



CALL NO. 107

CONTRACT ID. 151254

SIMPSON COUNTY

FED/STATE PROJECT NUMBER STP BRZ 0303 (279)

DESCRIPTION SULPHUR SPRINGS CHURCH ROAD (KY 664)

WORK TYPE BRIDGE REPLACEMENT

PRIMARY COMPLETION DATE 5/30/2016

LETTING DATE: October 23,2015

Sealed Bids will be received electronically through the Bid Express bidding service until 10:00 AM EASTERN DAYLIGHT TIME October 23,2015. Bids will be publicly announced at 10:00 AM EASTERN DAYLIGHT TIME.

PLANS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PROJECT.

DBE CERTIFICATION REQUIRED - 7.50%

REQUIRED BID PROPOSAL GUARANTY: Not less than 5% of the total bid.

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PART I
SCOPE OF WORK

ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT - 03

CONTRACT ID - 151254

STP BRZ 0303 (279)

COUNTY - SIMPSON

PCN - DE10706641554

STP BRZ 0303 (279)

SULPHUR SPRINGS CHURCH ROAD (KY 664) (MP 4.550) REPLACE BRIDGE OVER JOHNSON CREEK ON KY 664
100 FT E OF KY 1885 (MP 4.564), A DISTANCE OF 0.02 MILES. BRIDGE REPLACEMENT SYP NO. 03-01086.00.
GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES LATITUDE 36:42:45.00 LONGITUDE 86:40:44.00

COMPLETION DATE(S):

COMPLETED BY 05/30/2016

APPLIES TO ENTIRE CONTRACT

CONTRACT NOTES

PROPOSAL ADDENDA

All addenda to this proposal must be applied when calculating bid and certified in the bid packet submitted to the Kentucky Department of Highways. Failure to use the correct and most recent addenda may result in the bid being rejected.

BID SUBMITTAL

Bidder must use the Department's Expedite Bidding Program available on the Internet web site of the Department of Highways, Division of Construction Procurement. (www.transportation.ky.gov/construction-procurement)

The Bidder must download the bid file located on the Bid Express website (www.bidx.com) to prepare a bid packet for submission to the Department. The bidder must submit electronically using Bid Express.

JOINT VENTURE BIDDING

Joint venture bidding is permissible. All companies in the joint venture must be prequalified in one of the work types in the Qualifications for Bidders for the project. The bidders must get a vendor ID for the joint venture from the Division of Construction Procurement and register the joint venture as a bidder on the project. Also, the joint venture must obtain a digital ID from Bid Express to submit a bid. A joint bid bond of 5% may be submitted for both companies or each company may submit a separate bond of 5%.

UNDERGROUND FACILITY DAMAGE PROTECTION

The contractor is advised that the Underground Facility Damage Protection Act of 1994, became law January 1, 1995. It is the contractor's responsibility to determine the impact of the act regarding this project, and take all steps necessary to be in compliance with the provision of the act.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR COMPOSITE OFFSET BLOCKS

Contrary to the Standard Drawings (2012 edition) the Cabinet will allow 6" composite offset blocks in lieu of wooden offset blocks, except as specified on proprietary end treatments and crash cushions. The composite blocks shall be selected from the Cabinet's List of Approved Materials.

REGISTRATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE BY A FOREIGN ENTITY

Pursuant to KRS 176.085(1)(b), an agency, department, office, or political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky shall not award a state contract to a person that is a foreign entity required by [KRS 14A.9-010](#) to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in the Commonwealth (“certificate”) from the Secretary of State under [KRS 14A.9-030](#) unless the person produces the certificate within fourteen (14) days of the bid or proposal opening. If the foreign entity is not required to obtain a certificate as provided in [KRS 14A.9-010](#), the foreign entity should identify the applicable exception. Foreign entity is defined within [KRS 14A.1-070](#).

For all foreign entities required to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in the Commonwealth, if a copy of the certificate is not received by the contracting agency within the time frame identified above, the foreign entity’s solicitation response shall be deemed non-responsive or the awarded contract shall be cancelled.

Businesses can register with the Secretary of State at <https://secure.kentucky.gov/sos/ftbr/welcome.aspx>.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PROJECT QUESTIONS DURING ADVERTISEMENT

Questions about projects during the advertisement should be submitted in writing to the Division of Construction Procurement. This may be done by fax (502) 564-7299 or email to kytc.projectquestions@ky.gov. The Department will attempt to answer all submitted questions. The Department reserves the right not to answer if the question is not pertinent or does not aid in clarifying the project intent.

The deadline for posting answers will be 3:00 pm Eastern Daylight Time, the day preceding the Letting. Questions may be submitted until this deadline with the understanding that the later a question is submitted, the less likely an answer will be able to be provided.

The questions and answers will be posted for each Letting under the heading “Questions & Answers” on the Construction Procurement website (www.transportation.ky.gov/contract). The answers provided shall be considered part of this Special Note and, in case of a discrepancy, will govern over all other bidding documents.

HARDWOOD REMOVAL RESTRICTIONS

The US Department of Agriculture has imposed a quarantine in Kentucky and several surrounding states, to prevent the spread of an invasive insect, the emerald ash borer.

Hardwood cut in conjunction with the project may not be removed from the state. Chipping or burning on site is the preferred method of disposal.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXCESS MATERIAL SITES AND BORROW SITES

Identification of excess material sites and borrow sites shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and may wish to consult with the US Fish and Wildlife Service to seek protection under Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act for these activities.

ACCESS TO RECORDS

The contractor, as defined in KRS 45A.030 (9) agrees that the contracting agency, the Finance and Administration Cabinet, the Auditor of Public Accounts, and the Legislative Research Commission, or their duly authorized representatives, shall have access to any books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence, which are directly pertinent to this contract for the purpose of financial audit or program review. Records and other prequalification information confidentially disclosed as part of the bid process shall not be deemed as directly pertinent to the contract and shall be exempt from disclosure as provided in KRS 61.878(1)(c). The contractor also recognizes that any books, documents, papers, records, or other evidence, received during a financial audit or program review shall be subject to the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884.

In the event of a dispute between the contractor and the contracting agency, Attorney General, or the Auditor of Public Accounts over documents that are eligible for production and review, the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall review the dispute and issue a determination, in accordance with Secretary's Order 11-004. (See attachment)

10/29/12



Steven L. Beshear
Governor

Commonwealth of Kentucky
Finance and Administration Cabinet
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Room 383, Capitol Annex
702 Capital Avenue
Frankfort, KY 40601-3462
(502) 564-4240
Fax (502) 564-6785

Lori H. Flanery
Secretary

SECRETARY'S ORDER 11-004

FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION CABINET

Vendor Document Disclosure

WHEREAS, in order to promote accountability and transparency in governmental operations, the Finance and Administration Cabinet believes that a mechanism should be created which would provide for review and assistance to an Executive Branch agency if said agency cannot obtain access to documents that it deems necessary to conduct a review of the records of a private vendor that holds a contract to provide goods and/or services to the Commonwealth; and

WHEREAS, in order to promote accountability and transparency in governmental operations, the Finance and Administration Cabinet believes that a mechanism should be created which would provide for review and assistance to an Executive Branch agency if said agency cannot obtain access to documents that it deems necessary during the course of an audit, investigation or any other inquiry by an Executive Branch agency that involves the review of documents; and

WHEREAS, KRS 42.014 and KRS 12.270 authorizes the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet to establish the internal organization and assignment of functions which are not established by statute relating to the Finance and Administration Cabinet; further, KRS Chapter 45A.050 and 45A.230 authorizes the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet to procure, manage and control all supplies and services that are procured by the Commonwealth and to intervene in controversies among vendors and state agencies; and

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to the authority vested in me by KRS 42.014, KRS 12.270, KRS 45A.050, and 45A.230, I, Lori H. Flanery, Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, do hereby order and direct the following:

- I. Upon the request of an Executive Branch agency, the Finance and Administration Cabinet ("FAC") shall formally review any dispute arising where the agency has requested documents from a private vendor that holds a state contract and the vendor has refused access to said documents under a claim that said documents are not directly pertinent or relevant to the agency's inquiry upon which the document request was predicated.
- II. Upon the request of an Executive Branch agency, the FAC shall formally review any situation where the agency has requested documents that the agency deems necessary to

conduct audits, investigations or any other formal inquiry where a dispute has arisen as to what documents are necessary to conclude the inquiry.

- III. Upon receipt of a request by a state agency pursuant to Sections I & II, the FAC shall consider the request from the Executive Branch agency and the position of the vendor or party opposing the disclosure of the documents, applying any and all relevant law to the facts and circumstances of the matter in controversy. After FAC's review is complete, FAC shall issue a Determination which sets out FAC's position as to what documents and/or records, if any, should be disclosed to the requesting agency. The Determination shall be issued within 30 days of receipt of the request from the agency. This time period may be extended for good cause.
- IV. If the Determination concludes that documents are being wrongfully withheld by the private vendor or other party opposing the disclosure from the state agency, the private vendor shall immediately comply with the FAC's Determination. Should the private vendor or other party refuse to comply with FAC's Determination, then the FAC, in concert with the requesting agency, shall effectuate any and all options that it possesses to obtain the documents in question, including, but not limited to, jointly initiating an action in the appropriate court for relief.
- V. Any provisions of any prior Order that conflicts with the provisions of this Order shall be deemed null and void.

FEDERAL CONTRACT NOTES

The Kentucky Department of Highways, in accordance with the Regulations of the United States Department of Transportation 23 CFR 635.112 (h), hereby notifies all bidders that failure by a bidder to comply with all applicable sections of the current Kentucky Standard Specifications, including, but not limited to the following, may result in a bid not being considered responsive and thus not eligible to be considered for award:

102.02 Current Capacity Rating 102.10 Delivery of Proposals
102.08 Irregular Proposals 102.14 Disqualification of Bidders
102.09 Proposal Guaranty

CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964

The Kentucky Department of Highways, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252) and the Regulations of the Federal Department of Transportation (49 C.F.R., Part 21), issued pursuant to such Act, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively insure that the contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder without discrimination on the ground of race, color, or national origin.

NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS

To report bid rigging activities call: 1-800-424-9071.

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

SECOND TIER SUBCONTRACTS

Second Tier subcontracts on federally assisted projects shall be permitted. However, in the case of DBE's, second tier subcontracts will only be permitted where the other subcontractor is also a DBE. All second tier subcontracts shall have the consent of both the Contractor and the Engineer.

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PROGRAM

It is the policy of the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (“the Cabinet”) that Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (“DBE”) shall have the opportunity to participate in the performance of highway construction projects financed in whole or in part by Federal Funds in order to create a level playing field for all businesses who wish to contract with the Cabinet. To that end, the Cabinet will comply with the regulations found in 49 CFR Part 26, and the definitions and requirements contained therein shall be adopted as if set out verbatim herein.

The Cabinet, contractors, subcontractors, and sub-recipients shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of work performed pursuant to Cabinet contracts. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR 26 in the award and administration of federally assisted highway construction projects. The contractor will include this provision in all its subcontracts and supply agreements pertaining to contracts with the Cabinet.

Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of its contract with the Cabinet, which may result in the termination of the contract or such other remedy as the Cabinet deems necessary.

DBE GOAL

The Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) goal established for this contract, as listed on the front page of the proposal, is the percentage of the total value of the contract.

The contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that Disadvantaged Business Enterprises participate in a least the percent of the contract as set forth above as goals for this contract.

OBLIGATION OF CONTRACTORS

Each contractor prequalified to perform work on Cabinet projects shall designate and make known to the Cabinet a liaison officer who is assigned the responsibility of effectively administering and promoting an active program for utilization of DBEs.

If a formal goal has not been designated for the contract, all contractors are encouraged to consider DBEs for subcontract work as well as for the supply of material and services needed to perform this work.

Contractors are encouraged to use the services of banks owned and controlled by minorities and women.

CERTIFICATION OF CONTRACT GOAL

Contractors shall include the following certification in bids for projects for which a DBE goal has been established. BIDS SUBMITTED WHICH DO NOT INCLUDE CERTIFICATION OF DBE PARTICIPATION WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED. These bids will not be considered for award by the Cabinet and they will be returned to the bidder.

“The bidder certifies that it has secured participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (“DBE”) in the amount of ____ percent of the total value of this contract and that the DBE participation is in compliance with the requirements of 49 CFR 26 and the policies of the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet pertaining to the DBE Program.”

The certification statement is located in the electronic bid file. All contractors must certify their DBE participation on that page. DBEs utilized in achieving the DBE goal must be certified and prequalified for the work items at the time the bid is submitted.

DBE PARTICIPATION PLAN

Lowest responsive bidders must submit the *DBE Plan/ Subcontractor Request*, form TC 14-35 DBE, within 7 days of the letting. This is necessary before the Awards Committee will review and make a recommendation. **The project will not be considered for award prior to submission and approval of the apparent low bidder’s DBE Plan/Subcontractor Request.**

The DBE Participation Plan shall include the following:

- 1 Name and address of DBE Subcontractor(s) and/or supplier(s) intended to be used in the proposed project;
- 2 Description of the work each is to perform including the work item , unit, quantity, unit price and total amount of the work to be performed by the individual DBE. The Project Code Number (PCN), Category Number, and the Project Line Number can be found in the “material listing” on the Construction Procurement website under the specific letting;
- 3 The dollar value of each proposed DBE subcontract and the percentage of total project contract value this represents. DBE participation may be counted as follows; a) If DBE suppliers and manufactures assume actual and contractual responsibility, the dollar value of materials to be furnished will be counted toward the goal as follows:
 - The entire expenditure paid to a DBE manufacturer;
 - 60 percent of expenditures to DBE suppliers that are not manufacturers provided the supplier is a regular dealer in the product involved. A regular dealer must be engaged in, as its principal business and in its own name, the sale of products to

- the public, maintain an inventory and own and operate distribution equipment;
and
- The amount of fees or commissions charged by the DBE firms for a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services and assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials, supplies, delivery of materials and supplies or for furnishing bonds, or insurance, providing such fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and customary.
- b) The dollar value of services provided by DBEs such as quality control testing, equipment repair and maintenance, engineering, staking, etc.;
- c) The dollar value of joint ventures. DBE credit for joint ventures will be limited to the dollar amount of the work actually performed by the DBE in the joint venture;
- 4 Written and signed documentation of the bidder's commitment to use a DBE contractor whose participation is being utilized to meet the DBE goal; and
- 5 Written and signed confirmation from the DBE that it is participating in the contract as provided in the prime contractor's commitment.

UPON AWARD AND BEFORE A WORK ORDER WILL BE ISSUED

Contractors must submit the signed subcontract between the contractor and the DBE contractor, the DBE's certificate of insurance, and an affidavit for bidders, offerors, and contractors from the DBE to the Division of Construction Procurement. The affidavit can be found on the Construction Procurement website. If the DBE is a supplier of materials for the project, a signed purchase order and an affidavit for bidders, offerors, and contractors must be submitted to the Division of Construction Procurement.

Changes to DBE Participation Plans must be approved by the Cabinet. The Cabinet may consider extenuating circumstances including, but not limited to, changes in the nature or scope of the project, the inability or unwillingness of a DBE to perform the work in accordance with the bid, and/or other circumstances beyond the control of the prime contractor.

CONSIDERATION OF GOOD FAITH EFFORTS REQUESTS

If the DBE participation submitted in the bid by the apparent lowest responsive bidder does not meet or exceed the DBE contract goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder must submit a Good Faith Effort Package to satisfy the Cabinet that sufficient good faith efforts were made to meet the contract goals prior to submission of the bid. Efforts to increase the goal after bid submission will not be considered in justifying the good faith effort, unless the contractor can show that the proposed DBE was solicited prior to the letting date. DBEs utilized in achieving the DBE goal must be certified and prequalified for the work items at the time the bid is submitted. One complete set and nine (9) copies of this information must be received in the

office of the Division of Contract Procurement no later than 12:00 noon of the tenth calendar day after receipt of notification that they are the apparent low bidder.

Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters it will be acceptable to submit a sample representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms solicited. Documentation of DBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal as necessary to demonstrate compliance with the factors listed below which the Cabinet considers in judging good faith efforts. This documentation may include written subcontractors' quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

The Good Faith Effort Package shall include, but may not be limited to information showing evidence of the following:

- 1 Whether the bidder attended any pre-bid meetings that were scheduled by the Cabinet to inform DBEs of subcontracting opportunities;
- 2 Whether the bidder provided solicitations through all reasonable and available means;
- 3 Whether the bidder provided written notice to all DBEs listed in the DBE directory at the time of the letting who are prequalified in the areas of work that the bidder will be subcontracting;
- 4 Whether the bidder followed up initial solicitations of interest by contacting DBEs to determine with certainty whether they were interested. If a reasonable amount of DBEs within the targeted districts do not provide an intent to quote or no DBEs are prequalified in the subcontracted areas, the bidder must notify the DBE Liaison in the Office of Minority Affairs to give notification of the bidder's inability to get DBE quotes;
- 5 Whether the bidder selected portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood of meeting the contract goals. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise perform these work items with its own forces;
- 6 Whether the bidder provided interested DBEs with adequate and timely information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract;
- 7 Whether the bidder negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs not rejecting them as unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. Any rejection should be so noted in writing with a description as to why an agreement could not be reached;
- 8 Whether quotations were received from interested DBE firms but were rejected as unacceptable without sound reasons why the quotations were considered unacceptable. The fact that the DBE firm's quotation for the work is not the lowest quotation received will not in itself be considered as a sound reason for rejecting the quotation as unacceptable. The fact that the bidder has the ability and/or desire to perform the contract work with its own forces will not be considered a sound reason for rejecting a DBE quote. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to require the bidder to accept unreasonable quotes in order to satisfy DBE goals;
- 9 Whether the bidder specifically negotiated with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the contract DBE goal when the work to be subcontracted includes potential DBE participation;
- 10 Whether the bidder made any efforts and/or offered assistance to interested DBEs in obtaining the necessary equipment, supplies, materials, insurance and/or bonding to satisfy the

work requirements of the bid proposal; and

11 Any other evidence that the bidder submits which may show that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to include DBE participation.

FAILURE TO MEET GOOD FAITH REQUIREMENT

Where the apparent lowest responsive bidder fails to submit sufficient participation by DBE firms to meet the contract goal and upon a determination by the Good Faith Committee based upon the information submitted that the apparent lowest responsive bidder failed to make sufficient reasonable efforts to meet the contract goal, the bidder will be offered the opportunity to meet in person for administrative reconsideration. The bidder will be notified of the Committee's decision within 24 hours of its decision. The bidder will have 24 hours to request reconsideration of the Committee's decision. The reconsideration meeting will be held within two days of the receipt of a request by the bidder for reconsideration.

The request for reconsideration will be heard by the Office of the Secretary. The bidder will have the opportunity to present written documentation or argument concerning the issue of whether it met the goal or made an adequate good faith effort. The bidder will receive a written decision on the reconsideration explaining the basis for the finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or made adequate Good Faith efforts to do so.

The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the Cabinet or to the United States Department of Transportation.

The Cabinet reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder or to rebid the contract in the event that the contract is not awarded to the low bidder as the result of a failure to meet the good faith requirement.

SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO MEET DBE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PROJECT

Failure by the prime contractor to fulfill the DBE requirements of a project under contract or to demonstrate good faith efforts to meet the goal constitutes a breach of contract. When this occurs, the Cabinet will hold the prime contractor accountable, as would be the case with all other contract provisions. Therefore, the contractor's failure to carry out the DBE contract requirements shall constitute a breach of contract and as such the Cabinet reserves the right to exercise all administrative remedies at its disposal including, but not limited to the following:

- Disallow credit toward the DBE goal;
- Withholding progress payments;
- Withholding payment to the prime in an amount equal to the unmet portion of the contract goal; and/or
- Termination of the contract.

PROMPT PAYMENT

The prime contractor will be required to pay the DBE within seven (7) working days after he or she has received payment from the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet for work performed or materials furnished.

CONTRACTOR REPORTING

All contractors must keep detailed records and provide reports to the Cabinet on their progress in meeting the DBE requirement on any highway contract. These records may include, but shall not be limited to payroll, lease agreements, cancelled payroll checks, executed subcontracting agreements, etc. Prime contractors will be required to submit certified reports on monies paid to each DBE subcontractor or supplier utilized to meet a DBE goal. **These reports must be submitted within 14 days of payment made to the DBE contractor.**

Payment information that needs to be reported includes date the payment is sent to the DBE, check number, Contract ID, amount of payment and the check date. Before Final Payment is made on this contract, the Prime Contractor will certify that all payments were made to the DBE subcontractor and/or DBE suppliers.

The Prime Contractor should supply the payment information at the time the DBE is compensated for their work. Form to use is located at:

<http://transportation.ky.gov/Construction/Pages/Subcontracts.aspx>

The prime contractor should notify the KYTC Office of Civil Rights and Small Business Development seven (7) days prior to DBE contractors commencing work on the project. The contact is Melvin Bynes and the telephone number is (502) 564-3601.

Photocopied payments and completed form to be submitted to: Office of Civil Rights and Small Business Development 6th Floor West 200 Mero Street Frankfort, KY 40622

DEFAULT OR DECERTIFICATION OF THE DBE

If the DBE subcontractor or supplier is decertified or defaults in the performance of its work, and the overall goal cannot be credited for the uncompleted work, the prime contractor may utilize a substitute DBE or elect to fulfill the DBE goal with another DBE on a different work item. If after exerting good faith effort in accordance with the Cabinet's Good Faith Effort policies and procedures, the prime contractor is unable to replace the DBE, then the unmet portion of the goal may be waived at the discretion of the Cabinet.

04/29/2015

ASPHALT MIXTURE

Unless otherwise noted, the Department estimates the rate of application for all asphalt mixtures to be 110 lbs/sy per inch of depth.

DGA BASE

Unless otherwise noted, the Department estimates the rate of application for DGA Base to be 115 lbs/sy per inch of depth.

DGA BASE FOR SHOULDERS

Unless otherwise noted, the Department estimates the rate of application for DGA Base for Shoulders to be 115 lbs/sy per inch of depth. The Department will not measure necessary grading and/or shaping of existing shoulders prior to placing of DGA Base, but shall be incidental to the Contract unit price per ton for DGA Base.

Accept payment at the Contract unit price per ton as full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals for grading and/or shaping of existing shoulders and furnishing, placing, and compacting the DGA Base.

INCIDENTAL SURFACING

The Department has included in the quantities of asphalt mixtures established in the proposal estimated quantities required for resurfacing or surfacing mailbox turnouts, farm field entrances, residential and commercial entrances, curve widening, ramp gores and tapers, and road and street approaches, as applicable. Pave these areas to the limits as shown on Standard Drawing RPM-110-06 or as directed by the Engineer. In the event signal detectors are present in the intersecting streets or roads, pave the crossroads to the right of way limit or back of the signal detector, whichever is the farthest back of the mainline. Surface or resurface these areas as directed by the Engineer. The Department will not measure placing and compacting for separate payment but shall be incidental to the Contract unit price for the asphalt mixtures.

OPTION B

Be advised that the Department will control and accept compaction of asphalt mixtures furnished on this project under OPTION B in accordance with Sections 402 and 403.

**SPECIAL NOTE FOR
GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT TYPE 1**

Contrary to KYTC Standard Drawing RBR-020-05 the guardrail end treatment ET-Plus manufactured by Trinity Industries will not be permitted as an option for bid item "Guardrail End Treatment Type 1".

SPECIAL NOTE FOR COMPLETION DATE AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

The specified date of completion shall be May 30, 2016. There will be a maximum 50 calendar day road closure allowed in order to complete the structure and approaches and reopen the road to traffic. Liquidated damages shall be charged according to Section 108.09 of the 2012 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction for every calendar day or part of a day the road remains closed beyond the allowable 50 calendar days.

Contrary to section 108.09, Liquidated damages will be assessed for the months of December through March.

Contrary to Section 108.09, Liquidated Damages will be assessed regardless of whether seasonal limitations prohibit the Contractor from performing work on the controlling operation.

All liquidated damages will be applied accumulatively. All other applicable portions of Section 108 apply.

Special Note for Bridge Demolition, Renovation and Asbestos Abatement

If the project includes any bridge demolition or renovation, the successful bidder is required to notify Kentucky Division for Air Quality (KDAQ) via filing of form (DEP 7036) a minimum of 10 days prior to commencement of any bridge demolition or renovation work.

Any available information regarding possible asbestos containing materials (ACM) on or within bridges to be affected by the project has been included in the bid documents. These are to be included with the Contractor's notification filed with the KDAQ. If not included in the bid documents, the Department will provide that information to the successful bidder for inclusion in the KDAQ notice as soon as possible. If there are no documents stating otherwise, the bidders should assume there are no asbestos containing materials that will in any way affect the work.



TRANSPORTATION CABINET

Frankfort, Kentucky 40622
www.transportation.ky.gov/

Steven L. Beshear
Governor

Michael W. Hancock, P.E.
Secretary

Memorandum

To: Renee Slaughter
CC: Scott Schurman
From: O'Dail Lawson
Environmental Scientist IV
Division of Environmental Analysis
Date: 6/22/2015
Re: Asbestos Inspection Report for Simpson 03-1086

This report is prepared to accompany the 10-Day NOI for Demolition to the Division of Air Quality. Please include all pages with submittal.

Project and Structure Information

Project # Simpson 03-1086

Bridge # 107B00019N

Location: KY-664 (Sulphur Springs Road) over Johnson Creek

Description: There are no suspect materials on this structure.

Results

The inspection revealed that there is no suspect ACM materials; no abatement necessary





KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET
Department of Highways
DIVISION OF RIGHT OF WAY & UTILITIES

TC 62-226
Rev. 07/2015
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RIGHT OF WAY CERTIFICATION

| ITEM # | COUNTY | PROJECT # | FEDERAL PROJECT # |
|------------|---------|------------------------|--------------------|
| 03-1086.00 | SIMPSON | 12FO FD52 107 8948701R | STP BRZ 0303 (268) |

PROJECT DESCRIPTION Neoskeo-Franklin/Replace bridge over Johnson Creek on KY 664; 100 FT E of KY 1885.

NO ADDITIONAL RIGHT OF WAY REQUIRED

Construction will be within the limits of the existing right of way. The right of way was acquired in accordance with FHWA regulations under the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisitions Policy Act of 1970, as amended. No additional rights of way or relocation assistance were required for this project.

ADDITIONAL RIGHT OF WAY REQUIRED AND CLEARED

| TOTAL NUMBER OF PARCELS ON PROJECT | 3 | IMPROVEMENTS | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| NUMBER OF PARCELS THAT HAVE BEEN ACQUIRED BY: | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | There were no improvements within the required right of way |
| Signed Deed | 3 | | |
| Condemnation | -0- | | |
| Signed Right of Entry Agreement | -0- | <input type="checkbox"/> | All improvements have been removed from the required right of way |
| RELOCATION ASSISTANCE | | <input type="checkbox"/> | Improvements are currently being removed and it is anticipated that right of way will be cleared prior to the letting date |
| Relocation Assistance was not required for this project | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| All parties have been relocated in accordance with FHWA regulations | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Improvement removal will be included in the construction contract |

ADDITIONAL RIGHT OF WAY REQUIRED WITH EXCEPTION

| EXCEPTION(S) | ANTICIPATED DATE OF POSSESSION | IMPROVEMENTS | |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> | There were no improvements within the required right of way |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> | All improvements have been removed from the required right of way |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> | Improvements are currently being removed and it is anticipated that right of way will be cleared prior to the letting date |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> | Improvement removal will be included in the construction contract |

RELOCATION ASSISTANCE

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Relocation assistance was not required for this project | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| All parties have been relocated in accordance with FHWA regulations | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Notes/Comments:

| LPA | | Right of Way Director | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Printed Name | | Printed Name | DM Loy |
| Signature | | Signature | <i>[Signature]</i> |
| Date | | Date | 10 August 2015 |
| Right of Way Supervisor | | FHWA | |
| Printed Name | Kelli R. Divine | Printed Name | No Signature Required as per FHWA - KYTC 2013 Stewardship Agreement |
| Signature | <i>[Signature]</i> | Signature | |
| Date | 8/10/15 | Date | |

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

**SIMPSON COUNTY, STP BRZ 0303 (279)
FD52 107 0664 004-005
SULPHUR SPRINGS CHURCH ROAD (KY 664) / REPLACE BRIDGE
OVER JOHNSON CREEK
HIGHWAY PLAN ITEM NUMBER 3-1086.00**

GENERAL PROJECT NOTE ON UTILITY PROTECTION

The contractor should not experience any delays due to utility relocation. Overhead utilities will be removed and re-established prior to the start of construction. Water is the only underground utility known to be present on the project. Water lines conflicting with construction will be relocated by the road contractor. The contractor must be aware of the location of the relocated and active water lines and avoid damaging same by having the main located in the field by the utility owner.

NOTE: DO NOT DISTURB THE FOLLOWING UTILITIES LOCATED WITHIN THE PROJECT DISTURB LIMITS

The **Warren County Water District dba Simpson County Water District** will have active underground facilities within the project limits.

The **Warren County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation** will have active overhead facilities within the project limits.

The Contractor is fully responsible for protection of all utilities listed above

THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES ARE RELOCATING/ADJUSTING THEIR UTILITIES WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS AND WILL BE COMPLETE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

The **Warren County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation** has active overhead facilities within the project limits. The utility owner will have their overhead line that crosses the existing bridge near STA 21+90 removed prior to the start of construction. The relocated overhead line will cross the highway near STA 22+60. The existing pole at STA 21+87 will be removed prior to the start of construction.

THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES HAVE FACILITIES TO BE RELOCATED/ADJUSTED BY THE COMPANY OR THE COMPANY'S SUBCONTRACTOR AND IS TO BE COORDINATED WITH THE ROAD CONTRACT

N/A

THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES HAVE FACILITIES TO BE RELOCATED/ADJUSTED BY THE ROAD CONTRACTOR AS INCLUDED IN THIS CONTRACT

The **Warren County Water District dba Simpson County Water District** has active underground facilities within the project limits. Water facilities located north of the highway from STA 21+00 to STA 23+50 will be relocated by the road contractor. The facilities will be relocated to an easement owned by the water district adjacent to the proposed right of way north of the highway.

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

**SIMPSON COUNTY, STP BRZ 0303 (279)
FD52 107 0664 004-005
SULPHUR SPRINGS CHURCH ROAD (KY 664) / REPLACE BRIDGE
OVER JOHNSON CREEK
HIGHWAY PLAN ITEM NUMBER 3-1086.00**

THE FOLLOWING RAIL COMPANIES HAVE FACILITIES IN CONJUNCTION WITH THIS PROJECT AS NOTED

- No Rail Involved** **Minimal Rail Involved (See Below)** **Rail Involved (See Below)**

SPECIAL CAUTION NOTE – PROTECTION OF UTILITIES

The contractor will be responsible for contacting all utility facility owners on the subject project to coordinate his activities. The contractor will coordinate his activities to minimize and, where possible, avoid conflicts with utility facilities. Due to the nature of the work proposed, it is unlikely to conflict with the existing utilities beyond minor facility adjustments. Where conflicts with utility facilities are unavoidable, the contractor will coordinate any necessary relocation work with the facility owner and Resident Engineer. The Kentucky Transportation Cabinet maintains the right to remove or alter portions of this contract if a utility conflict occurs.

The utility facilities as noted in the previous section(s) have been determined using data garnered by varied means and with varying degrees of accuracy: from the facility owners, a result of S.U.E., field inspections, and/or reviews of record drawings. The facilities defined may not be inclusive of all utilities in the project scope and are not Level A quality, unless specified as such. It is the contractor's responsibility to verify all utilities and their respective locations before excavating.

BEFORE YOU DIG

The contractor is instructed to call 1-800-752-6007 to reach KY 811, the one-call system for information on the location of existing underground utilities. The call is to be placed a minimum of two (2) and no more than ten (10) business days prior to excavation. The contractor should be aware that owners of underground facilities are not required to be members of the KY 811 one-call Before-U-Dig (BUD) service. The contractor must coordinate excavation with the utility owners, including those whom do not subscribe to KY 811. It may be necessary for the contractor to contact the County Court Clerk to determine what utility companies have facilities in the area.

Please Note: The information presented in this Utility Note is informational in nature and the information contained herein is not guaranteed.

UTILITIES AND RAIL CERTIFICATION NOTE

**SIMPSON COUNTY, STP BRZ 0303 (279)
FD52 107 0664 004-005
SULPHUR SPRINGS CHURCH ROAD (KY 664) / REPLACE BRIDGE
OVER JOHNSON CREEK
HIGHWAY PLAN ITEM NUMBER 3-1086.00**

AREA UTILITIES CONTACT LIST

| <u>Utility Company/Agency</u> | <u>Contact Name</u> | <u>Contact Information</u> |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Warren County RECC | Jonathan Lindsey | 800-844-1664 |
| Warren County Water District | Ryan Leisey | 270-842-0052 |
| AT&T-KY | Travis Parsley | 270-846-3196 |

GENERAL UTILITY NOTES AND INSTRUCTIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL UTILITY WORK MADE A PART OF THE ROAD CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

The contractor should be aware the following utility notes and KYTC Utility Bid Item Descriptions shall supersede, replace and take precedence over any and all conflicting information that may be contained in utility owner supplied specifications contained in the contract, on plans supplied by the utility owner, or any utility owner specifications or information externally referenced in this contract.

Where information may have been omitted from these notes, bid item descriptions, utility owner supplied specifications or plans; the KYTC Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall be referenced.

PROTECTION OF EXISTING UTILITIES

The existing utilities shown on the plans are shown as best known at the time the plans were developed and are to be used as a guide only by the Contractor. The Contractor shall use all means at his disposal to accurately locate all existing utilities, whether shown on the plans or not, prior to excavation. The contractor shall protect these utilities during construction. Any damage to existing utilities during construction that are shown or not shown on the plans shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

PREQUALIFIED UTILITY CONTRACTORS

Some utility owners may require contractors that perform relocation work on their respective facilities as a part of the road contract be prequalified or preapproved by the utility owner. Those utility owners with a prequalification or preapproval requirement are as follows:

No contractors are required to be prequalified or preapproved by the Warren County Water District dba Simpson County Water District to perform utility relocation work under this contract.

The bidding contractor needs to review the above list and look for a list of preapproved or prequalified contractors at the end of these general notes as identified above before bidding. Only contractors shown to be prequalified or preapproved by the utility owner on the following list(s) will be allowed to work on that utility as a part of this contract.

Any utility contractor that is not listed as prequalified or preapproved when the project is advertised for bid and wishes to be added must make request through the KYTC Contract Procurement website. The

request should be made at least one week prior to the bidding deadline to allow for review and posting on the KYTC Contract Procurement website. A contractor is only considered prequalified or preapproved when published on the KYTC Contract Procurement website. Contractors that contact the utility owner directly for preapproval or prequalification without contacting KYTC will not be considered for preapproval or prequalification for this contract. Contractors that are not prequalified or preapproved through KYTC before the bidding deadline will not be considered for prequalification or preapproval after bidding.

CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION RELATIVE TO UTILITY WORK

All utility work is being performed as a part of a contract administered by KYTC; there is not a direct contract between the utility contractor and utility owner. The KYTC Section Engineer is ultimately responsible for the administration of the road contract and any utility work included in the contract.

SUBMITTALS AND CORRESPONDENCE

All submittals and correspondence of any kind relative to utility work included in the road contract shall be directed to the KYTC Section Engineer, a copy of which may also be supplied to the utility owner by the contractor to expedite handling of items like material approvals and shop drawings. All approvals and correspondence generated by the utility owner shall be directed to the KYTC Section Engineer. The KYTC Section Engineer will relay any approvals or correspondence to the utility contractor as appropriate. At no time shall any direct communication between the utility owner and utility contractor without the communication flowing through the KYTC Section Engineer be considered official and binding under the contract.

