and material safety data sheets (MSDS) will be reviewed and retained.
- Contractor will follow procedures recommended by the manufacturer when handling hazardous materials.
- If surplus product must be disposed of, manufacturers' or state/local recommended methods for proper disposal will be followed.

5. Product-specific Practices

The following product-specific practices will be followed onsite:

Petroleum Products

 Vehicles and equipment that are fueled and maintained on site will be monitored for leaks, and receive regular preventative maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage. Petroleum products

onsite will be stored in tightly sealed containers, which are clearly labeled and will be protected from exposure to weather.

- The contractor shall prepare an Oil Pollution Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure plan when the project that involves the storage of petroleum products in 55 gallon or larger containers with a total combined storage capacity of 1,320 gallons. This is a requirement of 40 CFR 112.
- This project (will / will not) (3) have over 1,320 gallons of petroleum products with a total capacity, sum of all containers 55 gallon capacity and larger.

> Fertilizers

Fertilizers will be applied at rates prescribed by the contract, standard specifications or as directed by the resident engineer. Once applied, fertilizer will be covered with mulch or blankets or worked into the soil to limit exposure to storm water. Storage will be in a covered shed. The contents of any partially used bags of fertilizer will be transferred to a sealable plastic bin to avoid spills.

> Paints

All containers will be tightly sealed and stored indoors or under roof when not being used. Excess paint or paint wash water will not be discharged to the drainage or storm sewer system but will be properly disposed of according to manufacturers' instructions or state and local regulations.

Concrete Truck Washout

Concrete truck mixers and chutes will not be washed on pavement, near storm drain inlets, or within 75 feet of any ditch, stream, wetland, lake, or sinkhole. Where possible, excess concrete and wash water will be discharged to areas prepared for pouring new concrete, flat areas to be paved that are away from ditches or drainage system features, or other locations that will not drain off site. Where this approach is not possible, a shallow earthen wash basin will be excavated away from ditches to receive the wash water.

> Spill Control Practices

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices discussed in the previous sections of this plan, the following practices will be followed for spill prevention and cleanup:

 Manufacturers' recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted. All personnel will be made aware of procedures and the location of the information and cleanup supplies.

- Materials and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept in the material storage area. Equipment and materials will include as appropriate, brooms, dust pans, mops, rags, gloves, oil absorbents, sand, sawdust, and plastic and metal trash containers.
- All spills will be cleaned up immediately after discovery.
- The spill area will be kept well ventilated and personnel will wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent injury from contract with a hazardous substance.
- Spills of toxic or hazardous material will be reported to the appropriate state/local agency as required by KRS 224 and applicable federal law.
- The spill prevention plan will be adjusted as needed to prevent spills from reoccurring and improve spill response and cleanup.
- Spills of products will be cleaned up promptly. Wastes from spill clean-up will be disposed in accordance with appropriate regulations.

D. Other State and Local Plans

This BMP plan shall include any requirements specified in sediment and erosion control plans, storm water management plans or permits that have been approved by other state or local officials. Upon submittal of the NOI, other requirements for surface water protection are incorporated by reference into and are enforceable under this permit (even if they are not specifically included in this BMP plan). This provision does not apply to master or comprehensive plans, non-enforceable guidelines or technical guidance documents that are not identified in a specific plan or permit issued for the construction site by state or local officials. (1)

E. Maintenance

- 1. The BMP plan shall include a clear description of the maintenance procedures necessary to keep the control measures in good and effective operating condition.
- Maintenance of BMPs during construction shall be a result of weekly and post rain event inspections with action being taken by the contractor to correct deficiencies.
- 3. Post Construction maintenance will be a function of normal highway maintenance operations. Following final project acceptance by the cabinet, district highway crews will be responsible for identification and correction of deficiencies regarding ground cover and cleaning of storm water BMPs. The project manager shall identify any BMPs that will be for the purpose of post construction storm water management with specific guidance for any non-routine maintenance. (1)

F. Inspections

Inspection and maintenance practices that will be used to maintain erosion and sediment controls:

