

CALL NO. 305
CONTRACT ID. 185020
LAUREL COUNTY
FED/STATE PROJECT NUMBER FD04 063 0080 017-018
DESCRIPTION KY 80
WORK TYPE BRIDGE REPAIRS
PRIMARY COMPLETION DATE 7/1/2019

LETTING DATE: December 07,2018

Sealed Bids will be received electronically through the Bid Express bidding service until 10:00 AM EASTERN STANDARD TIME December 07,2018. Bids will be publicly announced at 10:00 AM EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

NO PLANS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT.

REQUIRED BID PROPOSAL GUARANTY: Not less than 5% of the total bid.

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PART I SCOPE OF WORK

ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT - 11

CONTRACT ID - 185020 FD04 063 0080 017-018

COUNTY - LAUREL

PCN - DE06300801820 FD04 063 0080 017-018

KY 80 (MP 17.706) ADDRESS DEFICIENCIES OF KY 80 BRIDGE OVER MONKS CREEK (063B00013N) (MP 17.710), A DISTANCE OF 0.01 MILES.BRIDGE REPAIRS SYP NO. 11-10025.00.

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES LATITUDE 37:05:29.00 LONGITUDE 83:59:05.00

COMPLETION DATE(S):

COMPLETED BY 07/01/2019

APPLIES TO ENTIRE CONTRACT

CONTRACT NOTES

PROPOSAL ADDENDA

All addenda to this proposal must be applied when calculating bid and certified in the bid packet submitted to the Kentucky Department of Highways. Failure to use the correct and most recent addenda may result in the bid being rejected.

BID SUBMITTAL

Bidder must use the Department's electronic bidding software. The Bidder must download the bid file located on the Bid Express website (www.bidx.com) to prepare a bid packet for submission to the Department. The bidder must submit electronically using Bid Express.

JOINT VENTURE BIDDING

Joint venture bidding is permissible. All companies in the joint venture must be prequalified in one of the work types in the Qualifications for Bidders for the project. The bidders must get a vendor ID for the joint venture from the Division of Construction Procurement and register the joint venture as a bidder on the project. Also, the joint venture must obtain a digital ID from Bid Express to submit a bid. A joint bid bond of 5% may be submitted for both companies or each company may submit a separate bond of 5%.

UNDERGROUND FACILITY DAMAGE PROTECTION

The contractor shall make every effort to protect underground facilities from damage as prescribed in the Underground Facility Damage Protection Act of 1994, Kentucky Revised Statute KRS 367.4901 to 367.4917. It is the contractor's responsibility to determine and take steps necessary to be in compliance with federal and state damage prevention directives. When prescribed in said directives, the contractor shall submit Excavation Locate Requests to the Kentucky Contact Center (KY811) via web ticket entry. The submission of this request does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility of contacting non-member facility owners, whom shall be contacted through their individual Protection Notification Center. Non-compliance with these directives can result in the enforcement of penalties.

REGISTRATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE BY A FOREIGN ENTITY

Pursuant to KRS 176.085(1)(b), an agency, department, office, or political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky shall not award a state contract to a person that is a foreign entity required by KRS 14A.9-010 to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in the Commonwealth ("certificate") from the Secretary of State under KRS 14A.9-030 unless the person produces the certificate within fourteen (14) days of the bid or proposal opening. If the foreign entity is not required to obtain a certificate as provided in KRS 14A.9-010, the foreign entity should identify the applicable exception. Foreign entity is defined within KRS 14A.1-070.

For all foreign entities required to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in the Commonwealth, if a copy of the certificate is not received by the contracting agency within the time frame identified above, the foreign entity's solicitation response shall be deemed non-responsive or the awarded contract shall be cancelled.

Businesses can register with the Secretary of State at https://secure.kentucky.gov/sos/ftbr/welcome.aspx .

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PROJECT QUESTIONS DURING ADVERTISEMENT

Questions about projects during the advertisement should be submitted in writing to the Division of Construction Procurement. This may be done by fax (502) 564-7299 or email to kytc.projectquestions@ky.gov. The Department will attempt to answer all submitted questions. The Department reserves the right not to answer if the question is not pertinent or does not aid in clarifying the project intent.

The deadline for posting answers will be 3:00 pm Eastern Daylight Time, the day preceding the Letting. Questions may be submitted until this deadline with the understanding that the later a question is submitted, the less likely an answer will be able to be provided.

The questions and answers will be posted for each Letting under the heading "Questions & Answers" on the Construction Procurement website (www.transportation.ky.gov/contract). The answers provided shall be considered part of this Special Note and, in case of a discrepancy, will govern over all other bidding documents.

HARDWOOD REMOVAL RESTRICTIONS

The US Department of Agriculture has imposed a quarantine in Kentucky and several surrounding states, to prevent the spread of an invasive insect, the emerald ash borer. Hardwood cut in conjunction with the project may not be removed from the state. Chipping or burning on site is the preferred method of disposal.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXCESS MATERIAL SITES AND BORROW SITES

Identification of excess material sites and borrow sites shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and may wish to consult with the US Fish and Wildlife Service to seek protection under Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act for these activities.

ACCESS TO RECORDS

The contractor, as defined in KRS 45A.030 (9) agrees that the contracting agency, the Finance and Administration Cabinet, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and the Legislative Research Commission, or their duly authorized representatives, shall have access to any books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence, which are directly pertinent to this contract for the purpose of financial audit or program review. Records and other pregualification information confidentially

disclosed as part of the bid process shall not be deemed as directly pertinent to the contract and shall be exempt from disclosure as provided in KRS 61.878(1)(c). The contractor also recognizes that any books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence, received during a financial audit or program review shall be subject to the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884.

In the event of a dispute between the contractor and the contracting agency, Attorney General, or the Auditor of Public Accounts over documents that are eligible for production and review, the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall review the dispute and issue a determination, in accordance with Secretary's Order 11-004.

April 30, 2018

SPECIAL NOTE FOR RECIPROCAL PREFERENCE

RECIPROCAL PREFERENCE TO BE GIVEN BY PUBLIC AGENCIES TO RESIDENT BIDDERS

By reference, KRS 45A.490 to 45A.494 are incorporated herein and in compliance regarding the bidders residency. Bidders who want to claim resident bidder status should complete the Affidavit for Claiming Resident Bidder Status along with their bid in the electronic bidding software. Submittal of the Affidavit should be done along the bid in Bid Express.

April 30, 2018

LAUREL COUNTY Contract ID: 185020 FD04 063 0080 017-018 Road and Bridge MAP Commonwealth of Kentucky DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS for Contract Completion Date and Liquidation
Demogras in Privage Regal: Contracts
for Treaffic Control on Bridge Regal: Contracts
for Concrete Sealing
for Concrete Sealing
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TITLE AND LOCATION M SHEETS Specifications BRIDGING KENTUCKY SPECIAL NOTES SPECIFICATIONS LAUREL 2012 Standard Specifications for Construction. INDEX OF AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Current Interims. GLASS Stantec KY-80 NEEB*YX Digitally signed By Gordon Glass Date: 2018.10.29 10:34:13 -04'00' BRIDGE NUMBER CORDON C. 063B00013N CENSED STONAL. KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS 063B00013N KY-80 OVER LICK FORK CREEK 37*05′29*, -83*59′05" BRIDGE REHABILITATION PLANS 8 Island Header Curb Type I 200 QUANTITIES Usrbrsub of notbennoD A YT bn3 egbh8 Rall System Type III LOCATION MAP 009 Concrete Sealing Precast PC Box Beam SB 17 Remove Superstructure HO O Pridge Overlay Approach Pavement 140 Maintain & Control Traffic **ESTIMATE** Demobilization Cyclopean Stone Rlp Rap Fabric Geotextile VI aqyT Structure Excavation, Common Reinforcement Epoxy Coatec 5000 2000 150 Steel Reinforcement 20 Concrete "A" essIO BRIDGE TOTALS BID ITEM

USER: srporsons DATE PLOTTED: October 29, 2018

±3MAN T33H2-3

MicroStation v8.11.9.832

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TO THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE KENTUCKY	ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING	NCES TO THE AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS ARE TO THE	N WITH INTERIMS.
SPECIFICATIONS: REFERENCES TO THE SPECIFICATIONS ARE TO THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE KENTUCKY	DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING	ANY CURRENT SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS, ALL REFERENCES TO THE AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS ARE TO THE	AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, 8+h EDITION WITH INTERIMS.

DESIGN LOAD: PROPOSED SUPERSTRUCTURE IS DESIGNED FOR AN INVENTORY LIVE LOAD OF AASHTO HL-93 AND OPERATIONAL LIVE LOAD OF FHWA EV-3.

<u>FUTURE WEARING SURFACE</u>: THIS STRUCTURE IS DESIGNED FOR A 15 PSF FUTURE WEARING SURFACE LOAD.

F'C = 3,500 PSI F'C = 4,000 PSI F'C = 4,000 PSI FY = 60,000 PSI CONCRETE CLASS 'A' -CONCRETE CLASS 'AA' -CONCRETE CLASS 'MI' OR 'M2' STEEL REINFORCEMENT -DESIGN STRESSES:

USE CONCRETE: USE CLASS 'AA' CONCRETE THROUGHOUT THE BRIDGE ABOVE THE BEARING SEAT. CONCRETE BELOW THE BEARING SEAT. USE CLASS 'M' CONCRETE FOR PATCHING.

2 REINFORCEMENT: DIMENSIONS SHOWN FROM THE FACE OF CONCRETE TO BARS ARE TO CENTER OF BARS. UNLESS OTHERWISE OF CONCRETE OF BARS. CLEAR DISTANCE FACE OF CONCRETE IS 2: UNLESS OTHERWISE FORXY COAT ALL BARS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION SHIJO OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR REINFORCEMENT ABOVE THE BEARING SEAT <u>DIMENSIONS</u>: DIMENSIONS ARE FOR A NORMAL TEMPERATURE OF 60 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT. LAYOUT DIMENSIONS ARE HORIZONTAL DIMENSIONS.

BEVELED EDGES: BEVEL ALL EXPOSED EDGES 3/4", UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

SUPERSTRUCTURE SLAB: ENSURE THE ENTIRE SUPERSTRUCTURE SLAB IS POURED CONTINUOUSLY, OUT TO OUT, SEFORE ALLOWING ANY CONCRETE TO SET,

<u>PROMOTING NEW CONNEETE TO PREVIOUSLY PLACED CONCRETE, WHERE CONCRETE PATCHING IS CALLED FOR IN THE PRANS. NEW CONCRETE SHALL BE BONDED TO PREVIOUSLY FEALED CONCRETE WITH A TWO COMPONENT PEOXY RESIN SYSTEM CONFOCUENT SILADO 886 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS. THE COSTO OF THIS WORK, INCLUDING ALL LABORA, TOOLS AND MATERIALS IS TO INCIDENTAL TO THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR THE CLASS WORK, CONCRETE BEING PLACED.</u>

<u>ELASTOMERIC BEARING PADS.</u> ELASTOMERIC BEARING PADS SHALL CONFORM TO THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 18.

BEARINGS SHALL BE LOW TEMPERATURE GRADE 3 WITH A SHEAR MODULUS BETWEEN 95 PSI AND 130 PSI AND SHALL BE SOBLECTED TO THE LOAD TESTING REQUIREMENTS CORRESCANDING TO DESIGN METHOD B. THE COST OF BEARING FADS 15 TO BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE PER LINGAR FEET FOR PRECAST BEAMS.

MASTIC TAPE: MASTIC TAPE USED TO SEAL JOINTS IS TO MEET "THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C-877 TYPE I, II, OR III. THE JOINT IS TO BE COVERED WITH 12" WIDE MASTIC TAPE. PRIOR TO APPLICATION, THE JOINT SURFACE SHALL BE CLEAN AND FREE OF DIRT, DEBRIS, OR DELETERIOUS MATERIAL, PRIMER, IF REQUIRED BY THE TAPE MANUFACTURER, SHALL BE APPLIED FOR A MINIMUM WIDTH OF 9" ON EACH SIDE OF THE JOINT.

MASTIC TAPE SHALL BE EITHER:

EZ-WRAP RUBBER BY PRESS-SEAL CASKET CORPORATION, SSAL WRAP BY MAR MAC MANUFACTURING CO. INC., CADILLOC BY THE UP RUBBER CO. INC. OR APPROVED GOUAL.

MASILG TAPE SHALL COVER THE JOINT CONTINUOUSLY UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN IN THE PLANS. MASILG TAPE SHALLED BY TAPING A MINIMUM OF 6' AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS WITH THE OVERLAP FUNNING DOWNHILL.

THE COST OF LABOR, MATERIALS, AND INCIDENTAL ITEMS FOR FURNISHING AND INSTALLING MASTIC TAPE SHALL CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR CONCRETE CLASS 'AA AND NO SEPARATE MEASUREMENT OF SHAMENT SHALL BE MADE.