ENGINEER

Where the word "Engineer" appears in any utility owner specifications included in this proposal, utility owner specifications included as a part of this contract by reference or on the utility relocation plans, it shall be understood the "Engineer" is the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet (KYTC) Section Engineer or designated representative and the utility owner engineer or designated representative jointly. Both engineers must mutually agree upon all decisions made with regard to the utility construction. The Transportation Cabinet, Section Engineer shall make all final decisions in all disputes.

INSPECTOR OR RESIDENT PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE

Where the word “Inspector” or “Resident Project Representative” appears in the utility specifications included in this proposal, utility owner specifications included as a part of this contract by reference or on the utility relocation plans, it shall be understood the “Inspector” or “Resident Project Representative” is the utility owner inspector and KYTC inspector jointly. The Transportation Cabinet, Section Engineer shall make all final decisions in all disputes.

NOTICE TO UTILITY OWNERS OF THE START OF WORK

One month before construction is to start on a utility, the utility contractor shall make notice to the KYTC Section Engineer and the utility owner of when work on a utility is anticipated to start. The utility contractor shall again make confirmation notice to the KYTC Section Engineer and the utility owner one week before utility work is to actually start.

UTILITY SHUTDOWNS

The Contractor shall not shut down any active and in-service mains, utility lines or services for any reason unless specifically given permission to do so by the utility owner. The opening and closing of valves and operating of other active utility facilities for main, utility line or utility service shut downs are to be performed by the utility owner unless specific permission is given to the contractor by the owner to make shutdowns. If and when the utility owner gives the contractor permission to shutdown mains, utility lines or utility services, the contractor shall do so following the rules, procedures and regulations of the utility owner. Any permission given by the utility owner to the contractor to shutdown active and in-service mains, utility lines or services shall be communicated to the KYTC Section Engineer by the utility owner that such permission has been given.

Notice to customers of utility shut downs is sometimes required to be performed by the utility contractor. The contractor may be required; but, is not limited to, making notice to utility customers in a certain minimum amount of time in advance of the shut down and by whatever means of communication specified by the utility owner. The means of communication to the customer may be; but is not limited to, a door hanger, notice by newspaper ad, telephone contact or any combination of communication methods deemed necessary, customary and appropriate by the utility owner. The contractor should refer to the utility owner specifications for requirements on customer notice.

Any procedure the utility owner may require the contractor to perform by specification or plan note and any expense the contractor may incur to comply with the utility owner’s shut down procedure and notice to customers shall be considered an incidental expense to the utility construction.

STATIONS AND DISTANCES

All stations and distances, when indicated for utility placement in utility relocation plans or specifications, are approximate; therefore, some minor adjustment may have to be made during construction to fit actual field conditions. Any changes in excess of 6 inches of plan location shall be reviewed and approved jointly by the KYTC Section Engineer or designated representative and utility owner engineer or

designated representative. Changes in location without prior approval shall be remedied by the contractor at his own expense if the unauthorized change creates an unacceptable conflict or condition.

RESTORATION

Temporary and permanent restoration of paved or stone areas due to utility construction shall be considered incidental to the utility work. No separate payment will be made for this work. Temporary restoration shall be as directed by the KYTC Section Engineer. Permanent restoration shall be “in-kind” as existing.

Restoration of seed and sod areas will be measured and paid under the appropriate seeding and sodding bid items established in the contract for roadway work.

BELOW ARE NOTES FOR WHEN “INST” ITEMS ARE IN THE CONTRACT MEANING THE UTILITY COMPANY IS PROVIDING CERTAIN MATERIALS FOR UTILITY RELOCATION

MATERIAL

Contrary to Utility Bid Item Descriptions, those bid items that have the text “**Inst**” at the end of the bid item will have the major components of the bid item provided by the utility owner. No direct payment will be made for the major material component(s) supplied by the utility company. All remaining materials required to construct the bid item as detailed in utility bid item descriptions, in utility specifications and utility plans that are made a part of this contract will be supplied by the contractor. The contractor’s bid price should reflect the difference in cost due to the provided materials.

The following utility owners have elected to provide the following materials for work under this contract:

No materials are being supplied by the Warren County Water District dba Simpson County Water District. All materials are to be supplied by the contractor per bid item descriptions, utility specifications and utility plans.

SECURITY OF SUPPLIED MATERIALS

If any utility materials are to be supplied by the utility owner, it will be the responsibility of the utility contractor to secure all utility owner supplied materials after delivery to the project site. The utility contractor shall coordinate directly with the utility owner and their suppliers for delivery and security of the supplied materials. Any materials supplied by the utility owner and delivered to the construction site that are subsequently stolen, damaged or vandalized and deemed unusable shall be replaced with like materials at the contractor’s expense.

Standard Water Bid Item Descriptions

W AIR RELEASE VALVE This bid item description shall apply to all air release valve installations of every size except those defined as “Special”. This item shall include the air release valve, main to valve connecting line or piping, manhole, vault, structure, access casting or doors, tapping the main, labor, equipment, excavation, proper backfill and restoration required to install the air release valve at the location shown on the plans or as directed in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings complete and ready for use. All air release/vacuum valves on a project shall be paid under one bid item regardless of size. No separate pay items will be established for size variations. Only in the case of the uniqueness of a particular air release valve would a separate bid item be established. Please refer to the Utility Company’s Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC’s Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

BOLLARDS This item is for payment for furnishing and installing protective guard posts at above ground utility installations. A bollard may consist of, but not limited to, a steel post set in concrete or any other substantial post material. This item shall include all labor, equipment, and materials needed for complete installation of the bollard as specified by the utility owner specifications and plans. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC’s Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

NOTE: A bid code for this item has been established in standard roadway bid items and shall be used for payment of this item. The bid code is 21341ND

W CAP EXISTING MAIN This item shall include the specified cap, concrete blocking and/or mechanical anchoring, labor, equipment, excavation, backfill, and restoration required to install the cap at the location shown on the plans or as directed in accordance with the specifications. This item is not to be paid on new main installations. This pay item is only to be paid to cap existing mains. Caps on new mains are incidental to the new main. Any and all caps on existing mains shall be paid under one bid item included in the contract regardless of size. No separate bid items will be established for size variations. Please refer to the Utility Company’s Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC’s Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W DIRECTIONAL BORE Payment under this item is made whenever the plans or specifications specifically show directional boring is to be utilized in order to minimize the impact of open cut for the installation of water main under streets, creeks, and etc. Payment under this item shall include the specified bore pipe, labor, and equipment. No separate payment shall be made for bore pipe installed in the bore whether used as a carrier pipe or an encasement of a separate carrier pipe. This item shall also include pipe anchors at each end of the bore when specified to prevent the creep or contraction of the bore pipe. Carrier pipe installed within a bore pipe shall be paid separately under pipe items. Payment under this item shall not be size specific and no separate bid items will be established for size variations. The bore pipe sizes to be included under this item shall be as shown on the plans and/or in the specifications. Any and all directional bores in each contract shall be paid under one directional bore bid item included in the contract regardless of size. Please refer to the Utility Company’s Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC’s Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid LINEAR FEET (LF) when complete.

W ENCASUREMENT CONCRETE Includes all labor, equipment, excavation, concrete, reinforcing steel, backfill, restoration, and etc., to construct the concrete encasement of the water main as shown on the plans, and in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings. Payment under this item shall be in addition to the carrier pipe as paid under separate bid items. Carrier pipe is not included in this bid item. Any and all concrete encasement shall be paid under one bid item included in the contract regardless of the size of the carrier pipe or the volume of concrete or steel reinforcement as specified in the plans and specifications. No separate bid items will be established for size variations. Measurement of pay quantity shall be from end of concrete to end of concrete. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid LINEAR FEET (LF) when complete.

W ENCASUREMENT STEEL BORED This item shall include the steel encasement pipe size as specified on the plans and in the specifications, casing spacers, end seals, labor, and equipment to bore and install the encasement in accordance with the plans and specifications, complete and ready for use. The size shall be the measured internal diameter of the encasement pipe. The sizes of encasement to be paid under the size ranges specified in the bid items shall be as follows:

- Range 1 = All encasement sizes greater than 2 inches to and including 6 inches
- Range 2 = All encasement sizes greater than 6 inches to and including 10 inches
- Range 3 = All encasement sizes greater than 10 inches to and including 14 inches
- Range 4 = All encasement sizes greater than 14 inches to and including 18 inches
- Range 5 = All encasement sizes greater than 18 inches to and including 24 inches
- Range 6 = All encasement sizes greater than 24 inches

(Encasement sizes of 2 inches internal diameter or less shall not be paid separately; but, shall be considered incidental to the carrier pipe.) Payment under this bid item shall not include the carrier pipe. Carrier pipe shall be paid under a separate bid item. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid LINEAR FEET (LF) when complete.

W ENCASUREMENT STEEL OPEN CUT This item shall include the steel encasement pipe size as specified on the plans and in the specifications, casing spacers, end seals, labor, and equipment to open cut and install the encasement in accordance with the plans and specifications, complete and ready for use. The size shall be the measured internal diameter of the encasement pipe. The size encasement to be paid under the size ranges specified in the bid items shall be as follows:

- Range 1 = All encasement sizes greater than 2 inches to and including 6 inches
- Range 2 = All encasement sizes greater than 6 inches to and including 10 inches
- Range 3 = All encasement sizes greater than 10 inches to and including 14 inches
- Range 4 = All encasement sizes greater than 14 inches to and including 18 inches
- Range 5 = All encasement sizes greater than 18 inches to and including 24 inches
- Range 6 = All encasement sizes greater than 24 inches

(Encasement sizes of 2 inches internal diameter or less shall not be paid separately; but, shall be considered incidental to the carrier pipe.) Payment under this bid item shall not include the carrier pipe. Carrier pipe shall be paid under a separate bid item. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid LINEAR FEET (LF) when complete.

W FIRE HYDRANT ADJUST Includes all labor, equipment, excavation, materials, and backfill to adjust the existing fire hydrant using the fire hydrant manufacturer's extension kit for adjustments of 18" or less. Adjustments greater than 18" require anchoring couplings and vertical bends to adjust to grade. The Contractor will supply and install all anchor couplings, bends, fire hydrant extension, concrete blocking, restoration, granular drainage material, etc. needed to adjust the fire hydrant complete and ready for use as shown on the plans, and in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings. This also includes allowing for the utility owner inspector to inspect the existing fire hydrant prior to adjusting, contractor returning unusable fire hydrants to the utility owner warehouse and picking up a replacement hydrant. No additional payment will be made for rock excavation. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete and ready for use.

W FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY Includes all labor, equipment, new fire hydrant, isolating valve and valve box, concrete pad around valve box (when specified in specifications or plans), piping, anchoring tee, anchoring couplings, fire hydrant extension, excavation, concrete blocking, granular drainage material, backfill, and restoration, to install a new fire hydrant assembly as indicated on plans and on standard drawings complete and ready for use. No additional payment will be made for rock excavation. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W FIRE HYDRANT RELOCATE This item includes all labor and equipment to remove the existing fire hydrant from its existing location and reinstalling at a new location. This item shall include a new isolating valve and valve box, concrete pad around valve box (when required in specifications or plans), new piping, new anchoring tee, anchoring couplings, fire hydrant extensions, concrete blocking, restoration, granular drainage material, excavation, and backfill as indicated on plans, specifications, and on standard drawings complete and ready for use. This item shall also include allowing for utility owner inspector to inspect the existing fire hydrant prior to reuse, contractor returning unusable fire hydrants to the utility owner warehouse and picking up a replacement hydrant for use, if the existing fire hydrant is determined unfit for reuse. No additional payment will be made for rock excavation. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W FIRE HYDRANT REMOVE This bid item includes removal of an abandoned fire hydrant, isolating valve, and valve box to the satisfaction of the engineer. The removed fire hydrant, isolating valve and valve box shall become the property of the contractor for his disposal as salvage or scrap. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W FLUSH HYDRANT ASSEMBLY This item shall include the flushing hydrant assembly, service line, tapping the main, labor, equipment, excavation, backfill, and restoration required to install the flush hydrant at the location shown on the plans and in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings, complete and ready for use. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W FLUSHING ASSEMBLY This item shall include the flushing device assembly, service line, meter box and lid, tapping the main, labor, equipment, excavation, backfill, and restoration required to install the

flushing device at the location shown on the plans and in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings, complete and ready for use. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W LINE MARKER This item is for payment for furnishing and installing a ground level water utility line marker as specified by the utility owner specifications and plans. A line marker may consist of a post or monument of whatever materials specified and shall include markings and/or signage on same as specified by plans or specifications. This item shall include all labor, equipment, and materials needed for complete installation of the marker. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W MAIN POINT RELOCATE This item is intended for payment for horizontal and/or vertical relocation of a short length of an existing main at the locations shown on the plans. This bid item is to be used to relocate an existing water main at point locations such as to clear a conflict at a proposed drainage structure, pipe or any other similar short relocation situation, and where the existing pipe material is to be reused. The contractor shall provide any additional pipe or fitting material needed to complete the work as shown on the plans and specifications. The materials provided shall be of the same type and specification as those that exist. Substitution of alternative materials shall be approved by the engineer in advance on a case by case basis. New polyethylene wrap is to be provided (if wrap exists or is specified in the specifications to be used). If it is necessary that the pipe be disassembled for relay, payment under this item shall also include replacement of joint gaskets as needed. Bedding and backfill shall be provided and performed the same as with any other pipe installation as detailed in the plans and specifications. Payment under this item shall be for each location requiring an existing main to be relocated horizontally or vertically regardless of pipe size or relocation length. No separate pay items will be established for pipe size variations or relocation segment length variations. Water Main Relocate shall not be paid on a linear feet basis; but, shall be Paid EACH (EA) at each location when complete and placed in service. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced.

W METER This item is for payment for installation of all standard water meters of all sizes 2 inches ID or less as specified on the plans. This item shall include all labor, equipment, meter, meter box, casting, yoke, and any other associated material needed for installation of a functioning water meter in accordance with the plans and specifications, complete and ready for use. This item shall include connections to the new or existing water service line. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W METER ADJUST This item includes all labor, equipment, excavation, materials, backfill, restoration, and etc., to adjust the meter casting to finished grade (whatever size exists) at the location shown on the plans or as directed in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings complete and ready for use. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W METER RELOCATE This item includes all labor, equipment, excavation, additional fittings, disinfection, testing, restoration, and etc., to relocate the existing water meter (whatever size exists), meter yoke, meter box, casting, and etc., from its old location to the location shown on the plans or as directed, in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings complete and ready for use. The new service pipe (if required) will be paid under short side or long side service bid items. Any and all meter

relocations of 2 inches or less shall be paid under one bid item included in the contract regardless of size. Each individual relocation shall be paid individually under this item; however, no separate bid items will be established for meter size variations of 2 inches ID or less. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W METER VAULT SIZE RANGE 1 OR 2 This item is for payment for installation of an underground structure for housing of a larger water meter, fittings, and valves as required by the plans and specifications. This item shall include all labor, equipment, excavation, concrete, manhole castings or access doors, the specified meter(s) valve(s), all piping, and fitting materials associated with installing a functioning meter and vault in accordance with the plans, standard drawings, and specifications, complete and ready for use. The size shall be the measured internal diameter of the meter and piping to be installed. The size meter vault to be paid under size 1 or 2 shall be as follows:

Size Range 1 = All meter and piping sizes greater than 2 inches up to and including 6 inches
Size Range 2 = All meter and piping sizes greater than 6 inches

This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced.

W METER/FIRE SERVICE COMBO VAULT This item is for payment for installation of an underground structure for housing of a water meter and fire service piping, fittings, and valves as required by the plans and specifications. This item shall include all labor, equipment, excavation, concrete, manhole castings or access doors, the specified meter(s), valve(s), all piping, and fitting materials associated with installing a functioning meter and fire service vault in accordance with the plans and specifications, complete and ready for use. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W METER WITH PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE (PRV) This item is for payment for installation of all standard water meters with pressure reducing valves (PRV) of all sizes 2 inches ID or less as specified on the plans. This item shall include all labor, equipment, meter, PRV, meter box, casting, yoke, and any other associated material needed for installation of a functioning water meter with PRV in accordance with the plans and specifications, complete and ready for use. This item shall include connections to the new or existing water service line. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W PIPE This description shall apply to all PVC, ductile iron, and polyethylene/plastic pipe bid items of every size and type to be used as water main, except those bid items defined as "Special". This item includes the pipe specified by the plans and specifications, all fittings (including, but not limited to, bends, tees, reducers, plugs, and caps), tracing wire with test boxes (if required by specification), polyethylene wrap (when specified), labor, equipment, excavation, bedding, restoration, testing, backfill, and etc., required to install the specified new pipe and new fittings at the locations shown on the plans, or as directed, in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings complete and ready for use. No additional payment will be made for rock excavation. This bid item includes material and placement of flowable fill under existing and proposed pavement, and wherever else specified on the plans or in the specifications. This item shall also include pipe anchors, at each end of polyethylene pipe runs when

specified to prevent the creep or contraction of the pipe. Measurement of quantities under this item shall be through fittings, encasements, and directional bores (only when a separate carrier pipe is specified within the directional bore pipe). Measurements shall be further defined to be to the center of tie-in where new pipe contacts existing pipe at the center of connecting fittings, to the outside face of vault or structure walls, or to the point of main termination at dead ends. No separate payment will be made under pipe items when the directional bore pipe is the carrier pipe. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid LINEAR FEET (LF) when complete.

W PLUG EXISTING MAIN This item shall include the specified plug, concrete blocking and/or anchoring, labor, equipment, excavation, backfill, and restoration required to install the plug in an existing in-service main that is to remain at the location shown on the plans or as directed in accordance with the specifications. Any and all plugs on all existing in-service mains shall be paid under one bid item included in the contract regardless of size. No separate bid items will be established for size variations. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

NOTE: This utility bid item is not to be paid on new main installations or abandoned mains. This pay item is to plug existing in-service mains only. Plugs on new mains are incidental to the new main just like all other fittings.

NOTE: Plugging of existing abandon mains shall be performed and paid in accordance with Section 708.03.05 of KYTC Standard Specifications For Road And Bridge Construction and paid using Bid Code 01314 Plug Pipe.

W PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE This description shall apply to all pressure reducing valves (PRV) of every size required in the plans and specifications except those bid items defined as "Special". Payment under this description is to be for PRVs being installed with new main. This item includes the PRV as specified in the plans and specifications, polyethylene wrap (if required by specification), labor, equipment, excavation, anchoring (if any), pit or vault, backfill, restoration, testing, disinfection, and etc., required to install the specified PRV at the location shown on the plans in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings complete and ready for use. If required on plans and/or proposed adjoining DIP is restrained, PRVs shall be restrained. PRV restraint shall be considered incidental to the PRV and adjoining pipe. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W PUMP STATION This item is for payment for installation of pumps and an above or below ground structure for housing of the pumps. This item shall include all pumps, piping, fittings, valves, electrical components, building materials, concrete, any other appurtenances, labor, equipment, excavation, and backfill, to complete the pump station installation as required by the plans, standard drawings, and specifications, complete and ready for use. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid LUMP SUM (LS) when complete.

W REMOVE TRANSITE (AC) PIPE This item shall include all labor, equipment, and materials needed for removal and disposal of the pipe as hazardous material. All work shall be performed by trained and certified personnel in accordance with all environmental laws and regulations. Any and all transite AC pipe removed shall be paid under one bid item included in the contract regardless

of size. No separate bid items will be established for size variations. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid LINEAR FEET (LF) when complete.

W SERVICE LONG SIDE This bid item description shall apply to all service line installations of every size bid up to and including 2 inch inside diameter, except those service bid items defined as "Special". This item includes the specified piping material, main tap, tapping saddle (if required), and corporation stop materials, coupling for connecting the new piping to the surviving existing piping, encasement of 2 inches or less internal diameter (if required by plan or specification), labor, equipment, excavation, backfill, testing, disinfection, and restoration, at the locations shown on the plans or as directed, in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings, complete and ready for use. This bid item is to pay for service installations where the ends of the service connection are on opposite sides of the public roadway and the service line crosses the centerline of the public roadway as shown on the plans. The length of the service line is not to be specified. Payment under this item shall not be restricted by a minimum or maximum length. The contractor shall draw his own conclusions as to the length of piping that may be needed. Payment under this item shall include boring, jacking, or excavating across the public roadway for placement. Placement of a service across a private residential or commercial entrance alone shall not be reason to make payment under this item. Private or commercial entrances shall not be considered a public roadway in defining payment under this item. This pay item does not include installation or relocation of meters. Meters will be paid separately. No additional payment will be made for rock excavation or for special bedding required in rock excavation. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W SERVICE SHORT SIDE This bid item description shall apply to all service line installations of every size up to and including 2 inch internal diameter, except those service bid items defined as "Special". This item includes installation of the specified piping material of the size specified on plans, encasement of 2 inches or less internal diameter (if required by plan or specification), main tap, tapping saddle (if required), corporation stop, coupling for connecting the new piping to the surviving existing piping, labor, equipment, excavation, backfill, testing, disinfection, and restoration, at the locations shown on the plans or as directed, in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings, complete and ready for use. This bid item is to pay for service installations where both ends of the service connection are on the same side of the public roadway, or when an existing service crossing a public roadway will remain and is being extended, reconnected, or relocated with all work on one side of the public roadway centerline as shown on the plans. The length of the service line is not to be specified and shall not be restricted to any minimum or maximum length. Payment shall be made under this item even if the service crosses a private residential or commercial entrance; but, not a public roadway. Private or commercial entrances shall not be considered a public roadway in defining payment under this item. The contractor shall draw his own conclusions as to the length of piping that may be needed. This pay item does not include installation or relocation of meters. Meters will be paid separately. No additional payment will be made for rock excavation or for bedding required in rock excavation. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W SERVICE RELOCATE This item is for the relocation of an existing water service line where a meter is not involved, and where an existing service line can easily be adjusted by excavating alongside and moving the line horizontally and/or vertically a short distance without cutting the service line to avoid conflicts with road construction. This item shall include excavation, labor, equipment, bedding, and

backfill to relocate the line in accordance with the plans and specifications complete and ready for use. Payment under this item shall be for each location requiring relocation. Payment shall be made under this item regardless of service size or relocation length. No separate pay items will be established for size or length variation. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W STRUCTURE ABANDONMENT This item is to be used to pay for abandonment of larger above or below ground water structures such as meter vaults, fire pits, pump stations, tanks, and etc. Payment under this time shall not be limited to size or scope; however structures with connecting pipes of 2 inches or less shall not be paid under this item; but, shall be considered incidental to water construction, (i.e., abandonment of standard water meters up to and including 2 inches would not be paid under this item). Payment under this item shall include all labor, equipment, and compacted fill or flowable fill for abandonment of the structure in place and restoration complete. No separate bid items will be established for size or structure variations. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W STRUCTURE REMOVAL This item is to be used to pay for removal of larger above or below ground water structures such as meter vaults, fire pits, pump stations, tanks, and etc. Payment under this time shall not be limited to size or scope; however structures with connecting pipes of 2 inches or less shall not be paid under this item; but, shall be considered incidental to water construction, (i.e., removal of standard water meters up to and including 2 inches would not be paid under this item). Payment under this item shall include all labor, equipment, and compacted backfill for removal of the structure and restoration complete. No separate bid items will be established for size or structure variations. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W TAPPING SLEVE AND VALVE SIZE 1 OR 2 This item shall include the specified tapping sleeve, valve, valve box, concrete pad around valve box (when required in specifications or plans), labor, and equipment to install the specified tapping sleeve and valve, complete and ready for use in accordance with the plans and specifications. The size shall be the measured internal diameter of the live pipe to be tapped. The size tapping sleeve and valve to be paid under sizes 1 or 2 shall be as follows:

- Size 1 = All live tapped main sizes up to and including 8 inches
- Size 2 = All live tapped main sizes greater than 8 inches

Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W TIE-IN This bid description shall be used for all main tie-in bid items of every size except those defined as "Special". This item includes all labor, equipment, excavation, fittings, sleeves, reducers, couplings, blocking, anchoring, restoration, disinfection, testing and backfill required to make the water main tie-in as shown on the plans, and in accordance with the specifications complete and ready for use. Pipe for tie-ins shall be paid under separate bid items. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W VALVE This description shall apply to all valves of every size required in the plans and specifications

except those bid items defined as "Special". Payment under this description is to be for gate or butterfly valves being installed with new main. This item includes the valve as specified in the plans and specifications, polyethylene wrap (if required by specification), labor, equipment, excavation, anchoring (if any), valve box and valve stem extensions, backfill, concrete pad around valve box (if required by specification), restoration, testing, disinfection, and etc., required to install the specified valve at the location shown on the plans in accordance with the specifications and standard drawings complete and ready for use. If required on plans and/or proposed adjoining DIP is restrained, valves shall be restrained. Valve restraint shall be considered incidental to the valve and adjoining pipe. This description does not apply to cut-in valves. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W VALVE ANCHOR EXISTING This bid item is intended to pay for installation of restraint hardware on an existing valve where no restraint exists to hold the valve in place to facilitate tie-ins and other procedures where restraint is prudent. This work shall be performed in accordance with water specifications and plans. This bid item shall include all labor equipment, excavation, materials and backfill to complete restraint of the designated valve, regardless of size, at the location shown on the plans, complete and ready for use. Materials to be provided may include, but is not limited to, retainer glands, lugs, threaded rod, concrete, reinforcing steel or any other material needed to complete the restraint. Should the associated valve box require removal to complete the restraint, the contractor shall reinstall the existing valve box, the cost of which shall be considered incidental to this bid item. No separate bid items are being provided for size variations. All sizes shall be paid under one bid item. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W VALVE BOX ADJUST Includes all labor, equipment, valve box and valve stem extensions (if required), excavation, backfill, concrete pad around valve box (when specified in specifications or plans), restoration, and etc., to adjust the top of the box to finished grade complete and ready for use. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W VALVE CUT-IN This bid description is for new cut-in valve installations of all sizes where installation is accomplished by cutting out a section of existing main. This item shall include cutting the existing pipe, supplying the specified valve, couplings or sleeves, valve box, concrete pad around valve box (when required in specifications or plans), labor, equipment, and materials to install the valve at the locations shown on the plans, or as directed by the engineer, complete and ready for use. Any pipe required for installation shall be cut from that pipe removed or supplied new by the contractor. No separate payment will be made for pipe required for cut-in valve installation. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

W VALVE VAULT This item is for payment for installation of an underground structure for housing of specific valve(s) as required by the plans and specifications. This item shall include all labor, equipment, excavation, concrete, manhole castings or doors, the specified valve(s), all piping, and fitting materials associated with installing a functioning valve vault in accordance with the plans, standard drawing, and specifications, complete and ready for use. Please refer to the Utility Company's Specifications. If the Company does not have specifications, KYTC's Specifications shall be referenced. This item shall be paid EACH (EA) when complete.

SIMPSON COUNTY WATER DISTRICT
SIMPSON COUNTY, KENTUCKY

SPECIFICATIONS AND
CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

SULPHER SPRINGS CHURCH ROAD
AT JOHNSON CREEK
WATERLINE RELOCATION



Simpson County
Water District

September 18, 2015



Project No. 360792

Prepared by
Engineering Staff
Simpson County Water District

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SECTION 1 **GENERAL SCOPE AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

1. Scope

The instructions and information set out in the paragraphs of the Detailed Specifications shall supersede the instructions and information set out in the Information for Bidders, General Conditions, and Supplemental General Conditions if and when differences occur.

2. Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples

Shop drawings, product data, and samples as discussed in Paragraph 5 of the General Conditions shall be furnished by the CONTRACTOR to the ENGINEER. Unless otherwise set out, all shop drawings shall be furnished in five copies. It shall be clearly understood by the CONTRACTOR that the ENGINEER will examine the shop drawings for general design only, and that his approval stamped on such drawings shall be approval only for general design, and the CONTRACTOR shall in all cases be held responsible for detailed dimensions. In case of discrepancy between the shop drawings and the requirements of the Drawings, Specifications, and Contract Documents, the provisions of the Drawings, Specifications, and Contract Documents shall prevail even though the shop drawings have been approved by the ENGINEER, unless the conflict therein has been specifically waived in writing by a Change Order.

3. Owner's Right to Carry Out the Work

If the CONTRACTOR defaults or neglects to carry out the work in accordance with the Contract Documents and fails within ten days after receipt of written notice from the OWNER to commence and continue correction of such default or neglect with diligence and promptness, the OWNER may, (without prejudice to any other remedy he may have) make good such deficiencies. In such case an appropriate Change Order shall be issued deducting from the payments then or thereafter due the CONTRACTOR the cost of correcting such deficiencies. If the payments then or thereafter due the CONTRACTOR are not sufficient to cover such amount, the CONTRACTOR shall pay the difference to the OWNER.

4. Execution and Coordination of the Work

4.1 It is intended that the work covered by this Contract be done so as to cause the minimum amount of interference with traffic and/or existing utilities. The CONTRACTOR will be required to organize and schedule his work so as to keep the existing facilities in full operation during the construction period insofar as is consistent with the nature of the construction work to be performed. The manner in which shutdowns will be made and the work schedule of the CONTRACTOR during shutdowns will be subject to the approval of the OWNER. The CONTRACTOR shall

General Scope and Special Provisions

schedule a proposed shutdown with the OWNER at least three days prior to the outage. All shutdowns shall be made by employees of the OWNER. Although every effort will be made to cause the minimum amount of interference with the CONTRACTOR's work, the interest of the OWNER in regard to the existing facilities must always take precedence over the construction work. Therefore, the right is reserved by the OWNER to put any lines or other facilities (that may be shut down for the construction work) back into service when an emergency arises.

4.2 The work on the project shall be scheduled so as to expedite service to new customers. The CONTRACTOR shall install meters and perform testing as each section of new water main is constructed. Water lines or sections of lines thus completed shall be placed in service while work proceeds on other lines or sections.

4.3 Following installation of the pipeline, "rough cleanup" work shall be performed. This shall consist of grading the trench to create a neat, low mound of backfill material and disposing of any excavated material, rubbish, etc. (See Section 1, Paragraph 16 and Section 3, Paragraph 22) Crushed stone shall be added to driveways where necessary and fences repaired to the satisfaction of the property owners. After trenches have had adequate time to settle, final grade work and seeding shall be performed as described in Section 3, Paragraph 23.

5. Progress Schedule, Construction Records, and Reports

5.1 The CONTRACTOR shall furnish the OWNER with proof that all payrolls for services rendered and invoices for materials supplied have been duly paid as herein required, and such other data as the OWNER may require.

5.2 The CONTRACTOR shall furnish (and keep current) a suitable progress chart or schedule showing the estimated (and actual) progress on the work. The progress chart or schedule shall be subject to the approval of the ENGINEER.

5.3 The CONTRACTOR shall furnish all the necessary information for and prepare the partial payment estimates on forms approved by the ENGINEER.

5.4 The OWNER, or his authorized representatives and agents, shall be permitted to inspect all payrolls, records of personnel, invoices of materials, and other relevant data and records.

6. Lines and Grades

6.1 The CONTRACTOR shall be held totally responsible for construction of the work according to the lines and grades shown on the Drawings. The CONTRACTOR shall also insure that the work is constructed in proper relation to proposed highway construction where applicable.

6.2 The CONTRACTOR shall furnish all labor, equipment, stakes, and grade boards. The CONTRACTOR also shall be required to furnish equipment and aides when required by the ENGINEER in checking lines and grades. The labor and

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equipment shall be available to the ENGINEER on call, and the labor shall be fully capable of performing the duties of rodman and/or chainman.

7. Access to and Inspection of the Work

Representatives of the OWNER shall at all time have full access for inspection of the work and the CONTRACTOR shall provide proper facilities for such access and inspection.

8. Work on Private Property

8.1 In connection with work performed on private property, the CONTRACTOR shall take every precaution to avoid damage to the property owners' buildings, grounds, and facilities. Fences, hedges, shrubs, etc., within the construction limits shall be removed carefully, preserved, and replaced when the Construction is completed in accordance with the requirements set out hereinafter in these specifications. When construction is completed, the private property owner's facilities and grounds shall be restored to as good (or better) condition than found as quickly as possible at the CONTRACTOR's expense. The OWNER reserves the right to require the CONTRACTOR to obtain a signed Release from each property owner affected by the work. Said Release shall indicate that the property owner is satisfied with the restoration of his land. However, the execution of such a release shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR from any of his contractual obligations or other claims that may arise at a later date. The widths of construction easements obtained by the OWNER from property owners is normally 15 feet each side of the pipeline and the CONTRACTOR shall confine his activities to the area within the limits of the easements unless specific permission is obtained by the CONTRACTOR from property owners.

8.2 Large trees, or other facilities within the actual construction limits that cannot be preserved and replaced shall be removed by the CONTRACTOR but the OWNER will assume the responsibility for settling with the property owner for the loss of said trees or facilities. However, trees and facilities for which the OWNER has made such settlement will be designated on the Drawings and the CONTRACTOR shall be solely and entirely responsible for any damage to trees and facilities not so designated.

8.3 All trees and brush cleared along the route of the pipeline shall be disposed of by the CONTRACTOR in a manner suitable to the ENGINEER and property owner. If such trees and brush are left on the property the CONTRACTOR shall obtain a release for same from the property owner.

9. Traffic Control and Work in Highway Rights of Way

9.1 The CONTRACTOR shall (before beginning work on any public highway right-of-way) make arrangements for maintaining the traffic on said highways and/or roadways, or rerouting traffic as may be required. The applicable regulations of the Kentucky Department of Transportation (Ky D.O.T.) must be followed in this regard.

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9.2 The CONTRACTOR shall furnish proper equipment which shall be available at all times for maintaining streets and roads upon which work is being performed. All such streets and roads shall be maintained suitable for traffic until complete and final acceptance of the work.

9.3 When the CONTRACTOR is cutting across a street or highway, he is to cut half of the street at one time, lay the pipe, and complete the backfilling operation so that traffic may pass over this trench before the opening of the trench for the other half of the street or highway. In lieu of the above, bridging of the trench may be required. The time and method of making these crossings shall be approved by the ENGINEER, and the agency or legal entity having responsibility for the maintenance of the street or highway.

9.4 The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for erecting signs, providing flagmen, providing any other such items, and performing all work as required by Kentucky D.O.T. regulations, the Kentucky D.O.T. permit granted to the OWNER for construction of this specific project, and/or regulations of other agencies having jurisdiction over the right-of-way.

9.5 The CONTRACTOR shall plan his operations so as to cause a minimum of inconvenience to property owners and to traffic. No road, street or alley may be closed unless absolutely necessary, and then only if the following conditions are met:

9.5.1 Permit is secured from appropriate, State, County or Municipal authorities having jurisdiction.

9.5.2 Fire and Police Departments are notified before road is closed.

9.5.3 Suitable detours are provided and are clearly marked.

9.6 No driveways shall be cut or blocked without first notifying the occupants of the property. Every effort shall be made to schedule the blocking of drives to suit to occupants' convenience, and except in case of emergency, drives shall not be blocked for a period of more than 8 hours.

10. Shoring, Sheeting, and Bracing of Excavations

10.1 Where unstable material is encountered or where the depth of excavation warrants it, the sides of the trench or excavation shall be supported by substantial sheeting, bracing, and shoring, or the sides sloped to the angle of repose. The design and installation of all sheeting, sheet piling, bracing, and shoring shall be based on computations of pressure exerted by the materials to be retained under existing conditions. Adequate and proper shoring of all excavations and safety of workmen shall be the entire responsibility of the CONTRACTOR; however, the OWNER may require the submission of shoring drawings (accompanied by supporting computations) for approval prior to the CONTRACTOR undertaking any portion of the work.

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10.2 Foundations, adjacent to where the excavation is to be made below the depth of the foundation, shall be supported by shoring, bracing, or underpinning as long as the excavation shall remain open and the CONTRACTOR shall be held strictly responsible for any damage to said foundations.

10.3 Care shall be taken to avoid excessive backfill loads on the completed pipe lines and the requirements regarding the width of the ditch as specified herein be strictly observed.