- All erosion prevention and sediment control measures will be inspected at least once each week and following any rain of one-half inch or more.
- ➤ Inspections will be conducted by individuals that have successfully completed KEPSC-RI course as required by Section 213.02.02 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, current edition.
- Inspection reports will be written, signed, dated, and kept on file.
- Areas at final grade will be seeded and mulched within 14 days.
- Areas that are not at final grade where construction has ceased for a period of 21 days or longer and soil stock piles shall receive temporary mulch no later than 14 days from the last construction activity in that area.
- ➤ All measures will be maintained in good working order. If a repair is necessary, it will be initiated within 24 hours of being reported.
- ➤ Built-up sediment will be removed from behind the silt fence before it has reached halfway up the height of the fence.
- > Silt fences will be inspected for bypassing, overtopping, undercutting, depth of sediment, tears, and to ensure attachment to secure posts.
- ➤ Sediment basins will be inspected for depth of sediment, and built-up sediment will be removed when it reaches 50 percent of the design capacity and at the end of the job.
- Diversion dikes and berms will be inspected and any breaches promptly repaired. Areas that are eroding or scouring will be repaired and reseeded / mulched as needed.
- Temporary and permanent seeding and mulching will be inspected for bare spots, washouts, and healthy growth. Bare or eroded areas will be repaired as needed.
- ➤ All material storage and equipment servicing areas that involve the management of bulk liquids, fuels, and bulk solids will be inspected weekly for conditions that represent a release or possible release of pollutants to the environment.

G. Non-Storm Water Discharges

It is expected that non-storm water discharges may occur from the site during the construction period. Examples of non-storm water discharges include:

- Water from water line flushings.
- Water form cleaning concrete trucks and equipment.
- ➤ Pavement wash waters (where no spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have occurred).
- Uncontaminated groundwater and rain water (from dewatering during excavation).

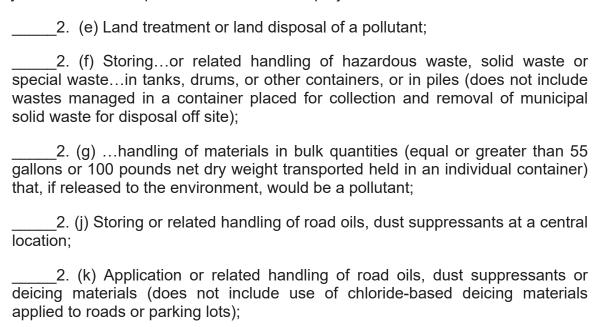
All non-storm water discharges will be directed to the sediment basin or to a filter fence enclosure in a flat vegetated infiltration area or be filtered via another approved commercial product.

H. Groundwater Protection Plan (3)

This plan serves as the groundwater protection plan as required by 401 KAR 5:037.

Contractors statement: (3)

The following activities, as enumerated by 401 KAR 5:037 Section 2, require the preparation and implementation of a groundwater protection plan, and will or may be may be conducted as part of this construction project:



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KyTC BMP Plan for Project CID 25 - 2940

	2. (m) Installation, construction, operation, or abandonment of wells, bore holes, or core holes (does not include bore holes for the purpose of explosive demolition);
Or	, check the following only if there are no qualifying activities:
	There are no activities for this project as listed in 401 KAR 5:037 Section 2 that require the preparation and implementation of a groundwater protection plan.

The contractor is responsible for the preparation of a plan that addresses the 401 KAR 5:037 Section 3. (3) Elements of site specific groundwater protection plan:

- (a) General information about this project is covered in the Project information;
- (b) Activities that require a groundwater protection plan have been identified above;
- (c) Practices that will protect groundwater from pollution are addressed in *Section C: Other Control Measures*.
- (d) Implementation schedule—all practices required to prevent pollution of groundwater are to be in place prior to conducting the activity;
- (e) Training is required as a part of the ground water protection plan. All employees of the contractor, sub-contractor, and resident engineer personnel will be trained to understand the nature and requirements of this plan as they pertain to their job function(s). Training will be accomplished within one week of employment and annually thereafter. A record of training will be maintained by the contractor with a copy provided to the resident engineer.
- (f) Areas of the project and groundwater plan activities will be inspected as part of the weekly sediment and erosion control inspections
- (g) Certification (see signature page).