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COMPLETION OF THE STRUCTURE. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE STRUCTURE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECHFOLDINGS. MATERIAL, LABOR OR CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS, NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, MAY THE BE INCLUDED IN THE BID ITEM MOST APPROPRIATE TO THE WORK INVOLVED AND OTHERWISE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO THE CONTRACT, THE MAY INCLUDE COFFERDAMS, SHORING, EXCAVATIONS, BACK FILLING, REMOVAL OF ALL OR PRATS OF THE EXISTING STRUCTURES, PHASE CONSTRUCTION, INCIDENTAL MATERIALS, LABOR, OR ANYTHING ELSE REQUIRED TO COMPLETE IHE STRUCTURE.

ON-SITE INSECTION. EACH CONTRACTOR SUBMITING A BLD FOR THIS WORK SALAL MAKE A THOROUGH INSECTION OF THE PROCESS STATE PRIOR TO SUBMITITION. ABOUT SALAL BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIARIZED WITH EXISTING CONDITIONS STITMEN WORK CAN BE EXPEDITIONSLY PERFORMED AFTER A CONTRACT IS AWARDED. SUBMISSION OF A BID VALL BE CONSIDERED EVIDENCE OF THIS INSECTION HAVING BEIN MADE. ANY CLAIMS RESULTING FROM SITE CONDITIONS WILL BE THOROUGHD BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS.

<u>VERIFYING FIELD CONDITIONS.</u> THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS BEFORE ORDERING MATERIAL. NEW MARENAL THE IS INSUITABLE BECAUSE OF VARIATIONS IN THE EXISTING STRUCTURE SHALL BE REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXTENSE.

BEFORE YOU DIG. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL REQUIREMENTS AND CONFORMATION WITH THE WOOFFIGHOUS MILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LICEATING WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LICEATING AND VIOUEFRONDO FACILITY CONSTRUCTION. AND VIILLITES ON CHAIS PROOF TO CONSTRUCTION. AND VIILLITES OF STARKED PROOF THE CONTRACTOR SO BENEVINDE A RESULT OF THE CONTRACTOR SO REALTINGS. THE BEFEATED TO THE WISTACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR SO THE CONTRACTOR SO THE CONTRACTOR SO THE CONTRACTOR SO TANDES OF THE CONTRACTOR SO TANDES OF THE CONTRACTOR SO ADVISED TO CALL SOOF TANDES OF THE WOOFFICE OFFICE SO THE CONTRACTOR SOURCE OFFICE SOOF TANDES OFFI THE CONTRACTOR SOURCE OFFI THE CONTRACTOR OFFI THE CONTRACTOR SOURCE OFFI THE CONTRACTOR OFFI THE CONTRACTOR SOURCE OFFI THE

JISPOSAL OF MATERIALS; ALL MATERIALS AND DEBRIS REMOVED FROM THE PROJECTS SHALL BECOWE THE PROPERTY DF THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY.

STAKING: CONSTRUCTION STAKING, IF REQUIRED, SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO CLASS 'AA' CONCRETE.

PLANS OF EXISTING STRUCTURE: AS AN AID TO THE CONTRACTOR, THE PLANS OF THE EXISTING STRUCTURE ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE DIVISION OF MAINTENANCE LPON REQUEST. THE COMPLETENESS OF THESE DRAWINGS IS NOT GLARANTEED AND NO RESPONSIBILITY IS ASSUMED BY KYTC FOR THEIR ACCURACY. THE EXISTING DRAWING NUMBER FOR THIS STRUCTURE IS G-24.

REMOVE EXISTING STRUCTURE: THE EXISTING BEAMS, DECK, AND BRIDGE RAILINGS ARE TO BE REMOVED. ALL REMOVAL NORS SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR 'REMOVE SUPERSTRUCTURE'.

Commonwealth of Kentucky DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS CHECKED BY M. FASANO CREEK LICK FORK CREE

GENERAL NOTES BRIDGING KENTUCKY LAUREL E: 10/22/2018 IIGNED BY: G. GLASS AILED BY: S. PARSONS Stantec KY-80 0 BRIDGE NUMBER 063B00013N

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BOX BEAMS SHALL BE FABRICATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD DRAWING BDP-007-04 AS TABULATED FOR THE 36 FEET SPAN OF CBI7 EXCEPT THAT C4 STIRRUPS SET TOP OF CONCRETE DECK ELEVATIONS TO MATCH
SEXTSING PAVEMENT GEOMETRY. VERSIT THAT EXISTING
PAVEMENT AND BEARING ELEVATIONS WILL GLUOW FOR
AN 8"SLAB, 2" HAUNCH, IT"DEEP BOX BEAM AND THE
PROPOSED BEARING FADS, ADJUST THE DEPTH OF THE
PROPOSED BEARING SEAT CONCRETE, IF REQUIRED. REMOVE EXISTING BEAMS, DECK AND BRIDGE RAILINGS. REMOVE EXISTING ENDWALL AND BEAMS. CAST CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM FULL DEPTH OF ABUTMENT CAP. BOX BEAMS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN AND IN SHALL BE SPACED AS TABULATED ON THIS DRAWING. COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARD DRAWINGS BDP-001-05, BDP-002-03, BDP-003-03 AND BDP-007-04. 12" WIDE MASTIC TAPE TO WATERPROOF THE JOINT BETWEEN THE BEAM AND THE ABUTMENT. THE TAPE SHALL BE LOOPED AS SHOWN TO ALLOW FOR Commonwealth of Kentucky DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS MOVEMENT WITHOUT DAMAGE TO THE TAPE, INSTALL PLASTIC FILM OR OTHER BOND BREAKER BETWEEN INSTALL RAIL SYSTEM TYPE 3 RAIL AND TIE INTO EXISTING APPROACH GUARDRAIL USING STANDARD CHECKED BY M. FASANO DRAWINGS BHS-008-02, BGX-015-03 AND RBC-005. NOTIFY ENGINEER IF BEARING SEAT IS NARROWER INSTALL BEAMS AND CONSTRUCT DECK AS SHOWN. STANDARD DRAWING BBP-003-02, SET PADS AND CORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD DRAWING BDP-002-03. LICK FORK CREEK

LAYOUT INSTALL BEARING PADS IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLY CONCRETE SEALING TO SUBSTRUCTURE BRIDGING LAUREL PROPOSED HEIGHT OF ABUTMENT CAP: TAPE LOOP AND EXPANSION JOINT. DATE: 10/22/2018
DESIGNED BY: G. GLASS
DETAILED BY: S. PARSONS UNITS, PER SPECIAL NOTE. AT BEAMS 1 AND $3 = 10^{\circ}$ AT BEAM $2 = 1' - 0/2^{\circ}$ Stantec Stantec KY-80 BOX BEAM NOTES: THAN 1'-6". BRIDGE NUMBER 0 063B00013N -RAISE ABUTMENT CAP AT BEAM LOCATIONS. EXTEND SEATS 1' PAST ALL FREE SIDES OF BEAMS. (SEE NOTES 7 & 8) (3) =5 EA FACE NEAR FACE BETWEEN BEAMS FAR FACE CONTINUOUS BEHIND BEAMS STANDARD HOOK TO MATCH SIZE AND SPACING OF DECK REINFORCMENT -PROPOSED BEAM "#5 BARS DRILLED AND GROUTED AT 12" SPACING WITH 12" MIN DEPTH RAISE ABUTMENT CAP (SEE NOTES 7 & 8) ABUTMENT ELEVATION
(ABUTMENT SCALE MAY NOT REFLECT FIELD CONDITIONS) 8" SLAB - #5 @ 12" 0.C. (WORK TABLE WITH STANDARD DRAWING BDP-007-04) ÷ 2" CLEAR (TYP) - C ABUTMENT TABLE OF DIMENSION DATA - E BRG & SECTION AT ABUTMENT (DOWEL DETAILS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY) 49" ÷ -REMOVE PART OF ABUTMENT TO ACCOMMODATE DECK, AS REQUIRED (TYP) (2) #5 22.-. ن SEE NOTE 5-END OF PRECAST BEAM 1/2* +/-SEE NOTE 6 CONSTRUCT ARMORED EDGE PER STANDARD DRAWING BJE-001-13 EXISTING ABUTMENT -SEE NOTE 9-49. BEAM LENGTH (FEET) 24'-5" PLACE SELECT-GRANULAR BACKFILL INSTALL RAIL SYSTEM TYPE 3 RAIL (TYP) (SEE NOTE 3) MATCHING EXISTING-PAVEMENT AND SUBGRADE DEPTH MILL AND OVERLAY 25 FEET OF APPROACH PAVEMENT AT EACH APPROACH TO MATCH CONCRETE DECK AT BRIDGE ENDS. HAUNCH (TYP) 1,-6 C BEAM 3 3,-6 LONG REINF #5 @ 12" TOP AND BOTTOM * * 15,-6" 11,-0 TYPICAL SECTION
(BEAM REINFORCEMENT AND DRAINS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY) ABUTMENT 1→ ← C BEAM 2 THROUGH BARRIER DRAIN AT MIDSPAN (TYP) € BRIDGE 8" SLAB 25'-0" OUT TO OUT (FIELD VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS) ADD RIPRAP ALONG ABUTMENT 1, AS REQUIRED F & BEAM 2 BEAM 3 23'-6" SPAN PLAN LICK FORK CB17 BOX BEAMS (TYP) CREEK 9,-0. TRANSV REINF #6 @ 9" TOP AND BOTTOM MATCH EXISTING SLOPE (TYP) C BEAM 1 € BEAM 1-11,-0. 15,-6 — € ABUTMENT PATCH WINGWALLS, AS REQUIRED (TYP) U 2" (TYP) 3,-6 7" (TYP) .9 _-0 #5x3'-9" @ 9" TOP BETWEEN #6 BARS (TYP EACH SIDE) /2 DRIP NOTCH (TYP) * TUO 0T TUO "O-'2S ±3MAN T33H2-3

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PLACING BRIDGE OVERLAY APPROACH PAVEMENT

I. DESCRIPTION

Perform all work in accordance with the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, Department of Highway's 2012 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and applicable Supplemental Specifications, the Standard Drawings, this Note, and the Contract Documents. Section references are to the Standard Specifications.

This work consists of the following:

- 1. Furnish all labor, materials, tools, and equipment.
- 2. Mill the existing approach pavement.
- 3. Place new asphalt surface.
- 4. Repair the roadway shoulders, if needed.
- 5. Any other work specified as part of this contract.

II. MATERIALS

- **A.** CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG 64-22. This material shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications.
- B. Tack Coat. This material shall be in accordance with the Standard Specifications.
- C. DGA. See Section 302.
- D. CL2 ASPH BASE 1.0D PG 64-22. See Standard Specifications.

III. CONSTRUCTION

- A. Remove Existing Materials. Remove the existing pavement material to provide for a minimum of 1½" new pavement surface from the bridge end extending approximately 25 feet into the approach pavement and across the width of the approach pavement. The Engineer shall determine the actual length and width of the milling depending on site conditions at each bridge approach. Mill the existing surface so that the new asphalt surface will tie into the new armored edge on the newly constructed backwall and matches the elevation of the bridge end. The Engineer shall approve the Contractor's plan for restoring the approach grade prior to the removal of the existing surface. Dispose of all removed material entirely away from the job site or as directed by the Engineer.
- **B. Shoulder Reconstruction.** Replace shoulders in kind at the approaches to match the width and new elevation of the riding surface on the bridge and to receive New Asphalt Surface Overlay. Shoulders shall receive identical treatment to the mainline pavement.
- C. Produce and Place New Asphalt Surface. Apply an asphalt tack coat in accordance with Section 406. Produce and place the new 1 ½" asphalt surface in accordance with Section 403 and compact under Option B. The new asphalt surface mixture required for this project shall be "CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG64-22". Place the new asphalt surface to smoothly connect the existing roadway grade at the end of the project, and the new abutment backwall.

D. Pavement Markings. Pavement striping will be required to match the existing pavement striping. Pavement striping shall be in accordance with applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and shall be paid accordingly. Raised pavement markers within the limits of the "Bridge Overlay Approach Pavement" shall be removed prior to the milling operation. The marker castings shall be cleaned and returned to the Engineer.

IV. MEASUREMENT

The Department will measure the quantity in square yards. The Department will measure along the centerline from each end of the structure to the point where the new pavement ties into the exiting pavement and across the width of the new pavement perpendicular to the centerline of the roadway.

V. PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit price per square yard is full compensation for backfilling, removing existing pavement markers, mobilization of milling equipment, removing specified existing pavement material, reconstruct shoulders as needed, furnishing and installing the asphalt tack coat, producing and placing the new asphalt surface, and all incidental items necessary to complete the work within the specified pay limits as specified by this note and as shown in the Contract Documents.

<u>Code</u>	<u>Pav Item</u>	<u>Pav Unit</u>
03304	Bridge Overlay Approach Pavement	Square Yards

The Department will consider payment as full compensation for all work required.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CONCRETE PATCHING REPAIR

These Notes or designated portions thereof, apply where so indicated on the plans, proposals or bidding instruction.