10.4 Trench sheeting shall not be removed until sufficient backfill has been placed to protect the pipe.

10.5 All sheeting, planking, timbering, bracing, and bridging, shall be placed, renewed, and maintained, as long as is necessary. Sheeting is not a pay item unless the CONTRACTOR is required and/or instructed by the OWNER to leave same in place.

11. Existing Utilities

11.1 Special precautions shall be taken by the CONTRACTOR to avoid damage to existing overhead and underground utilities owned and operated by the OWNER, or by other public or private utility companies.

11.2 With particular respect to existing underground utilities, all available information concerning their location has been shown on the drawings. While it is believed that the locations shown are reasonably correct, the OWNER cannot guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this information.

11.3 The location of buried telephone cable often differs from the preliminary information given the OWNER by phone companies and shown on the drawings. Therefore, in order to construct a pipeline that is parallel to the highway right-of-way as specified, the CONTRACTOR may be required to cross buried telephone cable at various locations not indicated on the drawings. The CONTRACTOR shall consider these crossings as incidental to the pipeline construction.

11.4 Before proceeding with the work, the CONTRACTOR shall confer with all public or private companies, agencies, or departments that own and operate utilities in the vicinity of the construction work. The purpose of the conference (or conferences) shall be to notify said companies, agencies, or departments of the proposed construction schedule, verify the location of, and possible interference with, the existing utilities that are shown on the drawings, arrange for necessary suspension of service, and make arrangements to locate and avoid interference with all utilities (including house connections). The OWNER has no objection to the CONTRACTOR arranging for the said utilities companies, agencies, or departments to locate and uncover their own utilities; however, the CONTRACTOR shall bear the entire responsibility for locating and avoiding, or repairing damage to said existing utilities.

General Scope and Special Provisions

11.5 Where existing utilities or other underground structures are encountered, they shall not be displaced or molested unless necessary and then only with the approval of the respective owner. In such cases they shall be replaced in as good (or better) condition than found as quickly as possible. All such utilities that are so displaced or molested shall be replaced at the CONTRACTOR's expense.

11.6 Should it become necessary to provide additional guying or support of power, lighting, or telephone facilities, the CONTRACTOR shall consult with the authorities of these utilities so that suitable arrangements can be made for the protection of same.

11.7 All costs for temporary or permanent work necessary for the protection of utilities, private or public, shall be included in the contract amount to which the items of work pertain, or may be considered to be incidental thereto. In addition, the CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for any damage to the existing utilities resulting from the construction operations and shall bear the cost of all repair or replacement necessary for correction.

11.8 It is expected that the CONTRACTOR will be diligent in his efforts and use every possible means to locate existing utilities. Any claims for unavoidable damage, based on improper or unknown locations, will be examined thoroughly in the light of the CONTRACTOR's efforts to locate the said utilities or obstructions prior to beginning construction.

12. Utilities Required by CONTRACTOR

All electrical current and/or any utility service required by the CONTRACTOR shall be furnished at his own expense except as noted hereinafter.

13. Supervision of Installation

All special equipment or materials shall be installed under the supervision of a qualified installation engineer and/or representative furnished by the manufacturer of such equipment or materials.

14. Execution of the Contract

The construction Contract and the Performance Bonds shall be executed within the time specified in the Information for Bidders and in at least three (3) copies.

15. Permits, Codes, Etc.

Unless otherwise set out in the Specifications or required by the agencies involved, the CONTRACTOR shall make application for, obtain, and pay for all licenses and permits, and shall pay all fees and charges in connection therewith. The CONTRACTOR shall be required to comply with all state or municipal ordinances, laws, and/or codes insofar as the same is binding upon the OWNER.

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16. Cleaning up and Removal of Rubbish

16.1 The CONTRACTOR shall at all times keep the premises free from accumulations of waste materials or rubbish caused by his employees or work and shall keep the work site in a clean and useable condition satisfactory to the ENGINEER. The CONTRACTOR shall direct his forces to promptly clean up streets, sidewalks, drainage channels, or private property, affected by his construction operations, when in the opinion of the ENGINEER such clean up is needed. At the completion of the work the CONTRACTOR shall remove all his rubbish from and about the site of the work and all of his tools, equipment, and surplus materials.

16.2 The Contract shall not be considered complete until all construction structures, equipment and rubbish from construction are cleaned from the site of the work. All damage to existing paving, grounds, and structures caused by the CONTRACTOR's operations must be repaired or the owners compensated for such damage before the contract will be considered complete. This includes the removal of rock from blasting (1 1/2 inches or over in size), and the broom sweeping, or water removal, of dirt from pavement.

17. Items Deleted and Quantity Changes

The OWNER reserves the right to delete any bid item or in the case of unit price items, the OWNER may delete, reduce, or increase the quantities involved. BIDDERS shall be aware of this possibility and shall base their BIDS accordingly.

SECTION 2 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

1. Approval of Testing Agencies and Reports

When in these Contract Documents inspection and testing services are required, bureaus, laboratories, and/or agencies selected for such inspection and testing shall be approved by the ENGINEER. If inspection and testing services are provided by the OWNER or are performed in accordance with Section 7.8 of the General Conditions, the OWNER shall select the laboratories and/or agencies for such inspection and testing.

2. Suitability of Materials and Test Reports

Where prior inspection and testing of materials is required, documentary evidence in the form of test reports, in the form and number required by the ENGINEER, shall be furnished prior to the time the material is incorporated into the work. All rejected material shall be removed promptly from the premises.

3. Governing Specifications

It is the intention of the ENGINEER in the preparation of these Specifications to define properly the kind and quality of materials to be furnished. The standards of the American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM); standards of the American Water Works Association (AWWA); or other such agencies may be referred to in the Specifications. Where such standards are referred to, said references shall be construed to mean the latest amended and/or revised versions of the said standard specifications. In the selection of samples and the routine testing of materials, the testing laboratory shall follow the standard procedure as outlined by the ASTM, unless otherwise set out.

4. Extent of Inspection and Testing Service

It is intended that materials of construction, particularly those upon which the strength and durability of the work may depend, shall be inspected and tested to establish conformance with specifications and suitability for uses intended. The following is a schedule showing the extent of testing, and requirements and methods of reporting. If it is found that this list does not cover all items that will require testing, then such materials shall be tested as directed by the ENGINEER.

5. Requirements and Methods of Reporting

In general, four copies of all test reports will be required with two copies to the CONTRACTOR, one to the ENGINEER, and one to the OWNER. All copies shall be forwarded to the ENGINEER.

Quality Assurance

6. Coarse Aggregate (Backfill and Surfacing)

Regarding coarse aggregates for use in backfill and surfacing, certifications, which state that the aggregates comply with the Specifications and give the gradation for each size used, will be required from the material supplier.

7. Concrete (Kickers, Anchors, Encasement and Pavement)

The mix design and a certification that the concrete supplied for this project is designed for a 28 day compressive strength of 2,500 psi shall be submitted by the supplier.

8. Fine Aggregate (For Use In Cement Concrete)

Standard tests shall be made in advance of concreting by an approved independent laboratory per ASTM C33, Paragraphs 2, 3, 4, and 5, and ASTM C40 on each fine aggregate proposed to be used. Other tests being satisfactory, the aggregate may be used pending results of 28 day concrete strength tests.

9. Coarse Aggregate (For Use In Cement Concrete)

Standard tests shall be made in advance of concreting by an approved laboratory on each grading of each coarse aggregate proposed to be used per ASTM C33, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11.

10. Concrete Tests (For Concrete Used In Structures)

10.1. Standard Slump Tests

Slump tests shall be made per ASTM C143. Not less than one such test shall be made for each 50 cubic yards of concrete placed at one operation.

10.2. Concrete Control Tests

10.2.1 During the progress of the work and for each different mix of concrete, standard concrete cylinders shall be made and tested. The testing shall be done per ASTM C39, and ASTM C31 (Paragraphs 7a and 7c). When field curing will be used in lieu of, or supplementing laboratory curing, care shall be exercised to avoid mistreatment of the cylinders in the field and testing shall be the same as specified for laboratory cured samples.

10.2.2 Test cylinders shall be made from each day's pour at the frequency specified by ACI 318 with a maximum of two (2) from each batch or ready-mix truck load. The maximum requirement will be imposed only when the ENGINEER deems necessary due to wide fluctuations in the concrete quality. A minimum of three (3) cylinders will be required for each day's pour if the concrete is used in structures or otherwise in a load-carrying capacity.

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10.2.3 Each cylinder shall be numbered and logged, so as to adequately identify the representative concrete in the structure. Where three (3) cylinders are made from each day's pour, one (1) cylinder shall be tested at 7 days and two (2) at 28 days. Where more than three (3) cylinders per day are required, the "break" schedule shall be as requested by ENGINEER.

11. Reinforcing Steel

Reinforcing steel shall undergo a field inspection for section, rust, shape, and dimensions, plus certified test report for heat number(s).

12. Ductile Iron Pipe

Each piece of pipe shall bear the manufacturer's name or trademark and the date manufactured. Each piece of pipe shall also be certified by the manufacturer to have met the requirements of the governing standard specifications. Manufacturer Certifications and test reports shall be forwarded to the ENGINEER. Also, each piece shall be visually inspected in the field for any defects and specification conformance.

13. PVC and PVC(MO) Pipe for Water Lines and Force Mains (Not Applicable to C905 PVC Pipe)

13.1 PVC or PVC (MO) pipe shall be marked in accordance with ASTM D-2241. PVC or PVC (MO) pipe shall be certified in accordance with NSF/ANSI 14 – 2012. The manufacturer shall supply certifications indicating that all pipe to be supplied for the project meets the applicable Specification and Standard. This information shall be furnished to the ENGINEER with the shop drawings.

13.2 The total quality system of the pipe manufacturer shall meet the requirements set forth in ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 and the pipe manufacturer shall be capable of maintaining the specified requirements of both the pipe and material. Pipe manufacturer compliance shall be required prior to approval of any shop drawings for PVC or PVC (MO) pipe.

13.3 Each truckload of pipe delivered to the project shall be subject to whatever field measurements and tests deemed necessary by the OWNER. These tests may be conducted by the OWNER or his representative. The cost of field testing shall be the responsibility of the OWNER, but the cost of any pipe destroyed during such testing shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR.

13.4 In addition to the requirements and specifications of ASTM D-2241, all PVC pipe supplied under this Contract shall be concentric from spigot to bell. Any PVC pipe delivered to the project that fails this concentricity requirement will be rejected. The cost of replacement of rejected pipe shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR.

Quality Assurance

14. Testing Water Lines

14.1 Water lines shall be tested at a pressure equal to the rated working pressure of the pipe for a period of four hours. Line segments between gate valves shall be tested separately. During the duration of the test, the line segment shall display leakage not exceeding ten gallons per day per inch of pipe diameter per mile of pipeline. This rate of leakage is given below for 1,000 feet of pipeline and various diameters of pipe:

TABLE 2.1
 MAXIMUM RATE OF LEAKAGE FOR GIVEN DIAMETER OF PIPE

| Pipe Diameter | Max. Leakage in 4 hrs. for 1,000 feet of pipe |
|---------------|---|
| 4" | 1.26 gallons |
| 6" | 1.89 gallons |
| 8" | 2.53 gallons |
| 10" | 3.16 gallons |
| 12" | 3.79 gallons |
| 14" | 4.42 gallons |
| 16" | 5.05 gallons |
| 20" | 6.13 gallons |

14.2 Lines which fail to meet these criteria shall be repaired and retested as necessary until requirements are met. If the initial pressure test indicates that repairs must be made to a particular line segment, the ENGINEER may require a 24-hour pressure test to verify soundness of the construction work. This test shall be performed at no additional expense to the OWNER. Pressure tests shall be performed only after service line taps are completed.

14.3 The pressure gauge and/or recorder used for testing pipelines will be supplied by the OWNER. The CONTRACTOR shall supply the necessary pump, taps, connections, water meter, and all piping and fittings required for testing. All methods and equipment for pressure testing shall be as approved by the ENGINEER.

14.4 The CONTRACTOR shall schedule his work so that each section of water line or force main between gate valves shown on the Drawings shall be pressure tested in sequence as the pipeline work progresses. The CONTRACTOR's schedule in this regard shall be as approved by the ENGINEER.

15. Testing Tapping Sleeves

All tapping sleeves and valves shall be subjected to a pressure test while in place on the existing water line, prior to the existing line being tapped. The tapping sleeve and valve shall be tested at the rated working pressure of the sleeve over a period of 15 minutes. The connection being tested shall maintain 100 percent of the test pressure throughout the test period. The CONTRACTOR shall supply all necessary equipment for testing sleeves. Other details of the test shall be as directed by the ENGINEER.

SECTION 3

WATER LINES AND WATER SERVICES

1. Scope of the Work

The work to be accomplished under this section of the Specifications consists of the furnishing of all materials and labor necessary for the construction of water lines, including all services, meters, fittings, blow-offs, valves, accessories, and appurtenances in strict accordance with the Specifications and the applicable Drawings.

2. Location of Water Lines

2.1 The approximate location of water lines in relation to the limits of rights-of-way, pavement, etc. is shown on the Drawings but is not guaranteed. The location shown was chosen to minimize the overall project cost with respect to rock excavation, pavement replacement, crushed stone for traffic bound roadway, customer water services, etc. Water lines shall generally be constructed in easements on private property parallel to and within 10 feet of highway rights-of-way.

2.2 The final location (as constructed) may be varied upon approval by the ENGINEER, provided: (1) the proposed location is approved by the Kentucky Department of Transportation (Bureau of Highways), the County Highway Department, or other agency, legal entity or property owner having jurisdiction, and (2) the effect reduces the project cost. The final location may be varied by necessity due to construction conditions at the direction of the ENGINEER, or due to the requirements of the Kentucky Department of Transportation (Bureau of Highways), the County Highway Department, or other agency, legal entity or property owner having jurisdiction. The construction of pipelines in the highway, road, or street right of way will not be allowed except where shown on the Drawings.

3. Excavation of Pipeline Trenches

3.1 **Unless otherwise directed by the ENGINEER or as shown on the Drawings, trenches in which pipes 12 inches or less in diameter are to be laid shall be excavated in open cut to a depth which will allow a minimum of 2 feet 6 inches of cover above the top of the pipe or 2 feet 6 inches below the elevation of the existing roadway, whichever is lower.** The roadway based elevation provision is excluded in residential lawns. For pipes greater than 12 inches in diameter, the trenches shall be excavated in open cut to a depth which will allow a minimum of 4 feet of cover above the top of the pipe. The diameter of the pipe, proper bedding and construction of bell holes must be considered in determining the depth of excavation. Extra depth excavation may be required by the Kentucky Department of Transportation (Bureau of Highways) or as shown on

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the Drawings.

3.2 Topsoil shall be stripped from the top of the trench and placed to the side for reuse during the final layer of backfill to facilitate productive growth of lawns, crops, and other vegetation. Trenches shall be of sufficient width to provide free working space on each side of the pipe and to permit proper backfilling around the pipe, but unless specifically authorized by the ENGINEER, trenches shall in no case be excavated or permitted to become wider (as measured at the top of the pipe) than 2 feet plus the nominal diameter of the pipe. The desired width shall be the nominal diameter of the pipe plus 16 inches. The minimum allowable trench width in rock excavation shall be the nominal diameter of the pipe plus 12 inches. The minimum allowable trench width in earth excavation shall be the nominal diameter of the pipe plus 6 inches. Trenching equipment that cannot maintain these minimum widths will not be allowed for use on the project.

3.3 Trench excavation shall proceed far enough ahead of pipe laying to reveal any obstructions that might necessitate changing the line or grade of the pipeline. The trench shall be reasonably straight and uniform in grade. Trenches shall be kept free of water during the construction of the pipeline and removal of water shall be at the CONTRACTOR's expense. Trench excavation shall proceed in a continuous manner from the beginning of the pipeline to the end.

3.4 Unless specifically authorized by the ENGINEER, no skipping by obstacles such as rock, road crossings, existing utilities, etc. shall be permitted. If skips are authorized by the ENGINEER and the CONTRACTOR does not close the resulting gaps in the pipeline in a timely manner, the ENGINEER may require the CONTRACTOR to discontinue all other operations until the gaps are closed.

3.5 Unless specifically directed otherwise by the ENGINEER, not more than 500 feet of trench shall be opened ahead of the pipe laying, and not more than 500 feet of open ditch shall be left behind the pipe laying. All barricades, lanterns, watchmen, and other such signs and signals as may be necessary to warn the public of the dangers in connection with open trenches, excavations, and other obstructions, shall be provided by and at the expense of the CONTRACTOR.

3.6 At the close of each working day all trenches that have been excavated shall be refilled unless exceptions are granted by the ENGINEER. All public or private drives shall be promptly backfilled or bridged at the direction of the ENGINEER.

3.7 All excavation shall be "unclassified" and therefore there will be no separate payment for rock excavation. The cost of all excavation should be merged into the cost of constructing the water line.

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4. Blasting

4.1. General

4.1.1 All blasting operations shall conform to Kentucky Department of Mines and Minerals code for explosive disintegration of rock. CONTRACTOR shall obtain permits from local authorities having jurisdiction before explosives are brought to site or drilling is started.

4.1.2 The CONTRACTOR shall keep explosives on the site only in such quantity as may be needed for the Work under way and only during such time as they are being used. He shall notify the ENGINEER, in advance, of his intention to store and use explosives. Explosives shall be stored in a secure manner and separate from all tools. Caps or detonators shall be safely stored at a point over 100 feet distance from the explosives. When the need for explosives has ended, all such materials remaining on the Work shall be promptly removed from the premises.

4.1.3 The CONTRACTOR shall observe all state, federal and municipal laws, ordinances and regulations relating to the transportation, storage, handling and use of explosives. In the event that any of the above-mentioned laws, ordinances or regulations require a licensed blaster to perform or supervise the Work of blasting, said licensed blaster shall, at all times have his license on the Work and shall permit examination thereof by the ENGINEER or other officials having jurisdiction.

4.1.4 No explosives shall be used within 20 feet of buildings and/or structures existing, constructed or under construction; or underground and/or overhead utilities whether existing or partially constructed.

4.1.5 Permission for any deviation from the restriction set forth above shall be secured from the ENGINEER, in writing; however, permission for any such deviations shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR from any responsibility in the event of damage to buildings, structures or utilities.

4.1.6 All operations involving explosives shall be conducted with all possible care to avoid injury to persons and property. Blasting shall be done only with such quantities and strengths of explosives and in such a manner as will break the rock approximately to the intended lines and grades and yet will leave the rock not to be excavated in an un-shattered condition. Care shall be taken to avoid excessive cracking of the rock upon or against which any structure will be built, and to prevent injury to existing pipes or other structures and property above or below ground. Rock shall be well covered with logs or mats, or both, where required. Sufficient warning shall be given to all persons in the vicinity of the Work before a charge is exploded.

4.1.7 The CONTRACTOR shall be solely responsible for his blasting operations. The CONTRACTOR shall not hold the OWNER and/or the

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ENGINEER liable for any damages resulting from his blasting operations on this project.

4.1.8 Blasting will not be permitted under or on CSXT's right-of-way.

4.2. Pre-blast Structure Survey

4.2.1 CONTRACTOR shall perform a pre-blast survey to determine and document with pictures the condition of adjacent structures, utilities, wells, buried cables, and other features within a minimum of 400 ft. of the blast area unless otherwise required by applicable regulatory authorities. Determine safe distances to structures or other facilities according to NFPA 495, Appendix B. Where facilities are closer than these distances, and natural barriers are not present, or when the amount of explosive cannot be reduced economically, blasting mats shall be used. Provide mats to protect environmentally sensitive areas, trees within 20 feet from the blasting area, streams, and rock formations from throw rock.

4.2.2 Purpose of survey is to document existing condition of structures prior to blasting, and is intended to be used as evidence in ascertaining whether and to what extent damage may have occurred as result of blasting. Survey shall be conducted prior to start blasting operations.

4.2.3 CONTRACTOR shall record information for each structure surveyed including:

- 4.2.3.1 Age and type of construction.
- 4.2.3.2 Location and character of cracks.
- 4.2.3.3 Evidence of settlement and leakage.
- 4.2.3.4 Other pertinent information.

4.2.4 Record pre-blast survey information on forms prepared specifically for pre-blast surveys. Supplement written records with photographs or videotape recordings. Submit copies of written records and photographs or videotapes to OWNER, and ENGINEER, prior to start of blasting.

4.3. Blast Design

4.3.1 Design each blast to avoid damage to existing facilities, adjacent property, and completed Work. Consider effects of blast-induced vibrations, air blast, and fly rock potential in design of each blast.

4.3.2 Establish appropriate maximum limit for vibration for each structure or facility that is adjacent to or near blast sites. Base maximum limits on expected sensitivity of each structure or facility to vibration, and federal, state, or local regulatory requirements, but not to exceed 1.25 in/sec. Whenever peak particle velocity exceeds vibration limits, change design of subsequent blasts, as necessary to reduce peak particle velocity to within

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limits established by Blaster-in-charge (BIC).

4.3.3 Establish appropriate maximum limit for air blast for each structure or facility that is adjacent to or near blast sites. Base maximum limits on expected sensitivity of each structure or facility to air blast, and federal, state, or local regulatory requirements, but not to exceed 0.015 psi peak overpressure (133 decibels). Whenever air blast exceeds limits, change design of subsequent blasts or provide controls necessary to reduce air blast to within specified limits.

4.4. Fly Rock Containment

Where fly rock may damage existing facilities, adjacent property, or completed Work, cover area to be blasted with blasting mats or provide other means that will contain and prevent scattering of blast debris.

4.5. Vibration and Air-Blast Monitoring

4.5.1 Monitor and record blast-induced vibrations and air blast using suitable sensors and recording equipment for each blast.

4.5.2 CONTRACTOR shall provide two (2) seismographs during blasting operations capable of the following:

4.5.2.1 Designed for monitoring blast-induced vibrations and air blast. Capable of recording particle velocity in three mutually perpendicular directions in range from 0 to 6 inches per second.

4.5.2.2 Flat vibration frequency response between 4 and 200-Hz.

4.5.2.3 Capable of recording air-blast overpressure up to 140 decibels.

4.5.2.4 Flat air-blast frequency response between 2- and 500-Hz.

4.5.3 Monitor on, or at, structures or other facilities that are closest to point of blasting. Monitoring more distant facilities that are expected to be sensitive to blast-induced vibrations and air blast.

4.5.4 BIC shall supervise establishment of monitoring programs and initial operation of equipment; review interpretation of records and recommend revisions of blast designs.

4.5.5 Include following information in blasting plan:

4.5.5.1 Vibration and air-blast limits as recommended by BIC.

4.5.5.2 Name of qualified BIC who will be responsible for monitoring program and interpretation of records.

4.5.5.3 Types and models of equipment proposed for monitoring.

4.5.5.4 Numbers and locations of proposed monitoring stations.

4.5.5.5 Procedures to be used for coordinating recording of each

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blast.

4.5.5.6 Steps to be taken if blasting vibrations or air blast exceed limits.

4.6. Blasting Records

4.6.1 For each blast, document the following:

4.6.1.1 Location of blast in relation to Project stationing or state plane coordinate system and elevation.

4.6.1.2 Date and times of loading and detonation of blast.

4.6.1.3 Name of person in responsible charge of loading and firing.

4.6.1.4 Details of blast design, as previously specified.

4.6.1.5 Vibration records including location and distance of seismograph geophones to blast and to nearest structure, and measured peak particle velocity. Report peak particle velocity in units of inches per second.

4.6.1.6 Air-blast records. Report peak air blast values in units of pounds per square inch overpressure above atmospheric or in decibels at linear response.

4.6.1.7 Comments by BIC regarding damage to existing facilities, adjacent property, or completed Work, misfires, fly rock occurrences, unusual results, or unusual effects as required.

4.7. Suspension of Blasting

4.7.1 In event damage to existing facilities, adjacent property, or completed Work occurs due to blasting, immediately suspend blasting and report damage to ENGINEER and OWNER. CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for all costs of repairs or replacement due to damage from blasting.

4.7.2 Before resuming blasting operations, adjust design of subsequent blasts, or take other appropriate measures to control effects of blasting, and submit complete description of proposed changes for reducing potential for future damage.

4.7.3 Do not resume blasting until authorized by OWNER and applicable regulatory authorities.

5. Pipe Bedding and Initial Backfill

For all pipe 14 inches in diameter and larger, or where rock excavation is encountered or in rocky soil as directed by the ENGINEER, the pipe shall be bedded with six (6) inches of crushed stone under the pipe. Crushed stone shall be used in the initial backfill from the bottom of the pipe to the centerline of the pipe. Initial backfill material shall be placed and thoroughly compacted by hand

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tamping. Initial backfill material shall be deposited in the trench for its full width on each side of pipe, fittings and appurtenances simultaneously. Care must be taken to compact fill along the sides of the pipe and appurtenances adjacent to pipe wall. Crushed stone shall be No. 9-M or #57 as described in the *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction* as published by the Kentucky Department of Transportation, Bureau of Highways. In certain cases the CONTRACTOR may be required to move earth of good quality from previous trench excavation for use as bedding material.

6. Pipe Laying6.1. General

6.1.1 The CONTRACTOR shall notify the ENGINEER as to the date and time of all pipe deliveries and shall not unload any pipe except in the presence of the Inspector. Pipe shall be transported and handled in strict conformance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

6.1.2 The CONTRACTOR will be required to stockpile all pipe in central locations. Pipe strung along the route of the pipeline, shall be limited to the current day's expected production.

6.1.3 Pipe laying shall be in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommended practice. Special tools, lubricant and equipment for proper laying shall be provided by the manufacturer. If the CONTRACTOR proposes a method of installation not covered by the manufacturer's recommended procedures, the CONTRACTOR shall obtain written certification from the manufacturer that installation by this proposed method will in no way affect the manufacturer's warranty of the pipe.

6.1.4 Pipe shall not be rolled, or dropped, into the trench.

6.1.5 All angles or bends in the pipe lines, either vertical or horizontal shall be satisfactorily braced or anchored against the tendency of movement with concrete anchors to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER.

6.1.6 Open ends of unfinished pipelines shall be securely plugged or closed at the end of each day's work, or when the line is left temporarily at any other time.

6.2. Ductile Iron Pipe

6.2.1 The trench shall be excavated to the required depth and width, bell holes and/or joint holes shall be dug in advance of the pipe laying.

6.2.2 The beds of each piece of pipe shall be prepared carefully so that each individual piece of pipe shall have a uniform bearing. Pipe shall be laid in a straight line and grade without kinks or sags, and shall be laid in a

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workmanlike manner. Bell holes and/or jointing holes shall be large enough so that the bell or hub will clear the ground and leave ample room for making and inspection of joints.

6.2.3 Before each piece of pipe is lowered into the trench, it shall be swabbed out thoroughly to insure its being clean. Each piece of pipe shall be lowered into the trench separately.

6.2.4 Care shall be taken to prevent injury to the pipe coating both inside and outside. No piece of pipe or fitting which is known to be defective shall be laid or placed in the lines. If any defective pipe or fittings shall be discovered after the pipe line is laid, they shall be removed and replaced with a satisfactory pipe or fitting without additional charge. In case a length of pipe is cut to fit in a line, it shall be so cut as to leave a smooth end at right angles to the longitudinal axis of the pipe.

6.3. Plastic Pipe

6.3.1 Plastic pipe shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. A representative who is a direct employee of the pipe manufacturer shall conduct training sessions for CONTRACTOR's personnel regarding proper pipe installation. The manufacturer's representative shall certify to the ENGINEER the names of CONTRACTOR's personnel who have attended such training. Pipe laying and assembly work shall be performed only by personnel who appear on the manufacturer's certified list.

6.3.2 Backfilling shall be done in accordance with Paragraph 7, Backfilling Pipeline Trenches, where not in conflict with manufacturer's recommendations.

7. Backfilling Pipeline Trenches

7.1 Backfilling shall be conducted at all times in a manner to prevent damage to the pipe and the exterior protection on the pipe. Placing of backfill shall be done only in the presence of the ENGINEER after his final inspection and acceptance of the pipe in place. If material for backfilling is not available at the construction site, the CONTRACTOR shall "import" earth of good quality from a site approved by the ENGINEER. This will not be a separate pay item.

7.2 In areas of earth excavation of the pipeline trench, earthen material reasonably free from rock and acceptable to the ENGINEER shall be used in the backfilling of the trench. Backfill material free of rock over one inch in diameter shall be placed around the pipe up to the point where the pipe is thoroughly covered with at least one foot of material. Walking or working on the completed pipe (except as may be necessary in backfilling) shall not be permitted until the trench has been backfilled to a height of at least one foot above the top of the pipe. The filling of the trench shall be carried on simultaneously on both sides of the pipe

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in such a manner that the completed pipeline will not be disturbed and injurious side pressures do not occur.

7.3 In areas of rock excavation of the pipeline trench, crushed stone as used for bedding shall be used as backfill material to a level 6 inches above the top of the pipe. Placement of this backfill material shall be performed as described above. In certain cases in lieu of or in addition to the crushed stone backfill the CONTRACTOR may be required to use earth of good quality as backfill material to a depth of 12 inches above the pipe as described above.

7.4 In filling the remainder of the trench above the initial backfill described above, whether in earth or rock excavation, earth backfill material reasonably free of rock may be shoved into the trench without compacting and heaped over, then compacted by rolling with the wheel of a grader or front-end loader. Earth backfill material containing rocks greater than 6 inches in diameter shall not be acceptable.

7.5 The final step in the backfill operation shall be to windrow good quality earthen material over the top of the ditch. The windrow shall be no higher than one foot and no wider than the width of the ditch plus 4 feet. All other excavated material except that required for the above described windrow shall be considered excess and shall be disposed of as described hereinafter.

7.6 Where street, driveway and highway crossings are made and where streets or highways are proposed, the CONTRACTOR will be required to tamp all backfill as described hereinafter and backfill the trench with No. 9-M crushed stone.

7.7 Where tamping is required, the backfilling shall all be done in layers not exceeding 6 inches and firmly tamped into place by tampers or rammers. The ENGINEER may permit puddling of ditches to compact the backfill in lieu of tamping with mechanical tampers except where street paving is to be replaced immediately after the backfilling is completed. The ENGINEER may also require puddling where (in his opinion) it is necessary for proper compaction.

8. Disposition of Excess Excavated Material

Excavated materials not used for backfill including "shot rock" and boulders shall be disposed of within one week of the adjacent trench being backfilled. Disposal of excavated material shall be performed so as to cause the least interference with the completed pipeline and operations of the OWNER, property owners, etc. and in a manner satisfactory to the ENGINEER.

9. Replacing Streets and Roadways

9.1 The CONTRACTOR shall replace all streets, alleys, driveways, and roadways which may be removed, disturbed, or damaged in connection with his operations under this Contract. CONTRACTOR shall reconstruct same to the satisfaction of the Kentucky Department of Transportation, the County Highway Department, or other legal entity or property owner having jurisdiction. The reuse

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of materials removed in making excavations will be permitted, provided said materials are in good condition and acceptable to the ENGINEER.

9.2 The CONTRACTOR will be paid for street replacement only where the line is constructed within the paved surfaces. Care shall be exercised to minimize damage to graveled shoulders and paved surfaces.

9.3 Gravel, crushed limestone, bituminous materials, or other materials used in the resurfacing of streets, shall meet the current requirements of the Kentucky Department of Transportation (Bureau of Highways) Specifications.

9.4. Traffic-Bound Base Course

9.4.1 On all trenches where replacing streets or drives is required, it shall be handled in the following manner:

9.4.2 After the backfill has been compacted (by mechanical tamping) and brought up to approximately finish grade, the CONTRACTOR then shall place crushed stone when and as directed by the ENGINEER as a traffic-bound base course, at the proper elevation to allow for settlement but not in such a way as to prevent traffic from using it. Crushed stone shall be Kentucky Department of Transportation, dense graded aggregate.

9.4.3 The CONTRACTOR may be required by the ENGINEER to maintain the traffic-bound base course (by adding crushed stone as specified hereinbefore) in a safe and passable condition for a period of 60 days (or until such time as sufficient settlement has taken place in the opinion of the ENGINEER) and the trenches are ready for final resurfacing. Crushed stone will be paid for at the unit bid price specified in the Contract.

9.5. Subgrade for Final Resurfacing

9.5.1 The traffic-bound course hereinbefore described shall comprise the base course for all types of resurfacing.

9.5.2 When, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, the trench has reached a condition of settlement satisfactory for final resurfacing, the CONTRACTOR shall first strip the base course or backfill with crushed stone (size as specified hereinbefore) to obtain the proper subgrade elevation. The subgrade then shall be rolled with an approved type roller or tamped until thoroughly compacted. Any depressions shall be filled with crushed stone (as specified hereinbefore) and the process of rolling or tamping continued until the subgrade has a smooth and uniform surface.

9.6. Portland Cement Concrete Pavement

Where Portland Cement Concrete Pavement is to be replaced, or is required under bituminous pavement replacement, it shall conform to the

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existing pavement and/or the ENGINEER'S instructions (not less than 6 inches thickness), and the type concrete required by the Kentucky Department of Transportation shall be used.

9.7. Asphaltic Concrete Pavement

9.7.1 Where asphaltic concrete pavement is to be replaced, the subgrade shall be prepared as hereinbefore specified, and this subgrade shall comprise the base course upon which the concrete subslab and/or the bituminous pavement shall be laid. Asphaltic concrete shall be as required by the Kentucky Department of Transportation.

9.7.2 Where no Portland cement concrete subslab is required, the subgrade or base shall be cleaned and broomed thoroughly and a prime coat of medium tar shall be applied uniformly at the rate of 0.20 to 0.25 gallons per square yard. Where Portland cement concrete subslab is required, the prime shall be applied at the rate of approximately 0.05 gallons per square yard. The prime shall be applied by a pressure distributor or other approved pressure spray method.

9.8. Bituminous Surfacing (Surface Treatment)

9.8.1 Where bituminous surfacing is to be replaced as shown on the Drawings, or as directed by the ENGINEER, the traffic-bound base shall comprise the subgrade upon which the bituminous surfacing shall be constructed. After the subgrade or base has been prepared, thoroughly cleaned and broomed, a prime coat of medium tar shall be applied at the rate of 0.30 to 0.35 gallons per square yard.

9.8.2 When the prime coat has become tacky but not hard, the bituminous material (asphalt of the grade directed by the ENGINEER) shall be applied in two applications at the rate of 0.35 to 0.45 gallons per square yard for each application. The CONTRACTOR shall apply approximately 50 pounds of crushed stone chips per square yard between the two applications of bituminous material, and 35 to 40 pounds of chips per square yard after the final application of bituminous materials.

9.9. Untreated Surface

9.9.1 Where the existing surface is untreated gravel or stone, the CONTRACTOR shall reuse all native materials possible using crushed stone as required, replacing the surfacing that is disturbed or removed with crushed stone equal to the grade present prior to construction.

9.9.2 Prior to final acceptance, the CONTRACTOR shall fill in all depressions with crushed stone as hereinbefore specified, and shall thoroughly roll and grade to the existing surface.

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9.10. General

The CONTRACTOR shall be held responsible for any and all damage occurring to street and road paving due to his operations outside the actual limits of his work, and shall replace any such damage to as good, or better, condition than that which existed prior to the CONTRACTOR's operations and at no additional expense to the OWNER.

10. Concrete Kickers, Anchors, Cradles, and/or Encasement

10.1 Concrete kickers, anchors, cradles, and/or encasement of water lines shall be placed where and as shown on the Drawings, or as directed by the ENGINEER.

10.2 Concrete for anchors, kickers, cradle, and/or encasement shall be 2,500 psi concrete and shall be mixed sufficiently wet to permit it to flow under the pipe to form a continuous bed. In tamping concrete, care shall be taken not to disturb the grade or line of the pipe, or to injure the joints. Concrete placed outside the specified limits or without authorization from the ENGINEER will not be subject to payment.