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KyTC BMP Plan for Project CID 25 - 2940

Contractor and Resident Engineer Plan Certification

The contractor that is responsible for implementing this BMP plan is identified in the Project Information section of this plan.

The following certification applies to all parties that are signatory to this BMP plan:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. Further, this plan complies with the requirements of 401 KAR 5:037. By this certification, the undersigned state that the individuals signing the plan have reviewed the terms of the plan and will implement its provisions as they pertain to ground water protection.

Resident Engineer and Contractor Certification:

(2) Reside	nt Engineer signature		
Signed			
	Typed or printed name ²	Title	Signature
(3) Signed			
	Typed or printed name ¹	Title	Signature

- 1. Contractors Note: to be signed by a person who is the owner, a responsible corporate officer, a general partner or the proprietor or a person designated to have the authority to sign reports by such a person in accordance with 401 KAR 5:060 Section 9. This delegation shall be in writing to: Manager, KPDES Branch, Division of Water, 14 Reilly Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601. Reference the Project Control Number (PCN) and KPDES number when one has been issued.
- 2. KYTC note: to be signed by the Chief District Engineer or a person designated to have the authority to sign reports by such a person (usually the resident engineer) in accordance with 401 KAR 5:060 Section 9. This delegation shall be in writing to: Manager, KPDES Branch, Division of Water, 14 Reilly Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601. Reference the Project Control Number (PCN) and KPDES number when one has been issued.

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KyTC BMP Plan for Project CID 25 - 2940

Sub-Contractor Certification

The following sub-contractor shall be made aware of the BMP plan and responsible for implementation of BMPs identified in this plan as follows:

Subcontractor Name:				
Address:				
Phone:				
The part of BMP plan this subco	ontractor is resp	onsible to impleme	nt is:	
I certify under penalty of law that I Discharge Elimination System perr been developed to manage the qu with the construction site activity ar of this certification.	mit that authorize ality of water to l	s the storm water di be discharged as a r	scharges, the BMP plan that hresult of storm events associat	as ed
Signed				
Typed or printed name ¹	Title	Sig	nature	

Sub-Contractor Note: to be signed by a person who is the owner, a responsible corporate
officer, a general partner or the proprietor or a person designated to have the authority to
sign reports by such a person in accordance with 401 KAR 5:060 Section 9. This delegation
shall be in writing to: Manager, KPDES Branch, Division of Water, 14 Reilly Road, Frankfort,
Kentucky 40601. Reference the Project Control Number (PCN) and KPDES number when
one has been issued.

PART II

SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD DRAWINGS

STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

Any reference in the plans or proposal to previous editions of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and Standard Drawings are superseded by Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Edition of 2019 and Standard Drawings, Edition of 2020.

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

The contractor shall use the Supplemental Specifications that are effective at the time of letting. The Supplemental Specifications can be found at the following link: http://transportation.ky.gov/Construction/Pages/Kentucky-Standard-Specifications.aspx

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SPECIAL NOTE FOR LONGITUDINAL PAVEMENT JOINT ADHESIVE

- 1. DESCRIPTION. This specification covers the requirements and practices for applying an asphalt adhesive material to the longitudinal joint of the surface course of an asphalt pavement. Apply the adhesive to the face of longitudinal joint between driving lanes for the first lane paved. Then, place and compact the adjacent lane against the treated face to produce a strong, durable, waterproof longitudinal joint.
- 2. MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, AND PERSONNEL.
 - 2.1 Joint Adhesive. Provide material conforming to Subsection 2.1.1.
 - 2.1.1 Provide an adhesive conforming to the following requirements:

Property	Specification	Test Procedure
Viscosity, 400 ° F (Pa·s)	4.0 - 10.0	ASTM D 4402
Cone Penetration, 77 ° F	60 – 100	ASTM D 5329
Flow, 140 ° F (mm)	5.0 max.	ASTM D 5329
Resilience, 77 ° F (%)	30 min.	ASTM D 5329
Ductility, 77 ° F (cm)	30.0 min.	ASTM D 113
Ductility, 39 ° F (cm)	30.0 min.	ASTM D 113
Tensile Adhesion, 77 ° F (%)	500 min.	ASTM D 5329, Type II
Softening Point, ° F	171 min.	AASHTO T 53
Asphalt Compatibility	Pass	ASTM D 5329

Ensure the temperature of the pavement joint adhesive is between 380 and 410 °F when the material is extruded in a 0.125-inch-thick band over the entire face of the longitudinal joint.