I. DESCRIPTION. Perform all work in accordance with the Department's 2012 Standard Specifications, and applicable Supplemental Specifications, the attached sketches, and these Notes. Section references are to the Standard Specifications.

This work consists of: (1) Furnish all labor, materials, tools, and equipment; (2) Remove existing spalled/delaminated concrete; (3) Prepare the existing surface for concrete patching; (4) Place hook fasteners and welded wire fabric over surfaces to be repaired (where applicable); (5) Apply concrete patching as specified by this note and as shown on the attached detail drawings; (6) Finish and cure the new Concrete Patches; (7) Maintain & control traffic; and, (8) Any other work specified as part of this contract.

II. MATERIALS.

- A. Class "M" Concrete. Use either "M1" or "M2". See Section 601.
- **B.** Steel Reinforcement. Use Grade 60. See Section 602
- C. Welded Steel Wire Fabric (WWF). Conform to Section 811
- **D. Hook Fasteners.** Use commercial grade galvanized hook fasteners. Minimum 3/16" diameter.

III. CONSTRUCTION.

A. Concrete Removal and Preparation. The Contractor, as directed by the Engineer shall locate and remove all loose, spalled, deteriorated and delaminated concrete. Sounding shall be used to locate delaminated areas. Care shall be exercised not to damage areas of sound concrete or reinforcing steel during concrete removal operations. Concrete removal shall be in accordance with a sequence approved by the Engineer.

Concrete removal shall be accomplished by chipping with hand picks, chisels or light duty pneumatic or electric chipping hammers (not to exceed 15 lbs.). Remove all deteriorated loose concrete to a minimum depth of 4". When reinforcing steel is exposed, concrete removal shall continue until there is a minimum ¾ inch clearance around the exposed reinforcing bar. Care shall be taken to not damage bond to adjacent non-exposed reinforcing steel during concrete removal processes. Unless specifically *directed by the Engineer*, depth of removal shall not exceed 6 inches.

The perimeter of all areas where concrete is removed shall be tapered at an approximately 45° angle, except that the outer edges of all chipped areas shall be saw cut to minimum depth of 1 inch to prevent featheredging unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

After all deteriorated concrete has been removed; the repair surface to receive concrete patching shall be prepared by abrasive blast cleaning. Abrasive blast cleaning shall remove all fractured surface concrete and all traces of any unsound

material or contaminants such as oil, grease, dirt, slurry, or any materials which could interfere with the bond of freshly placed concrete.

The Contractor shall dispose all removed material off State Right Of Way in an approved site.

B. Steel Reinforcement. All corroded reinforcing steel exposed during concrete removal shall have corrosion products removed by abrasive grit blasting or wire brush whichever is more appropriate. Furnish for replacement, as directed by the Engineer, additional linear feet of steel reinforcing bars ½" diameter by 20-foot lengths. Place these bars in areas deemed by the Engineer to require additional reinforcement. Field cutting and bending is permitted. Deliver unused bars to the nearest County Maintenance Barn. Payment will be made in accordance with Section 602.

Reinforcing steel displaying deep pitting or loss of more than 20 percent of cross-sectional area shall be removed and replaced. Such bars shall be placed in accordance with the recommendations of ACI 506R, Sections 5.4 and 5.5. In particular, bars shall not be bundled in lapped splices, but shall be placed such that the minimum spacing around each bar is three times the maximum aggregate size to allow for proper encapsulation with concrete patching.

Intersecting reinforcing bars shall be tightly secured to each other using tie wire and adequately supported to minimize movement during concrete placement.

Welded wire fabric (WWF) shall be provided when shown on the attached sketches and at each repair area larger than 1 square foot if the depth of the repair exceeds 3 inches from the original dimension of the repaired member. Sheets of adjoining WWF shall be lapped by at least one and one-half spaces at all intersections, in both directions, and be securely fastened. WWF fabric shall be supported no closer than ½ inch to the prepared concrete surface and shall have a minimum concrete cover of 1.5 inches.

WWF shall be fastened to preset anchors on a grid not more than 12 inches square. Large knots of tie wire which could result in sand pockets and voids during patching shall be avoided.

C. Hook Fasteners. Hook fasteners shall be positioned at the spacing as stated above or as directed by the Engineer. Any given area shall have a minimum of four anchors. The WWF shall not move or deform excessively during concrete patching. Maximum hook fastener spacing shall not exceed 2 feet on a grid pattern over the entire repair area.

Hook fasteners shall be of commercial grade galvanized steel with a minimum diameter of 3/16". They may be mechanically set or grouted, as approved by the Engineer.

The Department will randomly select hook fasteners to be tested to verify pullout force is sufficient. If any anchors fail to meet the minimum acceptable pullout value, corrective measures shall be taken by the Contractor and further testing will be conducted.

- **D.** Class M Concrete. Place and finish the new concrete for the patching area as shown on the attached detail drawings, or as directed by the Engineer. The Engineer shall approve the Contractor's method of placing and consolidating the concrete prior to the beginning of this operation.
- **E. Curing.** On completion of finishing operation, patching concrete shall immediately be prevented from drying out and cracking by fogging, wetting, and/or any appropriate method approved by the Engineer. See Section 501.03.15.

Each Contractor submitting a bid for this work shall make a thorough inspection of the site prior to submitting his bid and shall thoroughly familiarize himself with existing conditions so that the work can be expeditiously performed after a contract is awarded. Submission of a bid will be considered evidence of this inspection having been made. Any claims resulting from site conditions will not be honored by the Department. Quantities given are approximate. The quantity for "Concrete Patching Repair" shall be bid with the contingency that quantities may be increased, decreased, or eliminated by the Engineer. Dispose of all removed material entirely away from the job site as approved by the Engineer. This work is incidental to the contract unit price for "Concrete Patching Repair".

IV. MEASUREMENT

- **A. Concrete Patching Repair.** The Department will measure the quantity per square feet of each area restored. Double payment will not be made on both faces of corner repairs.
- **B. Steel Reinforcement.** See Section 602.
- C. Welded Wire Fabric & Hook Fasteners. Welded Wire Fabric and Hook Fasteners will not be measured for payment, but shall be considered incidental to "Concrete Patching Repair".

V. PAYMENT

- A. Concrete Patching Repair. Payment at the contract unit price per square feet is full compensation for the following: (1) Furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment; (2) preparation of specified areas including removing and disposing of specified existing materials; (3) place, finish, and cure new concrete patches; and (4) all incidentals necessary to complete the work as specified by this note and as shown on the attached detail drawings.
- **B. Steel Reinforcement.** See Section 602.

The Department will consider payment as full compensation for all work required by these notes and detail drawings.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CONCRETE SEALING

I. DESCRIPTION

Perform all work in accordance with the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, Department of Highways 2012 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and applicable Supplemental Specifications, the Standard Drawings, this Note, and the Contract Documents. Section references are to the Standard Specifications.

This work consists of the following:

- 1. Furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidental items necessary to complete the work.
- 2. Provide safe access to the bridge, in accordance with Section 107.01.01, for the Engineer to sound possible repair areas and for workers to complete the construction.
- 3. Repair cracks as applicable in accordance with the Special Note for Epoxy Injection Crack Repair.
- 4. Repair delaminated or spalled areas as applicable in accordance with the Special Note for Concrete Patching.
- 5. Apply Ordinary Surface Finish
- 6. Prepare the surfaces to receive coating.
- 7. Apply concrete coating.
- 8. Any other work as specified as part of this contract.

II. MATERIALS

One of the following coating systems shall be used:

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Prime Coat</u>	<u>Finish Coat</u>
Sherwin Williams	Macropoxy 646	Acrolon 218 HS
PPG	Amerlock 2	Devoe Devflex HP
Carboline	Carboguard 890	Carbothane 133 HB
Tnemec	Elastogrip 151	Envirocrete 156

The coating shall be tinted and the color shall closely match the existing concrete. The finish product shall be opaque and satin or semi-gloss. The contractor must apply sufficient coats as required to achieve this goal.

Furnish to the Engineer copies of the manufacturer's technical data sheets, installation guidelines, material safety data sheets, and other pertinent data at least two (2) days prior to beginning the work.

III. CONSTRUCTION

A. Perform Concrete Repairs. Repair concrete surface in accordance with the Special Note for Epoxy Injection Crack Repair and/or the Special Note for Concrete Patching Repair as applicable.

B. Apply Ordinary Surface Finish. Areas receiving epoxy injection, concrete patching, and other surface imperfections, including areas of minor cracking, should receive Ordinary Surface Finish in accordance with Section 601.03.18 of the Standard Specifications. Use mortar of the same cement and fine aggregate as the concrete patching, or as directed by the Engineer. Payment will be incidental to Concrete Sealing.

C. Areas to Receive Concrete Sealing:

- a. All exposed concrete on abutments and wingwalls.
- b. All exposed concrete on piers, including caps.
- **D. Prepare Concrete Surfaces for Repair.** All areas specified shall be pressure washed. All equipment for pressure washing shall be operated at a minimum pressure of up 4,000 psi with 0 degree spinner tip and/or fan tips as determined by the engineer at the working location with a minimum flow rate of 3.5 gal/minute provided that these pressures do not damage any components of the structure. Pressure and flow rates shall be reduced to a level satisfactory to the Engineer should any damage occur due to power washing procedures. Pressure washing shall be operated at distance of approximately six inches from and perpendicular to the surface. All pressure washing wands shall be equipped with a gauge to accurately determine the amount pressure used. Pressure washing of any bridge element will proceed from top of wash area to bottom of wash area. Wash water will not be released to a bridge element previously washed. Preform all pressure washing at temperatures above 40 degrees Fahrenheit.
- E. Apply Concrete Coating. All areas specified shall have concrete coating applied to as specified after debris removal and power washing. New concrete shall be allowed to properly cure in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations prior to application. Use compressed air to remove any loose debris from the surfaces that are to be coated after power washing. All coatings shall be applied within manufacturers recommended dry film thickness range. Comply with KYTC "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" Section 614.03.02 and coatings supplier recommended conditions for application. Allow the surfaces to be coated to dry before any coating is applied. The coating must be applied to a clean and dry surface. All coating application shall be executed using brushes, rollers, etc. No spray application will be permitted.

The Department requires acceptance testing of samples obtained on a per-lot basis per-shipment. The Division of Materials shall perform acceptance testing. Test samples shall be taken at the Contractor's paint storage site. Department personnel shall perform sampling. Allow (10) working days for testing and approval of the sampled paint. It is the Contractor's responsibility to maintain an adequate inventory of approved paint. The Department shall assume no responsibility for lost work due to rejection of paint or approved paint subsequently found to be defective during the application process. Preform all concrete coating application at temperatures above 40 degrees Fahrenheit or in accordance with manufactures specifications.

LAUREL COUNTY FD04 063 0080 017-018

IV. MEASUREMENT

The Department will measure the quantity as lump sum. The Department will not measure preparation of the site for the Engineer's access or removal and reapplication of coatings that do not satisfy the Engineer's approval for payment and will consider them incidental to "Concrete Sealing".

V. PAYMENT.

The Department will make payment for the completed and accepted quantities of concrete sealing under the following:

<u>Code</u>	<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
23378EC	Concrete Sealing	Square Foot

The Department will consider payment as full compensation for all work required as described in this note.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL ON BRIDGE REPAIR CONTRACTS

063B00013N Laurel County

I. TRAFFIC CONTROL GENERAL

Except as provided herein, traffic shall be maintained in accordance with the 2012 standard specifications, section 112. The contractor will be responsible for developing and implementing the maintenance of traffic details with guidance through standard drawings and the MUTCD current editions. The developed traffic control plan must be approved by the Engineer prior to implementation. The contractor is expected to provide at a minimum the items listed in this note, however this note does not relieve the contractor of other items that may be necessary to comply with current standards. Except for the roadway and traffic control bid items listed, all items of work necessary to maintain and control traffic will be paid at the lump sum bid price to "Maintain and Control Traffic".

Contrary to section 106.01, traffic control devices used on this project may be new or used in new condition, at the beginning of the work and maintained in like new condition until completion of the work.

The contractor is allowed to close the bridge to traffic in order to complete the work for a total of 30 calendar days. The contractor must notify the engineer and public information officer at least 14 calendar days prior to the planned closure. Please see the Special Note for Liquidated Damages for additional information.

II. TRAFFIC COORDINATOR

Furnish a traffic coordinator as per section 112. The traffic coordinator shall inspect the project maintenance of traffic, at least three times daily, or as directed by the engineer, during the contractor's operations and at any time a lane closure or road closure is in place. The personnel shall have access on the project to a radio or telephone to be used in case of emergencies or accidents. The traffic coordinator shall report all incidents throughout the work zone to the engineer on the project. The contractor shall furnish the name and telephone number where the traffic coordinator can be contacted at all times.