10.3 Thrust blocks shall be provided in accordance with details shown on Drawings and must bear against an undisturbed trench face. Thrust blocks must be used even when special locked-joint fittings, anchoring fittings, or pipe clamps with tie rods are employed. Fitting bolts shall be protected from the concrete being poured for thrust blocks by using plastic sheeting to cover the area of the bolts.

11. Pipe and Fittings for Water Lines

11.1. General

Pipe for water mains shall be nominal diameter and material indicated on the Drawings. The pipe shall be as specified herein and shall be either PVC or ductile iron.

11.2. Fittings

11.2.1 Ductile iron mechanical joint fittings shall be required for all sizes of PVC and ductile iron pipe. Ductile iron mechanical joint fittings shall conform to AWWA specification C 153 and shall have a rated working pressure of 350 psi up to 24-inch diameter and 250 psi above 24-inch. Ductile iron fittings shall be furnished with a bituminous coating outside in accordance with AWWA specification C 153 and shall be cement mortar lined inside in accordance with AWWA specification C 104.

11.2.2 Only high strength low alloy steel T-bolts shall be used with all mechanical joints including fittings, valves, etc. All glands, T-bolts and other accessories shall be manufactured and provided by the same manufacturer as the fittings on which the accessories are used.

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11.2.3 Fittings used in pipeline sections noted on the Drawings to be restrained shall be slip joint type fittings that incorporate the specified type of restraining system used with ductile iron pipe or mechanical joint type fittings with approved restraining devices listed below.

11.2.4 Fittings shown on the Drawings are intended to convey the general configuration only. The CONTRACTOR shall be required to furnish fittings at each abrupt change (vertical or horizontal) in the pipeline alignment, as determined by the ENGINEER. The CONTRACTOR shall also be required to furnish any special gaskets, adaptors, etc. necessary for construction.

11.2.5 All vertical bends and all bends greater than 12 inches in diameter shall include approved restraining devices. Approved restraining devices are Megalug by EBBA Iron, Inc., GripRing by Romac Industries, Inc., or approved equal.

11.2.6 Fittings and accessories shall be manufactured in the United States and shall be Union/Tyler, ACIPCO, U.S. Pipe, or approved equal.

11.3. Ductile Iron Pipe

11.3.1 Ductile iron pipe shall conform to AWWA specifications C 150 and C 151 with a rated working pressure of 350 psi for 4-inch through 12-inch diameter pipe and 250 psi for pipe 14-inch and larger, under the laying conditions and depth of cover specified herein.

11.3.2 Ductile iron pipe shall be furnished with an outside bituminous coating approximately one mil thick and shall be cement mortar lined inside according to AWWA specification C 104.

11.3.3 The joints for ductile iron pipe shall be in accordance with AWWA specification C 111 and shall be the "push-on" type. The allowable deflection in each joint shall be a minimum of 3 degrees and gasket lubricant shall be used as recommended by the pipe manufacturer.

11.3.4 Ductile iron pipe shall be "Fastite" as manufactured by American, "Super Bell-tite" as manufactured by Clow Corp., "Tyton" as manufactured by U.S. Pipe Corp., or approved equal.

11.3.5 In certain locations as described herein, ductile iron pipe and fittings shall be provided and installed with restrained joints. The restrained joint system for pipe shall be similar to "Flex-Grip" by American Ductile Iron Pipe, "Field-Lok" by U.S. Pipe or approved equal. If mechanical joint fittings are used in lieu of push-on-joints, joint restraint shall be accomplished as specified in the preceding subsection.

11.3.6 The locations where restrained joints are required are as follows:

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11.3.6.1 All ductile iron carrier pipes used in casing pipe for road crossings. Restrained joints shall be used between and include the adjacent fitting on each side of the crossing.

11.3.6.2 At all fittings used in the ductile iron water line, fittings, and joints shall be restrained to result in the following restrained footage each side of the fitting, as specified herein.

TABLE 3.1

MINIMUM RESTRAINED LENGTH
 EACH SIDE OF DUCTILE IRON PIPE

| Fitting | Restrained Pipe Length |
|------------|------------------------|
| 90° Bend | 87 LF |
| 45° Bend | 36 LF |
| 22 ½° Bend | 17 LF |
| 11 ¼° Bend | 17 LF |
| Tee | 64 LF |
| Dead End | 65 LF |

11.4. Plastic (PVC) Pipe

11.4.1 Plastic pipe shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) and shall meet the requirements set forth by ASTM D1784 for Type 1, Grade 1. All plastic pipe shall bear the National Sanitation Foundation Testing Laboratory seal for potable water. All plastic pipe shall be certified in accordance with NSF/ANSI 14 – 2012. The pipe shall also meet the requirements of ASTM D-2241, ASTM D-3139, and all other specifications referred to therein.

11.4.2 In general and unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings, PVC pipe shall be Class 200 (SDR-21). However, in certain areas Class 250 (SDR-17) PVC pipe may be required.

11.4.3 Provision shall be made for contraction and expansion at each joint with either twin gasketed couplings or integral bell joints. Gasket systems shall be Reiber or other locked-in type as approved by the ENGINEER. Twin gasketed couplings shall be rated for working pressure equal to that of pipe and shall be as manufactured by the pipe manufacturer.

11.4.4 PVC pipe shall be manufactured by a company that has made pipe in accordance with ASTM D-2241 under the brand name to be supplied on this project continuously over the previous five (5) year period. Pipe shall be manufactured at a plant that has been owned, operated and controlled by the same manufacturing company and has produced PVC pipe in accordance with ASTM D-2241 as a routine standard procedure for the last three (3) years. The plant shall be certified in accordance with NSF/ANSI 14 – 2012 for the PVC pipe specified. PVC pipe shall be Vulcan, National, Royal, Pipelife-Jetstream, or North American.

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11.4.5 Pipe manufactured with Molecular Oriented Poly (vinyl Chloride), PVC (MO), may be substituted for the PVC pipe described above. PVC (MO) pipe shall conform to ASTM F1483 and shall be Ultra-Blue as manufactured by JM Eagle, Inc.

11.4.6 Note special PVC and PVC (MO) pipe testing requirements, Section 2 Paragraph 13.

12. Gate Valves, Butterfly Valves, and Boxes

12.1 Gate valves shall comply with AWWA specification C 509 and shall be of the resilient wedge type, epoxy coated, iron body, non-rising stem and fully bronze mounted. Valves shall be suitable for water working pressures of 250 psi. Valves shall be of standard manufacture and of the highest quality both as to materials and workmanship. Gate valves shall be either the A-2360 series by Mueller Company, Style A067 by M & H Valve Company, or US Pipe equivalent.

12.2 All gate valves shall have the name or monogram of the manufacturer, the year the valve casting was made, the size of the valve, and the working water pressure cast on the body of the valve. Unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings, all gate valves shall be provided with a 2-inch square operating nut and shall open by turning counterclockwise.

12.3 Butterfly valves shall be Muller Lineseal III, M&H #4500, or #1450 Class 150B meeting the requirements of AWWA C504. They shall have mechanical joint connections with a 2-inch square operating nut and shall be suitable in all respects for underground service.

12.4 All gate valves and butterfly valves installed in Ductile Iron water mains shall be restrained against movement by either rodding the valve to adjacent fittings or use of "Megalugs" or equal.

12.5 Valve boxes shall be cast iron, two piece, screw type 24-inch to 36-inch extension with drop covers marked "WATER" and they shall be set vertically, properly adjusted so that the cover will be in the same plane as the finished surface of the street or ground. The box shall have a 5 1/4-inch shaft. Valve boxes shall be as manufactured by Mueller, Clow, M & H, or an approved equal.

12.6 **Any valve that is installed at a depth to the operating nut greater than 3 feet below the final elevation of the valve box top shall be fitted with a valve operator extension.** The length of the extension shall place the operating nut 12 to 24 inches from the valve box top. The extension shall be secured to the valve nut with a set screw. The extension shall include a 1-inch solid steel shaft, 2-inch square top nut, and centering ring near the top. Valve operator extensions shall be manufactured by an entity regularly engaged in the manufacture of such equipment, and be Water Key Model VE-XX, or approved equal.

13. Tapping Sleeves and Valves

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13.1 Tapping sleeves for cast iron or ductile iron pipe shall be mechanical joint and shall be Mueller H615 or M & H Style 1174. Tapping sleeves for A.C. pipe shall be mechanical joint and shall be Mueller H-619 or approved equal. Tapping sleeves for 4-inch through 8-inch PVC pipe shall be Mueller H-304 or Smith Blair No. 622. Tapping sleeves for 10-inch and 12-inch PVC pipe shall be Smith-Blair No. 622 fabricated steel sleeves, epoxy coated with stainless steel bolts and nuts.

13.2 Tapping valves shall meet the same general specifications as described herein for gate valves.

14. Blowoffs

Blowoff valves and appurtenances shall be constructed where shown on the Drawings and as detailed on the standard detail sheet. Gate valves as specified hereinbefore and the meter boxes described below shall be used in the blowoff assembly. Bends used in blowoff assemblies may be PVC with gasketed joints, as approved by the ENGINEER.

15. Fire Hydrants

15.1 Fire hydrants shall be "dry barrel," cast iron bodied, fully bronze mounted, suitable for a working pressure of 150 psi, and shall meet all requirements of the latest AWWA C502 specifications. Each hydrant shall be given a 300 psi hydrostatic test in the shop. Hydrants shall be Mueller Model A-423.

15.2 The waterways of hydrants shall be as free as possible of obstructions, sharp turns, corners, or other causes for resistance. The base of the hydrant shall have a bell connection to admit a proper connection with a standard mechanical joint. Bury depth shall be 3 feet 6 inches minimum or as required to bring the hydrant to the proper grade.

15.3 Hydrants shall have a 6-inch connection to 6-inch and larger mains, 2 1/2-inch brass nozzles with threads for steamer couplings, together with caps fastened securely to each hydrant and threaded to fit nozzles. The main valve of the hydrant shall be not less than 5 1/4 inches in diameter with 7-inch inside diameter riser barrel. All connection threads shall comply with standard specifications of the National Board of Fire Underwriters.

15.4 The hydrant main valve shall be of the compression type, closing with pressure. The valve shall be faced with heavy impregnated waterproof balata or other approved material. The main valve of the hydrant shall be not less than 5 1/4 inches in diameter when installed on 6-inch or larger mains and 4 1/2 inches in diameter on 4-inch mains.

15.5 Hydrants shall have a safety "breakable flange" section located above the ground line. The distance from the ground line of the hydrant to the top of the hydrant head shall be not less than 30 inches. A maximum of one section of vertical riser shall be accepted. Vertical riser, if required, shall be incidental to hydrant

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installation. In most situations the CONTRACTOR shall be required to turn the hydrant top 180 degrees so that the pumper nozzle will face the street.

15.6 Hydrants shall be supplied with factory applied paint. The color shall be Safety Yellow. The factory applied paint shall be protected during transport and installation. Any hydrants which have excessive chips, scratches, or other abrasions, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, shall be subject to rejection. After installation, exposed surfaces of hydrants shall be painted with two (2) coats of the paint indicated below. The bonnets of the hydrants shall be painted with two (2) coats of a contrasting color to indicate potential flow rate as directed by the ENGINEER. The paint shall be Rust-oleum 9800 System DTM Mastic. Barrel color shall be Safety Yellow. Bonnet colors shall be Safety Red, Safety Orange, Safety Green, or Safety Blue.

16. Meters, Meter Boxes and Meter Equipment

16.1. General

16.1.1 Where shown on the Drawings, existing water meters shall be relocated in new meter settings. The CONTRACTOR shall install on the new mains entire new meter settings as shown on the standard detail sheet and as specified herein. When all new meter settings are installed and pressure testing, disinfection and bacteriological testing is completed, the water meters which are in existing settings shall be removed and installed in the new settings. (In special situations where new meters are required in a particular location, it shall be so noted on the Drawings.)

16.1.2 At the time the water meter is relocated the CONTRACTOR shall also connect the new meter setting to the existing customer's service line which is between the meter and the house or business. Pipe used in making this connection shall be of the same size, material, and type as the existing customer service line, unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings, but in general will be either Sch 40 PVC pipe or P.E. tubing to match existing customer service line. The connection at the meter setting to the new customer service line shall be made with a galvanized or brass compression coupling on a brass nipple which is to be threaded into the yoke. The method and materials used to connect new customer service pipe to existing customer service pipe shall be Style 65 Dresser couplings, or as approved by the ENGINEER. The work of relocating existing meter installations shall be performed in such a way that interruptions of service to each customer are minimized.

16.2. Meter Boxes

16.2.1 Meter boxes shall be cylindrical with a height of 24 inches. The meter box diameter for 3/4 inch services shall be 18 inches. Boxes with a diameter of 20 inches shall be used for all 1-inch and regulated 3/4-inch

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services.

16.2.2 Boxes shall be a PVC "shell" meter box manufactured from SDR 51 PVC irrigation pipe as manufactured by Mueller Company.

16.2.3 Meter box covers shall be cast iron with locking lid using "large" pentagon bolts. Covers shall have an 18-inch or 20-inch inside diameter as required and an 11 1/2-inch lid opening. The lid shall be marked "Water Meter". Meter box covers shall be Type A32-LB or Type A3-LB as manufactured by the Ford Meter Box Company.

16.2.4 Meter boxes and covers for meters larger than 1-inch shall be as shown on the standard detail sheet.

16.3. Meter Fittings

16.3.1 The necessary corporation stops, curb valves, and all other fittings and accessories shall be furnished as indicated on the Drawings. Service saddles shall be Mueller Series H-134 for PVC pipe and Mueller Series BR-1-B for ductile iron pipe. Corporation stops shall be Mueller # H-15008.

16.3.2 Service saddles for 2-inch taps shall be Mueller, Smith Blair, or approved equal, double strap type with 1.P threads for use with a 2-inch by 4-inch brass nipple. A 2-inch Mueller A-2360 gate valve, or approved equal, with threaded connections shall be used in lieu of a cooperation stop.

16.3.3 For 3/4-inch services, yokes shall be Mueller #H-1404-2 except where a regulator is required and then yokes shall be Mueller #H-1404-012. All 1-inch yokes shall be Mueller #H-1404-2 (See the Standard Detail Sheet). All yokes shall include a lock wing stop and check valve. Inlet connections shall be either Mueller #H-14227 or #H-14222 as required by the particular situation and all outlet connections shall be #H-14222. See the standard detail sheet for additional information regarding fittings for services.

16.3.4 Pressure regulators, where required, shall be Wilkins 600DM-HR, or approved equal for 3/4-inch services and Watts 223HP-Z3, or approved equal or 1-inch services. The adjusting screw on pressure regulators shall remain at the factory setting.

16.4. Service Connection Tubing

16.4.1 Service connection tubing shall be 3/4-inch or 1-inch plastic tubing of the length necessary to run a direct and continuous line from the main to the meter at property line. The service tubing shall be manufactured from very high molecular weight polyethylene as PE 4710; the material cell classification shall be 445574E as defined by ASTM D-3350; and it shall bear the name of the National Sanitation Foundation Testing Laboratory

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Seal for potable water. Tubing dimensions shall be copper tubing size in accordance with the provisions of ASTM D-2737. Tubing shall be SDR 9, rated for 200 psi working pressure and shall be covered by a lifetime warranty. The service tubing shall be Endopure PE-4710 by Endot Industries, Inc. Special care shall be taken to protect the service tubing (with earthen materials) from sharp and/or hard objects. Cover is to be at least 30 inches at all points. Rigid liners (inserts) shall be used with PE tubing where compression connections are made. Liners shall be stainless steel as manufactured by Mueller Co., Part #504281 or #504385.

16.4.2 Where indicated on the Drawings, copper or brass service line shall be utilized. Service line tubing for 1-inch copper connections shall be Type K. Service line for 1 1/2- and 2-inch connections shall be stick brass, field threaded to appropriate lengths.

16.4.3 Where it is necessary to cross a street, highway, or railroad, the CONTRACTOR shall install service tubing under said street, highway, or railroad by the method indicated on the Drawings and the Bid Form. Such service line shall be installed at least 4 feet under the surface. Road crossings for both 5/8-inch x 3/4-inch and 1-inch meters shall be made with 1-inch tubing as shown on the standard detail sheet.

17. Highway and/or Railroad Crossings (Water Mains)

17.1 All water line crossings of County, State and United States Highways, and/or railroads, shall be in smooth wall steel casing pipe (0.25-inch minimum wall thickness). Joints in casing pipe shall be welded continuously all around. The minimum depth of cover shall be 42 inches for highway and road crossings, as measured from the top of the casing pipe to the low point of the crossing cross section. The minimum depth of cover shall be 48 inches, as measured from the top of the casing pipe to the low point of the crossing cross section and 66 inches as measured from the top of the casing pipe to the bottom of the rails for railroad crossings. Carrier pipe used inside steel casing shall generally be the material shown on the Drawings and the Bid Schedule. Where PVC carrier pipe is used, and for bores beneath railroads the carrier pipe shall be supported on casing spacers (Advance, Calpico, CCI, or approved equal) inside the casing at intervals that are in accordance with the spacer manufacturer's recommendations. Casing spacers for ductile iron pipe shall be Advance Model SI.

17.2 The spacer manufacturer shall be supplied the following information when ordering the spacers: carrier pipe O.D., carrier pipe bell O.D., casing pipe I.D., type of pipe being used and SDR information. All carrier pipe shall be centered with maximum clearance of 1-inch between spacer runner and casing. For PVC carrier, the spacer shall be a polyethylene spacer and for DIP carrier the spacer shall be a stainless steel spacer. The CONTRACTOR shall also supply end seals for all steel casings. End seals may be pull-on or wrap around types with stainless steel bands.

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17.3 Split casing for ductile iron pipe shall be sized to match existing casing. The two sides of the split casing shall be field butt welded one to the other and to existing casing to provide a water-tight seal. Lugs shall be provided as required to provide for proper pipe alignment. All appurtenances shall be provided as indicated above.

18. Air Release Stations

18.1 Automatic air release stations shall be located and constructed as shown on the Drawings and the Standard Detail Sheet. The Air Release Stations shall include an Apco Model 200A, or approved equal. The valve shall be supplied with a 2-inch NPT inlet, 5/32-inch orifice, and be complete with a blow-off valve. Inlet valve shall be a 2-inch ball valve as specified below.

18.2 Manual air release stations shall include a 2-inch ball valve and 10-feet of polybutylene tubing. The tubing shall be connected to the ball valve by a Mueller IP x PE Adaptor. Ball valves shall be Apollo, or approved equal, with bronze body and 316 stainless steel ball and stem.

18.3 All piping, nipples and fittings used in air release stations shall be brass. Saddles shall be Power Seal model 3416AS.

19. Inspection of the Lines

Before the CONTRACTOR backfills any of the lines, they first shall be inspected by the ENGINEER's Representative and the ENGINEER's Representative shall give the CONTRACTOR permission to proceed with the backfilling. If any joints, pipes, fittings, or materials or workmanship are found to be defective, they shall be removed and replaced by the CONTRACTOR without any additional compensation.

20. Connecting to the Existing Lines

20.1 Work under this item shall include the connecting of new water lines to the existing water lines in the manner shown on the Drawings, and as directed by the ENGINEER. The work of connecting new lines to existing lines is not a separate pay item under this Contract.

20.2 Where such a connection will result in an interruption of service, the CONTRACTOR shall propose the schedule for such a connection to the ENGINEER several days in advance. The ENGINEER will present the proposal to the OWNER for approval. The interest of the OWNER in regards to service to existing customers shall take precedence over the new construction. The CONTRACTOR's schedule shall permit the OWNER to provide notification to customers at least 24 hours before the suspension of service.

21. Disinfection and Flushing of the Lines

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21.1 The new water lines shall not be placed in service either temporarily or permanently until they have been disinfected thoroughly in accordance with the following requirements to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER.

21.2 After pressure testing procedures have been completed, the CONTRACTOR shall flush the line thoroughly, removing all foreign material, dirt, etc. Then a solution of hypochlorite using HTH or equal, sufficient to insure a chlorine dosage of at least 50 parts per million through the entire length of the line, shall be introduced into the line.

21.3 The chlorine solution shall remain in the line for 24 hours and a residual of at least 25 parts per million should be present in the pipe at the end of the 24-hour period. The line shall be flushed until 2 parts per million chlorine residual remains, then bacteriological samples taken. One sample shall be taken per mile of pipeline with a minimum of 2 samples per line. Each sample shall be collected from a different point along the line. If negative samples are obtained, the lines may be put into service. If a positive sample is obtained however, the disinfection procedure shall be repeated until negative samples are obtained. Bacteriological test costs shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR.

21.4 Disinfection, pressure testing, other required testing and flushing are not pay items. The CONTRACTOR shall pay for all water used for testing, disinfection, and flushing, except the amount required to fill the pipelines twice. This amount will be computed and deducted from the total amount metered.

21.5 The CONTRACTOR shall install a temporary bypass with a meter around a valve at the point of connection to the existing water system. This meter will be for the purpose of measuring water used by the CONTRACTOR for flushing, testing, and disinfecting the new water lines. The meter shall be large enough to pass the required flows. It shall be tested for accuracy before being installed.

22. Rough Grade Work and Cleanup

22.1 Rough Grade Work and Cleanup (Rough Cleanup) shall be defined to include the final backfill and windrowing of the ditch line, disposal of excess excavated material, level grading of the disturbed areas adjacent to the ditch line, filling and leveling street and driveway cuts, cleaning up and removal of rubbish, repair of fences and structures, and any other such work that may be required to result in a neat, orderly project area. Rough Cleanup shall be performed as other construction progresses and must be completed within one week of the adjacent pipeline construction.

22.2 Rough Cleanup is not a separate pay item. The cost for this work shall be included in the unit bid price for water lines. If Rough Cleanup is not performed as specified, the OWNER will require deductions from partial payment estimates in accordance with the Supplemental General Conditions, Sections 3.3 and 18.

23. Final Cleanup

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23.1 Final cleanup, grade work and seeding shall be performed on each line when backfilled trenches have had adequate time to settle, but at least within 2 months from the date each line is constructed. Final grade work and seeding on Kentucky Bureau of Highways rights-of-way shall be done in accordance with said Bureau's specifications and the permit granted to the OWNER specifically for this project.

23.2 Where work was performed on private property in lawns, earth of good quality, free from rock shall be spread over the disturbed area and graded and compacted to match adjacent ground contours. The previously removed topsoil shall be used for the final layer of backfill to facilitate productive growth of lawns, crops, and other vegetation. The graded area shall be hand raked until smooth and free from rock, potholes, and humps. The disturbed area shall then be seeded with the seed variety used on the original lawn (e.g., a bluegrass lawn shall be reseeded with bluegrass seed) and the seed raked in lightly. The seeded area shall be fertilized and then uniformly covered with straw to a depth of approximately 1 1/2 inches. **Final Cleanup in lawns must be completed within 2 weeks after Rough Cleanup.**

23.3 Where work was performed on private property and not in lawns the trench line shall be graded and filled if necessary to match adjacent contours. All rock larger than 1 1/2 inches in diameter shall be removed from the disturbed area. The previously removed topsoil shall be used for the final layer of backfill to facilitate productive growth of lawns, crops, and other vegetation. In general, pasture and fallow land shall be fertilized and seeded with Kentucky 31 Fescue and plowed fields shall be left unseeded, however, the desire of each property owner shall govern regarding seeding. Disturbed areas not in lawns are not required to be strawed unless erosion problems are anticipated by the ENGINEER.

23.4 In all cases on private property the rate of seed and fertilizer application shall be that recommended by the University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service for new plantings of the variety of grass seed used.

23.5 If the trench line settles following final grade work or if grass seed fails to germinate within a reasonable time, the CONTRACTOR shall regrade or reseed the area in question as specified above and as directed by the ENGINEER.

23.6 Final cleanup is **not** a separate pay item.

24. 6" Fire Meter Vault

24.1. General

The CONTRACTOR shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and services for the installation of fire meter vaults as shown on the Drawings. The CONTRACTOR shall submit shop drawings for all equipment and

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Section 3

material including precast concrete, hatch, piping, valves, fittings, and meter. Generally, materials shall be as specified herein.

24.2 Access Hatch

24.2.1 Vault hatches shall be sized and located as shown on the Drawings. The hatches shall be of non-skid design and designed to handle a weight of 300-pounds per square foot. A vandal proof locking device shall be provided. A positive hold open bar shall be provided to secure the hatch in the open position. Stainless steel bolts for mounting each rail support plate shall be furnished so that each set of guide rails can mount directly to the access hatch. The access hatches shall be manufactured by Bilco, US Foundry, or approved equal.

24.2.2 All hinges and hinge bolts shall be stainless steel. All hinge bolt nuts shall be tack welded to prevent removal of bolts. All fasteners used on the hatches shall be non-corrosive. All areas of hatch frames that will be in contact with concrete shall be coated with bitumastic paint.

24.3. Meter

24.3.1 Fire meter assemblies shall consist of a strainer, a 6-inch turbo type meter with AWWA class II measuring chamber, a check valve with by-pass piping, valves, and a 2-inch turbo type meter. The fire meter assembly shall be designed to measure both low flow domestic use and high volume usage, such as when a building's fire sprinklers are activated, through a single water supply line.

24.3.2 The strainer shall be at least six times open area and shall be rated for fire series systems to prevent clogging. The strainer shall be equipped with a 3-inch flushing port for flushing debris from the upstream side of the strainer screen.

24.3.3 Water shall flow into the meter's measuring element, contacting a multi-vaned rotor. Flow readings shall be obtained by rotor revolutions transmitted by magnetic drive coupling through the meter's cover plate to a sealed register. The meter shall register in Gallons and include a thermoplastic shroud and lid. The register shall be the ADE type and include "BadgerTouch" factory wired with 5 feet of cable pit assembly.

24.3.4 The check valve shall be the downstream side spring-loaded type to hold the clapper in a normally closed position. Small water flows by-pass the clapper and are registered on the 2-inch bypass meter. When a larger flow is required, the water pressure will overcome the mechanical advantages of the spring loaded clapper and push it open, permitting full pipe capacity flow.

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24.3.5 The bypass line shall consist of piping with a 2-inch turbo type meter, two isolation valves, and back flow preventing check valve.

24.3.6 The fire meter assembly shall be Badger Meter Model FSAA-01, or approved equal. The size shall be 6-inch with 2-inch bypass meter.

N O T I C E

**DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
NATIONWIDE PERMIT AUTHORIZATION
KENTUCKY DIVISION OF WATER 401 WQC**

PROJECT: Simpson County, Item No. 3-1086
Sulphur Springs Church Rd (KY 664) Bridge
Replacement over Johnson Creek

The Section 404 & 401 activities for this project have been previously permitted under the authority of the Department of the Army Nationwide Permit No. 14 “Linear Transportation Projects” & Division of Water General Water Quality Certification. In order for these authorizations to be valid, the attached conditions must be followed. The contractor shall post a copy of this Nationwide Permit & General WQC in a conspicuous location at the project site for the duration of construction and comply with the general conditions as required.

Station 22+00
See sheet R4

Replace an existing 32' x 24.5' single span box beam bridge with a 37' x 32' single-span bridge over Johnson Creek. The **perennial** stream will have impacts below the normal high water mark due to construction of retaining wall construction around the bridge abutments. The retaining wall and bank stabilization is necessary to reduce scour during large flood events. The estimated area of temporary impact is **47 linear feet** and **0.005** acres. The drainage area at the bridge is **1,515 acres**.
Lat 36.712215, Long -86.678605

This project involves work near and/or within Jurisdictional Waters of the United States as defined by the United States Army Corps of Engineers and therefore requires a Nationwide 14 General 404 Permit. The Division of Water certified this General Permit with several conditions (See attached). One that should be brought to your attention is regarding the use of heavy equipment in the stream channel. If there is need to cross the stream channel with heavy equipment or conduct work from within the stream channel a working platform or temporary crossing is authorized. This should be constructed with clean rock and sufficient pipe to allow stream flow to continue unimpeded (see attached typical drawing).

In order for this authorization to be valid, the attached conditions must be followed. The contractor shall post a copy of this Nationwide Approval in a conspicuous location at the project

site for the duration of construction and comply with the general conditions as required.

To more readily expedite construction, the contractor may elect to alter the design or perform the work in a manner different from what was originally proposed and specified. Prior to commencing such alternative work, the contractor shall obtain **written** permission from the Division of Construction and the Division of Environmental Analysis. If such changes necessitate further permitting then the contractor will be responsible for applying to the Army Corps of Engineers and the Kentucky Division of Water (KDOW). A copy of any request to the Corps of Engineers or the KDOW to alter this proposal and subsequent responses shall be forwarded to the Division of Environmental Analysis, DA Permit Coordinator, for office records and for informational purposes.



STEVEN L. BESHEAR
GOVERNOR

LEONARD K. PETERS
SECRETARY

ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CABINET

DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF WATER

200 FAIR OAKS LANE

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40601

www.kentucky.gov

**General Certification--Nationwide Permit # 14
Linear Transportation Projects**

This General Certification is issued March 19, 2012, in conformity with the requirements of Section 401 of the Clean Water Act of 1977, as amended (33 U.S.C. §1341), as well as Kentucky Statute KRS 224.16-050.

For this and all nationwide permits, the definition of surface water is as per 401 KAR 10:001 Chapter 10, Section 1(80): Surface Waters means those waters having well-defined banks and beds, either constantly or intermittently flowing; lakes and impounded waters; marshes and wetlands; and any subterranean waters flowing in well-defined channels and having a demonstrable hydrologic connection with the surface. Lagoons used for waste treatment and effluent ditches that are situated on property owned, leased, or under valid easement by a permitted discharger are not considered to be surface waters of the commonwealth.

Agricultural operations, as defined by KRS 224.71-100(1) conducting activities pursuant to KRS 224.71-100 (3), (4), (5), (6), or 10 are deemed to have certification if they are implementing an Agriculture Water Quality Plan pursuant to KRS 224.71-145.

For all other operations, the Commonwealth of Kentucky hereby certifies under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) that it has reasonable assurances that applicable water quality standards under Kentucky Administrative Regulations Title 401, Chapter 10, established pursuant to Sections 301, 302, 304, 306 and 307 of the CWA, will not be violated for the activity covered under NATIONWIDE PERMIT 14, namely Linear Transportation Projects, provided that the following conditions are met:

1. The activity will not occur within surface waters of the Commonwealth identified by the Kentucky Division of Water as Outstanding State or National Resource Water, Cold Water Aquatic Habitat, or Exceptional Waters.
2. The activity will not occur within surface waters of the Commonwealth identified as perpetually-protected (e.g. deed restriction, conservation easement) mitigation sites.
3. The activity will impact less than 1/2 acre of wetland/marsh.
4. The activity will impact less than 300 linear feet of surface waters of the Commonwealth. Stream realignment greater than 100 feet is not covered under this general water quality certification.

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5. For a single and complete linear transportation project, the cumulative length of impacts less than 300 linear feet of surface waters within each Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) 14 watershed will not exceed 500 linear feet.
6. Stream impacts covered under this General Water Quality Certification and undertaken by those persons defined as an agricultural operation under the Agricultural Water Quality Act must be completed in compliance with the Kentucky Agricultural Water Quality Plan (KWQP).
7. The Kentucky Division of Water may require submission of a formal application for an individual certification for any project if the project has been determined to likely have a significant adverse effect upon water quality or degrade the waters of the Commonwealth so that existing uses of the water body or downstream waters are precluded.
8. Activities that do not meet the conditions of this General Water Quality Certification require an Individual Section 401 Water Quality Certification.
9. Activities qualifying for coverage under this General Water Quality Certification are subject to the following conditions:
 - Erosion and sedimentation pollution control plans and Best Management Practices must be designed, installed, and maintained in effective operating condition at all times during construction activities so that violations of state water quality standards do not occur (401 KAR 10:031 Section 2 and KRS 224.70-100).
 - Sediment and erosion control measures, such as check-dams constructed of any material, silt fencing, hay bales, etc., shall not be placed within surface waters of the Commonwealth, either temporarily or permanently, without prior approval by the Kentucky Division of Water's Water Quality Certification Section. If placement of sediment and erosion control measures in surface waters is unavoidable, design and placement of temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in such a manner that may result in instability of streams that are adjacent to, upstream, or downstream of the structures. All sediment and erosion control devices shall be removed and the natural grade restored within the completion timeline of the activities.
 - Measures shall be taken to prevent or control spills of fuels, lubricants, or other toxic materials used in construction from entering the watercourse.
 - Removal of riparian vegetation in the utility line right-of-way shall be limited to that necessary for equipment access.
 - To the maximum extent practicable, all in-stream work under this certification shall be performed under low-flow conditions.

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- Heavy equipment, e.g. bulldozers, backhoes, draglines, etc., if required for this project, should not be used or operated within the stream channel. In those instances in which such in-stream work is unavoidable, then it shall be performed in such a manner and duration as to minimize turbidity and disturbance to substrates and bank or riparian vegetation.
- Any fill shall be of such composition that it will not adversely affect the biological, chemical, or physical properties of the receiving waters and/or cause violations of water quality standards. If rip-rap is utilized, it should be of such weight and size that bank stress or slump conditions will not be created because of its placement.
- If there are water supply intakes located downstream that may be affected by increased turbidity and suspended solids, the permittee shall notify the operator when such work will be done.
- Should evidence of stream pollution or jurisdictional wetland impairment and/or violations of water quality standards occur as a result of this activity (either from a spill or other forms of water pollution), the KDOW shall be notified immediately by calling (800) 928-2380.

Non-compliance with the conditions of this general certification or violation of Kentucky state water quality standards may result in civil penalties.

KENTUCKY REGIONAL GENERAL CONDITIONS

These regional conditions are in addition to, but do not supersede, the requirements in the Federal Register (Volume 77 No. 34 of February 21, 2012)

Notifications for all Nationwide Permits (NWP) shall be in accordance with General Condition No. 31.

1. For activities that would result in a loss of Outstanding State or National Resource Waters (OSNRWs), Exceptional Waters (EWs), Coldwater Aquatic Habitat Waters (CAHs) and waters with Designated Critical Habitat (DCH) under the Endangered Species Act for the NWP listed below, a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) will be required to the Corps. The Corps will coordinate with the appropriate resource agencies (see attached list) on these NWP for impacts to these waters.

NWP 3 (Maintenance)

NWP 7 (Outfall Structures and Associated Intake Structures)

NWP 12 (Utility Line Activities)

NWP 14 (Linear Transportation Projects)

NWP 29 (Residential Developments)

NWP 39 (Commercial and Institutional Developments)

NWP 40 (Agricultural Activities)

NWP 41 (Reshaping Existing Drainage Ditches)

NWP 42 (Recreational Facilities)

NWP 43 (Stormwater Management Facilities)

NWP 44 (Mining Activities)

NWP 51 (Land-Based Renewable Energy Generation Facilities)

NWP 52 (Water-Based Renewable Energy Generation Pilot Projects)

2. In addition to the notification and agency coordination requirements in the NWP, for impacts greater than 0.25 acres in all "waters of the U.S." for the NWP listed below, a PCN will be required to the Corps. The Corps will coordinate with the appropriate resource agencies (see attached list) on these NWP:

NWP 3 (Maintenance)

NWP 7 (Outfall Structures and Associated Intake Structures)

NWP 12 (Utility Line Activities)

NWP 14 (Linear Transportation Projects)

NWP 29 (Residential Developments)

NWP 39 (Commercial and Institutional Developments)

NWP 40 (Agricultural Activities)

NWP 41 (Reshaping Existing Drainage Ditches)

NWP 42 (Recreational Facilities)

NWP 43 (Stormwater Management Facilities)

NWP 44 (Mining Activities)

NWP 51 (Land-Based Renewable Energy Generation Facilities)

NWP 52 (Water-Based Renewable Energy Generation Pilot Projects)

3. For activities in all "waters of the U.S." for the NWP's listed below, a PCN will be required to the Corps. The Corps will coordinate with the appropriate resource agencies (see attached list) on these NWP's:

NWP 21 (Surface Coal Mining Activities)

NWP 27 (Aquatic Habitat Restoration, Establishment & Enhancement Activities)

NWP 49 (Coal Remining Activities)

NWP 50 (Underground Coal Mining Activities)

4. Nationwide Permit No. 14 – Linear Transportation Projects.

(a) Activities in Section 10 navigable waters will require a PCN to the Corps.