- 2.2. Equipment.
- 2.2.1 Melter Kettle. Provide an oil-jacketed, double-boiler, melter kettle equipped with any needed agitation and recirculating systems.
- 2.2.2 Applicator System. Provide a pressure-feed-wand applicator system with an applicator shoe attached.
- 2.3 Personnel. Ensure a technical representative from the manufacturer of the pavement joint adhesive is present during the initial construction activities and available upon the request of the Engineer.

3. CONSTRUCTION.

3.1 Surface Preparation. Prior to the application of the pavement joint adhesive, ensure the face of the longitudinal joint is thoroughly dry and free from dust or any other debris that would inhibit adhesion. Clean the joint face by the use of compressed air.

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Ensure this preparation process occurs shortly before application to prevent the return of debris on the joint face.

- 3.2 Pavement Joint Adhesive Application. Ensure the ambient temperature is a minimum of 40 °F during the application of the pavement joint adhesive. Prior to applying the adhesive, demonstrate competence in applying the adhesive according to this note to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Heat the adhesive in the melter kettle to the specified temperature range. Pump the adhesive from the melter kettle through the wand onto the vertical face of the cold joint. Apply the adhesive in a continuous band over the entire face of the longitudinal joint. Do not use excessive material in either thickness or location. Ensure the edge of the extruded adhesive material is flush with the surface of the pavement. Then, place and compact the adjacent lane against the joint face. Remove any excessive material extruded from the joint after compaction (a small line of material may remain).
- 3.3 Pavement Joint Adhesive Certification. Furnish the joint adhesive's certification to the Engineer stating the material conforms to all requirements herein prior to use.
- 3.4 Sampling and Testing. The Department will require a random sample of pavement joint adhesive from each manufacturer's lot of material. Extrude two 5 lb. samples of the heated material and forward the sample to the Division of Materials for testing. Reynolds oven bags, turkey size, placed inside small cardboard boxes or cement cylinder molds have been found suitable. Ensure the product temperature is 400°F or below at the time of sampling.
- 4. MEASUREMENT. The Department will measure the quantity of Pavement Joint Adhesive in linear feet. The Department will not measure for payment any extra materials, labor, methods, equipment, or construction techniques used to satisfy the requirements of this note. The Department will not measure for payment any trial applications of Pavement Joint Adhesive, the cleaning of the joint face, or furnishing and placing the adhesive. The Department will consider all such items incidental to the Pavement Joint Adhesive.
- 5. PAYMENT. The Department will pay for the Pavement Joint Adhesive at the Contract unit bid price and apply an adjustment for each manufacturer's lot of material based on the degree of compliance as defined in the following schedule. When a sample fails on two or more tests, the Department may add the deductions, but the total deduction will not exceed 100 percent.

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Pavement Joint Adhesive Price Adjustment Schedule													
Test	Specification	100% Pay	90% Pay	80% Pay	50% Pay	0% Pay							
Joint Adhesive Referenced in Subsection 2.1.1													
Viscosity, 400 ° F (Pa•s)			3.0-3.4	2.5-2.9	2.0-2.4	≤1.9							
ASTM D 3236	4.0-10.0	3.5-10.5	10.6-11.0	11.1-11.5	11.6-12.0	≥ 12.1							
Cone Penetration, 77 ° F			54-56	51-53	48-50	≤ 47							
ASTM D 5329	60-100	57-103	104-106	107-109	110-112	≥ 113							
Flow, 140 ° F (mm) ASTM D 5329	≤ 5.0	≤ 5.5	5.6-6.0	6.1-6.5	6.6-7.0	≥ 7.1							
Resilience, 77 ° F (%) ASTM D 5329	≥ 30	≥ 28	26-27	24-25	22-23	≤ 21							
Tensile Adhesion, 77 ° F (%) ASTM D 5329	≥ 500	≥ 490	480-489	470-479	460-469	≤ 459							
Softening Point, ° F AASHTO T 53	≥ 171	≥ 169	166-168	163-165	160-162	≤ 159							
Ductility, 77 ° F (cm) ASTM D 113	≥ 30.0	≥ 29.0	28.0-28.9	27.0-27.9	26.0-26.9	≤ 25.9							
Ductility, 39 ° F (cm) ASTM D 113	≥ 30.0	≥ 29.0	28.0-28.9	27.0-27.9	26.0-26.9	≤ 25.9							

