Kentucky Method 64-210-08 Revised 03/07/08 Supersedes 64-210-02 Dated 12/26/02

CHLORIDE CONTENT (CONCRETE ADMIXTURES)

1. SCOPE: This method is used to determine the chloride content of admixtures used in concrete.

2. APPARATUS AND MATERIALS:

- 2.1. pH Meter and chloride-ion selective electrode.
- 2.2. HNO₃, 1:6
- 2.3. Standard 0.01N AgNO₃: Standardize with 20 ml of 0.01N NaC1 Solution.
- 2.4. Standard 0.01N NaC1: Dry reagent grade NaC1 in an oven at 105 °C. Cool and weigh out 0.5844 grams. Dissolve in distilled water, and transfer to a 1 liter volumetric flask. Dilute to 1 liter with distilled water, and mix well.

3. PROCEDURE:

- 3.1. Weigh a 1 2 gram sample into a 250 ml beaker, and dilute to 150 ml with distilled water. Add a few drops of HNO₃. Titrate with standard AgNO₃ solution, recording volumes added and millivolt readings. Enough AgNO₃ solution should be added to cause a readable change in millivolts. The endpoint is determined by finding the biggest deviation in millivolt readings.
- 3.2. Alternate Method Weigh a 1 2 gram sample into a 250 ml beaker, and dilute to 150 ml with distilled water. Add a few drops of HNO₃. Set the Fisher Electrometer Model 380 to 0 millivolt using distilled water. Titrate the sample to 0 millivolt.

4. CALCULATIONS:

 $\frac{35.453 \times ml \times N \times AgNO}{10 \times Sample \ Wt.} = \% \ Chloride$

5. REPORT: Percent chloride present in sample.

APPROVED

DIRECTOR

DIVISION OF MATERIALS

DATE

03/07/08

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