(b) New public road alignments or realignments are limited to a permanent loss of 500 linear feet of intermittent or perennial stream length at each crossing. Public road crossings with permanent losses greater than 500 linear feet of intermittent or perennial stream associated with new alignments or realignments will be evaluated as an individual permit i.e., a Letter of Permission or as a Standard Individual Permit.

(c) All linear transportation project crossings resulting in the permanent loss of greater than 300 linear feet of intermittent or perennial stream will require mitigation to compensate for impacts to the "waters of the U.S." The permanent loss of "waters of the U.S." includes the linear feet of water that is permanently adversely affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity and not restored to pre-construction contours and elevations after construction. In addition to the notification requirements contained in NWP 14, the permittee must submit a PCN to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity for the permanent loss of greater than 300 feet of intermittent and perennial stream of all "waters of the U.S.". (See General Condition 31 and the definition of "loss of waters of the United States" in the Nationwide Permits for further information.)

Further information:

Outstanding State or National Resource Water (OSNRWs), Exceptional Waters (EWs), and Coldwater Aquatic Habitat Waters (CAHs) are waters designated by the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet. The list can be found at the following link: <http://epccapp.ky.gov/spwaters/>

Designated Critical Habitat (DCH) under the Endangered Species Act is determined within the Commonwealth of Kentucky by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The current list of Kentucky's Threatened, Endangered, and Federal Candidate Species can be found at the following link: <http://www.fws.gov/frankfort/EndangeredSpecies.html>

Information on Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) can be found at NWP General Condition No. 31 (Federal Register, Volume 77, No. 34, Tuesday, February 21, 2012, pp 10286-10288).

Mitigation includes activities that avoid, minimize, and compensate for impacts.

COORDINATING RESOURCE AGENCIES

Chief, Wetlands Regulatory Section
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region IV

Atlanta Federal Center
61 Forsyth Street, SW
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Supervisor
U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service
JC Watts Federal Building, Room 265
330 West Broadway
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

Supervisor
401 Water Quality Certification
Kentucky Division of Water
200 Fair Oaks Lane, 4th Floor
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

Commissioner
Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources
#1 Game Farm Road
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601
Executive Director and State Historic Preservation Officer
Kentucky Heritage Council
300 Washington Street
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

**ADDITIONAL COORDINATING RESOURCE AGENCY
FOR NWPS 21, 49, AND 50**

Kentucky Department of Natural Resources
Division of Mine Permits
#2 Hudson Hollow
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601



US Army Corps of Engineers

Nationwide Permit No. 14, Linear Transportation Projects

Activities required for the construction, expansion, modification, or improvement of linear transportation projects (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways, and taxiways) in waters of the United States.

- a. For linear transportation projects in non-tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States. For linear transportation projects in tidal waters, the discharge cannot cause the loss of greater than 1/3-acre of waters of the United States.
- b. Any stream channel modification, including bank stabilization, is limited to the minimum necessary to construct or protect the linear transportation project; such modifications must be in the immediate vicinity of the project.
- c. This NWP also authorizes temporary structures, fills, and work necessary to construct the linear transportation project. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must consist of materials, and be placed in a manner, that will not be eroded by expected high flows. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The areas affected by temporary fills must be revegetated, as appropriate.
- d. This NWP cannot be used to authorize non-linear features commonly associated with transportation projects, such as vehicle maintenance or storage buildings, parking lots, train stations, or aircraft hangars.

Notification: The permittee must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity if: (1) the loss of waters of the United States exceeds 1/10-acre; or (2) there is a discharge in a special aquatic site, including wetlands. (See general condition 31.) (Sections 10 and 404)

Note: Some discharges for the construction of farm roads or forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment, may qualify for an exemption under Section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act (see 33 CFR 323.4).

Valid from March 19, 2012 through March 18, 2017

Nationwide Permit General Conditions

Note: To qualify for NWP authorization, the prospective permittee must comply with the following general conditions, as applicable, in addition to any regional or case-specific conditions imposed by the division engineer or district engineer. Prospective permittees should contact the appropriate Corps district office to determine if regional conditions have been imposed on an NWP. Prospective permittees should also contact the appropriate Corps district office to determine the status of Clean Water Act Section 401 water quality certification and/or Coastal Zone Management Act consistency for an NWP. Every person who may wish to obtain permit authorization under one or more NWPs, or who is currently relying on an existing or prior permit authorization under one or more NWPs, has been and is on notice that all of the provisions of 33 CFR §§ 330.1 through 330.6 apply to every NWP authorization. Note especially 33 CFR § 330.5 relating to the modification, suspension, or revocation of any NWP authorization.

1. Navigation. (a) No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation.
(b) Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States.
(c) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.
2. Aquatic Life Movements. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of those aquatic species.
3. Spawning Areas. Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g., through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area are not authorized.
4. Migratory Bird Breeding Areas. Activities in waters of the United States that serve as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.
5. Shellfish Beds. No activity may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish populations, unless the activity is directly related to a shellfish harvesting activity authorized by NWPs 4 and 48, or is a shellfish seeding or habitat restoration activity authorized by NWP 27.
6. Suitable Material. No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car

bodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act).

7. Water Supply Intakes. No activity may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the activity is for the repair or improvement of public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.

8. Adverse Effects From Impoundments. If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

9. Management of Water Flows. To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization and storm water management activities, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).

10. Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains. The activity must comply with applicable FEMA-approved state or local floodplain management requirements.

11. Equipment. Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

12. Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls. Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow.

13. Removal of Temporary Fills. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate.

14. Proper Maintenance. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety and compliance with applicable NWP general conditions, as well as any activity-specific conditions added by the district engineer to an NWP authorization.

15. Single and Complete Project. The activity must be a single and complete project. The same NWP cannot be used more than once for the same single and complete project.

16. Wild and Scenic Rivers. No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River

designation or study status. Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency responsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or study river (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service).

17. Tribal Rights. No activity or its operation may impair reserved tribal rights, including, but not limited to, reserved water rights and treaty fishing and hunting rights.

18. Endangered Species. (a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed.

(b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. Federal permittees must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will review the documentation and determine whether it is sufficient to address ESA compliance for the NWP activity, or whether additional ESA consultation is necessary.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect Federally-listed endangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the pre-construction notification must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed work or that utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed work. The district engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non-Federal applicant of the Corps' determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification. In cases where the non-Federal applicant has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification the proposed activities will have "no effect" on listed species or critical habitat, or until Section 7 consultation has been completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(d) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the FWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species-specific regional endangered species conditions to the NWPs.

(e) Authorization of an activity by a NWP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the U.S. FWS or the NMFS, The Endangered Species Act prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take a listed species, where "take" means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word "harm" in the definition of "take" means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.

(f) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the U.S. FWS and NMFS or their world wide web pages at <http://www.fws.gov/> or <http://www.fws.gov/ipac> and <http://www.noaa.gov/fisheries.html> respectively.

19. Migratory Birds and Bald and Golden Eagles. The permittee is responsible for obtaining any "take" permits required under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's regulations governing compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee should contact the appropriate local office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to determine if such "take" permits are required for a particular activity.

20. Historic Properties. (a) In cases where the district engineer determines that the activity may affect properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

(b) Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Federal permittees must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will review the documentation and determine whether it is sufficient to address section 106 compliance for the NWP activity, or whether additional section 106 consultation is necessary.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if the authorized activity may have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the pre-construction notification must state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic resources can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer or Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). When reviewing pre-construction notifications, district engineers will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The district engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out appropriate identification efforts, which may include background research, consultation, oral history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted and these efforts, the district engineer shall determine whether the proposed activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties on which the activity may have the potential to cause effects and so notified the Corps, the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the district engineer either that the activity has no potential to cause effects or that consultation under Section 106 of the NHPA has been completed.

(d) The district engineer will notify the prospective permittee within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether NHPA Section 106 consultation is required. Section 106 consultation is not required when the Corps determines that the activity does not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 36 CFR §800.3(a)). If NHPA section 106 consultation is required and will occur, the district engineer will notify the non-Federal applicant that he or she cannot begin work until Section 106 consultation is completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must

still wait for notification from the Corps.

(e) Prospective permittees should be aware that section 110k of the NHPA (16 U.S.C. 470h-2(k)) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant. If circumstances justify granting the assistance, the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and provide documentation specifying the circumstances, the degree of damage to the integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the applicant, SHPO/THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the permitted activity on historic properties.

21. Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

22. Designated Critical Resource Waters. Critical resource waters include, NOAA-managed marine sanctuaries and marine monuments, and National Estuarine Research Reserves. The district engineer may designate, after notice and opportunity for public comment, additional waters officially designated by a state as having particular environmental or ecological significance, such as outstanding national resource waters or state natural heritage sites. The district engineer may also designate additional critical resource waters after notice and opportunity for public comment.

(a) Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States are not authorized by NWP's 7, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21, 29, 31, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 49, 50, 51, and 52 for any activity within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters.

(b) For NWP's 3, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, and 38, notification is required in accordance with general condition 31, for any activity proposed in the designated critical resource waters including wetlands adjacent to those waters. The district engineer may authorize activities under these NWP's only after it is determined that the impacts to the critical resource waters will be no more than minimal.

23. Mitigation. The district engineer will consider the following factors when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal:

(a) The activity must be designed and constructed to avoid and minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to waters of the United States to the maximum extent practicable at the project site (i.e., on site).

(b) Mitigation in all its forms (avoiding, minimizing, rectifying, reducing, or compensating for resource losses) will be required to the extent necessary to ensure that the adverse effects to the aquatic environment are minimal.

(c) Compensatory mitigation at a minimum one-for-one ratio will be required for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10-acre and require pre-construction notification, unless the district engineer determines in writing that either some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate or the adverse effects of the proposed activity are minimal, and provides a project-specific waiver of this requirement. For wetland losses of 1/10-acre or less that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may determine on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment. Compensatory mitigation projects provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR part 332.

(1) The prospective permittee is responsible for proposing an appropriate compensatory mitigation option if compensatory mitigation is necessary to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

(2) Since the likelihood of success is greater and the impacts to potentially valuable uplands are reduced, wetland restoration should be the first compensatory mitigation option considered.

(3) If permittee-responsible mitigation is the proposed option, the prospective permittee is responsible for submitting a mitigation plan. A conceptual or detailed mitigation plan may be used by the district engineer to make the decision on the NWP verification request, but a final mitigation plan that addresses the applicable requirements of 33 CFR 332.4(c)(2) – (14) must be approved by the district engineer before the permittee begins work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation (see 33 CFR 332.3(k)(3)).

(4) If mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits are the proposed option, the mitigation plan only needs to address the baseline conditions at the impact site and the number of credits to be provided.

(5) Compensatory mitigation requirements (e.g., resource type and amount to be provided as compensatory mitigation, site protection, ecological performance standards, monitoring requirements) may be addressed through conditions added to the NWP authorization, instead of components of a compensatory mitigation plan.

(d) For losses of streams or other open waters that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may require compensatory mitigation, such as stream rehabilitation, enhancement, or preservation, to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

(e) Compensatory mitigation will not be used to increase the acreage losses allowed by the acreage limits of the NWPs. For example, if an NWP has an acreage limit of 1/2-acre, it cannot be used to authorize any project resulting in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States, even if compensatory mitigation is provided that replaces or restores some of the lost waters. However, compensatory mitigation can and should be used, as necessary, to ensure that a project already meeting the established acreage limits also satisfies the minimal impact requirement associated with the NWPs.

(f) Compensatory mitigation plans for projects in or near streams or other open waters will normally include a requirement for the restoration or establishment, maintenance, and legal protection (e.g., conservation easements) of riparian areas next to open waters. In some cases, riparian areas may be the only compensatory mitigation required. Riparian areas should consist

of native species. The width of the required riparian area will address documented water quality or aquatic habitat loss concerns. Normally, the riparian area will be 25 to 50 feet wide on each side of the stream, but the district engineer may require slightly wider riparian areas to address documented water quality or habitat loss concerns. If it is not possible to establish a riparian area on both sides of a stream, or if the waterbody is a lake or coastal waters, then restoring or establishing a riparian area along a single bank or shoreline may be sufficient. Where both wetlands and open waters exist on the project site, the district engineer will determine the appropriate compensatory mitigation (e.g., riparian areas and/or wetlands compensation) based on what is best for the aquatic environment on a watershed basis. In cases where riparian areas are determined to be the most appropriate form of compensatory mitigation, the district engineer may waive or reduce the requirement to provide wetland compensatory mitigation for wetland losses.

(g) Permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee programs, or separate permittee-responsible mitigation. For activities resulting in the loss of marine or estuarine resources, permittee-responsible compensatory mitigation may be environmentally preferable if there are no mitigation banks or in-lieu fee programs in the area that have marine or estuarine credits available for sale or transfer to the permittee. For permittee-responsible mitigation, the special conditions of the NWP verification must clearly indicate the party or parties responsible for the implementation and performance of the compensatory mitigation project, and, if required, its long-term management.

(h) Where certain functions and services of waters of the United States are permanently adversely affected, such as the conversion of a forested or scrub-shrub wetland to a herbaceous wetland in a permanently maintained utility line right-of-way, mitigation may be required to reduce the adverse effects of the project to the minimal level.

24. Safety of Impoundment Structures. To ensure that all impoundment structures are safely designed, the district engineer may require non-Federal applicants to demonstrate that the structures comply with established state dam safety criteria or have been designed by qualified persons. The district engineer may also require documentation that the design has been independently reviewed by similarly qualified persons, and appropriate modifications made to ensure safety.

25. Water Quality. Where States and authorized Tribes, or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA Section 401, individual 401 Water Quality Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation of water quality.

26. Coastal Zone Management. In coastal states where an NWP has not previously received a state coastal zone management consistency concurrence, an individual state coastal zone management consistency concurrence must be obtained, or a presumption of concurrence must occur (see 33 CFR 330.4(d)). The district engineer or a State may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.

27. Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions. The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with

any case specific conditions added by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or U.S. EPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.

28. Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits. The use of more than one NWP for a single and complete project is prohibited, except when the acreage loss of waters of the United States authorized by the NWPs does not exceed the acreage limit of the NWP with the highest specified acreage limit. For example, if a road crossing over tidal waters is constructed under NWP 14, with associated bank stabilization authorized by NWP 13, the maximum acreage loss of waters of the United States for the total project cannot exceed 1/3-acre.

29. Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications. If the permittee sells the property associated with a nationwide permit verification, the permittee may transfer the nationwide permit verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the appropriate Corps district office to validate the transfer. A copy of the nationwide permit verification must be attached to the letter, and the letter must contain the following statement and signature:

“When the structures or work authorized by this nationwide permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this nationwide permit, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this nationwide permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below.”

(Transferee)

(Date)

30. Compliance Certification. Each permittee who receives an NWP verification letter from the Corps must provide a signed certification documenting completion of the authorized activity and any required compensatory mitigation. The success of any required permittee-responsible mitigation, including the achievement of ecological performance standards, will be addressed separately by the district engineer. The Corps will provide the permittee the certification document with the NWP verification letter. The certification document will include:

- (a) A statement that the authorized work was done in accordance with the NWP authorization, including any general, regional, or activity-specific conditions;
- (b) A statement that the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions. If credits from a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program are used to satisfy the compensatory mitigation requirements, the certification must include the documentation required by 33 CFR 332.3(l)(3) to confirm that the permittee secured the appropriate number and resource type of credits; and
- (c) The signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the work and mitigation.

31. Pre-Construction Notification. (a) Timing. Where required by the terms of the NWP, the prospective permittee must notify the district engineer by submitting a pre-construction notification (PCN) as early as possible. The district engineer must determine if the PCN is complete within 30 calendar days of the date of receipt and, if the PCN is determined to be incomplete, notify the prospective permittee within that 30 day period to request the additional information necessary to make the PCN complete. The request must specify the information needed to make the PCN complete. As a general rule, district engineers will request additional information necessary to make the PCN complete only once. However, if the prospective permittee does not provide all of the requested information, then the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee that the PCN is still incomplete and the PCN review process will not commence until all of the requested information has been received by the district engineer. The prospective permittee shall not begin the activity until either:

(1) He or she is notified in writing by the district engineer that the activity may proceed under the NWP with any special conditions imposed by the district or division engineer; or

(2) 45 calendar days have passed from the district engineer's receipt of the complete PCN and the prospective permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee was required to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 18 that listed species or critical habitat might be affected or in the vicinity of the project, or to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 20 that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, the permittee cannot begin the activity until receiving written notification from the Corps that there is "no effect" on listed species or "no potential to cause effects" on historic properties, or that any consultation required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)) and/or Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)) has been completed. Also, work cannot begin under NWPs 21, 49, or 50 until the permittee has received written approval from the Corps. If the proposed activity requires a written waiver to exceed specified limits of an NWP, the permittee may not begin the activity until the district engineer issues the waiver. If the district or division engineer notifies the permittee in writing that an individual permit is required within 45 calendar days of receipt of a complete PCN, the permittee cannot begin the activity until an individual permit has been obtained. Subsequently, the permittee's right to proceed under the NWP may be modified, suspended, or revoked only in accordance with the procedure set forth in 33 CFR 330.5(d)(2).

(b) Contents of Pre-Construction Notification: The PCN must be in writing and include the following information:

(1) Name, address and telephone numbers of the prospective permittee;

(2) Location of the proposed project;

(3) A description of the proposed project; the project's purpose; direct and indirect adverse environmental effects the project would cause, including the anticipated amount of loss of water of the United States expected to result from the NWP activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure; any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity. The description should be sufficiently detailed to allow the district engineer to determine that the adverse effects of the project will be minimal and to determine the need for compensatory mitigation. Sketches should be provided when necessary to show that the activity complies with the terms of the NWP. (Sketches usually clarify the project and when provided results in a quicker decision. Sketches should contain sufficient detail to provide an illustrative

description of the proposed activity (e.g., a conceptual plan), but do not need to be detailed engineering plans);

(4) The PCN must include a delineation of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on the project site. Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic sites and other waters on the project site, but there may be a delay if the Corps does the delineation, especially if the project site is large or contains many waters of the United States. Furthermore, the 45 day period will not start until the delineation has been submitted to or completed by the Corps, as appropriate;

(5) If the proposed activity will result in the loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands and a PCN is required, the prospective permittee must submit a statement describing how the mitigation requirement will be satisfied, or explaining why the adverse effects are minimal and why compensatory mitigation should not be required. As an alternative, the prospective permittee may submit a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan.

(6) If any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must include the name(s) of those endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed work or utilize the designated critical habitat that may be affected by the proposed work. Federal applicants must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with the Endangered Species Act; and

(7) For an activity that may affect a historic property listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must state which historic property may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic property. Federal applicants must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

(c) Form of Pre-Construction Notification: The standard individual permit application form (Form ENG 4345) may be used, but the completed application form must clearly indicate that it is a PCN and must include all of the information required in paragraphs (b)(1) through (7) of this general condition. A letter containing the required information may also be used.

(d) Agency Coordination: (1) The district engineer will consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWP and the need for mitigation to reduce the project's adverse environmental effects to a minimal level.

(2) For all NWP activities that require pre-construction notification and result in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States, for NWP 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, and 52 activities that require pre-construction notification and will result in the loss of greater than 300 linear feet of intermittent and ephemeral stream bed, and for all NWP 48 activities that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer will immediately provide (e.g., via e-mail, facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a copy of the complete PCN to the appropriate Federal or state offices (U.S. FWS, state natural resource or water quality agency, EPA, State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) or Tribal Historic Preservation Office (THPO), and, if appropriate, the NMFS). With the exception of NWP 37, these agencies will have 10 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to telephone or fax the district engineer notice that they intend to provide substantive, site-specific comments.

The comments must explain why the agency believes the adverse effects will be more than minimal. If so contacted by an agency, the district engineer will wait an additional 15 calendar days before making a decision on the pre-construction notification. The district engineer will fully consider agency comments received within the specified time frame concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWP, including the need for mitigation to ensure the net adverse environmental effects to the aquatic environment of the proposed activity are minimal. The district engineer will provide no response to the resource agency, except as provided below. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each pre-construction notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. For NWP 37, the emergency watershed protection and rehabilitation activity may proceed immediately in cases where there is an unacceptable hazard to life or a significant loss of property or economic hardship will occur. The district engineer will consider any comments received to decide whether the NWP 37 authorization should be modified, suspended, or revoked in accordance with the procedures at 33 CFR 330.5.

(3) In cases of where the prospective permittee is not a Federal agency, the district engineer will provide a response to NMFS within 30 calendar days of receipt of any Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendations, as required by Section 305(b)(4)(B) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.

(4) Applicants are encouraged to provide the Corps with either electronic files or multiple copies of pre-construction notifications to expedite agency coordination.

D. District Engineer's Decision

1. In reviewing the PCN for the proposed activity, the district engineer will determine whether the activity authorized by the NWP will result in more than minimal individual or cumulative adverse environmental effects or may be contrary to the public interest. For a linear project, this determination will include an evaluation of the individual crossings to determine whether they individually satisfy the terms and conditions of the NWP(s), as well as the cumulative effects caused by all of the crossings authorized by NWP. If an applicant requests a waiver of the 300 linear foot limit on impacts to intermittent or ephemeral streams or of an otherwise applicable limit, as provided for in NWPs 13, 21, 29, 36, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51 or 52, the district engineer will only grant the waiver upon a written determination that the NWP activity will result in minimal adverse effects. When making minimal effects determinations the district engineer will consider the direct and indirect effects caused by the NWP activity. The district engineer will also consider site specific factors, such as the environmental setting in the vicinity of the NWP activity, the type of resource that will be affected by the NWP activity, the functions provided by the aquatic resources that will be affected by the NWP activity, the degree or magnitude to which the aquatic resources perform those functions, the extent that aquatic resource functions will be lost as a result of the NWP activity (e.g., partial or complete loss), the duration of the adverse effects (temporary or permanent), the importance of the aquatic resource functions to the region (e.g., watershed or ecoregion), and mitigation required by the district engineer. If an appropriate functional assessment method is available and practicable to use, that assessment method may be used by the district engineer to assist in the minimal adverse effects determination. The district engineer may add case-specific special conditions to the NWP authorization to address site-specific environmental concerns.

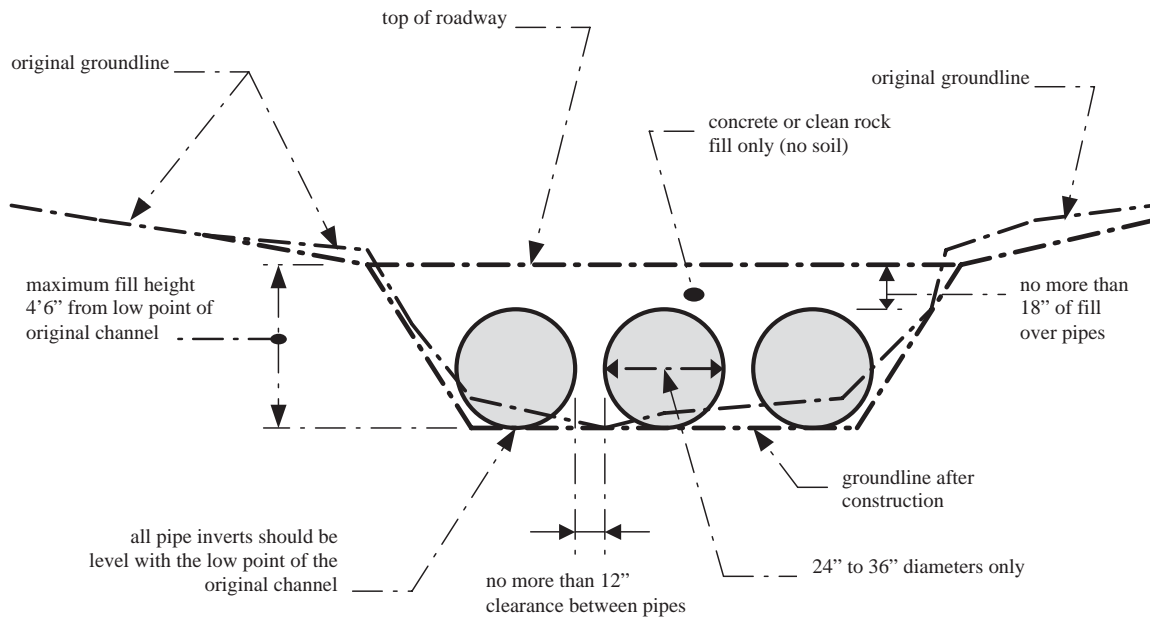
2. If the proposed activity requires a PCN and will result in a loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands, the prospective permittee should submit a mitigation proposal with the PCN. Applicants may also propose compensatory mitigation for projects with smaller impacts. The district engineer will consider any proposed compensatory mitigation the applicant has included in the proposal in determining whether the net adverse environmental effects to the aquatic environment of the proposed activity are minimal. The compensatory mitigation proposal may be either conceptual or detailed. If the district engineer determines that the activity complies with the terms and conditions of the NWP and that the adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal, after considering mitigation, the district engineer will notify the permittee and include any activity-specific conditions in the NWP verification the district engineer deems necessary. Conditions for compensatory mitigation requirements must comply with the appropriate provisions at 33 CFR 332.3(k). The district engineer must approve the final mitigation plan before the permittee commences work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation. If the prospective permittee elects to submit a compensatory mitigation plan with the PCN, the district engineer will expeditiously review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan. The district engineer must review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan within 45 calendar days of receiving a complete PCN and determine whether the proposed mitigation would ensure no more than minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment. If the net adverse effects of the project on the aquatic environment (after consideration of the compensatory mitigation proposal) are determined by the district engineer to be minimal, the district engineer will provide a timely written response to the applicant. The response will state that the project can proceed under the terms and conditions of the NWP, including any activity-specific conditions added to the NWP authorization by the district engineer.

3. If the district engineer determines that the adverse effects of the proposed work are more than minimal, then the district engineer will notify the applicant either: (a) that the project does not qualify for authorization under the NWP and instruct the applicant on the procedures to seek authorization under an individual permit; (b) that the project is authorized under the NWP subject to the applicant's submission of a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse effects on the aquatic environment to the minimal level; or (c) that the project is authorized under the NWP with specific modifications or conditions. Where the district engineer determines that mitigation is required to ensure no more than minimal adverse effects occur to the aquatic environment, the activity will be authorized within the 45-day PCN period, with activity-specific conditions that state the mitigation requirements. The authorization will include the necessary conceptual or detailed mitigation or a requirement that the applicant submit a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse effects on the aquatic environment to the minimal level. When mitigation is required, no work in waters of the United States may occur until the district engineer has approved a specific mitigation plan or has determined that prior approval of a final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation.

E. Further Information

1. District Engineers have authority to determine if an activity complies with the terms and conditions of an NWP.
2. NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law.
3. NWPs do not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.
4. NWPs do not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.
5. NWPs do not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.

ATTACHMENT 1



NOTES:

1. This is a conceptual drawing. The number and size of pipes and other details will vary depending on specific site conditions.
2. The pipes and backfill must be contained within the stream channel as shown above. During the construction of the approaches and access roadway across the floodplain, unstable and unconsolidated materials unsuitable for roadways may be excavated and replaced with riprap, crushed stone, or other stable road construction materials. This may only be done, however, with the following provisions: (1) the disposal of excess, unconsolidated materials thus excavated must be outside of the floodplain and (2) the finished surface of the completed road may be no more than three inches (3") above the pre-construction surface of the floodplain at any point beyond the top of banks.

LOW-WATER CROSSING

STANDARD DRAWING
Not to Scale

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## - #####



Kentucky Transportation Cabinet

Highway District 1

And

_____ **(2), Construction**

Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

Permit KYR10

Best Management Practices (BMP) plan

Groundwater protection plan

For Highway Construction Activities

For

Bridge Replacement, KY 664 over

Johnson Creek

Simpson County, Kentucky

Project: PCN ## - #####

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## -

Project information

Note – (1) = Design (2) = Construction (3) = Contractor

1. Owner – Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, District 1
2. Resident Engineer: (2)
3. Contractor name: (2)
Address: (2)

Phone number: (2)
Contact: (2)
Contractors agent responsible for compliance with the KPDES permit requirements (3):
4. Project Control Number (2)
5. Route (Address) KY 1288
6. Latitude/Longitude (project mid-point) 36^58'48"N, 88^37'36"W
7. County (project mid-point) McCracken
8. Project start date (date work will begin): (2)
9. Projected completion date: (2)

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## -

A. Site description:

1. Nature of Construction Activity (from letting project description): This project is the replacement of the bridge over Johnson Creek on KY 664 at mile point 4.415 in Simpson County.
2. Order of major soil disturbing activities (2) and (3)
3. Projected volume of material to be moved: 311 cubic yards
4. Estimate of total project area (acres): 0.28 acres
5. Estimate of area to be disturbed (acres): 0.28 acres
6. Post construction runoff coefficient will be included in the project drainage folder. Persons needing information pertaining to the runoff coefficient will contact the resident engineer to request this information.
7. Data describing existing soil condition: The majority of soil horizons and slopes on this project are subject to erosion.
8. Data describing existing discharge water quality (if any): There is no information for this item.
9. Receiving water name: Johnson Creek
10. TMDLs and Pollutants of Concern in Receiving Waters: No TMDLs were involved on this project.
11. Site map – Project layout sheet plus the erosion control sheets in the project plans that depict Disturbed Drainage Areas (DDAs) and related information. These sheets depict the existing project conditions with areas delineated by DDA (drainage area bounded by watershed breaks and right of way limits), the storm water discharge locations (either as a point discharge or as overland flow) and the areas that drain to each discharge point. These plans define the limits of areas to be disturbed and the location of control measures. Controls will be either site specific as designated by the designer or will be annotated by the contractor and resident engineer before disturbance commences. The project layout sheet shows the surface waters and wetlands.
12. Potential sources of pollutants:

The primary source of pollutants is solids that are mobilized during storm events. Other sources of pollutants include oil/fuel/grease from servicing

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## -

and operating construction equipment, concrete washout water, sanitary wastes and trash/debris. (3)

B. Sediment and Erosion Control Measures:

1. Plans for highway construction projects will include erosion control sheets that depict Disturbed Drainage Areas (DDAs) and related information. These plan sheets will show the existing project conditions with areas delineated by DDA within the right of way limits, the discharge points and the areas that drain to each discharge point. Project managers and designers will analyze the DDAs and identify Best Management Practices (BMPs) that are site specific. The balance of the BMPs for the project will be listed in the bid documents for selection and use by the contractor on the project with approval by the resident engineer.

Projects that do not have DDAs annotated on the erosion control sheets will employ the same concepts for development and managing BMP plans.

2. Following award of the contract, the contractor and resident engineer will annotate the erosion control sheets showing location and type of BMPs for each of the DDAs that will be disturbed at the outset of the project. This annotation will be accompanied by an order of work that reflects the order or sequence of major soil moving activities. The remaining DDAs are to be designated as "Do Not Disturb" until the contractor and resident engineer prepare the plan for BMPs to be employed. The initial BMP's shall be for the first phase (generally Clearing and Grubbing) and shall be modified as needed as the project changes phases. The BMP Plan will be modified to reflect disturbance in additional DDA's as the work progresses. All DDA's will have adequate BMP's in place before being disturbed.
3. As DDAs are prepared for construction, the following will be addressed for the project as a whole or for each DDA as appropriate:
 - Construction Access – This is the first land-disturbing activity. As soon as construction begins, bare areas will be stabilized with gravel and temporary mulch and/or vegetation.
 - At the beginning of the project, all DDAs for the project will be inspected for areas that are a source of storm water pollutants. Areas that are a source of pollutants will receive appropriate cover or BMPs to arrest the introduction of pollutants into storm water. Areas that have not been opened by the contractor will be

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## -

inspected periodically (once per month) to determine if there is a need to employ BMPs to keep pollutants from entering storm water.

- Clearing and Grubbing – The following BMP's will be considered and used where appropriate.
 - Leaving areas undisturbed when possible.
 - Silt basins to provide silt volume for large areas.
 - Silt Traps Type A for small areas.
 - Silt Traps Type C in front of existing and drop inlets which are to be saved
 - Diversion ditches to catch sheet runoff and carry it to basins or traps or to divert it around areas to be disturbed.
 - Brush and/or other barriers to slow and/or divert runoff.
 - Silt fences to catch sheet runoff on short slopes. For longer slopes, multiple rows of silt fence may be considered.
 - Temporary Mulch for areas which are not feasible for the fore mentioned types of protections.
 - Non-standard or innovative methods.
- Cut & Fill and placement of drainage structures - The BMP Plan will be modified to show additional BMP's such as:
 - Silt Traps Type B in ditches and/or drainways as they are completed
 - Silt Traps Type C in front of pipes after they are placed
 - Channel Lining
 - Erosion Control Blanket
 - Temporary mulch and/or seeding for areas where construction activities will be ceased for 21 days or more.
 - Non-standard or innovative methods
- Profile and X-Section in place – The BMP Plan will be modified to show elimination of BMP's which had to be removed and the addition of new BMP's as the roadway was shaped. Probably changes include:
 - Silt Trap Type A, Brush and/or other barriers, Temporary Mulch, and any other BMP which had to be removed for final grading to take place.
 - Additional Silt Traps Type B and Type C to be placed as final drainage patterns are put in place.
 - Additional Channel Lining and/or Erosion Control Blanket.
 - Temporary Mulch for areas where Permanent Seeding and Protection cannot be done within 21 days.
 - Special BMP's such as Karst Policy
- Finish Work (Paving, Seeding, Protect, etc.) – A final BMP Plan will result from modifications during this phase of construction. Probably changes include:
 - Removal of Silt Traps Type B from ditches and drainways if they are protected with other BMP's which are sufficient to

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## -

control erosion, i.e. Erosion Control Blanket or Permanent Seeding and Protection on moderate grades.

- Permanent Seeding and Protection
- Placing Sod
- Planting trees and/or shrubs where they are included in the project

C. Other Control Measures

1. No solid materials, including building materials, shall be discharged to waters of the commonwealth, except as authorized by a Section 404 permit.
2. Waste Materials

All waste materials that may leach pollutants (paint and paint containers, caulk tubes, oil/grease containers, liquids of any kind, soluble materials, etc.) will be collected and stored in appropriate covered waste containers. Waste containers shall be removed from the project site on a sufficiently frequent basis as to not allow wastes to become a source of pollution. All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for waste disposal. Wastes will be disposed in accordance with appropriate regulations. Notices stating these practices will be posted in the office.

3. Hazardous Waste

All hazardous waste materials will be managed and disposed of in the manner specified by local or state regulation. The contractor shall notify the Resident Engineer if there any hazardous wastes being generated at the project site and how these wastes are being managed. Site personnel will be instructed with regard to proper storage and handling of hazardous wastes when required. The Transportation Cabinet will file for generator, registration when appropriate, with the Division of Waste Management and advise the contractor regarding waste management requirements.

4. Spill Prevention

The following material management practices will be used to reduce the risk of spills or other exposure of materials and substances to the weather and/or runoff.

➤ **Good Housekeeping:**

The following good housekeeping practices will be followed onsite during the construction project.

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## -

- An effort will be made to store only enough product required to do the job
- All materials stored onsite will be stored in a neat, orderly manner in their appropriate containers and, if possible, under a roof or other enclosure
- Products will be kept in their original containers with the original manufacturer's label
- Substances will not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer
- Whenever possible, all of the product will be used up before disposing of the container
- Manufacturers' recommendations for proper use and disposal will be followed
- The site contractor will inspect daily to ensure proper use and disposal of materials onsite

➤ **Hazardous Products:**

These practices will be used to reduce the risks associated with any and all hazardous materials.