CodePay ItemPay Unit20071ECJoint AdhesiveLinear Foot

May 7, 2014

PART III

EMPLOYMENT, WAGE AND RECORD REQUIREMENTS

TRANSPORTATION CABINET DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

LABOR AND WAGE REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO OTHER THAN FEDERAL-AID SYSTEM PROJECTS

- I. Application
- II. Nondiscrimination of Employees (KRS 344)

I. APPLICATION

- 1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor with his own organization and with the assistance of workmen under his immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work or by subcontract. The contractor's organization shall be construed to include only workmen employed and paid directly by the contractor and equipment owned or rented by him, with or without operators.
- 2. The contractor shall insert in each of his subcontracts all of the stipulations contained in these Required Provisions and such other stipulations as may be required.
- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Provisions may be grounds for termination of the contract.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION OF EMPLOYEES

AN ACT OF THE KENTUCKY GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT KRS CHAPTER 344 EFFECTIVE JUNE 16, 1972

The contract on this project, in accordance with KRS Chapter 344, provides that during the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

- 1. The contractor shall not fail or refuse to hire, or shall not discharge any individual, or otherwise discriminate against an individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age (forty and above); or limit, segregate, or classify his employees in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive an individual of employment opportunities or otherwise adversely affect his status as an employee, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age forty (40) and over. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
- 2. The contractor shall not print or publish or cause to be printed or published a notice or advertisement relating to employment by such an employer or membership in or any classification or referral for employment by the employment agency, indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination, based on race, color, religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, except that such a notice or advertisement may indicate a preference, limitation, or specification based on religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, when religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, is a bona fide occupational qualification for employment.

- 3. If the contractor is in control of apprenticeship or other training or retraining, including on-the-job training programs, he shall not discriminate against an individual because of his race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age forty (40) and over, in admission to, or employment in any program established to provide apprenticeship or other training.
- 4. The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administrating agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for non-compliance.

Revised: January 25, 2017

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EXECUTIVE BRANCH CODE OF ETHICS

In the 1992 regular legislative session, the General Assembly passed and Governor Brereton Jones signed Senate Bill 63 (codified as KRS 11A), the Executive Branch Code of Ethics, which states, in part:

KRS 11A.040 (7) provides:

No present or former public servant shall, within six (6) months following termination of his office or employment, accept employment, compensation, or other economic benefit from any person or business that contracts or does business with, or is regulated by, the state in matters in which he was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure. This provision shall not prohibit an individual from returning to the same business, firm, occupation, or profession in which he was involved prior to taking office or beginning his term of employment, or for which he received, prior to his state employment, a professional degree or license, provided that, for a period of six (6) months, he personally refrains from working on any matter in which he was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure in state government. This subsection shall not prohibit the performance of ministerial functions, including but not limited to filing tax returns, filing applications for permits or licenses, or filing incorporation papers, nor shall it prohibit the former officer or public servant from receiving public funds disbursed through entitlement programs.

KRS 11A.040 (9) states:

A former public servant shall not represent a person or business before a state agency in a matter in which the former public servant was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure, for a period of one (1) year after the latter of:

- a) The date of leaving office or termination of employment; or
- b) The date the term of office expires to which the public servant was elected.

This law is intended to promote public confidence in the integrity of state government and to declare as public policy the idea that state employees should view their work as a public trust and not as a way to obtain private benefits.

