

Freelexx[™]

Version 1.0

Revision Date: 06/09/2022

SDS Number: 800080005517

Date of last issue: -

Date of first issue: 06/09/2022

Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name

: Freelexx™

Manufacturer or supplier's details

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer

CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE LLC

9330 ZIONSVILLE RD

INDIANAPOLIS, IN, 46268-1053

UNITED STATES

Customer Information

Number

: 800-992-5994

E-mail address

: customerinformation@corteva.com

Emergency telephone

: INFOTRAC (CONTRACT 84224).

800-992-5994 or 317-337-6009

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

: End use herbicide product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR

1910.1200)

Acute toxicity (Oral)

Category 4

Serious eye damage

Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

Mixture

Components

· ·			
Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
2,4-D choline salt	1048373-72-3	56.3	
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	>= 3 - < 10	
Balance	Not Assigned	> 30	

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled

Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available

in work area.

In case of eye contact

Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consul-

tation, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately

available.

If swallowed

 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swal-



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low. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Protection of first-aiders

None known.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician

Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

doctor, or going for treatment.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi-

tion to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

Use personal protective equipment.





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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can

be pumped.

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).
Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling

To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Do not smoke.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Do not get in eyes.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.



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Conditions for safe storage

Store in a closed container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid

Do not store near acids.

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material

Unsuitable material: None known.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
2,4-D choline salt	1048373-72- 3	TWA	10 mg/m3	Dow IHG
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	US WEEL

Engineering measures

Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some opera-

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

Hand protection

Remarks

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include. Butyl rubber, Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"), Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection

Use chemical goggles.

Skin and body protection

Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.



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Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

: Liquid.

Color

Brown

Odor

Amine

Odor Threshold

: No data available

ьH

4.71 (76.1 °F / 24.5 °C)

Method: pH Electrode

Melting point/range

Not applicable

Freezing point

No data available

Boiling point/boiling range

No data available

Flash point

> 212 °F / > 100 °C

Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93

Evaporation rate

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure

No data available

Relative vapor density

No data available

Relative density

No data available

Density

1.1883 g/cm3 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Method: Digital density meter

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

No data available

Autoignition temperature

No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic

27.5 mPa.s (68 °F / 20 °C)

11.5 mPa.s (104 °F / 40 °C)



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Explosive properties

: No

Oxidizing properties

: No significant increase (>5C) in temperature.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions:

Possibility of hazardous reac-

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

None known.

: None known.

tions

Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials
Hazardous decomposition

None.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply

and the presence of other materials.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to

Carbon oxides

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female); > 1,200 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.21 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rat, male and female); > 5,000 mg/kg

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 (Rat): 639 mg/kg

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Acute inhalation toxicity

Remarks: At room temperature, exposures to vapors are minimal due to physical properties; higher temperatures may generate vapor levels sufficient to cause irritation and other

effects.

Prolonged excessive exposure to dust may cause adverse

effects.

Dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and

throat).



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LC50 (Rat): > 1.79 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s) Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Propylene glycol:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l

Exposure time: 2 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract

(nose and throat).

Acute dermal toxicity

LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species

Rabbit

Result

No skin irritation

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Result

: No skin irritation

Propylene glycol:

Species

Rabbit

Result

No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species

Rabbit

Result

Corrosive



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Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Result

Corrosive

Propylene glycol:

Species

Rabbit

Result

No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Species

Mouse

Result

Does not cause skin sensitization.

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Assessment

Does not cause skin sensitization.

Remarks

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

Remarks

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

Propylene glycol:

Species

human

Assessment

Does not cause skin sensitization:

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

For similar active ingredient(s), 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid., In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly neg-

ative.

Propylene glycol:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For similar active ingredient(s). There is no evidence of carcinogenicity in laboratory animal toxicity studies. White some

epidemiological studies report a positive association between





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2,4-D exposure and cancer, a weight of evidence analysis of the epidemiology data across studies reveals no indication that 2,4-D causes cancer in humans.

Propylene glycol:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

: Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

ment

IARC

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: For similar active ingredient(s)., 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid., In laboratory animals, excessive doses toxic to the parent animals caused decreased weight and survival of off-

spring.

For similar active ingredient(s), 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at dos-

es toxic to the mother.

Propylene glycol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

STOT-single exposure

Product:

Assessment

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Assessment

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Propylene glycol:

Assessment

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.



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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Remarks

For similar active ingredient(s). 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Liver. Kidney. Muscles.

Observations in animals include:

Gastrointestinal irritation.

Vomiting.

Propylene glycol:

Remarks

In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene gly-

col may cause central nervous system effects.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Propylene glycol:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species tested).

LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 8.4 - 70.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type static test

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Toxicity to daphnia and other : LC50 (stonefly Pteronarcys californica): 1.6 - 15 mg/l



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aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 24.2

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test

Remarks: For similar material(s):

EC50 (Lemna gibba): 0.58 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 63.4 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 32 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 79 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Information refers to the main ingredient.

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s)., Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 between 501 and 2000 mg/kg)., Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary

basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).

dietary LC50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5620

mg/kg diet.

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

oral LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 500 mg/kg

bodyweight.

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

oral LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 94 micrograms/bee

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Propylene glycol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

19,000 mg/l



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End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 7 d

Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to microorganisms

NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Biodegradability

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is

high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%).

Propylene glycol:

Biodegradability

aerobic

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 81 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Biodegradation: 96 % Exposure time: 64 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Biochemical Oxygen De-

mand (BOD)

69.000 %

Incubation time: 5 d

70.000 %

Incubation time: 10 d

86.000 %

Incubation time: 20 d

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

1.53 kg/kg

ThOD

1.68 kg/kg

Photodegradation

Rate constant: 1.28E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.



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Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2.4-D choline salt:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Propylene glycol:

Bioaccumulation

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.09

Method: Estimated.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -1.07

Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Balance:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Mobility in soil

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 20 - 136

Method: Measured

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50 and 150).

Propylene glycol:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: < 1

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be

an important fate process:

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and

50).

Balance:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Other adverse effects

Components:

2,4-D choline salt:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

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Ozone-Depletion Potential

Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Propylene glycol:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential

Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Balance:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential

Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

HINRTDG

UN number

: UN 3082

Proper shipping name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(2,4-D Salt)

Class

9

Packing group

111

Labels

q

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.

UN 3082

Proper shipping name

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(2,4-D Salt)



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Class 9 Packing group

Labels Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-: 964

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

> N.O.S. (2,4-D Salt)

Class Packing group : 111 Labels 9 EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Marine pollutant : yes Remarks

: Stowage category A

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Further information

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311/312 Hazards Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 This material does not contain any chemical components with

> known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Propylene glycol

57-55-6



FreelexxTM

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The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

: Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

TSCA list

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

EPA Registration Number : 62719-634

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

DANGER

Corrosive

Causes irreversible eve damage

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of other abbreviations

Dow IHG : Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline

US WEEL : USA, Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

Dow IHG / TWA : Time Weighted Average (TWA):

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Indus-



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trial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program, NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ -Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, SDS - Safety Data Sheet, TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date

: 06/09/2022

Product code: GF-2654

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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