- Products will be kept in original containers unless they are not resealable
- Original labels and material safety data sheets (MSDS) will be reviewed and retained
- Contractor will follow procedures recommended by the manufacturer when handling hazardous materials
- If surplus product must be disposed of, manufacturers' or state/local recommended methods for proper disposal will be followed

The following product-specific practices will be followed onsite:

➤ **Petroleum Products:**

Vehicles and equipment that are fueled and maintained on site will be monitored for leaks, and receive regular preventative maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage. Petroleum products onsite will be stored in tightly sealed containers, which are clearly labeled and will be protected from exposure to weather.

The contractor shall prepare an Oil Pollution Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure plan when the project that involves the storage of petroleum products in 55 gallon or larger containers with a total combined storage capacity of 1,320 gallons. This is a requirement of 40 CFR 112.

This project (will / will not) (3) have over 1,320 gallons of petroleum products with a total capacity, sum of all containers 55 gallon capacity and larger.

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➤ **Fertilizers:**

Fertilizers will be applied at rates prescribed by the contract, standard specifications or as directed by the resident engineer. Once applied, fertilizer will be covered with mulch or blankets or worked into the soil to limit exposure to storm water. Storage will be in a covered shed. The contents of any partially used bags of fertilizer will be transferred to a sealable plastic bin to avoid spills.

➤ **Paints:**

All containers will be tightly sealed and stored indoors or under roof when not being used. Excess paint or paint wash water will not be discharged to the drainage or storm sewer system but will be properly disposed of according to manufacturers' instructions or state and local regulations.

➤ **Concrete Truck Washout:**

Concrete truck mixers and chutes will not be washed on pavement, near storm drain inlets, or within 75 feet of any ditch, stream, wetland, lake, or sinkhole. Where possible, excess concrete and wash water will be discharged to areas prepared for pouring new concrete, flat areas to be paved that are away from ditches or drainage system features, or other locations that will not drain off site. Where this approach is not possible, a shallow earthen wash basin will be excavated away from ditches to receive the wash water

➤ **Spill Control Practices**

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices discussed in the previous sections of this plan, the following practices will be followed for spill prevention and cleanup:

- Manufacturers' recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted. All personnel will be made aware of procedures and the location of the information and cleanup supplies.
- Materials and equipment necessary for spill cleanup will be kept in the material storage area. Equipment and materials will include as appropriate, brooms, dust pans, mops, rags, gloves, oil absorbents, sand, sawdust, and plastic and metal trash containers.
- All spills will be cleaned up immediately after discovery.
- The spill area will be kept well ventilated and personnel will wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent injury from contact with a hazardous substance.
- Spills of toxic or hazardous material will be reported to the appropriate state/local agency as required by KRS 224 and applicable federal law.

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- The spill prevention plan will be adjusted as needed to prevent spills from reoccurring and improve spill response and cleanup.
- Spills of products will be cleaned up promptly. Wastes from spill clean up will be disposed in accordance with appropriate regulations.

D. Other State and Local Plans

This BMP plan shall include any requirements specified in sediment and erosion control plans, storm water management plans or permits that have been approved by other state or local officials. Upon submittal of the NOI, other requirements for surface water protection are incorporated by reference into and are enforceable under this permit (even if they are not specifically included in this BMP plan). This provision does not apply to master or comprehensive plans, non-enforceable guidelines or technical guidance documents that are not identified in a specific plan or permit issued for the construction site by state or local officials.

E. Maintenance

1. The BMP plan shall include a clear description of the maintenance procedures necessary to keep the control measures in good and effective operating condition.
- Maintenance of BMPs during construction shall be a result of weekly and post rain event inspections with action being taken by the contractor to correct deficiencies.
 - Post Construction maintenance will be a function of normal highway maintenance operations. Following final project acceptance by the cabinet, district highway crews will be responsible for identification and correction of deficiencies regarding ground cover and cleaning of storm water BMPs. The project manager shall identify any BMPs that will be for the purpose of post construction storm water management with specific guidance for any non-routine maintenance.

F. Inspections

Inspection and maintenance practices that will be used to maintain erosion and sediment controls:

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## -

- All erosion prevention and sediment control measures will be inspected at least once each week and following any rain of one-half inch or more.
- Inspections will be conducted by individuals that have received KyTC Grade Level II training or other qualification as prescribed by the cabinet that includes instruction concerning sediment and erosion control.
- Inspection reports will be written, signed, dated, and kept on file.
- Areas at final grade will be seeded and mulched within 14 days.
- Areas that are not at final grade where construction has ceased for a period of 21 days or longer and soil stock piles shall receive temporary mulch no later than 14 days from the last construction activity in that area.
- All measures will be maintained in good working order; if a repair is necessary, it will be initiated within 24 hours of being reported.
- Built-up sediment will be removed from behind the silt fence before it has reached halfway up the height of the fence.
- Silt fences will be inspected for bypassing, overtopping, undercutting, depth of sediment, tears, and to ensure attachment to secure posts.
- Sediment basins will be inspected for depth of sediment, and built-up sediment will be removed when it reaches 70 percent of the design capacity and at the end of the job.
- Diversion dikes and berms will be inspected and any breaches promptly repaired. Areas that are eroding or scouring will be repaired and re-seeded / mulched as needed.
- Temporary and permanent seeding and mulching will be inspected for bare spots, washouts, and healthy growth. Bare or eroded areas will be repaired as needed.
- All material storage and equipment servicing areas that involve the management of bulk liquids, fuels, and bulk solids will be inspected weekly for conditions that represent a release or possible release of pollutants to the environment.

G. Non – Storm Water discharges

It is expected that non-storm water discharges may occur from the site during the construction period. Examples of non-storm water discharges include:

- Water from water line flushings.
- Water from cleaning concrete trucks and equipment.
- Pavement wash waters (where no spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have occurred).

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## - ####

- Uncontaminated groundwater and rain water (from dewatering during excavation).

All non-storm water discharges will be directed to the sediment basin or to a filter fence enclosure in a flat vegetated infiltration area or be filtered via another approved commercial product.

H. Groundwater Protection Plan (3)

This plan serves as the groundwater protection plan as required by 401 KAR 5:037.

- Contractors statement: (3)

The following activities, as enumerated by 401 KAR 5:037 Section 2 that require the preparation and implementation of a groundwater protection plan, will or may be conducted as part of this construction project:

_____ 2. (e) land treatment or land disposal of a pollutant;

_____ 2. (f) Storing, ..., or related handling of hazardous waste, solid waste or special waste, ..., in tanks, drums, or other containers, or in piles, (This does not include wastes managed in a container placed for collection and removal of municipal solid waste for disposal off site);

_____ 2. (g) Handling of materials in bulk quantities (equal or greater than 55 gallons or 100 pounds net dry weight transported held in an individual container) that, if released to the environment, would be a pollutant;

_____ 2. (j) Storing or related handling of road oils, dust suppressants,, at a central location;

_____ 2. (k) Application or related handling of road oils, dust suppressants or deicing materials, (does not include use of chloride-based deicing materials applied to roads or parking lots);

_____ 2. (m) Installation, construction, operation, or abandonment of wells, bore holes, or core holes, (this does not include bore holes for the purpose of explosive demolition);

Or, check the following only if there are no qualifying activities

_____ There are no activities for this project as listed in 401 KAR 5:037 Section 2 that require the preparation and implementation of a groundwater protection plan.

KyTC BMP Plan for Project PCN ## -

The contractor is responsible for the preparation of a plan that addresses the

401 KAR 5:037 Section 3. (3) Elements of site specific groundwater protection plan:

- (a) General information about this project is covered in the Project information;
- (b) Activities that require a groundwater protection plan have been identified above;
- (c) Practices that will protect groundwater from pollution are addressed in section C. Other control measures.
- (d) Implementation schedule – all practices required to prevent pollution of groundwater are to be in place prior to conducting the activity;
- (e) Training is required as a part of the ground water protection plan. All employees of the contractor, sub-contractor and resident engineer personnel will be trained to understand the nature and requirements of this plan as they pertain to their job function(s). Training will be accomplished within one week of employment and annually thereafter. A record of training will be maintained by the contractor with a copy provide to the resident engineer.
- (f) Areas of the project and groundwater plan activities will be inspected as part of the weekly sediment and erosion control inspections
- (g) Certification (see signature page.)

PART II
SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD DRAWINGS

SPECIFICATIONS REFERENCE

Any reference in the plans or proposal to previous editions of the *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction* and *Standard Drawings* are superseded by *Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Edition of 2012* and *Standard Drawings, Edition of 2012 with the 2012 Revision*.

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| Subsection: | 102.15 Process Agent. |
| Revision: | Replace the 1st paragraph with the following: Every corporation doing business with the Department shall submit evidence of compliance with KRS Sections 14A.4-010, 271B.11-010, 271B.11-070, 271B.11-080, 271B.5-010 and 271B.16-220, and file with the Department the name and address of the process agent upon whom process may be served. |
| Subsection: | 105.13 Claims Resolution Process. |
| Revision: | Delete all references to TC 63-34 and TC 63-44 from the subsection as these forms are no longer available through the forms library and are forms generated within the AASHTO SiteManager software. |
| Subsection: | 108.03 Preconstruction Conference. |
| Revision: | Replace 8) Staking with the following: 8) Staking (designated by a Professional Engineer or Land Surveyor licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. |
| Subsection: | 109.07.02 Fuel. |
| Revision: | Revise item Crushed Aggregate Used for Embankment Stabilization to the following: Crushed Aggregate Used for Stabilization of Unsuitable Materials Used for Embankment Stabilization |
| | Delete the following item from the table. Crushed Sandstone Base (Cement Treated) |
| Subsection: | 110.02 Demobilization. |
| Revision: | Replace the first part of the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following: Perform all work and operations necessary to accomplish final clean-up as specified in the first paragraph of Subsection 105.12; |
| Subsection: | 112.03.12 Project Traffic Coordinator (PTC). |
| Revision: | Replace the last paragraph of this subsection with the following: Ensure the designated PTC has sufficient skill and experience to properly perform the task assigned and has successfully completed the qualification courses. |
| Subsection: | 112.04.18 Diversions (By-Pass Detours). |
| Revision: | Insert the following sentence after the 2nd sentence of this subsection. The Department will not measure temporary drainage structures for payment when the contract documents provide the required drainage opening that must be maintained with the diversion. The temporary drainage structures shall be incidental to the construction of the diversion. If the contract documents fail to provide the required drainage opening needed for the diversion, the cost of the temporary drainage structure will be handled as extra work in accordance with section 109.04. |
| Subsection: | 201.03.01 Contractor Staking. |
| Revision: | Replace the first paragraph with the following: Perform all necessary surveying under the general supervision of a Professional Engineer or Land Surveyor licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. |

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| Subsection: | 201.04.01 Contractor Staking. |
| Revision: | Replace the last sentence of the paragraph with the following: Complete the general layout of the project under the supervision of a Professional Engineer or Land Surveyor licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. |
| Subsection: | 206.04.01 Embankment-in-Place. |
| Revision: | Replace the fourth paragraph with the following: The Department will not measure suitable excavation included in the original plans that is disposed of for payment and will consider it incidental to Embankment-in-Place. |
| Subsection: | 208.02.01 Cement. |
| Revision: | Replace paragraph with the following: Select Type I or Type II cement conforming to Section 801. Use the same type cement throughout the work. |
| Subsection: | 208.03.06 Curing and Protection. |
| Revision: | Replace the fourth paragraph with the following: Do not allow traffic or equipment on the finished surface until the stabilized subgrade has cured for a total of 7-days with an ambient air temperature above 40 degrees Fahrenheit. A curing day consists of a continuous 24-hour period in which the ambient air temperature does not fall below 40 degrees Fahrenheit. Curing days will not be calculated consecutively, but must total seven (7) , 24-hour days with the ambient air temperature remaining at or above 40 degrees Fahrenheit before traffic or equipment will be allowed to traverse the stabilized subgrade. The Department may allow a shortened curing period when the Contractor requests. The Contractor shall give the Department at least 3 day notice of the request for a shortened curing period. The Department will require a minimum of 3 curing days after final compaction. The Contractor shall furnish cores to the treated depth of the roadbed at 500 feet intervals for each lane when a shortened curing time is requested. The Department will test cores using an unconfined compression test. Roadbed cores must achieve a minimum strength requirement of 80 psi. |
| Subsection: | 208.03.06 Curing and Protection. |
| Revision: | Replace paragraph eight with the following: At no expense to the Department, repair any damage to the subgrade caused by freezing. |
| Subsection: | 212.03.03 Permanent Seeding and Protection. |
| Part: | A) Seed Mixtures for Permanent Seeding. |
| Revision: | Revise Seed Mix Type I to the mixture shown below: 50% Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue (Festuca arundinacea) 35% Hard Fescue (Festuca (Festuca longifolia) 10% Ryegrass, Perennial (Lolium perenne) 5% White Dutch Clover (Trifolium repens) |
| Subsection: | 212.03.03 Permanent Seeding and Protection. |
| Part: | A) Seed Mixtures for Permanent Seeding. |
| Number: | 2) |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: Permanent Seeding on Slopes Greater than 3:1 in Highway Districts 4, 5, 6, and 7. Apply seed mix Type II at a minimum application rate of 100 pounds per acre. If adjacent to a golf course replace the crown vetch with Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. |

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| Subsection: | 212.03.03 Permanent Seeding and Protection. |
| Part: | A) Seed Mixtures for Permanent Seeding. |
| Number: | 3) |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: Permanent Seeding on Slopes Greater than 3:1 in Highway Districts 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12. Apply seed mix Type III at a minimum application rate of 100 pounds per acre. If adjacent to crop land or golf course, replace the Sericea Lespedeza with Kentucky 31 Fescue. |
| Subsection: | 212.03.03 Permanent Seeding and Protection. |
| Part: | B) Procedures for Permanent Seeding. |
| Revision: | Delete the first sentence of the section. |
| Subsection: | 212.03.03 Permanent Seeding and Protection. |
| Part: | B) Procedures for Permanent Seeding. |
| Revision: | Replace the second and third sentence of the section with the following: Prepare a seedbed and apply an initial fertilizer that contains a minimum of 100 pounds of nitrogen, 100 pounds of phosphate, and 100 pounds of potash per acre. Apply agricultural limestone to the seedbed when the Engineer determines it is needed. When required, place agricultural limestone at a rate of 3 tons per acre. |
| Subsection: | 212.03.03 Permanent Seeding and Protection. |
| Part: | D) Top Dressing. |
| Revision: | Change the title of part to D) Fertilizer. |
| Subsection: | 212.03.03 Permanent Seeding and Protection. |
| Part: | D) Fertilizer. |
| Revision: | Replace the first paragraph with the following: Apply fertilizer at the beginning of the seeding operation and after vegetation is established. Use fertilizer delivered to the project in bags or bulk. Apply initial fertilizer to all areas prior to the seeding or sodding operation at the application rate specified in 212.03.03 B). Apply 20-10-10 fertilizer to the areas after vegetation has been established at a rate of 11.5 pounds per 1,000 square feet. Obtain approval from the Engineer prior to the 2nd fertilizer application. Reapply fertilizer to any area that has a streaked appearance. The reapplication shall be at no additional cost to the Department. Re-establish any vegetation severely damaged or destroyed because of an excessive application of fertilizer at no cost to the Department. |
| Subsection: | 212.03.03 Permanent Seeding and Protection. |
| Part: | D) Fertilizer. |
| Revision: | Delete the second paragraph. |
| Subsection: | 212.04.04 Agricultural Limestone. |
| Revision: | Replace the entire section with the following: The Department will measure the quantity of agricultural limestone in tons. |
| Subsection: | 212.04.05 Fertilizer. |
| Revision: | Replace the entire section with the following: The Department will measure fertilizer used in the seeding or sodding operations for payment. The Department will measure the quantity by tons. |

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| Subsection: | 212.05 PAYMENT. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|------------------------|-----|-------|---------------------|-----|-------|------------------------|-----|
| Revision: | Delete the following item code: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Code</u></th> <th><u>Pay Item</u></th> <th><u>Pay Unit</u></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>05966</td> <td>Topdressing Fertilizer</td> <td>Ton</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | <u>Code</u> | <u>Pay Item</u> | <u>Pay Unit</u> | 05966 | Topdressing Fertilizer | Ton | | | | | | |
| <u>Code</u> | <u>Pay Item</u> | <u>Pay Unit</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 05966 | Topdressing Fertilizer | Ton | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 212.05 PAYMENT. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Add the following pay items: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Code</u></th> <th><u>Pay Item</u></th> <th><u>Pay Unit</u></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>05963</td> <td>Initial Fertilizer</td> <td>Ton</td> </tr> <tr> <td>05964</td> <td>20-10-10 Fertilizer</td> <td>Ton</td> </tr> <tr> <td>05992</td> <td>Agricultural Limestone</td> <td>Ton</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | <u>Code</u> | <u>Pay Item</u> | <u>Pay Unit</u> | 05963 | Initial Fertilizer | Ton | 05964 | 20-10-10 Fertilizer | Ton | 05992 | Agricultural Limestone | Ton |
| <u>Code</u> | <u>Pay Item</u> | <u>Pay Unit</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 05963 | Initial Fertilizer | Ton | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 05964 | 20-10-10 Fertilizer | Ton | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 05992 | Agricultural Limestone | Ton | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 213.03.02 Progress Requirements. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the last sentence of the third paragraph with the following: Additionally, the Department will apply a penalty equal to the liquidated damages when all aspects of work are not coordinated in an acceptable manner within 7 calendar days after written notification. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 213.03.05 Temporary Control Measures. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Part: | E) Temporary Seeding and Protection. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Delete the second sentence of the first paragraph. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 304.02.01 Physical Properties. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Table: | Required Geogrid Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace all references to Test Method "GRI-GG2-87" with ASTM D 7737. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 402.03.02 Contractor Quality Control and Department Acceptance. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Part: | B) Sampling. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will determine when to obtain the quality control samples using the random-number feature of the mix design submittal and approval spreadsheet. The Department will randomly determine when to obtain the verification samples required in Subsections 402.03.03 and 402.03.04 using the Asphalt Mixture Sample Random Tonnage Generator. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 402.03.02 Contractor Quality Control and Department Acceptance. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Part: | D) Testing Responsibilities. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number: | 3) VMA. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Add the following paragraph below Number 3) VMA: Retain the AV/VMA specimens and one additional corresponding G _{mm} sample for 5 working days for mixture verification testing by the Department. For Specialty Mixtures, retain a mixture sample for 5 working days for mixture verification testing by the Department. When the Department's test results do not verify that the Contractor's quality control test results are within the acceptable tolerances according to Subsection 402.03.03, retain the samples and specimens from the affected subplot(s) for the duration of the project. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 402.03.02 Contractor Quality Control and Department Acceptance. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Part: | D) Testing Responsibilities. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number: | 4) Density. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence of the Option A paragraph with the following: Perform coring by the end of the following work day. | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| Subsection: | 402.03.02 Contractor Quality Control and Department Acceptance. |
| Part: | D) Testing Responsibilities. |
| Number: | 5) Gradation. |
| Revision: | Delete the second paragraph. |
| Subsection: | 402.03.02 Contractor Quality Control and Department Acceptance. |
| Part: | H) Unsatisfactory Work. |
| Number: | 1) Based on Lab Data. |
| Revision: | Replace the second paragraph with the following: When the Engineer determines that safety concerns or other considerations prohibit an immediate shutdown, continue work and the Department will make an evaluation of acceptability according to Subsection 402.03.05. |
| Subsection: | 402.03.03 Verification. |
| Revision: | Replace the first paragraph with the following: 402.03.03 Mixture Verification. For volumetric properties, the Department will perform a minimum of one verification test for AC, AV, and VMA according to the corresponding procedures as given in Subsection 402.03.02. The Department will randomly determine when to obtain the verification sample using the Asphalt Mixture Sample Random Tonnage Generator. For specialty mixtures, the Department will perform one AC and one gradation determination per lot according to the corresponding procedures as given in Subsection 402.03.02. However, Department personnel will not perform AC determinations according to KM 64-405. The Contractor will obtain a quality control sample at the same time the Department obtains the mixture verification sample and perform testing according to the procedures given in Subsection 402.03.02. If the Contractor's quality control sample is verified by the Department's test results within the tolerances provided below, the Contractor's sample will serve as the quality control sample for the affected subplot. The Department may perform the mixture verification test on the Contractor's equipment or on the Department's equipment. |
| Subsection: | 402.03.03 Verification. |
| Part: | A) Evaluation of Subplot(s) Verified by Department. |
| Revision: | Replace the third sentence of the second paragraph with the following: When the paired <i>t</i> -test indicates that the Contractor's data and Department's data are possibly not from the same population, the Department will investigate the cause for the difference according to Subsection 402.03.05 and implement corrective measures as the Engineer deems appropriate. |
| Subsection: | 402.03.03 Verification. |
| Part: | B) Evaluation of Subplots Not Verified by Department. |
| Revision: | Replace the third sentence of the first paragraph with the following: When differences between test results are not within the tolerances listed below, the Department will resolve the discrepancy according to Subsection 402.03.05. |

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| Subsection: | 402.03.03 Verification. |
| Part: | B) Evaluation of Sublots Not Verified by Department. |
| Revision: | Replace the third sentence of the second paragraph with the following: When the <i>F</i> -test or <i>t</i> -test indicates that the Contractor's data and Department's data are possibly not from the same population, the Department will investigate the cause for the difference according to Subsection 402.03.05 and implement corrective measures as the Engineer deems appropriate. |
| Subsection: | 402.03.03 Verification. |
| Part: | C) Test Data Patterns. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: When patterns indicate substantial differences between the verified and non-verified sublots, the Department will perform further comparative testing according to subsection 402.03.05. |
| Subsection: | 402.03 CONSTRUCTION. |
| Revision: | Add the following subsection: 402.03.04 Testing Equipment and Technician Verification. For mixtures with a minimum quantity of 20,000 tons and for every 20,000 tons thereafter, the Department will obtain an additional verification sample at random using the Asphalt Mixture Sample Random Tonnage Generator in order to verify the integrity of the Contractor's and Department's laboratory testing equipment and technicians. The Department will obtain a mixture sample of at least 150 lb at the asphalt mixing plant according to KM 64-425 and split it according to AASHTO R 47. The Department will retain one split portion of the sample and provide the other portion to the Contractor. At a later time convenient to both parties, the Department and Contractor will simultaneously reheat the sample to the specified compaction temperature and test the mixture for AV and VMA using separate laboratory equipment according to the corresponding procedures given in Subsection 402.03.02. The Department will evaluate the differences in test results between the two laboratories. When the difference between the results for AV or VMA is not within ± 2.0 percent, the Department will investigate and resolve the discrepancy according to Subsection 402.03.05. |
| Subsection: | 402.03.04 Dispute Resolution. |
| Revision: | Change the subsection number to 402.03.05. |
| Subsection: | 402.05 PAYMENT. |
| Part: | Lot Pay Adjustment Schedule Compaction Option A Base and Binder Mixtures |
| Table: | AC |
| Revision: | Replace the Deviation from JMF(%) that corresponds to a Pay Value of 0.95 to ± 0.6 . |
| Subsection: | 403.02.10 Material Transfer Vehicle (MTV). |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence with the following: In addition to the equipment specified above, provide a MTV with the following minimum characteristics: |
| Subsection: | 412.02.09 Material Transfer Vehicle (MTV). |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: Provide and utilize a MTV with the minimum characteristics outlined in section 403.02.10. |

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| Subsection: | 412.03.07 Placement and Compaction. |
| Revision: | Replace the first paragraph with the following: Use a MTV when placing SMA mixture in the driving lanes. The MTV is not required on ramps and/or shoulders unless specified in the contract. When the Engineer determines the use of the MTV is not practical for a portion of the project, the Engineer may waive its requirement for that portion of pavement by a letter documenting the waiver. |
| Subsection: | 412.04 MEASUREMENT. |
| Revision: | Add the following subsection: 412.04.03. Material Transfer Vehicle (MTV). The Department will not measure the MTV for payment and will consider its use incidental to the asphalt mixture. |
| Subsection: | 501.03.05 Weather Limitations and Protection. |
| Revision: | Replace the reference to Subsection 501.03.19 in Paragraph 5, with Subsection 501.03.20. |
| Subsection: | 501.03.19 Surface Tolerances and Testing Surface. |
| Part: | B) Ride Quality. |
| Revision: | Add the following to the end of the first paragraph: The Department will specify if the ride quality requirements are Category A or Category B when ride quality is specified in the Contract. Category B ride quality requirements shall apply when the Department fails to classify which ride quality requirement will apply to the Contract. |
| Subsection: | 603.03.06 Cofferdams. |
| Revision: | Replace the seventh sentence of paragraph one with the following: Submit drawings that are stamped by a Professional Engineer licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. |
| Subsection: | 605.03.04 Tack Welding. |
| Revision: | Insert the subsection and the following: 605.03.04 Tack Welding. The Department does not allow tack welding. |
| Subsection: | 606.03.17 Special Requirements for Latex Concrete Overlays. |
| Part: | A) Existing Bridges and New Structures. |
| Number: | 1) Prewetting and Grout-Bond Coat. |
| Revision: | Add the following sentence to the last paragraph: Do not apply a grout-bond coat on bridge decks prepared by hydrodemolition. |
| Subsection: | 609.03 Construction. |
| Revision: | Replace Subsection 609.03.01 with the following: 609.03.01 A) Swinging the Spans. Before placing concrete slabs on steel spans or precast concrete release the temporary erection supports under the bridge and swing the span free on its supports. 609.03.01 B) Lift Loops. Cut all lift loops flush with the top of the precast beam once the beam is placed in the final location and prior to placing steel reinforcement. At locations where lift loops are cut, paint the top of the beam with galvanized or epoxy paint. |

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| Subsection: | 611.03.02 Precast Unit Construction. |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence of the subsection with the following: Construct units according to ASTM C1577, replacing Table 1 (Design Requirements for Precast Concrete Box Sections Under Earth, Dead and HL-93 Live Load Conditions) with KY Table 1 (Precast Culvert KYHL-93 Design Table) , and Section 605 with the following exceptions and additions: |
| Subsection: | 613.03.01 Design. |
| Number: | 2) |
| Revision: | Replace "AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" with "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications" |
| Subsection: | 615.06.02 |
| Revision: | Add the following sentence to the end of the subsection. The ends of units shall be normal to walls and centerline except exposed edges shall be beveled $\frac{3}{4}$ inch. |
| Subsection: | 615.06.03 Placement of Reinforcement in Precast 3-Sided Units. |
| Revision: | Replace the reference of 6.6 in the section to 615.06.06. |
| Subsection: | 615.06.04 Placement of Reinforcement for Precast Endwalls. |
| Revision: | Replace the reference of 6.7 in the section to 615.06.07. |
| Subsection: | 615.06.06 Laps, Welds, and Spacing for Precast 3-Sided Units. |
| Revision: | Replace the subsection with the following: Tension splices in the circumferential reinforcement shall be made by lapping. Laps may not be tack welded together for assembly purposes. For smooth welded wire fabric, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.5.2 and AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.6.3. For deformed welded wire fabric, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.5.1 and AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.6.2. The overlap of welded wire fabric shall be measured between the outer most longitudinal wires of each fabric sheet. For deformed billet-steel bars, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.1. For splices other than tension splices, the overlap shall be a minimum of 12" for welded wire fabric or deformed billet-steel bars. The spacing center to center of the circumferential wires in a wire fabric sheet shall be no less than 2 inches and no more than 4 inches. The spacing center to center of the longitudinal wires shall not be more than 8 inches. The spacing center to center of the longitudinal distribution steel for either line of reinforcing in the top slab shall be not more than 16 inches. |
| Subsection: | 615.06.07 Laps, Welds, and Spacing for Precast Endwalls. |
| Revision: | Replace the subsection with the following: Splices in the reinforcement shall be made by lapping. Laps may not be tack welded together for assembly purposes. For smooth welded wire fabric, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.5.2 and AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.6.3. For deformed welded wire fabric, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.5.1 and AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.6.2. For deformed billet-steel bars, the overlap shall meet the requirements of AASHTO 2012 Bridge Design Guide Section 5.11.2.1. The spacing center-to-center of the wire fabric sheet shall not be less than 2 inches or more than 8 inches. |

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| Subsection: | 615.08.01 Type of Test Specimen. |
| Revision: | Replace the subsection with the following: Start-up slump, air content, unit weight, and temperature tests will be performed each day on the first batch of concrete. Acceptable start-up results are required for production of the first unit. After the first unit has been established, random acceptance testing is performed daily for each 50 yd ³ (or fraction thereof). In addition to the slump, air content, unit weight, and temperature tests, a minimum of one set of cylinders shall be required each time plastic property testing is performed. |
| Subsection: | 615.08.02 Compression Testing. |
| Revision: | Delete the second sentence. |
| Subsection: | 615.08.04 Acceptability of Core Tests. |
| Revision: | Delete the entire subsection. |
| Subsection: | 615.12 Inspection. |
| Revision: | Add the following sentences to the end of the subsection: Units will arrive at jobsite with the "Kentucky Oval" stamped on the unit which is an indication of acceptable inspection at the production facility. Units shall be inspected upon arrival for any evidence of damage resulting from transport to the jobsite. |
| Subsection: | 701.04.16 Deduction for Pipe Deflection. |
| Revision: | Insert the following at the end of the paragraph: The section length is determined by the length of the pipe between joints where the failure occurred. |
| Subsection: | 716.02.02 Paint. |
| Revision: | Replace sentence with the following: Conform to Section 821. |
| Subsection: | 716.03 CONSTRUCTION. |
| Revision: | Replace bullet 5) with the following: 5) AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 2013-6th Edition with current interims, |
| Subsection: | 716.03.02 Lighting Standard Installation. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: Regardless of the station and offset noted, locate all poles/bases behind the guardrail a minimum of four feet from the front face of the guardrail to the front face of the pole base. |
| Subsection: | 716.03.02 Lighting Standard Installation. |
| Part: | A) Conventional Installation. |
| Revision: | Replace the third sentence with the following: Orient the transformer base so the door is positioned on the side away from on-coming traffic. |
| Subsection: | 716.03.02 Lighting Standard Installation. |
| Part: | A) Conventional Installation. |
| Number: | 1) Breakaway Installation and Requirements. |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence with the following: For breakaway supports, conform to Section 12 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 2013-6th Edition with current interims. |
| Subsection: | 716.03.02 Lighting Standard Installation. |
| Part: | B) High Mast Installation |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence with the following: Install each high mast pole as noted on plans. |

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Subsection: 716.03.02 Lighting Standard Installation.
Part: B) High Mast Installation
Number: 2) Concrete Base Installation
Revision: Modification of Chart and succeeding paragraphs within this section:

| Drilled Shaft Depth Data | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|-----------------------------------|------|
| Level Ground | | 3:1 Ground Slope | | 2:1 Ground Slope | | 1.5:1 Ground Slope ⁽²⁾ | |
| Soil | Rock | Soil | Rock | Soil | Rock | Soil | Rock |
| 17 ft | 7 ft | 19 ft | 7 ft | 20 ft | 7 ft | (1) | 7 ft |

| Steel Requirements | | | |
|--------------------|-------|----------------|------------------|
| Vertical Bars | | Ties or Spiral | |
| Size | Total | Size | Spacing or Pitch |
| #10 | 16 | #4 | 12 inch |

(1): Shaft length is 22' for cohesive soil only. For cohesionless soil, contact geotechnical branch for design.
(2): Do not construct high mast drilled shafts on ground slopes steeper than 1.5:1 without the approval of the Division of Traffic.

If rock is encountered during drilling operations and confirmed by the engineer to be of sound quality, the shaft is only required to be further advanced into the rock by the length of rock socket shown in the table. The total length of the shaft need not be longer than that of soil alone. Both longitudinal rebar length and number of ties or spiral length shall be adjusted accordingly.

If a shorter depth is desired for the drilled shaft, the contractor shall provide, for the state's review and approval, a detailed column design with individual site specific soil and rock analysis performed and approved by a Professional Engineer licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Spiral reinforcement may be substituted for ties. If spiral reinforcement is used, one and one-half closed coils shall be provided at the ends of each spiral unit. Subsurface conditions consisting of very soft clay or very loose saturated sand could result in soil parameters weaker than those assumed. Engineer shall consult with the geotechnical branch if such conditions are encountered.

The bottom of the drilled hole shall be firm and thoroughly cleaned so no loose or compressible materials are present at the time of the concrete placement. If the drilled hole contains standing water, the concrete shall be placed using a tremie to displace water. Continuous concrete flow will be required to insure full displacement of any water.

The reinforcement and anchor bolts shall be adequately supported in the proper positions so no movement occurs during concrete placement. Welding of anchor bolts to the reinforcing cage is unacceptable, templates shall be used. Exposed portions of the foundation shall be formed to create a smooth finished surface. All forming shall be removed upon completion of foundation construction.

Subsection: 716.03.03 Trenching.
Part: A) Trenching of Conduit for Highmast Ducted Cables.
Revision: Add the following after the first sentence: If depths greater than 24 inches are necessary, obtain the Engineer's approval and maintain the required conduit depths coming into the junction boxes. No payment for additional junction boxes for greater depths will be allowed.