If you have worked for the executive branch of state government within the past six months, you may be subject to the law's prohibitions. The law's applicability may be different if you hold elected office or are contemplating representation of another before a state agency.

Also, if you are affiliated with a firm which does business with the state and which employs former state executive-branch employees, you should be aware that the law may apply to them.

In case of doubt, the law permits you to request an advisory opinion from the Executive Branch Ethics Commission, 1025 Capital Center Drive, Suite 104, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601; telephone (502) 564-7954.

Revised: May 23, 2022

Kentucky Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1978

The requirements of the Kentucky Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1978 (KRS 45.560-45.640) shall apply to this Contract. The apparent low Bidder will be required to submit EEO forms to the Division of Construction Procurement, which will then forward to the Finance and Administration Cabinet for review and approval. No award will become effective until all forms are submitted and EEO/CC has certified compliance. The required EEO forms are as follows:

- EEO-1: Employer Information Report
- Affidavit of Intent to Comply
- Employee Data Sheet
- Subcontractor Report

These forms are available on the Finance and Administration's web page under *Vendor Information*, *Standard Attachments and General Terms* at the following address: https://www.eProcurement.ky.gov.

Bidders currently certified as being in compliance by the Finance and Administration Cabinet may submit a copy of their approval letter in lieu of the referenced EEO forms.

For questions or assistance please contact the Finance and Administration Cabinet by email at **finance.contractcompliance@ky.gov** or by phone at 502-564-2874.

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT

THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE

\$7.25

PEK HOUR

BEGINNING JULY 24, 2009

OVERTIME PAY

At least $1\frac{1}{2}$ times your regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a workweek.

CHILD LABOR

An employee must be at least **16** years old to work in most non-farm jobs and at least **18** to work in non-farm jobs declared hazardous by the Secretary of Labor.

Youths **14** and **15** years old may work outside school hours in various non-manufacturing, non-mining, non-hazardous jobs under the following conditions:

No more than

- 3 hours on a school day or 18 hours in a school week;
- 8 hours on a non-school day or 40 hours in a non-school week.

Also, work may not begin before **7 a.m.** or end after **7 p.m.**, except from June 1 through Labor Day, when evening hours are extended to **9 p.m.** Different rules apply in agricultural employment.

TIP CREDIT

Employers of "tipped employees" must pay a cash wage of at least \$2.13 per hour if they claim a tip credit against their minimum wage obligation. If an employee's tips combined with the employer's cash wage of at least \$2.13 per hour do not equal the minimum hourly wage, the employer must make up the difference. Certain other conditions must also be met.

ENFORCEMENT

The Department of Labor may recover back wages either administratively or through court action, for the employees that have been underpaid in violation of the law. Violations may result in civil or criminal action.

Employers may be assessed civil money penalties of up to \$1,100 for each willful or repeated violation of the minimum wage or overtime pay provisions of the law and up to \$11,000 for each employee who is the subject of a violation of the Act's child labor provisions. In addition, a civil money penalty of up to \$50,000 may be assessed for each child labor violation that causes the death or serious injury of any minor employee, and such assessments may be doubled, up to \$100,000, when the violations are determined to be willful or repeated. The law also prohibits discriminating against or discharging workers who file a complaint or participate in any proceeding under the Act.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Certain occupations and establishments are exempt from the minimum wage and/or overtime pay provisions.
- Special provisions apply to workers in American Samoa and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- \bullet Some state laws provide greater employee protections; employers must comply with both.
- \bullet The law requires employers to display this poster where employees can readily see it.
- Employees under 20 years of age may be paid \$4.25 per hour during their first 90 consecutive calendar days of employment with an employer.
- Certain full-time students, student learners, apprentices, and workers with disabilities may be paid less than the minimum wage under special certificates issued by the Department of Labor.