III. SIGNS

The contractor is responsible for all signage during construction. The contractor shall adhere to the standard drawings and manual on uniform traffic control devices (MUTCD) for guidance. If, at any time, the engineer requests a change in the maintenance of traffic signage, the contractor shall implement the change within 8 hours. Failure to implement these changes within the required eight hours will result in liquidated damages of \$5,000 per day.

The contractor shall provide all detour signing needed for the bridge closure. All signing required will be incidental to the lump sum bid item "Maintain and Control Traffic".

The department will not measure installation, maintenance, or removal for payment of any detour signage or standard construction signage, and will consider these incidental to "Maintain and Control Traffic"

Closure signs and detour signs should be placed no sooner than two weeks prior to the closing of the bridge. Wayfinding detour signs should be placed a maximum of 2 miles apart unless specified by the engineer. Signs shall be covered or removed within 24 hours of opening the bridge to traffic.

Road closed signs should be double signed and placed a minimum of 1500', 1000', and 500' in advance of the closure, in addition to signage required by the MUTCD and standard drawings.

IV. TEMPORARY PAVEMENT STRIPING

It is not anticipated that temporary pavement striping will be needed since the bridge will be closed. However, if the contractor's means and methods allows for need for temporary striping, conflicting pavement marking will be covered with 6" black removable tape. Contrary to the standard specifications, no direct payment will be made for any temporary striping, pavement striping removal, or any other temporary striping item. If temporary striping is used, the contractor shall replace any temporary striping that becomes damaged or fails to adhere to the pavement before dark on the d ay of the notification. Liquidated damages shall be assessed to the contractor at a rate of \$500 per day for failing to replace temporary striping within this time limit.

V. PROJECT PHASING & CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

Project phasing shall be as directed by the plans, special notes, and the approved Traffic Control Plan prepared by the contractor. Maintain traffic over the bridge as long as possible. Once the structure is closed ensure work progresses to minimize the effected time to the public. All materials that must be made specific for the project should be ordered and made prior to closure of the bridge so that delivery does not delay the reopening, unless approved by the Engineer. If the bridge is reopened prior to safety devices being in place, an approved protective barrier wall shall be placed in accordance to the standard drawings. Contrary to standard specifications, no direct payment would be made for the barrier wall and will be considered incidental to "Maintain and Control Traffic".

VI. PAVEMENT DROP-OFF

Less than two inches - no protection required. Warning signs should be placed In advance and throughout the drop-off area.

Two to four inches - plastic drums, vertical panels or barricades every 100 feet on tangent sections for speeds of 50 mph or greater. Cones may be used in place of plastic drums, panels and barricades during daylight hours. For tangent sections with speeds less than 50 mph and curves devices should be placed every 50 feet. Spacing of devices on tapered sections should be in accordance with the manual on uniform traffic control devices, current edition.

Greater than four inches - positive separation or wedge with 3:1 or flatter slope needed. If there is five feet or more distance between the edge of the pavement and the drop-off, then drums, panel, or barricades may be used. If the drop-off is greater than 12 inches, positive separation is strongly encouraged. If concrete barriers are used, special reflective devices or steady burn lights should be used for overnight installations.

For temporary conditions, drop-offs greater than four inches may be protected with plastic drums, vertical panels or barricades for short distances during daylight hours while work is being done in the drop-off area.

VII. VARIABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

The contractor is expected to provide up to four (4) message boards for use at locations determined by the engineer. These message boards are expected to be in place one week prior to the closure of the roadway and remain in place for the duration of the closure. Contrary to the standard specification, no direct payment will be made for variable message signs. These signs will be considered incidental to the lump sum bid item "Maintain and Control Traffic".

VIII. BARRICADES AND BARRIER WALL

During closure of the bridge, ensure a minimum of (4) type III barricades are used at each end of the bridge for a total of (8) type III barricades. Contrary to the standard specifications, no direct payment will be made for barricades but they will be included in the lump sum price for "Maintain and Control Traffic".

VIII. DETOUR

The traffic control plan proposed by the contractor shall include a signed detour route for the road closure. The traffic control plan along with the proposed detour plan will be delivered to the engineer at the pre-construction meeting. The proposed detour route shall meet the following requirements:

- 1) Detour routes must remain at minimum on the same classification of roadway (i.e. AA, AAA, state, county, etc.) Unless written approval is obtained through the owner of the facility.
- 2) The contractor must coordinate with other projects along the detour route in order to avoid ongoing construction projects along those routes.
- 3) Signed detour routes must be on roadways with similar roadway characteristics, i.e. pavement widths and roadway striping.
- 4) It may be determined that two detour routes would be needed if the first selected route cannot accommodate truck traffic. If this occurs, the contractor is expected to sign both detours per the standard drawings and MUTCD. Additional clarification signage between the detours may be needed at points where they diverge.

The traffic control plan must be submitted and approved to allow for coordination of the public information officer with the closure notification. The public must be notified of the proposed detour route when they are notified of the closure, 2 weeks before closure. All time and expenses necessary for the development of the detour plan(s) will be incidental to the lump sum bid item "Maintain and Control Traffic".

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

This Special Note will apply when indicated on the plans or in the proposal.

1.0 DESCRIPTION. Furnish, install, operate, and maintain variable message signs at the locations shown on the plans or designated by the Engineer. Remove and retain possession of variable message signs when they are no longer needed on the project.

2.0 MATERIALS.

2.1 General. Use LED Variable Message Signs Class I, II, or III, as appropriate, from the Department's List of Approved Materials.

Unclassified signs may be submitted for approval by the Engineer. The Engineer may require a daytime and nighttime demonstration. The Engineer will make a final decision within 30 days after all required information is received.

2.2 Sign and Controls. All signs must:

- 1) Provide 3-line messages with each line being 8 characters long and at least 18 inches tall. Each character comprises 35 pixels.
- Provide at least 40 preprogrammed messages available for use at any time.
 Provide for quick and easy change of the displayed message; editing of the message; and additions of new messages.
- 3) Provide a controller consisting of:
 - a) Keyboard or keypad.
 - b) Readout that mimics the actual sign display. (When LCD or LCD type readout is used, include backlighting and heating or otherwise arrange for viewing in cold temperatures.)
 - c) Non-volatile memory or suitable memory with battery backup for storing pre-programmed messages.
 - d) Logic circuitry to control the sequence of messages and flash rate.
- 4) Provide a serial interface that is capable of supporting complete remote control ability through land line and cellular telephone operation. Include communication software capable of immediately updating the message, providing complete sign status, and allowing message library queries and updates.
- 5) Allow a single person easily to raise the sign to a satisfactory height above the pavement during use, and lower the sign during travel.
- Be Highway Orange on all exterior surfaces of the trailer, supports, and controller cabinet.
- 7) Provide operation in ambient temperatures from -30 to + 120 degrees Fahrenheit during snow, rain and other inclement weather.
- 8) Provide the driver board as part of a module. All modules are interchangeable, and have plug and socket arrangements for disconnection and reconnection. Printed circuit boards associated with driver boards have a conformable coating to protect against moisture.
- Provide a sign case sealed against rain, snow, dust, insects, etc. The lens is UV stabilized clear plastic (polycarbonate, acrylic, or other approved material) angled to prevent glare.
- 10) Provide a flat black UV protected coating on the sign hardware, character PCB, and appropriate lens areas.
- 11) Provide a photocell control to provide automatic dimming.

- 12) Allow an on-off flashing sequence at an adjustable rate.
- 13) Provide a sight to aim the message.
- 14) Provide a LED display color of approximately 590 nm amber.
- 15) Provide a controller that is password protected.
- 16) Provide a security device that prevents unauthorized individuals from accessing the controller.
- 17) Provide the following 3-line messages preprogrammed and available for use when the sign unit begins operation:

/KEEP/RIGHT/⇒⇒⇒/ /MIN/SPEED/**MPH/ /ICY/BRIDGE/AHEAD/ /ONE /KEEP/LEFT/**←←←**/ LANE/BRIDGE/AHEAD/ /LOOSE/GRAVEL/AHEAD/ /ROUGH/ROAD/AHEAD/ /RD WORK/NEXT/**MILES/ /MERGING/TRAFFIC/AHEAD/ /TWO WAY/TRAFFIC/AHEAD/ /NEXT/***/MILES/ /PAINT/CREW/AHEAD/ /HEAVY/TRAFFIC/AHEAD/ /REDUCE/SPEED/**MPH/ /SPEED/LIMIT/**MPH/ /BRIDGE/WORK/***0 FT/ /BUMP/AHEAD/ /MAX/SPEED/**MPH/ /TWO/WAY/TRAFFIC/ /SURVEY/PARTY/AHEAD/

*Insert numerals as directed by the Engineer.

Add other messages during the project when required by the Engineer.

2.3 Power.

- Design solar panels to yield 10 percent or greater additional charge than sign consumption. Provide direct wiring for operation of the sign or arrow board from an external power source to provide energy backup for 21 days without sunlight and an on-board system charger with the ability to recharge completely discharged batteries in 24 hours.
- **3.0 CONSTRUCTION.** Furnish and operate the variable message signs as designated on the plans or by the Engineer. Ensure the bottom of the message panel is a minimum of 7 feet above the roadway in urban areas and 5 feet above in rural areas when operating. Use Class I, II, or III signs on roads with a speed limit less than 55 mph. Use Class I or II signs on roads with speed limits 55 mph or greater.

Maintain the sign in proper working order, including repair of any damage done by others, until completion of the project. When the sign becomes inoperative, immediately repair or replace the sign. Repetitive problems with the same unit will be cause for rejection and replacement.

Use only project related messages and messages directed by the Engineer, unnecessary messages lessen the impact of the sign. Ensure the message is displayed in either one or 2 phases with each phase having no more than 3 lines of text. When no message is needed, but it is necessary to know if the sign is operable, flash only a pixel.

When the sign is not needed, move it outside the clear zone or where the Engineer directs. Variable Message Signs are the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the project when no longer needed. The Department will not assume ownership of these signs.

4.0 MEASUREMENT. The final quantity of Variable Message Sign will be

the actual number of individual signs acceptably furnished and operated during the project. The Department will not measure signs replaced due to damage or rejection.

5.0 PAYMENT. The Department will not make direct payment for Variable Message Sign. Variable Message Signs will be considered incidental to Maintain and Control Traffic.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR CONTRACT COMPLETION DATE AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES ON BRIDGE REPAIR CONTRACTS

063B00013N Laurel County

I. COMPLETION DATE.

Upon Notice to Proceed, the Contractor has the option of selecting the Begin Work date. Once selected, notify the Department in writing of the date selected at least two weeks prior to beginning work and provide a proposed project schedule. All work is to be completed by the specified contract completion date. The Contractor is allotted 30 calendar days once the bridge is closed to complete all work to safely reopen the structure with no lane closures. At a minimum, prior to reopening the bridge to traffic, all strength requirements and curing for materials used shall be completed per Division 600 of the Standard Specifications. Guardrail shall be installed to the satisfaction of the Engineer prior to reopening the bridge to traffic unless prior approval is obtained from the engineer for use of temporary railing.

The Engineer will begin charging calendar days for a structure on the day the Contractor closes the structure to traffic, regardless of holidays or seasonal weather limitations.

II. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES.

Liquidated damages will be assessed to the Contractor in accordance with the Transportation Cabinet, Department of Highway's 2012 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Section 108.09, when either the allotted number of calendar days or the specified completion date is exceeded.

Contrary to the Standard Specifications, liquidated damages will be assessed to the Contractor during the months of December, January, February and March when the contract time has expired on any individual bridge. Contract time will be charged during these months. All construction must be completed in accordance with the weather limitations specified in Section 606 and/or Section 601 as applicable. No extension of Contract time will be granted due to inclement weather or temperature limitations that occur due to starting work on the Contract or a structure late in the construction season.

Any approval of cold weather plans or allowance of construction operations to occur outside Section 606 and/or Section 601 does not alleviate the 30 day maximum bridge closure. In the event the closure lasts longer than 30 calendar days as specified, liquidated damages will apply to all excess days regardless of weather limitations.

SPECIAL NOTE

Tree Clearing Restriction Laurel County

Item No. 11-10025

Bridge No. 063B00013N

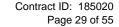
DUE TO THE RECOVEREY PLAN FOR ENDANGERED BATS, NO TREE CLEARING IS PERMITTED FROM JUNE 1 THROUGH JULY 31.

If there are any questions regarding this note, please contact Danny Peake, Director, Division of Environmental Analysis, 200 Mero Street, Frankfort, KY 40601, Phone: (502) 564-7250.

Special Note for Bridge Demolition, Renovation and Asbestos Abatement

If the project includes any bridge demolition or renovation, the successful bidder is required to notify Kentucky Division for Air Quality (KDAQ) via filing of form (DEP 7036) a minimum of 10 days prior to commencement of any bridge demolition or renovation work.