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| Subsection: | 716.03.03 Trenching. |
| Part: | B) Trenching of Conduit for Non-Highmast Cables. |
| Revision: | Add the following after the second sentence: If depths greater than 24 inches are necessary for either situation listed previously, obtain the Engineer's approval and maintain the required conduit depths coming into the junction boxes. No payment for additional junction boxes for greater depths will be allowed. |
| Subsection: | 716.03.10 Junction Boxes. |
| Revision: | Replace subsection title with the following: Electrical Junction Box. |
| Subsection: | 716.04.07 Pole with Secondary Control Equipment. |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as each individual unit furnished and installed. The Department will not measure mounting the cabinet to the pole, backfilling, restoration, any necessary hardware to anchor pole, or electrical inspection fees, and will consider them incidental to this item of work. The Department will also not measure furnishing and installing electrical service conductors, specified conduits, meter base, transformer, service panel, fused cutout, fuses, lighting arrestors, photoelectrical control, circuit breaker, contactor, manual switch, ground rods, and ground wires and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 716.04.08 Lighting Control Equipment. |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as each individual unit furnished and installed. The Department will not measure constructing the concrete base, excavation, backfilling, restoration, any necessary anchors, or electrical inspection fees, and will consider them incidental to this item of work. The Department will also not measure furnishing and installing electrical service conductors, specified conduits, meter base, transformer, service panel, fused cutout, fuses, lighting arrestors, photoelectrical control, circuit breakers, contactor, manual switch, ground rods, and ground wires and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 716.04.09 Luminaire. |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as each individual unit furnished and installed. |
| Subsection: | 716.04.10 Fused Connector Kits. |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as each individual unit furnished and installed. |
| Subsection: | 716.04.13 Junction Box. |
| Revision: | Replace the subsection title with the following: Electrical Junction Box Type Various. |
| Subsection: | 716.04.13 Junction Box. |
| Part: | A) Junction Electrical. |
| Revision: | Rename A) Junction Electrical to the following: A) Electrical Junction Box. |
| Subsection: | 716.04.14 Trenching and Backfilling. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure excavation, backfilling, underground utility warning tape (if required), the restoration of disturbed areas to original condition, and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |

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| Subsection: | 716.04.18 Remove Lighting. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-------------------------|------|-------|--------------------------------|------|------------|--------------------------------|------|------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as a lump sum for the removal of lighting equipment. The Department will not measure the disposal of all equipment and materials off the project by the contractor. The Department also will not measure the transportation of the materials and will consider them incidental to this item of work. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 716.04.20 Bore and Jack Conduit. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity in linear feet. This item shall include all work necessary for boring and installing conduit under an existing roadway. Construction methods shall be in accordance with Sections 706.03.02, paragraphs 1, 2, and 4. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 716.05 PAYMENT. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace items 04810-04811, 20391NS835 and, 20392NS835 under <u>Code</u> , <u>Pay Item</u> , and <u>Pay Unit</u> with the following: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| <u>Code</u> | <u>Pay Item</u> | <u>Pay Unit</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 04810 | Electrical Junction Box | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 04811 | Electrical Junction Box Type B | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20391NS835 | Electrical Junction Box Type A | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20392NS835 | Electrical Junction Box Type C | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 723.02.02 Paint. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace sentence with the following: Conform to Section 821. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 723.03 CONSTRUCTION. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace bullet 5) with the following: 5) AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 2013-6th Edition with current interims, | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 723.03.02 Poles and Bases Installation. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence with the following: Regardless of the station and offset noted, locate all poles/bases behind the guardrail a minimum of four feet from the front face of the guardrail to the front face of the pole base. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 723.03.02 Poles and Bases Installation. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Part: | A) Steel Strain and Mastarm Poles Installation | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the second paragraph with the following: For concrete base installation, see Section 716.03.02, B), 2), Paragraphs 2-7. Drilled shaft depth shall be based on the soil conditions encountered during drilling and slope condition at the site. Refer to the design chart below: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 723.03.02 Poles and Bases Installation. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Part: | B) Pedestal or Pedestal Post Installation. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the fourth sentence of the paragraph with the following: For breakaway supports, conform to Section 12 of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 2013-6th Edition with current interims. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| Subsection: | 723.03.03 Trenching. |
| Part: | A) Under Roadway. |
| Revision: | Add the following after the second sentence: If depths greater than 24 inches are necessary, obtain the Engineer's approval and maintain ether required conduit depths coming into the junction boxes. No payment for additional junction boxes for greater depths will be allowed. |
| Subsection: | 723.03.11 Wiring Installation. |
| Revision: | Add the following sentence between the fifth and sixth sentences: Provide an extra two feet of loop wire and lead-in past the installed conduit in poles, pedestals, and junction boxes. |
| Subsection: | 723.03.12 Loop Installation. |
| Revision: | Replace the fourth sentence of the 2nd paragraph with the following: Provide an extra two feet of loop wire and lead-in past the installed conduit in poles, pedestals, and junction boxes. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.02 Junction Box. |
| Revision: | Replace subsection title with the following: Electrical Junction Box Type Various. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.03 Trenching and Backfilling. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure excavation, backfilling, underground utility warning tape (if required), the restoration of disturbed areas to original condition, and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.10 Signal Pedestal. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure excavation, concrete, reinforcing steel, specified conduits, fittings, ground rod, ground wire, backfilling, restoring disturbed areas, or other necessary hardware and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.15 Loop Saw Slot and Fill. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure sawing, cleaning and filling induction loop saw slot, loop sealant, backer rod, and grout and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.16 Pedestrian Detector. |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as each individual unit furnished, installed and connected to pole/pedestal. The Department will not measure installing R10-3e (with arrow) sign, furnishing and installing mounting hardware for sign and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.18 Signal Controller- Type 170. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure constructing the concrete base or mounting the cabinet to the pole, connecting the signal and detectors, excavation, backfilling, restoration, any necessary pole mounting hardware, electric service, or electrical inspection fees and will consider them incidental to this item of work. The Department will also not measure furnishing and connecting the induction of loop amplifiers, pedestrian isolators, load switches, model 400 modem card; furnishing and installing electrical service conductors, specified conduits, anchors, meter base, fused cutout, fuses, ground rods, ground wires and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |

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| Subsection: | 723.04.20 Install Signal Controller - Type 170. |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as each individual unit installed. The Department will not measure constructing the concrete base or mounting the cabinet to the pole, connecting the signal and detectors, and excavation, backfilling, restoration, any necessary pole mounting hardware, electric service, or electrical inspection fees and will consider them incidental to this item of work. The Department will also not measure connecting the induction loop amplifiers, pedestrian, isolators, load switches, model 400 modem card; furnishing and installing electrical service conductors, specified conduits, anchors, meter base, fused cutout, fuses, ground rods, ground wires and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.22 Remove Signal Equipment. |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as a lump sum removal of signal equipment. The Department will not measure the return of control equipment and signal heads to the Department of Highways as directed by the District Traffic Engineer. The Department also will not measure the transportation of materials of the disposal of all other equipment and materials off the project by the contractor and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.28 Install Pedestrian Detector Audible. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure installing sign R10-3e (with arrow) and will consider it incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.29 Audible Pedestrian Detector. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure furnishing and installing the sign R10-3e (with arrow) and will consider it incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.30 Bore and Jack Conduit. |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity in linear feet. This item shall include all work necessary for boring and installing conduit under an existing roadway. Construction methods shall be in accordance with Sections 706.03.02, paragraphs 1, 2, and 4. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.31 Install Pedestrian Detector. |
| Revision: | Replace the paragraph with the following: The Department will measure the quantity as each individual unit installed and connected to pole/pedestal. The Department will not measure installing sign R 10-3e (with arrow) and will consider it incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.32 Install Mast Arm Pole. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure arms, signal mounting brackets, anchor bolts, or any other necessary hardware and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |
| Subsection: | 723.04.33 Pedestal Post. |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure excavation, concrete, reinforcing steel, anchor bolts, conduit, fittings, ground rod, ground wire, backfilling, restoration, or any other necessary hardware and will consider them incidental to this item of work. |

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| Subsection: | 723.04.36 Traffic Signal Pole Base. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-------------------------|------|-------|--------------------------------|------|------------|--------------------------------|------|------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure excavation, reinforcing steel, anchor bolts, specified conduits, ground rods, ground wires, backfilling, or restoration and will consider them incidental to this item of work. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 723.04.37 Install Signal Pedestal. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure excavation, concrete, reinforcing steel, anchor bolts, specified conduits, fittings, ground rod, ground wire, backfilling, restoration, or any other necessary hardware and will consider them incidental to this item of work. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 723.04.38 Install Pedestal Post. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence with the following: The Department will not measure excavation, concrete, reinforcing steel, anchor bolts, specified conduits, fittings, ground rod, ground wire, backfilling, restoration, or any other necessary hardware and will consider them incidental to this item of work. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 723.05 PAYMENT. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace items 04810-04811, 20391NS835 and, 20392NS835 under <u>Code</u> , <u>Pay Item</u> , and <u>Pay Unit</u> with the following: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| <u>Code</u> | <u>Pay Item</u> | <u>Pay Unit</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 04810 | Electrical Junction Box | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 04811 | Electrical Junction Box Type B | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20391NS835 | Electrical Junction Box Type A | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20392NS835 | Electrical Junction Box Type C | Each | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 804.01.02 Crushed Sand. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Delete last sentence of the section. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 804.01.06 Slag. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Add subsection and following sentence. Provide blast furnace slag sand where permitted. The Department will allow steel slag sand only in asphalt surface applications. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 804.04 Asphalt Mixtures. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the subsection with the following: Provide natural, crushed, conglomerate, or blast furnace slag sand, with the addition of filler as necessary, to meet gradation requirements. The Department will allow any combination of natural, crushed, conglomerate or blast furnace slag sand when the combination is achieved using cold feeds at the plant. The Engineer may allow other fine aggregates. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 806.03.01 General Requirements. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence of the paragraph with the following: Additionally, the material must have a minimum solubility of 99.0 percent when tested according to AASHTO T 44 and PG 76-22 must exhibit a minimum recovery of 60 percent, with a J _{NR} (nonrecoverable creep compliance) between 0.1 and 0.5, when tested according to AASHTO TP 70. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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|---------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| Subsection: | 806.03.01 General Requirements. | | | | | | |
| Table: | PG Binder Requirements and Price Adjustment Schedule | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the Elastic Recovery, % ⁽³⁾ (AASHTO T301) and all corresponding values in the table with the following: | | | | | | |
| | <u>Test</u> | <u>Specification</u> | <u>100% Pay</u> | <u>90% Pay</u> | <u>80% Pay</u> | <u>70% Pay</u> | <u>50% Pay⁽¹⁾</u> |
| | MSCR recovery, % ⁽³⁾ (AASHTO TP 70) | 60 Min. | ≥58 | 56 | 55 | 54 | <53 |
| Subsection: | 806.03.01 General Requirements. | | | | | | |
| Table: | PG Binder Requirements and Price Adjustment Schedule | | | | | | |
| Superscript: | (3) | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace ⁽³⁾ with the following: Perform testing at 64°C. | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 813.04 Gray Iron Castings. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the reference to "AASHTO M105" with "ASTM A48". | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 813.09.02 High Strength Steel Bolts, Nuts, and Washers. | | | | | | |
| Number: | A) Bolts. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Delete first paragraph and "Hardness Number" Table. Replace with the following: A) Bolts. Conform to ASTM A325 (AASHTO M164) or ASTM A490 (AASHTO 253) as applicable. | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 814.04.02 Timber Guardrail Posts. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Third paragraph, replace the reference to "AWPA C14" with "AWPA U1, Section B, Paragraph 4.1". | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 814.04.02 Timber Guardrail Posts. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence of the fourth paragraph with the following: Use any of the species of wood for round or square posts covered under AWPA U1. | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 814.04.02 Timber Guardrail Posts. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Fourth paragraph, replace the reference to "AWPA C2" with "AWPA U1, Section B, Paragraph 4.1". | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 814.04.02 Timber Guardrail Posts. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Delete the second sentence of the fourth paragraph. | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 814.05.02 Composite Plastic. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | 1) Add the following to the beginning of the first paragraph: Select composite offset blocks conforming to this section and assure blocks are from a manufacturer included on the Department's List of Approved Materials. 2) Delete the last paragraph of the subsection. | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 816.07.02 Wood Posts and Braces. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | First paragraph, replace the reference to "AWPA C5" with "AWPA U1, Section B, Paragraph 4.1". | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 816.07.02 Wood Posts and Braces. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Delete the second sentence of the first paragraph. | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 818.07 Preservative Treatment. | | | | | | |
| Revision: | First paragraph, replace all references to "AWPA C14" with "AWPA U1, Section A". | | | | | | |

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| <p>Subsection: Revision:</p> | <p>834.14 Lighting Poles. Replace the first sentence with the following: Lighting pole design shall be in accordance with loading and allowable stress requirements of the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 2013-6th Edition with current interims, with the exception of the following: The Cabinet will waive the requirement stated in the first sentence of Section 5.14.6.2 – Reinforced Holes and Cutouts for high mast poles (only). The minimum diameter at the base of the pole shall be 22 inches for high mast poles (only).</p> |
| <p>Subsection Revision:</p> | <p>834.14.03 High Mast Poles. Remove the second and fourth sentence from the first paragraph.</p> |
| <p>Subsection Revision:</p> | <p>834.14.03 High Mast Poles. Replace the third paragraph with the following: Provide calculations and drawings that are stamped by a Professional Engineer licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.</p> |
| <p>Subsection: Revision:</p> | <p>834.14.03 High Mast Poles. Replace paragraph six with the following: Provide a pole section that conforms to ASTM A 595 grade A with a minimum yield strength of 55 KSI or ASTM A 572 with a minimum yield strength of 55 KSI. Use tubes that are round or 16 sided with a four inch corner radius, have a constant linear taper of .144 in/ft and contain only one longitudinal seam weld. Circumferential welded tube butt splices and laminated tubes are not permitted. Provide pole sections that are telescopically slip fit assembled in the field to facilitate inspection of interior surface welds and the protective coating. The minimum length of the telescopic slip splices shall be 1.5 times the inside diameter of the exposed end of the female section. Use longitudinal seam welds as commended in Section 5.15 of the AASHTO 2013 Specifications. The thickness of the transverse base shall not be less than 2 inches. Plates shall be integrally welded to the tubes with a telescopic welded joint or a full penetration groove weld with backup bar. The handhole cover shall be removable from the handhole frame. One the frame side opposite the hinge, provide a mechanism on the handhole cover/frame to place the Department’s standard padlock as specified in Section 834.25. The handhole frame shall have two stainless studs installed opposite the hinge to secure the handhole cover to the frame which includes providing stainless steel wing nuts and washers. The handhole cover shall be manufactured from 0.25 inch thick galvanized steel (ASTM A 153) and have a neoprene rubber gasket that is permanently secured to the handhole frame to insure weather-tight protection. The hinge shall be manufactured from 7-gauge stainless steel to provide adjustability to insure weather-tight fit for the cover. The minimum clear distance between the transverse plate and the bottom opening of the handhole shall not be less than the diameter of the bottom tube of the pole but needs to be at least 15 inches. Provide products that are hot-dip galvanized to the requirements of either ASTM A123 (fabricated products) or ASTM A 153 (hardware items).</p> |
| <p>Subsection: Revision:</p> | <p>834.16 ANCHOR BOLTS. Insert the following sentence at the beginning of the paragraph: The anchor bolt design shall follow the NCHRP Report 494 Section 2.4 and NCHRP 469 Appendix A Specifications.</p> |

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|--------------------|---|
| Subsection: | 834.17.01 Conventional. |
| Revision: | Add the following sentence after the second sentence: Provide a waterproof sticker mounted on the bottom of the housing that is legible from the ground and indicates the wattage of the fixture by providing the first two numbers of the wattage. |
| Subsection: | 834.21.01 Waterproof Enclosures. |
| Revision: | Replace the last five sentences in the second paragraph with the following sentences: Provide a cabinet door with a louvered air vent, filter-retaining brackets and an easy to clean metal filter. Provide a cabinet door that is keyed with a factory installed standard no. 2 corbin traffic control key. Provide a light fixture with switch and bulb. Use a 120-volt fixture and utilize a L.E.D. bulb (equivalent to 60 watts minimum). Fixture shall be situated at or near the top of the cabinet and illuminate the contents of the cabinet. Provide a 120 VAC GFI duplex receptacle in the enclosure with a separate 20 amp breaker. |
| Subsection: | 835.07 Traffic Poles. |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence of the first paragraph with the following: Pole diameter and wall thickness shall be calculated in accordance with the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 2013-6th Edition with current interims. |
| Subsection: | 835.07 Traffic Poles. |
| Revision: | *Replace the first sentence of the fourth paragraph with the following: Ensure transverse plates have a thickness ≥ 2 inches. *Add the following sentence to the end of the fourth paragraph: The bottom pole diameter shall not be less than 16.25 inches. |
| Subsection: | 835.07 Traffic Poles. |
| Revision: | Replace the third sentence of the fifth paragraph with the following: For anchor bolt design, pole forces shall be positioned in such a manner to maximize the force on any individual anchor bolt regardless of the actual anchor bolt orientation with the pole. |
| Subsection: | 835.07 Traffic Poles. |
| Revision: | Replace the first and second sentence of the sixth paragraph with the following: The pole handhole shall be 25 inches by 6.5 inches. The handhole cover shall be removable from the handhole frame. On the frame side opposite the hinge, provide a mechanism on the handhole cover/frame to place the Department's standard padlock as specified in Section 834.25. The handhole frame shall have two stainless studs installed opposite the hinge to secure the handhole cover to the frame which includes providing stainless steel wing nuts and washers. The handhole cover shall be manufactured from 0.25 inch thick galvanized steel (ASTM 153) and have a neoprene rubber gasket that is permanently secured to the handhole frame to insure weather-tight protection. The hinge shall be manufactured from 7 gauge stainless steel to provide adjustability to insure a weather-tight fit for the cover. The minimum clear distance between the transverse plate and the bottom opening of the handhole shall not be less than the diameter of the bottom tube but needs to be at least 12 inches. |

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| Subsection: | 835.07 Traffic Poles. | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----|------------|--------------------|-----|------------|
| Revision: | *Replace the first sentence of the last paragraph with the following: Provide calculations and drawings that are stamped by a Professional Engineer licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. *Replace the third sentence of the last paragraph with the following: All tables referenced in 835.07 are found in the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 2013-6th Edition with current interims. | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 835.07.01 Steel Strain Poles. | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence of the second paragraph with the following: The detailed analysis shall be certified by a Professional Engineer licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 835.07.01 Steel Strain Poles. | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace number 7. after the second paragraph with the following: 7. Fatigue calculations should be shown for all fatigue related connections. Provide the corresponding detail, stress category and example from table 11.9.3.1-1. | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 835.07.02 Mast Arm Poles. | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the second sentence of the fourth paragraph with the following: The detailed analysis shall be certified by a Professional Engineer licensed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 835.07.02 Mast Arm Poles. | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace number 7) after the fourth paragraph with the following: 7) Fatigue calculations should be shown for all fatigue related connections. Provide the corresponding detail, stress category and example from table 11.9.3.1-1. | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 835.07.03 Anchor Bolts. | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Add the following to the end of the paragraph: There shall be two steel templates (one can be used for the headed part of the anchor bolt when designed in this manner) provided per pole. Templates shall be contained within a 26.5 inch diameter. All templates shall be fully galvanized (ASTM A 153). | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 835.16.05 Optical Units. | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the 3rd paragraph with the following: The list of certified products can be found on the following website: http://www.intertek.com . | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 835.19.01 Pedestrian Detector Body. | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Replace the first sentence with the following: Provide a four holed pole mounted aluminum rectangular housing that is compatible with the pedestrian detector. | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsection: | 843.01.01 Geotextile Fabric. | | | | | | | | | |
| Table: | TYPE I FABRIC GEOTEXTILES FOR SLOPE PROTECTION AND CHANNEL LINING | | | | | | | | | |
| Revision: | Add the following to the chart: | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Property</u></th> <th><u>Minimum Value⁽¹⁾</u></th> <th><u>Test Method</u></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>CBR Puncture (lbs)</td> <td>494</td> <td>ASTM D6241</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Permittivity (1/s)</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>ASTM D4491</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | <u>Property</u> | <u>Minimum Value⁽¹⁾</u> | <u>Test Method</u> | CBR Puncture (lbs) | 494 | ASTM D6241 | Permittivity (1/s) | 0.7 | ASTM D4491 |
| <u>Property</u> | <u>Minimum Value⁽¹⁾</u> | <u>Test Method</u> | | | | | | | | |
| CBR Puncture (lbs) | 494 | ASTM D6241 | | | | | | | | |
| Permittivity (1/s) | 0.7 | ASTM D4491 | | | | | | | | |

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|--------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Subsection: | 843.01.01 Geotextile Fabric. | | |
| Table: | TYPE II FABRIC GEOTEXTILES FOR UNDERDRAINS | | |
| Revision: | Add the following to the chart: | | |
| | <u>Property</u> | <u>Minimum Value⁽¹⁾</u> | <u>Test Method</u> |
| | CBR Puncture (lbs) | 210 | ASTM D6241 |
| | Permittivity (1/s) | 0.5 | ASTM D4491 |
| Subsection: | 843.01.01 Geotextile Fabric. | | |
| Table: | TYPE III FABRIC GEOTEXTILES FOR SUBGRADE OR EMBANKMENT STABILIZATION | | |
| Revision: | Add the following to the chart: | | |
| | <u>Property</u> | <u>Minimum Value⁽¹⁾</u> | <u>Test Method</u> |
| | CBR Puncture (lbs) | 370 | ASTM D6241 |
| | Permittivity (1/s) | 0.05 | ASTM D4491 |
| Subsection: | 843.01.01 Geotextile Fabric. | | |
| Table: | TYPE IV FABRIC GEOTEXTILES FOR EMBANKMENT DRAINAGE BLANKETS AND PAVEMENT EDGE DRAINS | | |
| Revision: | Add the following to the chart: | | |
| | <u>Property</u> | <u>Minimum Value⁽¹⁾</u> | <u>Test Method</u> |
| | CBR Puncture (lbs) | 309 | ASTM D6241 |
| | Permittivity (1/s) | 0.5 | ASTM D4491 |
| Subsection: | 843.01.01 Geotextile Fabric. | | |
| Table: | TYPE V HIGH STRENGTH GEOTEXTILE FABRIC | | |
| Revision: | Make the following changes to the chart: | | |
| | <u>Property</u> | <u>Minimum Value⁽¹⁾</u> | <u>Test Method</u> |
| | CBR Puncture (lbs) | 618 | ASTM D6241 |
| | Apparent Opening Size | U.S. #40 ⁽³⁾ | ASTM D4751 |
| | ⁽³⁾ Maximum average roll value. | | |

SPECIAL NOTE FOR TURF REINFORCING MAT

1.0 DESCRIPTION. Install turf reinforcement mat at locations specified in the Contract or as the Engineer directs. Section references herein are to the Department's 2008 Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

2.0 MATERIALS.

2.1 Turf Reinforcement Mat (TRM). Use a Turf Reinforcement Mat defined as permanent rolled erosion control product composed of non-degradable synthetic fibers, filaments, nets, wire mesh and/or other elements, processed into a three-dimensional matrix of sufficient thickness and from the Department's List of Approved Materials. Mats must be 100% UV stabilized materials. For TRMs containing degradable components, all physical property values must be obtained on the non-degradable portion of the matting exclusively. Ensure product labels clearly show the manufacturer or supplier name, style name, and roll number. Ensure labeling, shipment and storage follows ASTM D-4873. The Department will require manufacturer to provide TRMs that are machine constructed web of mechanically or melt bonded nondegradable fibers entangled to form a three dimensional matrix. The Department will require all long term performance property values in table below to be based on non degradable portion of the matting alone. Approved methods include polymer welding, thermal or polymer fusion, or placement of fibers between two high strength biaxially oriented nets mechanically bound by parallel stitching with polyolefin thread. Ensure that mats designated in the plans as Type 4 mats, are not to be manufactured from discontinuous or loosely held together by stitching or glued netting or composites. Type 4 mats shall be composed of geosynthetic matrix that exhibits a very high interlock and reinforcement capacities with both soil and root systems and with high tensile modulus. The Department will require manufacturer to use materials chemically and biologically inert to the natural soil environments conditions. Ensure the blanket is smolder resistant without the use of chemical additives. When stored, maintain the protective wrapping and elevate the mats off the ground to protect them from damage. The Department will not specify these materials for use in heavily acidic coal seam areas or other areas with soil problems that would severally limit vegetation growth.

- A) Dimensions. Ensure TRMs are furnished in strips with a minimum width of 4 feet and length of 50 feet.
- B) Weight. Ensure that all mat types have a minimum mass per unit area of 7 ounces per square yard according to ASTM D 6566.
- C) Performance Testing: The Department will require AASHTO's NTPEP index testing. The Department will also require the manufacturer to perform internal MARV testing at a Geosynthetic Accreditation Institute – Laboratory Accreditation Program (GAI-LAP) accredited laboratory for tensile strength, tensile elongation, mass per unit area, and thickness once every 24,000 yds of production or whatever rate is required to ensure 97.7% confidence under ASTM D4439& 4354. The Department will require Full scale testing for slope and channel applications shear stress shall be done under ASTM D 6459, ASTM D 6460-07 procedures.

2.2 Classifications

The basis for selection of the type of mat required will be based on the long term shear stress level of the mat of the channel in question or the degree of slope to protect and will be designated in the contract. The Type 4 mats are to be used at structural backfills protecting critical

structures, utility cuts, areas where vehicles may be expected to traverse the mat, channels with large heavy drift, and where higher factors of safety, very steep slopes and/or durability concerns are needed as determined by project team and designer and will be specified in the plans by designer.

| Turf Reinforcement Matting | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Properties ¹ | Type 1 | Type 2 | Type 3 | Type 4 | Test Method |
| Minimum tensile Strength lbs/ft | 125 | 150 | 175 | 3000 by 1500 | ASTM D6818 ² |
| UV stability (minimum % tensile retention) | 80 | 80 | 80 | 90 | ASTM D4355 ³ (1000-hr exposure) |
| Minimum thickness (inches) | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.40 | ASTM D6525 |
| Slopes applications | 2H:1V or flatter | 1.5H:1V or flatter | 1H:1V or flatter | 1 H: 1V or greater | |
| Shear stress lbs/ft ² Channel applications | 6.0 ⁴ | 8.0 ⁴ | 10.0 ⁴ | 12.0 ⁴ | ASTM D6459 ASTM D6460-07 |

¹ For TRMs containing degradable components, all physical property values must be obtained on the non-degradable portion of the matting alone.

²Minimum Average Roll Values for tensile strength of sample material machine direction.

³Tensile Strength percentage retained after stated 1000 hr duration of exposure under ASTM D4355 testing. Based on nondegradable components exclusively.

⁴Maximum permissible shear design values based on short-term (0.5 hr) vegetated data obtained by full scale flume testing ASTM D6459, D6460-07. Based on nondegradable components exclusively. Testing will be done at Independent Hydraulics Facility such as Colorado State University hydraulics laboratory, Utah State University hydraulics laboratory, Texas Transportation Institute (TTI) hydraulics and erosion control laboratory.

2.3 Quality Assurance Sampling, Testing, and Acceptance

- A) Provide TRM listed on the Department’s List of Approved Materials. Prior to inclusion on the LAM, the manufacturer of TRM must meet the physical and performance criteria as outlined in the specification and submit a Letter Certifying compliance of the product under the above ASTM testing procedures and including a copy of report from Full Scale Independent Hydraulics Facility that Fully Vegetated Shear Stress meets shear stress requirements tested under D6459 and D6460-07.
- B) Contractors will provide a Letter of Certification from Manufacturer stating the product name, manufacturer, and that the product MARV product unit testing results meets Department criteria. Provide Letters once per project and for each product.
- C) Acceptance shall be in accordance with ASTM D-4759 based on testing performed by a Geosynthetic Accreditation Institute – Laboratory Accreditation Program (GAI-LAP) accredited laboratory using Procedure A of ASTM D-4354.

Current mats meeting the above criteria are shown on the Department's List of Approved Materials.

2.4 Fasteners. When the mat manufacturer does not specify a specific fastener, use steel wire U-shaped staples with a minimum diameter of 0.09 inches (11 gauge), a minimum width of one inch and a minimum length of 12 inches. Use a heavier gauge when working in rocky or clay soils and longer lengths in sandy soils as directed by Engineer or Manufacturer's Representative. Provide staples with colored tops when requested by the Engineer.

3.0 CONSTRUCTION. When requested by the Engineer, provide a Manufacturer's Representative on-site to oversee and approve the initial installation of the mat. When requested by the Engineer, provide a letter from the Manufacturer approving the installation. When there is a conflict between the Department's criteria and the Manufacturer's criteria, construct using the more restrictive. The Engineer and Manufacturer's Representative must approve all alternate installation methods prior to execution. Construct according to the Manufacturer's recommendations and the following as minimum installation technique:

3.1 Site Preparation. Grade areas to be treated with matting and compact. Remove large rocks, soil clods, vegetation, roots, and other sharp objects that could keep the mat from intimate contact with subgrade. Prepare seedbed by loosening the top 2 to 3 inch of soil.

3.2 Installation. Install mats according to Standard Drawing Sepias "Turf Mat Channel Installation" and "Turf Mat Slope Installation." Install mats at the specified elevation and alignment. Anchor the mats with staples with a minimum length of 12 inches. Use longer anchors for installations in sandy, loose, or wet soils as directed by the Engineer or Manufacturer's Representative. The mat should be in direct contact with the soil surface.

4.0 MEASUREMENT. The Department will measure the quantity of Turf Reinforcement Mat by the square yard of surface covered. The Department will not measure preparation of the bed, providing a Manufacturer's Representative, topsoil, or seeding for payment and will consider them incidental to the Turf Reinforcement Mat. The Department will not measure any reworking of slopes or channels for payment as it is considered corrective work and incidental to the Turf Reinforcement Mat. Seeding and protection will be an incidental item.

5.0 PAYMENT. The Department will make payment for the completed and accepted quantities under the following:

| <u>Code</u> | <u>Pay Item</u> | <u>Pay Unit</u> |
|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 23274EN11F | Turf Reinforcement Mat 1 | Square Yard |
| 23275EN11F | Turf Reinforcement Mat 2 | Square Yard |
| 23276EN11F | Turf Reinforcement Mat 3 | Square Yard |
| 23277EN11F | Turf Reinforcement Mat 4 | Square Yard |

April 18, 2009

PART III

EMPLOYMENT, WAGE AND RECORD REQUIREMENTS

FHWA-1273 -- Revised May 1, 2012

**REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under

this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are

applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar

with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#). The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor

will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions

of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

- (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
- (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or

will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program. Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-

Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly

rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is

evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.

2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this

covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the

department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

**ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS
PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT
HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS
ROAD CONTRACTS**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

**KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS**

**EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS
RELATING TO
NONDISCRIMINATION OF EMPLOYEES
(APPLICABLE TO FEDERAL-AID SYSTEM CONTRACTS)**

**AN ACT OF THE KENTUCKY GENERAL ASSEMBLY
TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT**

**KRS CHAPTER 344
EFFECTIVE JUNE 16, 1972**

The contract on this project, in accordance with KRS Chapter 344, provides that during the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

1. The contractor shall not fail or refuse to hire, or shall not discharge any individual, or otherwise discriminate against an individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age (between forty and seventy); or limit, segregate, or classify his employees in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive an individual of employment opportunities or otherwise adversely affect his status as an employee, because of such individual's race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age (between forty and seventy). The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

2. The contractor shall not print or publish or cause to be printed or published a notice or advertisement relating to employment by such an employer or membership in or any classification or referral for employment by the employment agency, indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination, based on race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age (between forty and seventy), except that such notice or advertisement may indicate a preference, limitation, or specification based on religion, or national origin when religion, or national origin is a bona fide occupational qualification for employment.

3. If the contractor is in control of apprenticeship or other training or retraining, including on-the-job training programs, he shall not discriminate against an individual because of his race, color, religion, national origin, sex, disability or age (between forty and seventy), in admission to, or employment in any program established to

provide apprenticeship or other training.

4. The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administering agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for non-compliance.

REVISED: 12-3-92

Standard Title VI/Non-Discrimination Assurances

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the “contractor”) agrees as follows:

1. **Compliance with Regulations:** The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, **Federal Highway Administration**, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
2. **Non-discrimination:** The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
3. **Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment:** In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor’s obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
4. **Information and Reports:** The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the **Federal Highway Administration** to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the **Federal Highway Administration**, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
5. **Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a contractor’s noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the **Federal Highway Administration** may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
 - b. cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
6. **Incorporation of Provisions:** The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the **Federal Highway Administration** may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

Standard Title VI/Non-Discrimination Statutes and Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the “contractor”) agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d *et seq.*, 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21;
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 *et seq.*), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 *et seq.*), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 *et seq.*), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms “programs or activities” to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131 -- 12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration’s Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*).

EXECUTIVE BRANCH CODE OF ETHICS

In the 1992 regular legislative session, the General Assembly passed and Governor Brereton Jones signed Senate Bill 63 (codified as KRS 11A), the Executive Branch Code of Ethics, which states, in part:

KRS 11A.040 (6) provides:

No present or former public servant shall, within six (6) months of following termination of his office or employment, accept employment, compensation or other economic benefit from any person or business that contracts or does business with the state in matters in which he was directly involved during his tenure. This provision shall not prohibit an individual from returning to the same business, firm, occupation, or profession in which he was involved prior to taking office or beginning his term of employment, provided that, for a period of six (6) months, he personally refrains from working on any matter in which he was directly involved in state government. This subsection shall not prohibit the performance of ministerial functions, including, but not limited to, filing tax returns, filing applications for permits or licenses, or filing incorporation papers.

KRS 11A.040 (8) states:

A former public servant shall not represent a person in a matter before a state agency in which the former public servant was directly involved, for a period of one (1) year after the latter of:

- a) The date of leaving office or termination of employment; or
- b) The date the term of office expires to which the public servant was elected.

This law is intended to promote public confidence in the integrity of state government and to declare as public policy the idea that state employees should view their work as a public trust and not as a way to obtain private benefits.

If you have worked for the executive branch of state government within the past six months, you may be subject to the law's prohibitions. The law's applicability may be different if you hold elected office or are contemplating representation of another before a state agency.

Also, if you are affiliated with a firm which does business with the state and which employs former state executive-branch employees, you should be aware that the law may apply to them.

In case of doubt, the law permits you to request an advisory opinion from the Executive Branch Ethics Commission, Room 136, Capitol Building, 700 Capitol Avenue, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601; telephone (502) 564-7954.

General Decision Number: KY150102 09/25/2015 KY102

Superseded General Decision Number: KY20140102

State: Kentucky

Construction Type: Highway

Counties: Allen, Ballard, Butler, Caldwell, Calloway, Carlisle, Christian, Crittenden, Daviess, Edmonson, Fulton, Graves, Hancock, Henderson, Hickman, Hopkins, Livingston, Logan, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken, McLean, Muhlenberg, Ohio, Simpson, Todd, Trigg, Union, Warren and Webster Counties in Kentucky.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (excluding tunnels, building structures in rest area projects & railroad construction; bascule, suspension & spandrel arch bridges designed for commercial navigation, bridges involving marine construction; and other major bridges).

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13658 establishes an hourly minimum wage of \$10.10 for 2015 that applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the solicitation is issued on or after January 1, 2015. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must pay all workers in any classification listed on this wage determination at least \$10.10 (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract. The EO minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

| Modification Number | Publication Date |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 0 | 01/02/2015 |
| 1 | 01/30/2015 |
| 2 | 02/20/2015 |
| 3 | 02/27/2015 |
| 4 | 03/06/2015 |
| 5 | 03/20/2015 |
| 6 | 03/27/2015 |
| 7 | 05/01/2015 |
| 8 | 05/08/2015 |
| 9 | 05/22/2015 |
| 10 | 05/29/2015 |
| 11 | 06/05/2015 |
| 12 | 06/12/2015 |
| 13 | 06/19/2015 |
| 14 | 08/21/2015 |
| 15 | 09/04/2015 |
| 16 | 09/25/2015 |

BRIN0004-002 06/01/2015

BALLARD, BUTLER, CALDWELL, CARLISLE, CRITTENDEN, DAVIESS, EDMONSON, FULTON, GRAVES, HANCOCK, HENDERSON, HICKMAN, HOPKINS, LIVINGSTON, LYON, MARSHALL, MCCRACKEN, MCLEAN,

MUHLENBERG, OHIO, UNION, and WEBSTER COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--|----------|---------|
| BRICKLAYER | | |
| Ballard, Caldwell, Carlisle, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, and McCracken Counties..... | \$ 29.52 | 13.37 |
| Butler, Edmonson, Hopkins, Muhlenberg, and Ohio Counties..... | \$ 25.96 | 10.64 |
| Daviess, Hancock, Henderson, McLean, Union, and Webster Counties..... | \$ 28.68 | 13.72 |

 BRTN0004-005 06/01/2015

ALLEN, CALLOWAY, CHRISTIAN, LOGAN, SIMPSON, TODD, TRIGG, and
 WARREN COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|-----------------|----------|---------|
| BRICKLAYER..... | \$ 25.96 | 10.64 |

 CARP0357-002 05/01/2015

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| CARPENTER..... | \$ 27.50 | 16.02 |
| Diver..... | \$ 41.63 | 16.02 |
| PILEDRIVERMAN..... | \$ 27.75 | 16.02 |

 ELEC0369-006 05/27/2015

BUTLER, EDMONSON, LOGAN, TODD & WARREN COUNTIES:

| | Rates | Fringes |
|------------------|----------|---------|
| ELECTRICIAN..... | \$ 30.01 | 15.65 |

 * ELEC0429-001 06/01/2015

ALLEN & SIMPSON COUNTIES:

| | Rates | Fringes |
|------------------|----------|---------|
| ELECTRICIAN..... | \$ 24.84 | 11.90 |

 ELEC0816-002 06/01/2015

BALLARD, CALDWELL, CALLOWAY, CARLISLE, CHRISTIAN, CRITTENDEN,
 FULTON (Except a 5 mile radius of City Hall in Fulton), GRAVES,
 HICKMAN, LIVINGSTON, LYON, MARSHALL, MCCRACKEN & TRIGG COUNTIES:

| | Rates | Fringes |
|------------------|----------|------------|
| ELECTRICIAN..... | \$ 31.03 | 25.5%+6.35 |

Cable spicers receive \$.25 per hour additional.