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PART IV

BID ITEMS

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PROPOSAL BID ITEMS

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Report Date 1/16/25

Section: 0001 - PAVING

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	,	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0010	00003		CRUSHED STONE BASE	173	3.00	TON		\$	
0020	00078		CRUSHED AGGREGATE SIZE NO 2	34	6.00	TON		\$	
0030	00100		ASPHALT SEAL AGGREGATE	;	3.70	TON		\$	
0040	00103		ASPHALT SEAL COAT		.40	TON		\$	
0050	00221		CL2 ASPH BASE 0.75D PG64-22	1.	4.40	TON		\$	
0060	00301		CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG64-22	4	0.40	TON		\$	
0070	02602		FABRIC-GEOTEXTILE CLASS 1 (AT TOP)	50	2.00	SQYD		\$	
0800	02604		FABRIC-GEOTEXTILE CLASS 1A	50:	2.00	SQYD		\$	
0090	20071EC		JOINT ADHESIVE	21	0.00	LF		\$	
0100	24970EC		ASPHALT MATERIAL FOR TACK NON- TRACKING		.60	TON		\$	

Section: 0002 - ROADWAY

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0110	02230		EMBANKMENT IN PLACE	67,517.00	CUYD		\$	
0120	02231		STRUCTURE GRANULAR BACKFILL	183.00	CUYD		\$	
0130	02351		GUARDRAIL-STEEL W BEAM-S FACE	350.00	LF		\$	
0140	02367		GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT TYPE 1	4.00	EACH		\$	
0150	02399		EXTRA LENGTH GUARDRAIL POST	12.00	EACH		\$	
0160	02545		CLEARING AND GRUBBING - (0.14 acres)	1.00	LS		\$	
0170	02585		EDGE KEY	44.00	LF		\$	
0180	02701		TEMP SILT FENCE	637.00	LF		\$	
0190	02704		SILT TRAP TYPE B	5.00	EACH		\$	
0200	02707		CLEAN SILT TRAP TYPE B	5.00	EACH		\$	
0210	02726		STAKING	1.00	LS		\$	
0220	02731		REMOVE STRUCTURE	1.00	LS		\$	
0230	05963		INITIAL FERTILIZER	.07	TON		\$	
0240	05964		MAINTENANCE FERTILIZER	.04	TON		\$	
0250	05985		SEEDING AND PROTECTION	2,000.00	SQYD		\$	
0260	06541		PAVE STRIPING-THERMO-4 IN Y	768.00	LF		\$	
0270	20191ED		OBJECT MARKER TY 3	4.00	EACH		\$	
0280	21134ND		REMOVE-STORE AND REINSTALL SIGN	2.00	EACH		\$	
0290	25078ED		THRIE BEAM GUARDRAIL TRANSITION TL-3	4.00	EACH		\$	

Section: 0003 - BRIDGE - B000013N

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0300	02231		STRUCTURE GRANULAR BACKFILL	490.40	CUYD		\$	
0310	03299		ARMORED EDGE FOR CONCRETE	48.00	LF		\$	
0320	08003		FOUNDATION PREPARATION	1.00	LS		\$	
0330	08019		CYCLOPEAN STONE RIP RAP	434.00	TON		\$	
0340	08033		TEST PILES	139.00	LF		\$	

0440 26233EC

252940

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1.00

LS

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0350	08051		PILES-STEEL HP14X89	803.00	LF		\$	
0360	08095		PILE POINTS-14 IN	14.00	EACH		\$	
0370	08100		CONCRETE-CLASS A	75.20	CUYD		\$	
0380	08104		CONCRETE-CLASS AA	161.40	CUYD		\$	
0390	08151		STEEL REINFORCEMENT-EPOXY COATED	33,374.00	LB		\$	
0400	23378EC		CONCRETE SEALING	9,464.00	SQFT		\$	
0410	23813EC		DECK DRAIN	12.00	EACH		\$	
0420	24463ED		PPC I-BEAM HN 54 49	546.00	LF		\$	
0430	25028ED		RAIL SYSTEM SINGLE SLOPE - 40 IN	276.00	LF		\$	
			MOBILIZATION FOR CONCRETE SURF					

Section: 0004 - DEMOBILIZATION AND/OR MOBILIZATION

TREATMENT

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0450	02568		MOBILIZATION	1.00	LS		\$	
0460	02569		DEMOBILIZATION	1.00	LS		\$	