Any available information regarding possible asbestos containing materials (ACM) on or within bridges to be affected by the project has been included in the bid documents. These are to be included with the Contractor's notification filed with the KDAQ. If not included in the bid documents, the Department will provide that information to the successful bidder for inclusion in the KDAQ notice as soon as possible. If there are no documents stating otherwise, the bidders should assume there are no asbestos containing materials that will in any way affect the work.





Asbestos Inspection Report

To: Tom Springer, QK4, Inc.

Date: 10-11-2018

Conducted By: Jeffrey Lee, Lee Engineering, Ilc

Kentucky Accredited Asbestos Inspector # I11-05-8973

Project and Structure Identification

Project: Laurel County: Item No. 11-10025

Structure ID: 063B00013N

Structure Location: East Laurel Road over Lick Fork

Sample Description: Sample 1 black sealant between abutment and beams. Initial analysis

showed asbestos at 2%. Point counting shows asbestos at less than 1%.

Inspection Date: 9-27-2018

Results and Recommendations

The asbestos inspection was performed in accordance with current United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) regulations, specifically 40 CFR Part 61, Asbestos National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) revision, final rule effective November 20, 1990.

It is recommended that this report accompany the 10-Day Notice of Intent for Demolition (<u>DEP7036 Form</u>) which is to be submitted to the Kentucky Division of Air Quality prior to abatement, demolition, or renovation of any building or structure in the Commonwealth.

Sampling and analysis show the asbestos content less than 1%. Abatement is not required.

Contract ID: 185020 Page 30 of 55



KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET Department of Highways DIVISION OF RIGHT OF WAY & UTILITIES

TC 62-226 Rev. 01/2016 Page 1 of 1

RIGHT OF WAY CERTIFICATION

□ Origina	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	Re-Ce	rtificatio		RIGHT	OF WAY CERTIFICATI	ON
ITE	VI#			COUNTY	PROJ	ECT # (STATE)	PROJECT # (FEDERAL)
11-10025.00			Laurel		FD04 063 0	080 017-018	
PROJECT DESCRIPTION							
ADDRESS DEFICIENCIES OF KY-80 BRIDGE OVER LICK FORK CREEK. (063B00013N)							
No Additional Right of Way Required							
Construction w	Construction will be within the limits of the existing right of way. The right of way was acquired in accordance to EHWA segulations.					ance to FHWA regulations	
ander tite omi	diddentite officering Resocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisitions Policy Act of 1970, as amended. No additional right of way or					lo additional right of way or	
relocation assis	tance w	ere requi	ired for ti	nis project.			
Condition	n#1(A	ddition	al Right	of Way Required and	Cleared)		
nossession Tri	gnt or wa	ay, includ	ling cont	rol of access rights when	n applicable, have t	been acquired including	g legal and physical
remaining on t	ne right-	of-way h	out all oc	unants have vacated th	legal possession ha	is been obtained. There	e may be some improvements physical possession and the
rights to remov	e, salvag	e. or der	nolish all	improvements and ent	er on all land Tuet (rements, and KYIC has	physical possession and the n paid or deposited with the
court. All reloc	itions ha	ve been	relocated	to decent, safe, and sa	initary housing or t	hat KYTC has made ava	ilable to displaced persons
auequate repla	cement	nousing i	n accord	ance with the provision	s of the current FH'	WA directive.	mapie to dishlaced bet20U2
Condition	n#2(A	ddition	al Right	of Way Required wit	h Exception)	A STATE OF THE STA	William Street Street
The right of wa	y has not	t been fu	lly acquir	ed, the right to occupy	and to use all right	s-of-way required for t	he proper execution of the
project has bee	n acquir	ed. Some	e parcels	may be pending in cour	t and on other pard	cels full legal nossession	has not been obtained but
right of entry n	as been (optained	, the occi	upants of all lands and i	mprovements have	vacated, and KYTC has	s physical possession and right
to remove, salv	age, or o	iemoiisn	ali impro	vements. Just Compens	iation has been pai	d or deposited with the	COURT for most parcels, luct
Condisi	or all pe	noing pa	rceis Will	be paid or deposited w	ith the court prior	to AWARD of construct	ion contract
The acquisition	or right	Montion	al Kignt	of Way Required wit	h Exception)		
remaining occu	or rigiir nants ha	ve had r	ancy and eniaceme	use of a few remaining	parcels are not cor	mplete and/or some pa	rcels still have occupants. All
requesting auti	orizatio	to adve	rtise this	ent housing made availa	ore to them in acco	ordance with 49 CFR 24	.204. KYTC is hereby necessary right of way will not
be fully acquire	d, and/o	r some o	ccupants	will not be relocated, a	ind/or the just com	econg even though the	necessary right of way will not laid or deposited with the
court for some	parceis t	ıntıi aitei	r bid letti	ng. KYTC will fully meet	all the requiremen	its outlined in 23 CER 6	35 300(c)(3) and 40 CER
24-TOS(I) and M	ııı expea	ite comp	letion of	all acquisitions, relocati	ions, and full paym	ents after bid letting ar	nd prior to
AWARD OF THE	onstruct	lion cont	ract or fo	rce account construction	on.		1
Total Number of Pa			0	EXCEPTION (S) Parcel #	# ANTICIPATED DATE OF POSSESSION WITH EXPLANATION		
Number of Parcels	That Have	Been Acqu	_				
Signed Deed Condemnation			0				
Signed ROE			0				
Notes/ Commen	s (Use Ac	ditional S	heet if ne	cessary)			
							ŀ
LPA RW Project Manager Right of Way Supervisor				pervisor			
Printed Name Chad Bourke, P.E. Printed Name Mark Askin, P.E.		4					
Signature Signature Signature		1/10					
Date		/(412	16	Date		12-161
	Right of Way Director FHWA						
Printed Name			Dean M	l. Loy	Printed Name		
5ignature <	1	1000	}		Signature		
Date		7	12	OCTZOIB	Date		
00 07 35			Constitution -				

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

LAUREL COUNTY KY 80 OVER LICK FK CR SYP 11-10025

Utility coordination efforts conducted by the project sponsor have determined that no significant utility relocation work is required to complete the project. Any work pertaining to these utility facilities is defined in the bid package and is to be carried out as instructed by the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet. The contractor will be responsible for any coordination or adjustments that are discussed or quantified in the proposal.

proposan.		
THE FOLLOWING RA	IL COMPANIES HAVE FACILITIES IN CONJUNC	TION WITH THIS PROJECT AS NOTED
☑ No Rail Involved	☐ Minimal Rail Involved (See Below)	☐ Rail Involved (See Below)

UNDERGROUND FACILITY DAMAGE PROTECTION – BEFORE YOU DIG

The contractor shall make every effort to protect underground facilities from damage as prescribed in the Underground Facility Damage Protection Act of 1994, Kentucky Revised Statute KRS 367.4901 to 367.4917. It is the contractor's responsibility to determine and take steps necessary to be in compliance with federal and state damage prevention directives. The contractor is instructed to contact KY 811 for the location of existing underground utilities. Contact shall be made a minimum of two (2) and no more than ten (10) business days prior to excavation.

The contractor shall submit Excavation Locate Requests to the Kentucky Contact Center (KY 811) via web ticket entry. The submission of this request does not relieve the contractor from the responsibility of contacting non-member facility owners, whom are to be contacted through their individual Protection Notification Center. It may be necessary for the contractor to contact the County Court Clerk to determine what utility companies have facilities in the area. Non-compliance with these directives can result in the enforcement of penalties.

SPECIAL CAUTION NOTE – PROTECTION OF UTILITIES

The contractor will be responsible for contacting all utility facility owners on the subject project to coordinate his activities. The contractor will coordinate his activities to minimize and, where possible, avoid conflicts with utility facilities. Due to the nature of the work proposed, it is unlikely to conflict with the existing utilities beyond minor facility adjustments. Where conflicts with utility facilities are unavoidable, the contractor will coordinate any necessary relocation work with the facility owner and Resident Engineer. The

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet maintains the right to remove or alter portions of this contract if a utility conflict occurs.

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

LAUREL COUNTY KY 80 OVER LICK FK CR SYP 11-10025

The utility facilities as noted in the previous section(s) have been determined using data garnered by varied means and with varying degrees of accuracy: from the facility owners, a result of S.U.E., field inspections, and/or reviews of record drawings. The facilities defined may not be inclusive of all utilities in the project scope and are not Level A quality, unless specified as such. It is the contractor's responsibility to verify all utilities and their respective locations before excavating.

Please Note: The information presented in this Utility Note is informational in nature and the information contained herein is not guaranteed.

AREA UTILITIES CONTACT LIST AS PROVIDED BY KY 811

Jackson Co Energy COOP (Electric) 115 Jackson Energy Ln Mckee, KY 40447 800-262-7480 ext 7034

Attn: Tim Floyd

Windstream 719 North St London, KY 40741 606-309-8438

Attn: Bryan Reed

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Project: 11-10025

NOTICE

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NATIONWIDE SECTION 404 PERMIT AUTHORIZATION

DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION KENTUCKY DIVISION OF WATER SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Bridge Rehabilitation on KY-80 over Lick Fork Creek Laurel County, KY
KYTC Item No. 11-10025

The Sections 404 and 401 activities for this project have previously been permitted under the authority of the Department of the Army, Nationwide Section 404 Permit Number 14, *Linear Transportation Projects* (with additional *Kentucky Regional General Conditions*), and the Division of Section 401 Water General Water Quality Certification. For these authorized permits to be valid, the attached conditions must be followed. The contractor shall post a copy of this Nationwide Number 14 permit and General Water Quality Certification in a conspicuous location at the project site, with unencumbered public access, for the duration of construction and comply with the general conditions required.

Locations Impacting Water Quality

Station-Location	Description
Bridge ID:	The project will be a rehabilitation of the existing KY-80 Bridge over Lick Fork in
063B00013N	Laurel County, KY. The existing beams will be patched, curbs removed and a
	concrete deck pad with increased width to match approach guardrail will be placed
	on the existing beams. Guardrail will be realigned, and connection brackets will be
	attached to fascia beams. A masonry coating will be applied to abutments.
	Equipment may need to enter stream to remove sedimentation and perform beam
	patching. Project will not result in the loss of greater than 0.1 acre of waters of the
	U.S.; will not result in loss greater than 300 feet of ephemeral, intermittent, or
	perennial stream; and will not discharge to a special aquatic site.

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Project: 11-10025

This project involves work near and/or within Jurisdictional Waters of the United States as defined by the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers; therefore, requiring a Nationwide Number 14 General Section 404 permit. The Division of Water conditionally certified this General Permit. Importantly, one of those conditions regards the use of heavy equipment in any stream channel, or streambed. If there is need to cross the stream channel with heavy equipment, or conduct work within the stream channel, a work platform or temporary crossing, is authorized. Other conditions may be found under the heading, *General Certification—Nationwide Permit # 14 Linear Transportation Projects*.

In order for this authorization to be valid, the attached conditions must be followed. The contractor shall post a copy of this Nationwide Number 14 Approval in a conspicuous location at the project site, for the duration of the construction, and comply with the general conditions as required.

To more readily expedite construction, the contractor may elect to alter the design, or perform the work in a manner different from what was originally proposed and specified. Prior to commencing such alternative work, the contractor shall obtain written permission from the Division of Construction and the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, Division of Environmental Analysis. If such changes necessitate further permitting, then the contractor will be responsible for applying to the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers and the Kentucky Division of Water. A copy of any request to the Corps of Engineers or Division of Water to alter this proposal and subsequent responses shall be forwarded to the Division of Environmental Analysis, DA Permit Coordinator, for office records and for informational purposes.



MATTHEW G. BEVIN
GOVERNOR

CHARLES G. SNAVELY
SECRETARY

ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT CABINET DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

R. BRUCE SCOTT

300 Sower Boulevard FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40601

General Certification--Nationwide Permit # 14 Linear Transportation Projects

This General Certification is issued March 19, 2017, in conformity with the requirements of Section 401 of the Clean Water Act of 1977, as amended (33 U.S.C. §1341), as well as Kentucky Statute KRS 224.16-050.

For this and all nationwide permits, the definition of surface water is as per 401 KAR 10:001 Chapter 10, Section 1(80): Surface Waters means those waters having well-defined banks and beds, either constantly or intermittently flowing; lakes and impounded waters; marshes and wetlands; and any subterranean waters flowing in well-defined channels and having a demonstrable hydrologic connection with the surface. Lagoons used for waste treatment and effluent ditches that are situated on property owned, leased, or under valid easement by a permitted discharger are not considered to be surface waters of the commonwealth.

Agricultural operations, as defined by KRS 224.71-100(1) conducting activities pursuant to KRS 224.71-100 (3), (4), (5), (6), or 10 are deemed to have certification if they are implementing an Agriculture Water Quality Plan pursuant to KRS 224.71-145.