ELEC1701-003 01/01/2015

DAVIESS, HANCOCK, HENDERSON, HOPKINS, MCLEAN, MUHLENBERG, OHIO,
UNION & WEBSTER COUNTIES:

| | Rates | Fringes |
|------------------|----------|---------|
| ELECTRICIAN..... | \$ 30.15 | 14.69 |

Cable spicers receive \$.25 per hour additional.

ELEC1925-002 01/01/2015

FULTON COUNTY (Up to a 5 mile radius of City Hall in Fulton):

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| CABLE SPLICER..... | \$ 25.00 | 10.27 |
| ELECTRICIAN..... | \$ 24.55 | 11.51 |

ENGI0181-017 07/01/2015

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------------------|----------|---------|
| POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR | | |
| GROUP 1..... | \$ 29.95 | 14.40 |
| GROUP 2..... | \$ 27.26 | 14.40 |
| GROUP 3..... | \$ 27.68 | 14.40 |
| GROUP 4..... | \$ 26.96 | 14.40 |

OPERATING ENGINEER CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 - A-Frame Winch Truck; Auto Patrol; Backfiller; Batcher Plant; Bituminous Paver; Bituminous Transfer Machine; Boom Cat; Bulldozer; Mechanic; Cableway; Carry-All Scoop; Carry Deck Crane; Central Compressor Plant; Cherry Picker; Clamshell; Concrete Mixer (21 cu. ft. or Over); Concrete Paver; Truck-Mounted Concrete Pump; Core Drill; Crane; Crusher Plant; Derrick; Derrick Boat; Ditching & Trenching Machine; Dragline; Dredge Operator; Dredge Engineer; Elevating Grader & Loaders; Grade-All; Gurries; Heavy Equipment Robotics Operator/Mechanic; High Lift; Hoe-Type Machine; Hoist (Two or More Drums); Hoisting Engine (Two or More Drums); Horizontal Directional Drill Operator; Hydrocrane; Hyster; KeCal Loader; LeTourneau; Locomotive; Mechanic; Mechanically Operated Laser Screed; Mechanic Welder; Mucking Machine; Motor Scraper; Orangepeel Bucket; Overhead Crane; Piledriver; Power Blade; Pumpcrete; Push Dozer; Rock Spreader, attached to equipment; Rotary Drill; Roller (Bituminous); Rough Terrain Crane; Scarifier; Scoopmobile; Shovel; Side Boom; Subgrader; Tailboom; Telescoping Type Forklift; Tow or Push Boat; Tower Crane (French, German & other types); Tractor Shovel; Truck

Crane; Tunnel Mining Machines, including Moles, Shields or similar types of Tunnel Mining Equipment

GROUP 2 - Air Compressor (Over 900 cu. ft. per min.); Bituminous Mixer; Boom Type Tamping Machine; Bull Float; Concrete Mixer (Under 21 cu. ft.); Dredge Engineer; Electric Vibrator; Compactor/Self-Propelled Compactor; Elevator (One Drum or Buck Hoist); Elevator (When used to Hoist Building Material); Finish Machine; Firemen & Hoist (One Drum); Flexplane; Forklift (Regardless of Lift Height); Form Grader; Joint Sealing Machine; Outboard Motor Boat; Power Sweeper (Riding Type); Roller (Rock); Ross Carrier; Skid Mounted or Trailer Mounted Concrete Pump; Skid Steer Machine with all Attachments; Switchman or Brakeman; Throttle Valve Person; Tractair & Road Widening Trencher; Tractor (50 H.P. or Over); Truck Crane Oiler; Tugger; Welding Machine; Well Points;& Whirley Oiler

GROUP 3 -All Off Road Material Handling Equipment, including Articulating Dump Trucks; Greaser on Grease Facilities servicing Heavy Equipment

GROUP 4 - Bituminous Distributor; Burlap & Curing Machine; Cement Gun; Concrete Saw; Conveyor; Deckhand Oiler; Grout Pump; Hydraulic Post Driver; Hydro Seeder; Mud Jack; Oiler; Paving Joint Machine; Power Form Handling Equipment; Pump; Roller (Earth); Steerman; Tamping Machine; Tractor (Under 50 H.P.); & Vibrator

CRANES - with booms 150 ft. & Over (Including JIB), and where the length of the boom in combination with the length of the piling equals or exceeds 150 ft. - \$1.00 above Group 1 rate

EMPLOYEES ASSIGNED TO WORK BELOW GROUND LEVEL ARE TO BE PAID 10% ABOVE BASIC WAGE RATE. THIS DOES NOT APPLY TO OPEN CUT WORK.

IRON0070-005 06/01/2015

BUTLER COUNTY (Eastern eighth, including the Townships of Decker, Lee & Tilford);
EDMONSON COUNTY (Northern three-fourths, including the Townships of Asphalt, Bee Spring, Brownsville, Grassland, Huff, Kyrock, Lindseyville, Mammoth Cave, Ollie, Prosperity, Rhoda, Sunfish & Sweden)

| | Rates | Fringes |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| IRONWORKER | | |
| Structural; Ornamental; | | |
| Reinforcing; Precast | | |
| Concrete Erectors..... | \$ 27.56 | 20.30 |

IRON0103-004 08/01/2015

DAVISS, HANCOCK, HENDERSON, HOPKINS, MCLEAN, OHIO, UNION & WEBSTER COUNTIES

BUTLER COUNTY (Townships of Aberdeen, Bancock, Casey, Dexterville, Dunbar, Elfie, Gilstrap, Huntsville, Logansport, Monford, Morgantown, Provo, Rochester, South Hill & Welchs Creek);
CALDWELL COUNTY (Northeastern third, including the Township of Creswell);
CHRISTIAN COUNTY (Northern third, including the Townships of Apex, Crofton, Kelly, Mannington & Wynns);
CRITTENDEN COUNTY (Northeastern half, including the Townships of Grove, Mattoon, Repton, Shady Grove & Tribune);
MUHLENBERG COUNTY (Townships of Bavier, Beech Creek Junction, Benton, Brennen, Browder, Central City, Cleaton, Depoy, Drakesboro, Eunis, Graham, Hillside, Luzerne, Lynn City, Martwick, McNary, Millport, Moorman, Nelson, Paradise, Powderly, South Carrollton, Tarina & Weir)

| | Rates | Fringes |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Ironworkers:..... | \$ 28.14 | 18.675 |
| ----- | | |
| IRON0492-003 05/01/2014 | | |

ALLEN, LOGAN, SIMPSON, TODD & WARREN COUNTIES
BUTLER COUNTY (Southern third, including the Townships of Boston, Berrys Lick, Dimple, Jetson, Quality, Sharer, Sugar Grove & Woodbury);
CHRISTIAN COUNTY (Eastern two-thirds, including the Townships of Bennettstown, Casky, Herndon, Hopkinsville, Howell, Masonville, Pembroke & Thompsonville);
EDMONSON COUNTY (Southern fourth, including the Townships of Chalybeate & Rocky Hill);
MUHLENBERG COUNTY (Southern eighth, including the Townships of Dunnior, Penrod & Rosewood)

| | Rates | Fringes |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Ironworkers:..... | \$ 24.33 | 11.48 |
| ----- | | |
| IRON0782-006 05/01/2014 | | |

BALLARD, CALLOWAY, CARLISLE, FULTON, GRAVES, HICKMAN, LIVINGSTON, LYON, MARSHALL, MCCRACKEN & TRIGG COUNTIES
CALDWELL COUNTY (Southwestern two-thirds, including the Townships of Cedar Bluff, Cider, Claxton, Cobb, Crowtown, Dulaney, Farmersville, Fredonia, McGowan, Otter Pond & Princeton);
CHRISTIAN COUNTY (Western third, Excluding the Townships of Apex, Crofton, Kelly, Mannington, Wynns, Bennettstown, Casky, Herndon, Hopkinsville, Howell, Masonville, Pembroke & Thompsonville);
CRITTENDEN COUNTY (Southwestern half, including the Townships of Crayne, Dycusburg, Frances, Marion, Mexico, Midway, Sheridan & Told)

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------|-------|---------|
| Ironworkers: | | |

| | | |
|--|----------|-------|
| Projects with a total contract cost of | | |
| \$20,000,000.00 or above..... | \$ 27.09 | 20.66 |
| All Other Work..... | \$ 25.50 | 19.02 |

LABO0189-005 07/01/2014

BALLARD, CALLOWAY, CARLISLE, FULTON, GRAVES, HICKMAN,
 LIVINGSTON, LYON, MARSHALL & MCCRACKEN COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------|----------|---------|
| Laborers: | | |
| GROUP 1..... | \$ 21.50 | 12.26 |
| GROUP 2..... | \$ 21.75 | 12.26 |
| GROUP 3..... | \$ 21.80 | 12.26 |
| GROUP 4..... | \$ 22.40 | 12.26 |

LABORER CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 - Aging & Curing of Concrete; Asbestos Abatement Worker; Asphalt Plant; Asphalt; Batch Truck Dump; Carpenter Tender; Cement Mason Tender; Cleaning of Machines; Concrete; Demolition; Dredging; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Level D; Flagperson; Grade Checker; Hand Digging & Hand Back Filling; Highway Marker Placer; Landscaping, Mesh Handler & Placer; Puddler; Railroad; Rip-rap & Grouter; Right-of-Way; Sign, Guard Rail & Fence Installer; Signal Person; Sound Barrier Installer; Storm & Sanitary Sewer; Swamper; Truck Spotter & Dumper; Wrecking of Concrete Forms; General Cleanup

GROUP 2 - Batter Board Man (Sanitary & Storm Sewer); Brickmason Tender; Mortar Mixer Operator; Scaffold Builder; Burner & Welder; Bushhammer; Chain Saw Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Deckhand Scow Man; Dry Cement Handler; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Level C; Forklift Operator for Masonary; Form Setter; Green Concrete Cutting; Hand Operated Grouter & Grinder Machine Operator; Jackhammer; Pavement Breaker; Paving Joint Machine; Pipelayer; Plastic Pipe Fusion; Power Driven Georgia Buggy & Wheel Barrow; Power Post Hole Digger; Precast Manhole Setter; Walk-Behind Tamper; Walk-Behind Trencher; Sand Blaster; Concrete Chipper; Surface Grinder; Vibrator Operator; Wagon Driller

GROUP 3 - Asphalt Luteman & Raker; Gunnite Nozzleman; Gunnite Operator & Mixer; Grout Pump Operator; Blaster; Side Rail Setter; Rail Paved Ditches; Screw Operator; Tunnel (Free Air); Water Blaster

GROUP 4 - Caisson Worker (Free Air); Cement Finisher; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Levels A & B; Miner & Driller (Free Air); Tunnel Blaster; & Tunnel Mucker (Free Air); Directional & Horizontal Boring; Air Track Drillers (All Types); Powdermen & Blasters; Troxler & Concrete Tester if Laborer is Utilized

LABO0189-006 07/01/2014

ALLEN, BUTLER, CALDWELL, CHRISTIAN, DAVIESS, EDMONSON, HANCOCK,
HOPKINS, LOGAN, MCLEAN, MUHLENBERG, OHIO, SIMPSON, TODD, TRIGG
& WARREN COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------|----------|---------|
| Laborers: | | |
| GROUP 1..... | \$ 22.66 | 11.10 |
| GROUP 2..... | \$ 22.91 | 11.10 |
| GROUP 3..... | \$ 22.96 | 11.10 |
| GROUP 4..... | \$ 23.56 | 11.10 |

LABORER CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 - Aging & Curing of Concrete; Asbestos Abatement Worker; Asphalt Plant; Asphalt; Batch Truck Dump; Carpenter Tender; Cement Mason Tender; Cleaning of Machines; Concrete; Demolition; Dredging; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Level D; Flagperson; Grade Checker; Hand Digging & Hand Back Filling; Highway Marker Placer; Landscaping, Mesh Handler & Placer; Puddler; Railroad; Rip-rap & Grouter; Right-of-Way; Sign, Guard Rail & Fence Installer; Signal Person; Sound Barrier Installer; Storm & Sanitary Sewer; Swamper; Truck Spotter & Dumper; Wrecking of Concrete Forms; General Cleanup

GROUP 2 - Batter Board Man (Sanitary & Storm Sewer); Brickmason Tender; Mortar Mixer Operator; Scaffold Builder; Burner & Welder; Bushhammer; Chain Saw Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Deckhand Scow Man; Dry Cement Handler; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Level C; Forklift Operator for Masonary; Form Setter; Green Concrete Cutting; Hand Operated Grouter & Grinder Machine Operator; Jackhammer; Pavement Breaker; Paving Joint Machine; Pipelayer; Plastic Pipe Fusion; Power Driven Georgia Buggy & Wheel Barrow; Power Post Hole Digger; Precast Manhole Setter; Walk-Behind Tamper; Walk-Behind Trencher; Sand Blaster; Concrete Chipper; Surface Grinder; Vibrator Operator; Wagon Driller

GROUP 3 - Asphalt Luteman & Raker; Gunnite Nozzleman; Gunnite Operator & Mixer; Grout Pump Operator; Blaster; Side Rail Setter; Rail Paved Ditches; Screw Operator; Tunnel (Free Air); Water Blaster

GROUP 4 - Caisson Worker (Free Air); Cement Finisher; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Levels A & B; Miner & Driller (Free Air); Tunnel Blaster; & Tunnel Mucker (Free Air); Directional & Horizontal Boring; Air Track Drillers (All Types); Powdermen & Blasters; Troxler & Concrete Tester if Laborer is Utilized

LABO0561-001 07/01/2014

CRITTENDEN, HENDERSON, UNION & WEBSTER COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------|----------|---------|
| Laborers: | | |
| GROUP 1..... | \$ 21.36 | 12.65 |
| GROUP 2..... | \$ 21.61 | 12.65 |
| GROUP 3..... | \$ 21.66 | 12.65 |
| GROUP 4..... | \$ 22.26 | 12.65 |

LABORER CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 - Aging & Curing of Concrete; Asbestos Abatement Worker; Asphalt Plant; Asphalt; Batch Truck Dump; Carpenter Tender; Cement Mason Tender; Cleaning of Machines; Concrete; Demolition; Dredging; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Level D; Flagperson; Grade Checker; Hand Digging & Hand Back Filling; Highway Marker Placer; Landscaping, Mesh Handler & Placer; Puddler; Railroad; Rip-rap & Grouter; Right-of-Way; Sign, Guard Rail & Fence Installer; Signal Person; Sound Barrier Installer; Storm & Sanitary Sewer; Swamper; Truck Spotter & Dumper; Wrecking of Concrete Forms; General Cleanup

GROUP 2 - Batter Board Man (Sanitary & Storm Sewer); Brickmason Tender; Mortar Mixer Operator; Scaffold Builder; Burner & Welder; Bushhammer; Chain Saw Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Deckhand Scow Man; Dry Cement Handler; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Level C; Forklift Operator for Masonary; Form Setter; Green Concrete Cutting; Hand Operated Grouter & Grinder Machine Operator; Jackhammer; Pavement Breaker; Paving Joint Machine; Pipelayer; Plastic Pipe Fusion; Power Driven Georgia Buggy & Wheel Barrow; Power Post Hole Digger; Precast Manhole Setter; Walk-Behind Tamper; Walk-Behind Trencher; Sand Blaster; Concrete Chipper; Surface Grinder; Vibrator Operator; Wagon Driller

GROUP 3 - Asphalt Luteman & Raker; Gunnite Nozzleman; Gunnite Operator & Mixer; Grout Pump Operator; Blaster; Side Rail Setter; Rail Paved Ditches; Screw Operator; Tunnel (Free Air); Water Blaster

GROUP 4 - Caisson Worker (Free Air); Cement Finisher; Environmental - Nuclear, Radiation, Toxic & Hazardous Waste - Levels A & B; Miner & Driller (Free Air); Tunnel Blaster; & Tunnel Mucker (Free Air); Directional & Horizontal Boring; Air Track Drillers (All Types); Powdermen & Blasters; Troxler & Concrete Tester if Laborer is Utilized

 PAIN0032-002 05/01/2015

BALLARD COUNTY

| | Rates | Fringes |
|---------------------|----------|---------|
| Painters: | | |
| Bridges..... | \$ 32.56 | 15.18 |
| All Other Work..... | \$ 30.26 | 15.18 |

Spray, Blast, Steam, High & Hazardous (Including Lead

Abatement) and All Epoxy - \$1.00 Premium

PAIN0118-003 06/01/2014

EDMONSON COUNTY:

| | Rates | Fringes |
|---|----------|---------|
| Painters: | | |
| Brush & Roller..... | \$ 18.50 | 11.97 |
| Spray, Sandblast, Power Tools, Waterblast & Steam Cleaning..... | \$ 19.50 | 11.97 |

PAIN0156-006 04/01/2015

DAVIESS, HANCOCK, HENDERSON, MCLEAN, OHIO, UNION & WEBSTER
COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|-----------------|----------|---------|
| Painters: | | |
| BRIDGES | | |
| GROUP 1..... | \$ 27.60 | 12.85 |
| GROUP 2..... | \$ 27.85 | 12.85 |
| GROUP 3..... | \$ 28.60 | 12.85 |
| GROUP 4..... | \$ 29.60 | 12.85 |
| ALL OTHER WORK: | | |
| GROUP 1..... | \$ 26.45 | 12.85 |
| GROUP 2..... | \$ 26.70 | 12.85 |
| GROUP 3..... | \$ 27.45 | 12.85 |
| GROUP 4..... | \$ 28.45 | 12.85 |

PAINTER CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 - Brush & Roller

GROUP 2 - Plasterers

GROUP 3 - Spray; Sandblast; Power Tools; Waterblast;
Steamcleaning; Brush & Roller of Mastics, Creosotes, Kwinch
Koate & Coal Tar Epoxy

GROUP 4 - Spray of Mastics, Creosotes, Kwinch Koate & Coal
Tar Epoxy

PAIN0456-003 01/01/2015

ALLEN, BUTLER, LOGAN, MUHLENBERG, SIMPSON, TODD & WARREN
COUNTIES:

| | Rates | Fringes |
|---------------------|----------|---------|
| Painters: | | |
| BRIDGES | | |
| Brush & Roller..... | \$ 23.25 | 9.95 |

| | | |
|---|----------|------|
| Spray; Sandblast; Power Tools; Waterblast & Steam Cleaning..... | \$ 24.25 | 9.95 |
| ALL OTHER WORK | | |
| Brush & Roller..... | \$ 19.25 | 9.95 |
| Spray; Sandblast; Power Tools; Waterblast & Steam Cleaning..... | \$ 20.25 | 9.95 |

ALL OTHER WORK - HIGH TIME PAY
 Over 35 feet (up to 100 feet) - \$1.00 above base wage
 100 feet and over - \$2.00 above base wage

DURING SPRAY PAINTING AND SANDBLASTING OPERATIONS, POT
 TENDERS SHALL RECEIVE THE SAME WAGE RATES AS THE SPRAY
 PAINTER OR NOZZLE OPERATOR

 PAIN0500-002 06/01/2015

CALDWELL, CALLOWAY, CARLISLE, CHRISTIAN, CRITTENDEN, FULTON,
 GRAVES, HICKMAN, HOPKINS, LIVINGSTON, LYON, MARSHALL, MCCRACKEN
 & TRIGG COUNTIES:

| | Rates | Fringes |
|---------------------|----------|---------|
| Painters: | | |
| Bridges..... | \$ 26.85 | 12.35 |
| All Other Work..... | \$ 20.60 | 12.35 |

Waterblasting units with 3500 PSI and above - \$.50 premium
 Spraypainting and all abrasive blasting - \$1.00 premium
 Work 40 ft. and above ground level - \$1.00 premium

 PLUM0184-002 07/01/2013

BALLARD, CALDWELL, CALLOWAY, CARLISLE, CHRISTIAN, CRITTENDEN,
 FULTON, GRAVES, HICKMAN, LIVINGSTON, LYON, MARSHALL, MCCRACKEN
 and TRIGG COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|---------------------------|----------|---------|
| Plumber; Steamfitter..... | \$ 33.11 | 14.83 |

 PLUM0502-004 08/01/2013

ALLEN, BUTLER, EDMONSON, SIMPSON & WARREN

| | Rates | Fringes |
|---------------------------|----------|---------|
| Plumber; Steamfitter..... | \$ 32.00 | 17.17 |

 * PLUM0633-002 07/01/2015

DAVISS, HANCOCK, HENDERSON, HOPKINS, LOGAN, MCLEAN,
 MUHLENBERG, OHIO, TODD, UNION & WEBSTER COUNTIES:

| | Rates | Fringes |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| PLUMBER/PIPEFITTER..... | \$ 31.54 | 14.78 |
| ----- | | |
| TEAM0089-003 03/30/2014 | | |

ALLEN, BUTLER, EDMONSON, LOGAN, SIMPSON & WARREN COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|----------------|----------|---------|
| Truck drivers: | | |
| Zone 1: | | |
| Group 1..... | \$ 19.58 | 17.83 |
| Group 2..... | \$ 19.76 | 17.83 |
| Group 3..... | \$ 19.84 | 17.83 |
| Group 4..... | \$ 19.86 | 17.83 |

GROUP 1 - Greaser; Tire Changer

GROUP 2 - Truck Mechanic; Single Axle Dump; Flat Bed; All Terrain Vehicles when used to haul materials; Semi Trailer or Pole Trailer when used to pull building materials and equipment; Tandem Axle Dump; Driver of Distributors

GROUP 3 - Mixer All Types

GROUP 4 - Winch and A-Frame when used in transporting materials; Ross Carrier; Fork Lift when used to transport building materials; Driver on Pavement Breaker; Euclid and Other Heavy Earth Moving Equipment; Low Boy; Articulator Cat; Five Axle Vehicle

| | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| ----- | | |
| TEAM0215-003 03/31/2013 | | |

DAVISS, HANCOCK, HENDERSON, HOPKINS, MCLEAN, MUHLENBERG, OHIO & WEBSTER COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------|----------|---------|
| TRUCK DRIVER | | |
| Group 1..... | \$ 20.93 | 16.85 |
| Group 2..... | \$ 21.16 | 16.85 |
| Group 3..... | \$ 21.23 | 16.85 |
| Group 4..... | \$ 21.24 | 16.85 |

GROUP 1: Greaser, Tire Changer

GROUP 2: Truck Mechanic

GROUP 3: Single Axle Dump; Flat Bed; All Terrain Vehicle when used to haul materials; Semi Trailer or Pole Trailer when used to pull building materials and equipment; Tandem Axle Dump; Driver of Distributors; Mixer All Types

GROUP 4: Euclid and other heavy earth moving equipment; Low Boy; Articulator Cat; 5 Axle Vehicle; Winch and A- Frame when used in transporting materials; Ross Carrier; Fork

Lift when used to transport building materials; Driver on
Pavement Breaker

TEAM0236-001 03/31/2013

BALLARD, CALDWELL, CALLOWAY, CARLISLE, CHRISTIAN, CRITTENDEN,
FULTON, GRAVES, HICKMAN, LIVINGSTON, LYON, MARSHALL,
MCCRACKEN, TODD & TRIGG COUNTIES

| | Rates | Fringes |
|--------------|----------|---------|
| TRUCK DRIVER | | |
| Group 1..... | \$ 19.38 | 16.85 |
| Group 2..... | \$ 19.56 | 16.85 |
| Group 3..... | \$ 19.56 | 16.85 |
| Group 4..... | \$ 19.66 | 16.85 |
| Group 5..... | \$ 19.64 | 16.85 |

GROUP 1: Greaser, Tire Changer

GROUP 2: Truck Mechanic

GROUP 3: Single Axle Dump; Flat Bed; All Terrain Vehicle when
used to haul materials; Semi Trailer or Pole Trailer when
used to pull building materials and equipment; Tandem Axle
Dump; Drivers of Distributors

GROUP 4: Euclid and other heavy earth moving equipment; Low
Boy; Articulator Cat; Five Axle Vehicle; Winch and A-Frame
when used in transporting materials; Ross Carrier

GROUP 5: Mixer All Types

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing
operation to which welding is incidental.

=====
Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within
the scope of the classifications listed may be added after
award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses
(29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification
and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the
cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage
determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical
order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular
rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local),
a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate
(weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the "SU" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.
=====

END OF GENERAL DECISION

Fringe benefit amounts are applicable for all hours worked except when otherwise noted.

These rates are listed pursuant to the Kentucky Determination No. CR-15-I-HWY dated July 20, 2015.

No laborer, workman or mechanic shall be paid at a rate less than that of a Journeyman except those classified as bona fide apprentices.

Apprentices or trainees shall be permitted to work as such subject to Administrative Regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Workplace Standards. Copies of these regulations will be furnished upon request from any interested person.

Before using apprentices on the job the contractor shall present to the Contracting Officer written evidence of registration of such employees in a program of a State apprenticeship and training agency approved and recognized by the U. S. Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training. In the absence of such a State agency, the contractor shall submit evidence of approval and registration by the U. S. Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training.

The contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer, written evidence of the established apprenticeship-journeyman ratios and wage rates in the project area, which will be the basis for establishing such ratios and rates for the project under the applicable contract provisions.

TO: EMPLOYERS/EMPLOYEES

PREVAILING WAGE SCHEDULE:

The wages indicated on this wage schedule are the least permitted to be paid for the occupations indicated. When an employee works in more than one classification, the employer must record the number of hours worked in each classification at the prescribed hourly base rate.

OVERTIME:

Overtime is to be paid after an employee works eight (8) hours a day or forty (40) hours a week, whichever gives the employee the greater wages. At least time and one-half the base rate is required for all overtime. A laborer, workman or mechanic and an employer may enter into a written agreement or a collective bargaining agreement to work more than eight (8) hours a calendar day but not more than ten (10) hours a calendar day for the straight time hourly rate. Wage violations or questions should be directed to the designated Engineer or the undersigned.

Director
Division of Construction Procurement
Frankfort, Kentucky 40622
502-564-3500

**NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION
TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY
(Executive Order 11246)**

1. The Offeror's or Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Specifications" set forth herein.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate work force in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

| GOALS FOR MINORITY PARTICIPATION IN EACH TRADE | GOALS FOR FEMALE PARTICIPATION IN EACH TRADE |
|---|---|
| 12.0% | 6.9% |

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally-assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and non-federally involved construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4, 3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within ten (10) working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000.00 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed. The notification shall be mailed to:

**Evelyn Teague, Regional Director
Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs
61 Forsyth Street, SW, Suite 7B75
Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8609**

4. As used in this Notice, and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the "**covered area**" is Simpson County.

PART IV
INSURANCE

INSURANCE

The Contractor shall procure and maintain the following insurance in addition to the insurance required by law:

- 1) Commercial General Liability-Occurrence form – not less than \$2,000,000 General aggregate, \$2,000,000 Products & Completed Aggregate, \$1,000,000 Personal & Advertising, \$1,000,000 each occurrence.
- 2) Automobile Liability- \$1,000,000 per accident
- 3) Employers Liability:
 - a) \$100,000 Each Accident Bodily Injury
 - b) \$500,000 Policy limit Bodily Injury by Disease
 - c) \$100,000 Each Employee Bodily Injury by Disease
- 4) The insurance required above must be evidenced by a Certificate of Insurance and this Certificate of Insurance must contain one of the following statements:
 - a) "policy contains no deductible clauses."
 - b) "policy contains _____ (amount) deductible property damage clause but company will pay claim and collect the deductible from the insured."
- 5) **KENTUCKY WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION INSURANCE.** The contractor shall furnish evidence of coverage of all his employees or give evidence of self-insurance by submitting a copy of a certificate issued by the Workmen's Compensation Board.

The cost of insurance is incidental to all contract items. All subcontractors must meet the same minimum insurance requirements.

PART V
BID ITEMS

PROPOSAL BID ITEMS

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Section: 0001 - PAVING

| LINE | BID CODE | ALT | DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | UNIT | UNIT PRIC | FP | AMOUNT |
|------|----------|-----|-----------------------------|----------|------|-----------|----|--------|
| 0010 | 00001 | | DGA BASE | 451.00 | TON | | \$ | |
| 0020 | 00100 | | ASPHALT SEAL AGGREGATE | 3.00 | TON | | \$ | |
| 0030 | 00103 | | ASPHALT SEAL COAT | .50 | TON | | \$ | |
| 0040 | 00221 | | CL2 ASPH BASE 0.75D PG64-22 | 211.00 | TON | | \$ | |
| 0050 | 00301 | | CL2 ASPH SURF 0.38D PG64-22 | 52.00 | TON | | \$ | |

Section: 0002 - ROADWAY

| LINE | BID CODE | ALT | DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | UNIT | UNIT PRIC | FP | AMOUNT |
|------|----------|-----|---|----------|------|-----------|----|--------|
| 0060 | 01890 | | ISLAND HEADER CURB TYPE 1 | 100.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0070 | 01987 | | DELINEATOR FOR GUARDRAIL BI DIRECTIONAL WHITE | 10.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0080 | 01990 | | DELINEATOR FOR BARRIER WALL-B/W | 4.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0090 | 02014 | | BARRICADE-TYPE III | 2.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0100 | 02159 | | TEMP DITCH | 138.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0110 | 02160 | | CLEAN TEMP DITCH | 275.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0120 | 02200 | | ROADWAY EXCAVATION | 379.00 | CUYD | | \$ | |
| 0130 | 02203 | | STRUCTURE EXCAV-UNCLASSIFIED | 18.00 | CUYD | | \$ | |
| 0140 | 02242 | | WATER (FOR DUST CONTROL) | 500.00 | MGAL | | \$ | |
| 0150 | 02351 | | GUARDRAIL-STEEL W BEAM-S FACE | 225.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0160 | 02363 | | GUARDRAIL CONNECTOR TO BRIDGE END TY A | 4.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0170 | 02391 | | GUARDRAIL END TREATMENT TYPE 4A | 4.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0180 | 02429 | | RIGHT-OF-WAY MONUMENT TYPE 1 | 7.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0190 | 02432 | | WITNESS POST | 4.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0200 | 02545 | | CLEARING AND GRUBBING (APPROXIMATELY 1/2 ACRE) | 1.00 | LS | | \$ | |
| 0210 | 02555 | | CONCRETE-CLASS B | 9.00 | CUYD | | \$ | |
| 0220 | 02562 | | TEMPORARY SIGNS | 218.00 | SQFT | | \$ | |
| 0230 | 02565 | | OBJECT MARKER TYPE 2 | 4.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0240 | 02585 | | EDGE KEY | 77.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0250 | 02650 | | MAINTAIN & CONTROL TRAFFIC | 1.00 | LS | | \$ | |
| 0260 | 02701 | | TEMP SILT FENCE | 275.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0270 | 02703 | | SILT TRAP TYPE A | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0280 | 02704 | | SILT TRAP TYPE B | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0290 | 02705 | | SILT TRAP TYPE C | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0300 | 02706 | | CLEAN SILT TRAP TYPE A | 3.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0310 | 02707 | | CLEAN SILT TRAP TYPE B | 3.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0320 | 02708 | | CLEAN SILT TRAP TYPE C | 3.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0330 | 02709 | | CLEAN TEMP SILT FENCE | 550.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0340 | 02726 | | STAKING | 1.00 | LS | | \$ | |
| 0350 | 02731 | | REMOVE STRUCTURE | 1.00 | LS | | \$ | |
| 0360 | 05950 | | EROSION CONTROL BLANKET | 303.00 | SQYD | | \$ | |
| 0370 | 05952 | | TEMP MULCH | 1,520.00 | SQYD | | \$ | |
| 0380 | 05953 | | TEMP SEEDING AND PROTECTION | 1,520.00 | SQYD | | \$ | |
| 0390 | 05963 | | INITIAL FERTILIZER | .10 | TON | | \$ | |

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| LINE | BID CODE | ALT | DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | UNIT | UNIT PRIC | FP | AMOUNT |
|------|------------|-----|-----------------------------------|----------|------|-----------|----|--------|
| 0400 | 05964 | | 20-10-10 FERTILIZER | .20 | TON | | \$ | |
| 0410 | 05985 | | SEEDING AND PROTECTION | 638.00 | SQYD | | \$ | |
| 0420 | 05992 | | AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE | 1.00 | TON | | \$ | |
| 0430 | 06510 | | PAVE STRIPING-TEMP PAINT-4 IN | 3,000.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0440 | 06514 | | PAVE STRIPING-PERM PAINT-4 IN | 3,000.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0450 | 06568 | | PAVE MARKING-THERMO STOP BAR-24IN | 15.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0460 | 23274EN11F | | TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT 1 | 130.00 | SQYD | | \$ | |

Section: 0003 - BRIDGE - JOHNSON CREEK - DWG. 27265

| LINE | BID CODE | ALT | DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | UNIT | UNIT PRIC | FP | AMOUNT |
|------|----------|-----|----------------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|----|--------|
| 0470 | 02555 | | CONCRETE-CLASS B | 5.70 | CUYD | | \$ | |
| 0480 | 02998 | | MASONRY COATING | 165.00 | SQYD | | \$ | |
| 0490 | 03299 | | ARMORED EDGE FOR CONCRETE | 73.10 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0500 | 08001 | | STRUCTURE EXCAVATION-COMMON | 226.00 | CUYD | | \$ | |
| 0510 | 08002 | | STRUCTURE EXCAV-SOLID ROCK | 83.00 | CUYD | | \$ | |
| 0520 | 08019 | | CYCLOPEAN STONE RIP RAP | 166.00 | TON | | \$ | |
| 0530 | 08100 | | CONCRETE-CLASS A | 184.80 | CUYD | | \$ | |
| 0540 | 08104 | | CONCRETE-CLASS AA | 33.70 | CUYD | | \$ | |
| 0550 | 08150 | | STEEL REINFORCEMENT | 16,916.00 | LB | | \$ | |
| 0560 | 08151 | | STEEL REINFORCEMENT-EPOXY COATED | 8,011.00 | LB | | \$ | |
| 0570 | 08667 | | PRECAST PC BOX BEAM SB12 | 134.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0580 | 21532ED | | RAIL SYSTEM TYPE III | 69.20 | LF | | \$ | |

Section: 0004 - WATERLINE

| LINE | BID CODE | ALT | DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | UNIT | UNIT PRIC | FP | AMOUNT |
|------|----------|-----|--|----------|------|-----------|----|--------|
| 0590 | 14003 | | W CAP EXISTING MAIN | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0600 | 14023 | | W FLUSHING ASSEMBLY (BLOW-OFF) | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0610 | 14028 | | W METER 3/4 INCH (WITH 5/8-IN ORIFICE AND PRV) | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0620 | 14046 | | W PIPE DCTL IRON RSTRND JOINT 04 IN (CLASS 350) | 40.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0630 | 14058 | | W PIPE PVC 04 INCH (CLASS 200) | 210.00 | LF | | \$ | |
| 0640 | 14081 | | W SERVICE RELOCATE (CUSTOMER SERVICE LINE) | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0650 | 14085 | | W SERV PE/PLST SHORT SIDE 3/4 IN | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0660 | 14089 | | W TAPPING SLEEVE AND VALVE SIZE 1 (ON ACP) | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0670 | 14093 | | W TIE-IN 04 INCH (CONNECT TO EXISTING 4-IN ACP WATER LINE) | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |
| 0680 | 14104 | | W VALVE 04 INCH | 1.00 | EACH | | \$ | |

Section: 0005 - DEMOBILIZATION &/OR MOBILIZATION

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| LINE | BID CODE | ALT | DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | UNIT | UNIT PRIC | FP | AMOUNT |
|------|----------|-----|----------------|----------|------|-----------|----|--------|
| 0690 | 02569 | | DEMOBILIZATION | 1.00 | LS | | \$ | |