For all other operations, the Commonwealth of Kentucky hereby certifies under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) that it has reasonable assurances that applicable water quality standards under Kentucky Administrative Regulations Title 401, Chapter 10, established pursuant to Sections 301, 302, 304, 306 and 307 of the CWA, will not be violated for the activity covered under NATIONWIDE PERMIT 14, namely Linear Transportation Projects, provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. The activity will not occur within surface waters of the Commonwealth identified by the Kentucky Division of Water as Outstanding State or National Resource Water, Cold Water Aquatic Habitat, or Exceptional Waters.
- The activity will not occur within surface waters of the Commonwealth identified as perpetually-protected (e.g. deed restriction, conservation easement) mitigation sites.
- 3. The activity will impact less than 1/2 acre of wetland/marsh.



General Certification--Nationwide Permit # 14 Linear Transportation Projects Page 2

- 4. The activity will impact less than 300 linear feet of surface waters of the Commonwealth. Stream realignment greater than 100 feet and in-stream stormwater detention/retention basins are not covered under this general water quality certification.
- 5. For complete linear transportation projects, all impacts shall not exceed a cumulative length of 500 linear feet within each Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) 14.
- 6. Any crossings must be constructed in a manner that does not impede natural water flow.
- 7. Stream impacts covered under this General Water Quality Certification and undertaken by those persons defined as an agricultural operation under the Agricultural Water Quality Act must be completed in compliance with the Kentucky Agricultural Water Quality Plan (KWQP).
- 8. The Kentucky Division of Water may require submission of a formal application for an individual certification for any project if the project has been determined to likely have a significant adverse effect upon water quality or degrade the waters of the Commonwealth so that existing uses of the water body or downstream waters are precluded.
- 9. Activities that do not meet the conditions of this General Water Quality Certification require an Individual Section 401 Water Quality Certification.
- 10. Activities qualifying for coverage under this General Water Quality Certification are subject to the following conditions:
 - Projects requiring in-stream stormwater detention/retention basins shall require individual water quality certifications.
 - Erosion and sedimentation pollution control plans and Best Management Practices must be designed, installed, and maintained in effective operating condition at all times during construction activities so that violations of state water quality standards do not occur (401 KAR 10:031 Section 2 and KRS 224.70-100).
 - Sediment and erosion control measures, such as check-dams constructed
 of any material, silt fencing, hay bales, etc., shall not be placed within
 surface waters of the Commonwealth, either temporarily or permanently,
 without prior approval by the Kentucky Division of Water's Water Quality
 Certification Section. If placement of sediment and erosion control
 measures in surface waters is unavoidable, design and placement of
 temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in such a
 manner that may result in instability of streams that are adjacent to,

General Certification--Nationwide Permit # 14 Linear Transportation Projects Page 3

upstream, or downstream of the structures. All sediment and erosion control devices shall be removed and the natural grade restored within the completion timeline of the activities.

- Measures shall be taken to prevent or control spills of fuels, lubricants, or other toxic materials used in construction from entering the watercourse.
- Removal of riparian vegetation in the utility line right-of-way shall be limited to that necessary for equipment access.
- To the maximum extent practicable, all in-stream work under this certification shall be performed under low-flow conditions.
- Heavy equipment, e.g. bulldozers, backhoes, draglines, etc., if required for this project, should not be used or operated within the stream channel. In those instances in which such in-stream work is unavoidable, then it shall be performed in such a manner and duration as to minimize turbidity and disturbance to substrates and bank or riparian vegetation.
- Any fill shall be of such composition that it will not adversely affect the biological, chemical, or physical properties of the receiving waters and/or cause violations of water quality standards. If rip-rap is utilized, it should be of such weight and size that bank stress or slump conditions will not be created because of its placement.
- If there are water supply intakes located downstream that may be affected by increased turbidity and suspended solids, the permittee shall notify the operator when such work will be done.
- Should evidence of stream pollution or jurisdictional wetland impairment and/or violations of water quality standards occur as a result of this activity (either from a spill or other forms of water pollution), the KDOW shall be notified immediately by calling (800) 928-2380.

Non-compliance with the conditions of this general certification or violation of Kentucky state water quality standards may result in civil penalties.



2017 Nationwide Permit General Conditions

The following General Conditions must be followed in order for any authorization by NWP to be valid:

- 1. <u>Navigation</u>. (a) No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on vigation.
- (b) Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the US Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States.
- (c) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Amy or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.
 - 2. Aquatic Life Movements. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of those aquatic species.
- 3. Spawning Areas. Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g. through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area are not authorized.
 - 4. <u>Migratory Bird Breeding Areas</u>. Activities in waters of the United States that serve as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.
- 5. <u>Shellfish Beds.</u> No activity may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish populations, unless the activity is directly related to a shellfish harvesting activity authorized by NWPs 4 and 48, or is a shellfish seeding or habitat restoration activity authorized by NWP 27.
 - 6. <u>Suitable Material</u>. No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, obodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act).
- pointains in toxic announs (see Section 307 of the Orient Water Act).

 7. <u>Water Supply Intakes.</u> No activity may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the activity is for the repair or improvement of public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.
 - 8. Adverse Effects From Impoundments. If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.
- 9. <u>Management of Water Flows</u>. To the maximum extent practicable, the preconstruction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization, storm water management activities, and temporary and permanent road crossings, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may after the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).
- Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains. The activity must comply with applicable FEMAapproved state or local floodplain management requirements.
 - 11. Equipment. Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

- 12. Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls. Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow, or during low tides.
- 13. Removal of Temporary Fills. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate.
 - 14. <u>Proper Maintenance</u>. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety and compliance with applicable NWP general conditions, as well as any activity-specific conditions added by the district engineer to an NWP authorization.
- Single and Complete Project. The activity must be a single and complete project.
 The same NWP cannot be used more than once for the same single and complete project.
- 16. Wild and Scenic Rivers. (a) No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status.
- (b) If a proposed NWP activity will occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, the permittee must submit a preconstruction notification (see general condition 32). The district engineer will coordinate the PCN with the Federal agency with direct management responsibility for that river. The permittee shall not begin the NWP activity until notified by the district engineer that the Federal agency with direct management responsibility for that river has determined in writing that the proposed NWP activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status.
 - (c) Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency responsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or study river (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service). Information on these rivers is also available at: http://www.rivers.gov/
 - Tribal Rights. No activity may impair tribal rights (including treaty rights), protected tribal resources, or tribal lands.
- 18. Endangered Species. (a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed. Direct effects are the immediate effects on the listed species and critical habitat caused by the NWP activity. Indirect effects are those effects on listed species and critical habitat that are caused by the NWP activity and are later in time, but still are reasonably certain to occur.
 - (b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. If pre-construction notification is required for the proposed activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation has not been submitted, additional ESA section 7 consultation may be necessary for the activity and the

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name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed activity Federal applicant has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the district engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" vicinity of the activity, or if the activity is located in designated critical habitat, and shall not begin vicinity of the activity, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the critical habitat, or until Section 7 consultation has been completed. If the non-Federal applicant been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect Federally-listed district engineer if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have Corps has provided notification the proposed activities will have "no effect" on listed species or to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non-Federal applicant of the or that utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed work. The has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification (c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification (PCN) to the Corps' determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete PCN. In cases where the nonendangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the PCN must include the rom Corps.

(d) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the USFWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species-specific permit conditions to the NWPs.

or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization of an activity by a NWP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the USFWS or the NMFS, the Endangered Species Act prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take a listed species, where "take" means to harass, ham, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word "harm" in the definition of "take" means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.

(f) If the non-federal permittee has a valid ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) incidental take permit with an approved Habitat Conservation Plan for a project or a group of projects that includes the proposed NWP activity, the non-federal applicant should provide a copy of that ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit with the PCN required by paragraph (c) of this general condition. The district engineer will review the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit, and if he or she determines that it covers the proposed NWP activity, including any incidental take of listed species that might occur as a result of conducting the proposed NWP activity, the district engineer does not need to conduct a separate section 7 consultation for the proposed NWP activity. The district engineer will notify the non-federal applicant within 45 days of receipt of a complete PCN whether the ESA section 7 consultation is required.

(g) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the USFWS and NMFS or their world wide web pages at http://www.fws.gov/ or http://www.fws.gov/ipac and http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/species/esa_respectively.

19. Migratory Birds and Bald and Golden Eagles. The permittee is responsible for ensuring their action complies with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee is responsible for contacting appropriate local office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to determine applicable measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds or eagles, including whether "incidental take" permits are necessary and available under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act for a particular activity.

20. <u>Historic Properties</u>. (a) In cases where the district engineer determines that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

(b) Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. If pre-construction notification is required for the proposed NWP activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those

requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation is not submitted, then additional consultation under section 106 may be necessary. The respective federal agency is responsible for fulfilling its obligation to comply with section 106.

history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted proposed NWP activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties. Section 106 consultation is required when the district engineer determines that the activity has the potential to cause effects on historic properties. The district engineer will conduct consultation with consulting properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic properties can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer, or designated tribal Preservation Act. The district engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out consultation is not required when the district engineer determines that the activity does not have properties on which the activity might have the potential to cause effects and notified the Corps, that the activity has no potential to cause effects to historic properties or that NHPA section 106 Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the determinations for the purposes of section 106 of the NHPA: no historic properties affected, no the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the district engineer either engineer if the NWP activity might have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National pre-construction notification must state which historic properties might have the potential to be 330.4(g)). When reviewing pre-construction notifications, district engineers will comply with the affected by the proposed activity or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic (c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district appropriate identification efforts, which may include background research, consultation, oral in the PCN and these identification efforts, the district engineer shall determine whether the current procedures for addressing the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic adverse effect, and adverse effect. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic parties identified under 36 CFR 800.2(c) when he or she makes any of the following effect representative, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 36 CFR 800.3(a)). Section 106 consultation has been completed.

(d) For non-federal permittees, the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether NHPA section 106 consultation is required. If NHPA section 106 consultation is required, the district engineer will notify the non-Federal applicant that he or she cannot begin the activity until Section 106 consultation is completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(e) Prospective permittees should be aware that section 110k of the NHPA (54 U.S.C. 306113) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting the assistance, the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and provide documentation specifying the circumstances, the degree of damage to the integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the applicant. SHPO/THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the activity on historic properties.

21. Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

- additional waters officially designated by a state as having particular environmental or ecological Reserves. The district engineer may designate, after notice and opportunity for public comment, significance, such as outstanding national resource waters or state natural heritage sites. The 22. Designated Critical Resource Waters. Critical resource waters include, NOAAmanaged marine sanctuaries and marine monuments, and National Estuarine Research district engineer may also designate additional critical resource waters after notice and
- opportunity for public comment.

 (a) Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the US are not authorized by NWPs 7, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21, 29, 31, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 49, 50, 51, and 52 for any activity within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters.
- within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters. (b) For NWPs 3, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, and 54, notification is required in accordance with general condition 32, for any activity proposed in the designated critical resource waters including wetlands adjacent to those waters. The district engineer may authorize activities under these NWPs only after it is determined that the impacts to the critical resource waters will be no more than minimal.
 - 23. <u>Mitigation</u>. The district engineer will consider the following factors when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal:
 - (a) The activity must be designed and constructed to avoid and minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to waters of the United States to the maximum extent practicable at the project site (i.e., on site).
 - (b) Mitigation in all its forms (avoiding, minimizing, rectifying, reducing, or compensating for resource losses) will be required to the extent necessary to ensure that the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal.
- (c) Compensatory mitigation at a minimum one-for-one ratio will be required for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10-acre and require pre-construction notification, unless the district engineer determines in writing that either some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate or the adverse effects of the proposed activity are minimal, and provides a project-specific waiver of this requirement. For wetland losses of 1/10-acre or less that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may determine on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse environmental effects.
 - (d) For losses of streams or other open waters that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may require compensatory mitigation to ensure that the activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. Compensatory mitigation for losses of streams should be provided, if practicable, through stream rehabilitation, enhancement, or preservation, since streams are difficult-to-replace resources (see 33 CFR 332.3(e)(3)).
- waters will normally include a requirement for the restoration or enhancement, maintenance, and (e) Compensatory mitigation plans for NWP activities in or near streams or other open maintaining/protecting a riparian area along a single bank or shoreline may be sufficient. Where quality or habitat loss concerns. If it is not possible to restore or maintain/protect a riparian area The width of the required riparian area will address documented water quality or aquatic habitat loss concerns. Normally, the riparian area will be 25 to 50 feet wide on each side of the stream, appropriate compensatory mitigation (e.g. riparian areas and/or wetlands compensation) based but the district engineer may require slightly wider riparian areas to address documented water both wetlands and open waters exist on the project site, the district engineer will determine the legal protection (e.g. conservation easements) of riparian areas next to open waters. In some on the both sides of a stream or if the waterbody is a lake or coastal waters. Then restoring or on what is best for the aquatic environmental on a watershed basis. In cases where riparian compensatory mitigation required. Restored riparian areas should consist of native species. mitigation, the district engineer may waive or reduce the requirement to provide wetland areas are determined to be the most appropriate form of minimization or compensatory cases, the restoration or maintenance/protection of riparian areas may be the only compensatory mitigation for wetland losses.
 - (f) Compensatory mitigation projects provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR part 332.

- mitigation option if compensatory mitigation is necessary to ensure that the activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. For the NWPs, the preferred mechanism for providing compensatory mitigation bank credits or in-lieu fee program credits (see 33 CFR 332.3(b)(2) and (3)). However, if an appropriate number and type of mitigation bank or in-lieu credits are not available at the time the PCN is submitted to the district engineer, the district engineer may approve the use of permittee-responsible mitigation if the use of mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits is not appropriate and practicable.
 - (2) The amount of compensatory mitigation required by the district engineer must be sufficient to ensure that the authorized activity results in no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects (see 33 CFR 330.1(e)(3)). (See also 33 CFR 332.3(f).)
 - (3) Since the likelihood of success is greater and the impacts to potentially valuable uplands are reduced, aquatic resource restoration should be the first compensatory mitigation option considered for permittee-responsible mitigation.
- (4) If permittee-responsible mitigation is the proposed option, the prospective permittee is responsible for submitting a mitigation plan. A conceptual or detailed mitigation plan may be used by the district engineer to make the decision on the NWP verification request, but a final mitigation plan that addresses the applicable requirements of 33 CFR 332.4(c)(2) through (14) must be approved by the district engineer before the permittee begins work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation (see 33 CFR 332.3(k)(3)).
 - (5) If mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits are the proposed option, the mitigation plan only needs to address the baseline conditions at the impact site and the number of credits to be provided.
- (6) Compensatory mitigation requirements (e.g., resource type and amount to be provided as compensatory mitigation, site protection, ecological performance standards, monitoring requirements) may be addressed through conditions added to the NWP authorization, instead of components of a compensatory mitigation plan.
- (g) Compensatory mitigation will not be used to increase the acreage losses allowed by the acreage limits of the NWPs. For example, if an NWP has an acreage limit of 1/2-acre, it cannot be used to authorize any project resulting in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States, even if compensatory mitigation is provided that replaces or restores some of the lost waters. However, compensatory mitigation can and should be used, as necessary, to ensure that an NWP activity already meeting the established acreage limits also satisfies the minimal impact requirement for the NWPs.
 - (h) Permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee programs, or separate permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee programs, or separate permittee-responsible mitigation. When developing a compensatory mitigation proposal, the permittee must consider appropriate and practicable options consistent with the framework at 33 CFR 332.3(b). For activities resulting in the loss of marine or estuarine resources, permittee-responsible compensatory mitigation may be environmentally preferable if there are no mitigation banks or in-lieu fee programs in the area that have marine or estuarine credits available for sale or transfer to the permittee. For permittee-responsible mitigation, the special conditions of the NWP verification must clearly indicate the party or parties responsible for the implementation and performance of the compensatory mitigation project, and, if required, its long-term management.
- (i) Where certain functions and services of waters of the United States are permanently adversely affected by a regulated activity, such as discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States that will convert a forested or scrub-shrub wetland to a herbaceous wetland in a permanently maintained utility line right-of-way, mitigation may be required to reduce the adverse environmental effects of the activity to the no more than minimal level.
 - 24. <u>Safety of Impoundment Structures.</u> To ensure that all impoundment structures are safely designed, the district engineer may require non-Federal applicants to demonstrate that the structures comply with established state dam safety criteria or have been designed by qualified persons. The district engineer may also require documentation that the design has been independently reviewed by similarly qualified persons, and appropriate modifications made to ensure safety.
- 25. Water Quality. Where States and authorized Tribes, or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA Section 401, individual 401 Water Quality

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Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation of water quality.

- 26. Coastal Zone Management. In coastal states where an NWP has not previously received a state coastal zone management consistency concurrence, an individual state coastal zone management consistency concurrence must be obtained, or a presumption of concurrence must occur (see 33 CFR 330.4(d)). The district engineer or a State may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.
 - 27. Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions. The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with any case specific conditions added by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or USEPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.
- 28. Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits. The use of more than one NWP for a single and complete project is prohibited, except when the acreage loss of waters of the United States authorized by the NWPs does not exceed the acreage limit of the NWP with the highest specified acreage limit. For example, if a road crossing over tidal waters is constructed under NWP 14, with associated bank stabilization authorized by NWP 13, the maximum acreage loss of waters of the United States for the total project cannot exceed 1/3-acre.
- 29. <u>Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications</u>. If the permittee sells the property associated with a nationwide permit verification, the permittee may transfer the nationwide permit verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the appropriate Corps district office to validate the transfer. A copy of the nationwide permit verification must be attached to the letter, and the letter must contain the following statement and signature: "When the structures or work authorized by this nationwide permit in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this nationwide permit, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this nationwide permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below."

(Transferee)

(Date)

- 30. <u>Compliance Certification</u>. Each permittee who receives an NWP verification letter from the Corps must provide a signed certification documenting completion of the authorized activity and implementation of any required compensatory mitigation. The success of any required permittee-responsible mitigation, including the achievement of ecological performance standards, will be addressed separately by the district engineer. The Corps will provide the permittee the certification document with the NWP verification letter. The certification document
- (a) A statement that the authorized work was done in accordance with the NWP authorization, including any general, regional, or activity-specific conditions;
- (b) A statement that the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions. If credits from a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program are used to satisfy the compensatory mitigation requirements, the certification must include the documentation required by 33 CFR 332.3(1)(3) to confirm that the permittee secured the appropriate number and resource type of credits; and
- (c) The signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the work and mitigation. The completed certification document must be submitted to the district engineer within 30 days of completion of the authorized activity or the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation, whichever occurs later.
- 31. Activities Affecting Structures or Works Built by the United States. If an NWP activity also requires permission from the Corps pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) federally

authorized Civil Works project (a "USACE project"), the prospective permittee must submit a preconstruction notification. See paragraph (b)(10) of general condition 32. An activity that requires Section 408 permission is not authorized by the NWP until the appropriate Corps office issues the section 408 permission to altar, occupy, or use the USACE project, and the district engineer issues a written NWP verification.

- 32. <u>Pre-Construction Notification (PCN)</u>. (a) <u>Timing.</u> Where required by the terms of the NWP, the prospective permittee must notify the district engineer by submitting a pre-construction notification (PCN) as early as possible. The district engineer must determine if the PCN is complete within 30 calendar days of the date of receipt and, if the PCN is determined to be incomplete, notify the prospective permittee within that 30 day period to request the additional information necessary to make the PCN complete. As a general rule, district engineers will request additional information necessary to make the PCN complete only once. However, if the prospective permittee does not provide all of the requested information, then the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee that the PCN is still incomplete and the PCN review process will not commence until all of the requested information has been received by the district engineer. The prospective permittee shall not begin the activity until either:
 - (1) He or she is notified in writing by the district engineer that the activity may proceed under the NWP with any special conditions imposed by the district or division engineer; or
- PCN and the prospective permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee was required to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 18 that listed species or critical habitat might be affected or in the vicinity of the project, or to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 20 that the activity might have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, the permittee cannot begin the activity until receiving written notification from the Corps that there is "no effect" on listed species or "no potential to cause effects" on historic properties, or that any consultation required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)) and/or Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)) has been completed. Also, work cannot begin under NWPs 21, 49, or 50 until the permittee has received written approval from the Corps. If the proposed activity requires a written waiver to exceed specified limits of an NWP, the permittee may not begin the activity until the district or division engineer notifies the permittee in writing that an individual permit is required within 45 calendar days of receipt of a complete PCN, the permittee's right to proceed under the NWP may be modified, suspended, or revoked only in accordance with the procedure set forth in 33 CFR 330.5(d)(2).
 - (b) Contents of Pre-Construction Notification: The PCN must be in writing and include the following information:
 - (1) Name, address and telephone numbers of the prospective permittee;
- (2) Location of the proposed activity;(3) Identify the specific NWP or NWP(s) the prospective permittee wants to use to authorize the proposed activity;

adverse environmental effects the activity; the activity's purpose; direct and indirect adverse environmental effects the activity would cause, including the anticipated amount of loss of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters expected to result from the NWP activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure; a description of any proposed mitigation measures intended to reduce the adverse environmental effects caused by the proposed activity; and any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity, including other separate and distant crossings for linear projects that require Department of the Army authorization but do not require pre-construction notification. The description of the proposed activity, and any proposed mitigation measures should be sufficiently detailed to allow the district engineer to determine that the adverse environmental effects of the activity will be no more than minimal and to determine the need for compensatory mitigation or other mitigation measures. For single and complete linear projects, the PCN must include the quantity of anticipated losses of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters. Sketches should be provided when necessary to show that the activity complies with the terms of the NWP. (Sketches usually clarify the project and when provided results in a quicker decision. Sketches should contain sufficient detail to provide an

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illustrative description of the proposed activity (e.g., a conceptual plan), but do not need to be detailed engineering plans)

especially if the project site is large or contains many wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters. Furthermore, the 45 day period will not start until the delineation has been other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on and other waters on the project site, but there may be a delay if the Corps does the delineation (5) The PCN must include a delineation of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and the project site. Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic sites submitted to or completed by the Corps, as appropriate;

mitigation requirement will be satisfied, or explaining why the adverse environmental effects are (6) If the proposed activity will result in the loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands and a PCN is required, the prospective permittee must submit a statement describing how the alternative, the prospective permittee may submit a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan. no more than minimal and why compensatory mitigation should not be required. As an

(7) For non-federal permittees, if any listed species or designated critical habitat might

critical habitat that may be affected by the proposed activity. For any NWP activity that requires habitat, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must include the name(s) of those endangered or pre-construction notification, Federal permittees must provide documentation demonstrating be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical threatened species that might be affected by the proposed activity or utilize the designated compliance with the Endangered Species Act;

property might have the potential to be affected by the proposed activity or include a vicinity map eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places, the PCN must state which historic (8) For non-federal permittees, if the NWP activity might have the potential to cause indicating the location of the historic property. Federal permittees must provide documentation effects to a historic property listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially demonstrating compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, the PCN must identify the (9) For an activity that will occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible Wild and Scenic River or the "study river" (see general condition 16); and

(10) For an activity that requires permission from the Corps pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 Engineers federally authorized civil works project, the pre-construction notification must include a statement confirming that the project proponent has submitted a written request for section because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a U.S. Army Corps of 408 permission from the Corps office having jurisdiction over that USACE project.

this general condition. A letter containing the required information may also be used. Applicants NWP PCN and must include all of the information required in paragraphs (b)(1) through (10) of ENG 4345) may be used, but the completed application form must clearly indicate that it is an (c) Form of PCN Notification: The standard individual permit application form (Form may provide electronic files of PCNs and supporting materials if the district engineer has established tools and procedures for electronic submittals.

(d) Agency Coordination: (1) The district engineer will consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs and the need for mitigation to reduce the project's adverse environmental effects so that they are no more than minimal.

activities in excess of 500 linear feet, fills greater than one cubic yard per running foot, or involve excess of 500 linear feet, or that extend into the waterbody more than 30 feet from the mean low States; (ii) NWP 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, and 52 activities that require pre-construction preconstruction notification and result in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United notification and will result in the loss of greater than 300 linear feet of stream bed; (iii) NWP 13 discharges of dredged or fill material into special aquatic sites; and (iv) NWP 54 activities in (2) Agency coordination is required for: (i) all NWP activities that require water line or ordinary high water mark.

provide (e.g., via e-mail, facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a (3) When agency coordination is required, the district engineer will immediately copy of the complete PCN to the appropriate Federal or state offices (FWS, state natural

resource or water quality agency, EPA, and, if appropriate, the NMFS). With the exception of NWP resource agency, except as provided below. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each pre-construction notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. For NWP 37, the emergency watershed protection and rehabilitation activity may engineer will wait an additional 15 calendar days before making a decision on the pre-construction adverse environmental effects will be more than minimal. If so contacted by an agency, the district proceed immediately in cases where there is an unacceptable hazard to life or a significant loss of notification. The district engineer will fully consider agency comments received within the specified received to decide whether the NWP 37 authorization should be modified, suspended, or revoked proposed activity are no more than minimal. The district engineer will provide no response to the 37, these agencies will have 10 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to notify time frame concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs, including the need for mitigation to ensure the net adverse environmental effects of the substantive, sites pecific comments. The comments must explain why the agency believes the the district engineer via telephone, facsimile transmission, or e-mail that they intend to provide property or economic hardship will occur. The district engineer will consider any comments in accordance with the procedures at 33 CFR 330.5.

engineer will provide a response to NMFS within 30 calendar days of receipt of any Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendations, as required by Section 305(b)(4)(B) of the Magnuson-(4) In cases of where the prospective permittee is not a Federal agency, the district Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.

(5) Applicants are encouraged to provide the Corps with either electronic files or multiple copies of PCN notifications to expedite agency coordination.

1. District Engineers have authority to determine if an activity complies with the terms and conditions of an NWP. Further Information

2. NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits approvals, or authorizations required by law.

4. NWPs do not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others. 3. NWPs do not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

5. NWPs do not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project (see general condition 31).

Terms for Nationwide Permit No. 14 – Linear Transportation Projects

Activities required for crossings of waters of the United States associated with the construction, expansion, modification, or improvement of linear transportation projects (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways, and taxiways) in waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in non-tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/3-acre of waters of the United States. Any stream channel modification, including bank stabilization, is limited to the minimum necessary to construct or protect the linear transportation project; such modifications must be in the immediate vicinity of the project.

This NWP also authorizes temporary structures, fills, and work, including the use of temporary mats, necessary to construct the linear transportation project. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must consist of materials, and be placed in a manner, that will not be eroded by expected high flows. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The areas affected by temporary fills must be revegetated, as appropriate.

This NWP cannot be used to authorize non-linear features commonly associated with transportation projects, such as vehicle maintenance or storage buildings, parking lots, train stations, or aircraft hangars.

Notification: The permittee must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity if: (1) the loss of waters of the United States exceeds 1/10-acre; or (2) there is a discharge in a special aquatic site, including wetlands. (See general condition 32.) (Authorities: Sections 10 and 404)

Note 1: For linear transportation projects crossing a single waterbody more than one time at separate and distant locations, or multiple waterbodies at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for purposes of NWP authorization. Linear transportation projects must comply with 33 CFR 330.6(d).

Note 2: Some discharges for the construction of farm roads or forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment, may qualify for an exemption under section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act (see 33 CFR 323.4).

Note 3: For NWP 14 activities that require pre-construction notification, the PCN must include any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity, including other separate and distant crossings that require Department of the Army authorization but do not require pre-construction notification (see paragraph (b) of general condition 32). The district engineer will evaluate the PCN in accordance with Section D, "District Engineer's Decision." The district engineer may require mitigation to ensure that the authorized activity results in no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects (see general condition 23).

PART II

SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD DRAWINGS

SPECIFICATIONS REFERENCE

Any reference in the plans or proposal to previous editions of the *Standard Specifications* for Road and Bridge Construction and Standard Drawings are superseded by Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Edition of 2012 and Standard Drawings, Edition of 2016.

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

The contractor shall use the Supplemental Specifications that are effective at the time of letting. The Supplemental Specifications can be found at the following link:

http://transportation.ky.gov/Construction/Pages/Kentucky-Standard-Specifications.aspx

PART III

EMPLOYMENT, WAGE AND RECORD REQUIREMENTS

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TRANSPORTATION CABINET DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

LABOR AND WAGE REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO OTHER THAN FEDERAL-AID SYSTEM PROJECTS

- I. Application
- II. Nondiscrimination of Employees (KRS 344)

I. APPLICATION

- 1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor with his own organization and with the assistance of workmen under his immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work or by subcontract. The contractor's organization shall be construed to include only workmen employed and paid directly by the contractor and equipment owned or rented by him, with or without operators.
- 2. The contractor shall insert in each of his subcontracts all of the stipulations contained in these Required Provisions and such other stipulations as may be required.
- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Provisions may be grounds for termination of the contract.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION OF EMPLOYEES

AN ACT OF THE KENTUCKY GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT KRS CHAPTER 344 EFFECTIVE JUNE 16, 1972

The contract on this project, in accordance with KRS Chapter 344, provides that during the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

- 1. The contractor shall not fail or refuse to hire, or shall not discharge any individual, or otherwise discriminate against an individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age (forty and above); or limit, segregate, or classify his employees in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive an individual of employment opportunities or otherwise adversely affect his status as an employee, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age forty (40) and over. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
- 2. The contractor shall not print or publish or cause to be printed or published a notice or advertisement relating to employment by such an employer or membership in or any classification or referral for employment by the employment agency, indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination, based on race, color, religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, except that such a notice or advertisement may indicate a preference, limitation, or specification based on religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, when religion, national origin, sex, or age forty (40) and over, or because the person is a qualified individual with a disability, is a bona fide occupational qualification for employment.

- 3. If the contractor is in control of apprenticeship or other training or retraining, including on-the-job training programs, he shall not discriminate against an individual because of his race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age forty (40) and over, in admission to, or employment in any program established to provide apprenticeship or other training.
- 4. The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administrating agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for non-compliance.

Revised: January 25, 2017

EXECUTIVE BRANCH CODE OF ETHICS

In the 1992 regular legislative session, the General Assembly passed and Governor Brereton Jones signed Senate Bill 63 (codified as KRS 11A), the Executive Branch Code of Ethics, which states, in part:

KRS 11A.040 (7) provides:

No present or former public servant shall, within six (6) months following termination of his office or employment, accept employment, compensation, or other economic benefit from any person or business that contracts or does business with, or is regulated by, the state in matters in which he was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure. This provision shall not prohibit an individual from returning to the same business, firm, occupation, or profession in which he was involved prior to taking office or beginning his term of employment, or for which he received, prior to his state employment, a professional degree or license, provided that, for a period of six (6) months, he personally refrains from working on any matter in which he was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure in state government. This subsection shall not prohibit the performance of ministerial functions, including but not limited to filing tax returns, filing applications for permits or licenses, or filing incorporation papers, nor shall it prohibit the former officer or public servant from receiving public funds disbursed through entitlement programs.

KRS 11A.040 (9) states:

A former public servant shall not represent a person or business before a state agency in a matter in which the former public servant was directly involved during the last thirty-six (36) months of his tenure, for a period of one (1) year after the latter of:

- a) The date of leaving office or termination of employment; or
- b) The date the term of office expires to which the public servant was elected.

This law is intended to promote public confidence in the integrity of state government and to declare as public policy the idea that state employees should view their work as a public trust and not as a way to obtain private benefits.

If you have worked for the executive branch of state government within the past six months, you may be subject to the law's prohibitions. The law's applicability may be different if you hold elected office or are contemplating representation of another before a state agency.

Also, if you are affiliated with a firm which does business with the state and which employs former state executive-branch employees, you should be aware that the law may apply to them.

In case of doubt, the law permits you to request an advisory opinion from the Executive Branch Ethics Commission, 3 Fountain Place, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601; telephone (502) 564-7954.

Revised: January 27, 2017

Kentucky Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1978

The requirements of the Kentucky Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1978 (KRS 45.560-45.640) shall apply to this Contract. The apparent low Bidder will be required to submit EEO forms to the Division of Construction Procurement, which will then forward to the Finance and Administration Cabinet for review and approval. No award will become effective until all forms are submitted and EEO/CC has certified compliance. The required EEO forms are as follows:

- EEO-1: Employer Information Report
- Affidavit of Intent to Comply
- Employee Data Sheet
- Subcontractor Report

These forms are available on the Finance and Administration's web page under *Vendor Information*, *Standard Attachments and General Terms* at the following address: https://www.eProcurement.ky.gov.

Bidders currently certified as being in compliance by the Finance and Administration Cabinet may submit a copy of their approval letter in lieu of the referenced EEO forms.

For questions or assistance please contact the Finance and Administration Cabinet by email at **finance.contractcompliance@ky.gov** or by phone at 502-564-2874.

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT

THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE

\$7.25

PEN HUUN

BEGINNING JULY 24, 2009

OVERTIME PAY

At least $1\frac{1}{2}$ times your regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a workweek.

CHILD LABOR

An employee must be at least **16** years old to work in most non-farm jobs and at least **18** to work in non-farm jobs declared hazardous by the Secretary of Labor.

Youths **14** and **15** years old may work outside school hours in various non-manufacturing, non-mining, non-hazardous jobs under the following conditions:

No more than

- 3 hours on a school day or 18 hours in a school week;
- 8 hours on a non-school day or 40 hours in a non-school week.

Also, work may not begin before **7 a.m.** or end after **7 p.m.**, except from June 1 through Labor Day, when evening hours are extended to **9 p.m.** Different rules apply in agricultural employment.

TIP CREDIT

Employers of "tipped employees" must pay a cash wage of at least \$2.13 per hour if they claim a tip credit against their minimum wage obligation. If an employee's tips combined with the employer's cash wage of at least \$2.13 per hour do not equal the minimum hourly wage, the employer must make up the difference. Certain other conditions must also be met.

ENFORCEMENT

The Department of Labor may recover back wages either administratively or through court action, for the employees that have been underpaid in violation of the law. Violations may result in civil or criminal action.

Employers may be assessed civil money penalties of up to \$1,100 for each willful or repeated violation of the minimum wage or overtime pay provisions of the law and up to \$11,000 for each employee who is the subject of a violation of the Act's child labor provisions. In addition, a civil money penalty of up to \$50,000 may be assessed for each child labor violation that causes the death or serious injury of any minor employee, and such assessments may be doubled, up to \$100,000, when the violations are determined to be willful or repeated. The law also prohibits discriminating against or discharging workers who file a complaint or participate in any proceeding under the Act.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Certain occupations and establishments are exempt from the minimum wage and/or overtime pay provisions.
- Special provisions apply to workers in American Samoa and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- \bullet Some state laws provide greater employee protections; employers must comply with both.
- \bullet The law requires employers to display this poster where employees can readily see it.
- Employees under 20 years of age may be paid \$4.25 per hour during their first 90 consecutive calendar days of employment with an employer.
- Certain full-time students, student learners, apprentices, and workers with disabilities may be paid less than the minimum wage under special certificates issued by the Department of Labor.



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PART IV

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

The Contractor shall procure and maintain the following insurance in addition to the insurance required by law:

- 1) Commercial General Liability-Occurrence form not less than \$2,000,000 General aggregate, \$2,000,000 Products & Completed Aggregate, \$1,000,000 Personal & Advertising, \$1,000,000 each occurrence.
- 2) Automobile Liability- \$1,000,000 per accident
- 3) Employers Liability:
 - a) \$100,000 Each Accident Bodily Injury
 - b) \$500,000 Policy limit Bodily Injury by Disease
 - c) \$100,000 Each Employee Bodily Injury by Disease
- 4) The insurance required above must be evidenced by a Certificate of Insurance and this Certificate of Insurance must contain one of the following statements:
 - a) "policy contains no deductible clauses."
 - b) "policy contains _____ (amount) deductible property damage clause but company will pay claim and collect the deductible from the insured."
- 5) KENTUCKY WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION INSURANCE. The contractor shall furnish evidence of coverage of all his employees or give evidence of self-insurance by submitting a copy of a certificate issued by the Workmen's Compensation Board.

The cost of insurance is incidental to all contract items. All subcontractors must meet the same minimum insurance requirements.

PART V

BID ITEMS

185020

FD04 063 0080 017-018

PROPOSAL BID ITEMS

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Report Date 11/9/18

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Section: 0001 - BRIDGE

LINE	BID CODE	ALT	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC	FP	AMOUNT
0010	01890		ISLAND HEADER CURB TYPE 1	100.00	LF		\$	
0020	02231		STRUCTURE GRANULAR BACKFILL	20.00	CUYD		\$	
0030	02351		GUARDRAIL-STEEL W BEAM-S FACE	200.00	LF		\$	
0040	02363		GUARDRAIL CONNECTOR TO BRIDGE END TY A	4.00	EACH		\$	
0050	02599		FABRIC-GEOTEXTILE TYPE IV	40.00	SQYD		\$	
0060	02650		MAINTAIN & CONTROL TRAFFIC	1.00	LS		\$	
0070	03299		ARMORED EDGE FOR CONCRETE	50.00	LF		\$	
0800	03304		BRIDGE OVERLAY APPROACH PAVEMENT	140.00	SQYD		\$	
0090	08001		STRUCTURE EXCAVATION-COMMON	20.00	CUYD		\$	
0100	08019		CYCLOPEAN STONE RIP RAP	10.00	TON		\$	
0110	08100		CONCRETE-CLASS A	1.00	CUYD		\$	
0120	08104		CONCRETE-CLASS AA	20.00	CUYD		\$	
0130	08150		STEEL REINFORCEMENT	150.00	LB		\$	
0140	08151		STEEL REINFORCEMENT-EPOXY COATED	5,000.00	LB		\$	
0150	08301		REMOVE SUPERSTRUCTURE	1.00	LS		\$	
0160	08668		PRECAST PC BOX BEAM SB17	75.00	LF		\$	
0170	21532ED		RAIL SYSTEM TYPE III	50.00	LF		\$	
0180	22146EN		CONCRETE PATCHING REPAIR	20.00	SQFT		\$	
0190	23378EC		CONCRETE SEALING	600.00	SQFT		\$	

Section: 0002 - DEMOBILIZATION &/OR MOBILIZATION

LINE	BID CODE	ALT DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRIC FP	AMOUNT
0200	02569	DEMOBILIZATION	1.00	LS	\$	